JAN 1 7 2020

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's energy 2 sector is undergoing a transition to renewable energy that is 3 strengthening the State's economy, environment, security, and energy efficiency. In an effort to attain the State's goal of 4 5 reaching one hundred per cent renewable portfolio standard by 2045, consumers must adopt more energy efficient practices, such 6 7 as riding bicycles, driving an electric car, and turning off 8 lights in rooms that are not in use. Another option is 9 installing a grid interactive water heater, which could be used 10 in place of solar water heaters.

11 The legislature further finds that under the renewable 12 portfolio standard goals, electric utilities must integrate 13 increasing amounts of variable renewable energy. The 14 intermittent nature of renewable energy generation means that 15 electricity production is not always aligned with customer 16 demand, and there are frequent and sudden fluctuations in 17 generation. To manage this, the grid resources must provide



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support that can stabilize and shift the demand side to account
 for the variability. These are valuable services that a grid
 interactive water heater can supply, but a solar hot water or a
 conventional hot water heater cannot provide.

5 Water heater tanks represent the potential for large-scale 6 thermal energy storage across Hawaii that are commercially 7 viable technologies that offer relatively inexpensive, non-8 intrusive control of electric resistive water heaters. The grid 9 interactive water heater can control the best time to heat 10 residential water heaters to allow more grid stability and 11 renewable integration when the public utility may need it most. 12 While solar hot water heaters are required for every new 13 residential home, they may not be as cost effective as a grid 14 interactive water heater. Solar water heaters do not 15 necessarily afford the grid with the same amount of flexibility 16 that a grid interactive water heater offers.

17 The purpose of this Act is to require that, beginning 18 January 1, 2021, no building permit shall be issued for a new 19 single-family dwelling unit unless it includes a solar water 20 heater or a grid interactive water heater.



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SECTION 2. Section 196-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended by amending its title and subsection (a) to read as
 follows:

4 "§196-6.5 [Solar] Renewable resourced water heater system 5 required for new single-family residential construction. (a) 6 On or after January 1, [2010,] 2021, no building permit shall be 7 issued for a new single-family dwelling that does not include a 8 solar water heater system that meets the standards established 9 pursuant to section  $269-44[_7]$  or a grid interactive water heater 10 system, unless the chief energy officer of the Hawaii state 11 energy office approves a variance. A variance application shall 12 only be accepted if submitted by an architect or mechanical 13 engineer licensed under chapter 464, who attests that: 14 (1)Installation of a solar hot water heater is

15 impracticable due to poor solar resource;

16 (2) Installation of a grid interactive hot water heater is
17 impractical due to lack of inventory, space, or

18 installer availability;

19 [(2)] (3) Installation is cost-prohibitive based upon a
20 life cycle cost-benefit analysis, performed separately
21 for a new solar water heater system or a new grid



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1		interactive water heater system, that incorporates the	
2		average residential utility bill and the cost of the	
3		[new solar water heater] proposed system with a life	
4		cycle that does not exceed fifteen years;	
5	[ <del>-(3)</del> ]	(4) A renewable energy technology system, as defined	
6		in section 235-12.5, is substituted for use as the	
7		primary energy source for heating water; or	
8	[ <del>-(4)</del> ]	(5) A demand water heater device approved by	
9		Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., is installed;	
10		provided that at least one other gas appliance is	
11		installed in the dwelling. For the purposes of this	
12		paragraph, "demand water heater" means a gas-tankless	
13		instantaneous water heater that is sourced from a	
14		renewable resource and provides hot water only as it	
15		is needed.	
16	For ]	purposes of this section, "grid-interactive water	
17	heater" me	eans an electric resistance water heater filled with	
18	grid-integrated controls that are capable of participating in an		
19	electric	utility load controls or demand response system."	
20	SECT	ION 3. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
21	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:		



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1	"(b)	The	amount of credit allowed for each eligible
2	renewable	ener	gy technology system shall not exceed the
3	applicable	cap	amount, which is determined as follows:
4	(1)	If t	he primary purpose of the solar energy system is
5		to u	se energy from the sun to heat water for household
6		use,	then the cap amounts shall be:
7		(A)	\$2,250 per system for single-family residential
8			property;
9		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
10			residential property; and
11		(C)	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
12	(2)	For a	all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
13		shal	l be:
14		(A)	\$5,000 per system for single-family residential
15			property; provided that if all or a portion of
16			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
17			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
18			to section [ <del>196-6.5(a)(3),</del> ] <u>196-6.5(a)(4),</u> the
19			credit shall be reduced by thirty-five per cent
20			of the actual system cost or \$2,250, whichever is
21			less;



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1	(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family			
2		residential property; and			
3	(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property; and			
4	(3) For	all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts			
5	shal	l be:			
6	(A)	\$1,500 per system for single-family residential			
7		property; provided that if all or a portion of			
8		the system is used to fulfill the substitute			
9		renewable energy technology requirement pursuant			
10		to section [ <del>196-6.5(a)(3),</del> ] <u>196-6.5(a)(4),</u> the			
11		credit shall be reduced by twenty per cent of the			
12		actual system cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;			
13	(B)	\$200 per unit per system for multi-family			
14		residential property; and			
15	(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property."			
16	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed				
17	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.			
18	SECTION 5	. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.			
19		And			
		INTRODUCED BY:			



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2020-0614 SB SMA.doc

### Report Title:

Grid Interactive Water Heater; Renewable Resource; Single-family Dwelling

### Description:

Requires that, beginning 1/1/2021, no building permit shall be issued for a new single-family dwelling unit unless the unit includes a solar water heater or a grid interactive water heater.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

