THE SENATE THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE, 2020 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 2407

JAN 17 2020

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

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PART I

2 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State has an 3 obligation to prepare its students with the tools necessary for 4 successful futures in the modern economy. In 2017, seventeen 5 per cent of the State's high school students did not graduate. 6 Further, only fifty-five per cent of the State's high school 7 students eventually enroll in post-secondary education after 8 high school, with only thirty-two per cent enrolling in a four-9 year university. Accordingly, the legislature believes that it 10 is the department of education's responsibility to provide 11 students with additional career options that do not require 12 bachelor's degrees.

13 The legislature also finds that a traditional four-year
14 bachelor's degree is becoming increasingly irrelevant for
15 earning potential and job placement, especially in regards to
16 the debt-to-income ratio incurred by many students at private
17 colleges and universities. The legislature further finds that



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1 more than forty-four million borrowers currently owe a total of 2 \$1,500,000,000,000 in student loan debt, with the average college graduate owing \$37,172 in student loans in 2016. The 3 4 legislature notes that nationwide, three out of ten high school graduates from four-year public universities have not earned 5 6 degrees within six years. Further, a bachelor's degree is no 7 longer the sole path to economic self-sufficiency that it once was. Many well-paying jobs do not require any level of higher 8 9 education, as evidenced by the nearly thirty million jobs in the 10 United States that pay an average of \$55,000 per year without 11 requiring a bachelor's degree.

12 The legislature recognizes that trade jobs are a growing 13 area of opportunity for high school graduates. According to the 14 United States Department of Labor, there were 6,600,000 trade job openings in early 2018, with the number of openings expected 15 to outpace the number of available employees in the near future. 16 17 Moreover, the United States Department of Education reports that 18 in the next five years there will be sixty-eight per cent more 19 job openings in infrastructure-related fields than there are 20 people trained to fill them. Some states already have more job 21 vacancies than qualified workers for certain trade jobs,



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including but not limited to carpentry, electrical, plumbing,
 sheet-metal work, and pipe-fitting. Additionally, the United
 States Bureau of Labor Statistics projects that in four years,
 careers in construction, health care, and personal care will
 account for one-third of all new jobs in the nation.

6 The legislature notes that many high school graduates are 7 currently benefitting from trade jobs. For some industries, a 8 technical program graduate can earn an income that is above the 9 national average, plus benefits, after just a few semesters of 10 certificate training that costs just a fraction of a comparable 11 undergraduate education. The legislature also notes that the 12 tuition and fees for community or technical colleges are also 13 significantly cheaper than four-year universities.

14 The legislature also believes that encouraging vocational 15 training in department of education schools and providing 16 additional resources to these programs will benefit those 17 students for whom a four-year university is not the right choice. The legislature further believes that the State must 18 19 help its students take advantage of a historically strong 20 national economy by preparing them for family wage jobs that do 21 not require a bachelor's degree.



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Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require the department of education to hire individuals to teach vocational, technical, or career pathway classes, and to amend the private trade, vocational, and technical school licensure special fund to further develop training and career opportunities for students in the State.

7 SECTION 2. Section 302A-602, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8 amended to read as follows:

9 "§302A-602 Teachers; licenses and certificates. (a) NO 10 person shall serve as a teacher in the department without first 11 having obtained a license from the Hawaii teacher standards 12 board in [such] a form as the Hawaii teacher standards board 13 determines. The department shall establish types of certificates in the educational field and the requirements to 14 15 qualify for those certificates issued to individuals who are not 16 required to obtain a license pursuant to sections 302A-801 to 17 302A-808.

(b) Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, no person
paid under the salary schedule contained in the unit 5
collective bargaining agreement shall serve as a teacher in the
department without first having obtained a license pursuant to



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1 sections 302A-801 to 302A-808 from the Hawaii teacher standards 2 board in [such] a form [as] the Hawaii teacher standards board 3 determines. 4 (c) Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, the 5 department may employ unlicensed individuals as emergency hires 6 pursuant to sections 302A-801 to 302A-808. 7 (d) Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, the 8 department shall employ individuals in accordance with section 9 302A-802(c)(1) as vocational, technical, or career pathway 10 teachers." 11 SECTION 3. Section 302A-802, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 13 "(C) The board shall adopt policies, exempt from chapters 14 91 and 92, to initiate the following: 15 (1) Develop criteria allowing more individuals with trade 16 or industry experience to teach in vocational, 17 technical, and career pathway programs, and criteria 18 for the issuance of permits allowing qualified 19 individuals to teach when recommended by the 20 superintendent or the commission, when appropriate. 21 The department or the commission, when appropriate,



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1 shall be responsible for the review and acceptance of the relevant licenses, certificates, or other 2 3 qualifications related to an individual's vocational, 4 technical, or career pathway education-related 5 experience that the department or the commission, when 6 appropriate, deems necessary for a permit. The 7 department or the commission[, when appropriate,] 8 shall [have the authority to] waive the requirement of 9 a bachelor's degree to teach in a vocation, technical, 10 or career pathway education program; 11 (2) Develop a plan to accept teachers from any state as 12 long as they have completed state-approved teacher 13 education programs and pass relevant Hawaii teacher 14 examinations or their equivalent; 15 (3) Clarify the requirements, on a state-by-state basis, for out-of-state licensed teachers to obtain a license 16 17 in Hawaii; 18 Develop a plan to facilitate licensing for those who (4) 19 intend to teach in Hawaii immersion programs, the 20 island of Niihau, or any other extraordinary situation 21 as defined by the superintendent or the



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1	S	uperintendent's designee, or by the commission, when
2	a	ppropriate; and
3	(5) P	ursue full teacher license reciprocity with all other
4	S	tates."
5	SECTIO	N 4. Section 302A-804, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to	read as follows:
7	1. By	amending subsection (b) to read:
8	"(b)	The department's powers and duties under this subpart
9	shall be li	mited to:
10	(1) H	iring, except in emergency situations <u>or for</u>
11	v	ocational, technical, or career pathway teacher
12	p	ositions as described in this chapter, licensed
13	t	eachers to teach in their fields of licensing;
14	(2) R	eporting data annually to the board about the supply
15	0	f, and demand for, teachers in department schools,
16	i	ncluding the identification of shortage areas, out-
17	0	f-field teaching assignments, number of classrooms
18	W	ithout a licensed teacher for a quarter or more,
19	n	umbers of teachers teaching out-of-field, numbers and
20	t	ypes of courses and classes taught by out-of-field



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1		teac	hers, and numbers and types of students taught by
2		out-	of-field teachers;
3	(3)	On a	n emergency and case-by-case basis, hiring
4		unli	censed individuals; provided that:
5		(A)	A list of the names, work sites, teaching
6			assignments, and progress toward licensing of
7			these individuals shall be reported to the board
8			and any changes shall be updated on a monthly
9			basis by the department;
10		(B)	There are no properly licensed teachers for the
11			specific assignments for which the individuals
12			are being hired; and
13		(C)	No individual may be employed by the department
14			on an emergency basis for more than three years.
15			During this time, the individual shall
16			demonstrate active pursuit of licensing in each
17			year of employment;
18	(4)	Subm	itting an annual report to the board documenting:
19		(A)	The number of emergency hires in department
20			schools by subject matter areas and by school;



1	(B) The reasons and duration of employment for the	
2		emergency hiring enumerated in subparagraph (A);	
3		and	
4	(C) The department's efforts to address the shortages	
5		described in subparagraph (A); and	
6	(5) Pr	oviding any other information requested by the board	
7	th	at is pertinent to its powers and duties."	
8	2. By	amending subsection (d) to read:	
9	"(d) A	charter school's powers and duties under this	
10	f 0 subpart shall be limited to:		
11	(1) Ex	cept in emergency situations or for vocational,	
12	te	chnical, or career pathway teacher positions as	
13	de	scribed in this chapter, hiring licensed teachers to	
14	te	ach in their fields of licensing;	
15	(2) On	an emergency and case-by-case basis, hiring	
16	un	licensed individuals; provided that:	
17	(A) A list of the names, work sites, teaching	
18		assignments, and progress toward licensing of	
19		these individuals shall be reported to the board	
20		and any changes shall be updated on a monthly	
21		basis by the charter schools;	



1		(B)	There are no properly licensed teachers for the
2			specific assignments for which the individuals
3			are being hired; and
4		(C)	No individual may be employed by the charter
5			school on an emergency basis for more than three
6			years. During this time, the individual shall
7			demonstrate active pursuit of licensing in each
8			year of employment;
9	(3)	Subm	itting an annual report to the board documenting:
10		(A)	The number of emergency hires in the charter
11			school by subject matter areas;
12		(B)	The reasons and duration of employment for the
13			emergency hiring enumerated in subparagraph (A);
14		(C)	The number of classrooms without a licensed
15			teacher for a quarter or more;
16		(D)	The number and type of courses and classes taught
17			by out-of-field teachers; and
18		(E)	The number and type of students taught by out-of-
19			field teachers; and



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1 (4) Providing any other information requested by the board 2 that is pertinent to the charter school's powers and 3 duties." SECTION 5. Section 302A-808, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "§302A-808 Penalty. Any person who engages in the 7 profession of teaching in a public school without first being 8 issued a license [or]; hired on an emergency basis as defined in 9 this chapter; or hired as a vocational, technical, or career 10 pathway teacher pursuant to section 302A-801(d), shall be fined 11 not more than \$500. Any person who knowingly or intentionally 12 violates this subpart by employing an individual as a public 13 school teacher who does not possess a valid license [or]; is not 14 a department of education or charter school emergency hire as 15 defined in this chapter; or is not hired as a vocational, 16 technical, or career pathway teacher pursuant to section 17 302A-801(d), may be fined not more than \$500. All fines shall 18 be deposited into the general fund." 19 PART II 20 SECTION 6. Section 302A-425, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:



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1 "(f) Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be 2 deposited into the private trade, vocational, and technical 3 school [licensure] special fund." 4 SECTION 7. Section 302A-425.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "[+]§302A-425.5[+] Private trade, vocational, and 7 technical school [licensure] special fund. (a) There is 8 created in the state treasury a special fund to be designated as 9 the private trade, vocational, and technical school [licensure] 10 special fund into which shall be deposited: 11 (1) All revenues and fees collected by the department 12 pursuant to section 302A-425; [and] 13 (2) Appropriations from the general fund of the State[-]; 14 Federal funds granted by Congress or executive order; (3) 15 and 16 (4) Grants, donations, and contributions from private or 17 public sources. 18 (b) Moneys in the private trade, vocational, and technical 19 school [licensure] special fund shall be used [to fund 20 activities] for the following purposes:



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1	(1)	Activities related to the licensure requirements	
2		established under section 302A-425, including funding	
3		for permanent staff positions and administrative and	
4		operational costs[-];	
5	(2)	Creating and maintaining vocational, technical, and	
6		career pathway classes and programs;	
7	(3)	Funding the administrative costs, program fees,	
8		equipment costs, and other costs for students enrolled	
9		in career or technical courses pursuant to section	
10		304A-803; and	
11	(4)	Any and all costs related to any vocational,	
12		technical, and career pathway classes or programs,	
13		including personnel, equipment, and facilities costs.	
14	(c)	Whenever the governor determines that the amount in	
15	the priva	te trade, vocational, and technical school special fund	
16	exceeds the requirements of the various vocational, technical,		
17	and career pathway classes and programs in the State, the		
18	department shall transfer the excess to the state general fund."		
19	SECTION 8. There is appropriated out of the general		
20	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much		
21	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2020-2021 to be		



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deposited into the private trade, vocational, and technical
 school special fund.

3 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of4 education for the purposes of this Act.

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PART III

6 SECTION 9. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
7 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
8 begun before its effective date.

9 SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

11 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

INTRODUCED BY:



Clonens & Frish



Report Title:

DOE; Private Trade, Vocational, and Technical School Special Fund; Vocational, Trade, and Career Pathway Training; Appropriation

Description:

Authorizes Department of Education teachers to instruct vocation, technical, or career pathway classes without possessing an applicable bachelor's degree. Expands the sources of moneys that may be deposited into the private trade, vocational, and technical school special fund, and the purposes for which the fund may be used. Appropriates moneys.

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