JAN 1 7 2020

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EQUAL PAY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature is committed to ensuring that
- 2 women and men are paid equally for work that is substantially
- 3 equal with respect to the skill, effort, and responsibility
- 4 required to perform the work and the conditions under which the
- 5 work is performed. The legislature recognizes that Act 108,
- 6 Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, is a significant step toward
- 7 ensuring that the pay disparity between men and women
- 8 diminishes. However, more needs to be done.
- 9 The American Association of University Women reports that
- 10 in 2018, median annual earnings for women in Hawaii were just
- 11 eighty-three per cent of men's earnings, which represents a
- 12 seventeen per cent gap. Furthermore, native Hawaiian and other
- 13 Pacific Islander women earn only sixty-two per cent of white
- 14 male earnings nationally.
- 15 Similarly to how Hawaii has led the way on many civil
- 16 rights issues, this Act proposes to establish Hawaii as a leader
- 17 in the area of pay equity and clarifies that Hawaii's law is



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1	more	protective	of	pav	equity	rights	than	the	federal	Egual	Pav

- 2 Act of 1963 or Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. It is
- 3 not the intent of the legislature to affect or diminish the
- 4 existing, broader protections provided under part I of chapter
- 5 378, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 6 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 7 (1) Amend the list of protected classes under Hawaii's
 8 equal pay statute to make the protections afforded by
 9 this section consistent with the state statute that
 10 prohibits employment discrimination;
- 12 (2), Clarify the factors that can be used by employers to

 12 justify differences in compensation based on

 13 seniority, merit, or other non-discriminatory

 14 purposes;
 - (3) Provide pay transparency by requiring employers to make salary range information available to employees and job candidates, which will help employers manage their pay expenses and encourage pay equity; and
- 19 (4) Update the term "equal work" as used in state non-20 discrimination statutes to "substantially similar

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              work," which is the more accurate term used in many
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              other states.
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         SECTION 2. Section 378-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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         "§378-2.3 Equal pay[; sex discrimination]. (a) No
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    employer shall discriminate [between] among employees [because
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    of sex, ] by paying [wages] compensation to employees [in an
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    establishment] at a rate less than the rate at which the
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    employer pays [wages] compensation to employees of [the
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    opposite] another race, sex [in the establishment] including
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    gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, age,
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    religion, color, ancestry, disability, marital status, arrest
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    and court record, or domestic or sexual violence victim status
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    for [equal] substantially similar work [on jobs the performance
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    of which requires equal] when viewed as a composite of skill,
    effort, and responsibility, [and that are] performed under
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    similar working conditions. [Payment]
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         (b) Compensation differentials [resulting from:] do not
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    violate this section if the employer demonstrates that the
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    differential solely results from any of the following factors:
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1	(1)	A <u>non-discriminatory</u> seniority system; <u>provided that</u>
2		time spent on leave due to a pregnancy-related
3		condition or parental, family, or medical leave, shall
4		not reduce seniority;
5	(2)	A non-discriminatory merit system;
6	(3)	A system that objectively measures earnings by
7		quantity or quality of production; or
8	[(4)	A bona fide occupational qualification; or
9	(5)	A differential based on any other permissible factor
10		other than sex[,]
11	do not vi	olate this section.]
12	(4)	A factor that has neither the purpose nor the effect
13		of discriminating on any basis prohibited by this
14		section.
15	(c)	For the purposes of subsection (b)(4), a factor has
16	the purpo	se of discriminating on a basis prohibited by this
17	section i	f its general use or application in a particular case
18	is motiva	ted, in whole or in part, by considerations of race,
19	sex inclu	ding gender identity or expression, sexual orientation,
20	age, reli	gion, color, ancestry, disability, marital status,

1	arrest and court record, or domestic or sexual violence victim
2	status.
3	(d) An employer who pays a wage in violation of this
4	section shall not, in order to comply with the provisions of
5	this section, reduce the wage rate of any employee.
6	(e) The agreement of an employee to work for less than the
7	wage to which the employee is entitled under this section is not
8	a defense to an action under this section.
9	(f) An unlawful employment practice in violation of this
10	section occurs when:
11	(1) An employer adopts a discriminatory compensation
12	decision or discriminatory practice;
13	(2) An individual becomes subject to the discriminatory
14	compensation decision or practice; or
15	(3) An individual is affected by application of the
16	discriminatory compensation decision or practice,
17	including each time wages, benefits, or other
18	compensation are paid.
19	$[\frac{b}{b}]$ (g) An employer shall not retaliate or discriminate
20	against an employee for, nor prohibit an employee from,
21	disclosing the employee's wages, discussing and inquiring about

- 1 the wages of other employees, or aiding or encouraging other
- 2 employees to exercise their rights under this section [-];
- 3 provided that this subsection shall not apply to instances in
- 4 which an employee who has access to the wage information of
- 5 other employees as a part of such employee's essential job
- 6 functions discloses the wages of such other employees to
- 7 individuals who do not otherwise have access to such
- 8 information, unless such disclosure is in response to a
- 9 complaint or charge or in furtherance of an investigation,
- 10 proceeding, or hearing; provided further that nothing in this
- 11 subsection shall be construed to limit the rights of an employee
- 12 provided under any other provision of law.
- (h) For the purposes of this section, the meaning of
- 14 "compensation" is to be construed broadly and shall include but
- 15 not be limited to use of or access to employee expense accounts,
- 16 use of a vehicle, housing, travel budgets, cost reimbursements,
- 17 paid vacation or sick leave, sabbatical benefits, endowed
- 18 chairs, insurance, stock options, pension contributions, and
- 19 other employee benefits associated with the individual
- 20 employee's unique job duties, situation, and requirements.

1	<u>(i)</u>	For the purposes of this section, "substantially								
2	similar wo	ork" means work that is mostly similar in skill,								
3	effort, and responsibility, and is performed under similar									
4	working conditions; provided that:									
5	(1)	(1) "Skill" means the experience, ability, education, and								
6		training required to perform the job;								
7	(2)	"Effort" means the amount of physical or mental								
8		exertion needed to perform the job; and								
9	(3)	"Responsibility" means the degree of accountability or								
10		duties required in performing the job."								
11	SECT	ION 3. Section 378-2.4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is								
12	amended to	read as follows:								
13	" [+] !	378-2.4[] Employer inquiries into and consideration								
14	of salary	or wage history. (a) No employer, employment agency,								
15	or employe	ee or agent thereof shall:								
16	(1)	Inquire about the salary history of an applicant for								
17		employment; or								
18	(2)	Rely on the salary history of an applicant in								
19		determining the salary, benefits, or other								
20		compensation for the applicant during the hiring								

1		process, including the negotiation of an employment					
2		contract.					
3	(b)	Notwithstanding subsection (a), an employer,					
4	employmen	t agency, or employee or agent thereof, without					
5	inquiring	about salary history, may engage in discussions with					
6	an applic	ant for employment about the applicant's expectations					
7	with resp	ect to salary, benefits, and other compensation;					
8	provided	that if an applicant voluntarily and without prompting					
9	discloses	salary history to an employer, employment agency, or					
10	employee or agent thereof, the employer, employment agency, or						
11	employee or agent thereof, may consider salary history in						
12	determining salary, benefits, and other compensation for the						
13	applicant, and may verify the applicant's salary history.						
14	(c)	This section shall not apply to:					
15	(1)	Applicants for internal transfer or promotion with					
16		their current employer;					
17	(2)	Any attempt by an employer, employment agency, or					
18		employee or agent thereof, to verify an applicant's					
19		disclosure of non-salary related information or					
20		conduct a background check; provided that if a					

verification or background check discloses the

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1		applicant's salary history, that disclosure shall not					
2		be relied upon during the hiring process for purposes					
3		of determining the salary, benefits, or other					
4		compensation of the applicant, including the					
5		negotiation of an employment contract; and					
6	(3)	Public employee positions for which salary, benefits,					
7		or other compensation are determined pursuant to					
8		collective bargaining.					
9	(d)	An employer shall provide the pay scale for a position					
10	to an app	licant applying for employment and disclose the factors					
11	the emplo	yer considers in setting salary levels.					
12	(e)	Upon hire, and thereafter annually and upon request,					
13	an employ	er shall provide an employee of the wage range for the					
14	employee'	s job title and for jobs within the employer's business					
15	that are	substantially similar with respect to the skill,					
16	effort, and responsibility required to perform the jobs and the						
17	condition	s under which the jobs are performed.					
18	(f)	An employer shall disclose an hourly rate or salary					
19	range in	all job listings.					
20	<u>(g)</u>	For the purposes of this section, the meaning of					
21	"compensa	tion" is to be construed broadly and shall include but					

1 not be limited to use of or access to employee expense accounts, 2 use of a vehicle, housing, travel budgets, cost reimbursements, 3 paid vacation or sick leave, sabbatical benefits, endowed chairs, insurance, stock options, pension contributions, and 4 5 other employee benefits associated with the individual 6 employee's unique job duties, situation, and requirements. 7 $[\frac{d}{d}]$ (h) For purposes of this section: 8 "Inquire" means to: 9 Communicate any question or statement to an applicant (1) 10 for employment, an applicant's current or prior 11 employer, or a current or former employee or agent of 12 the applicant's current or prior employer, in writing, verbally, or otherwise, for the purpose of obtaining 13 14 an applicant's salary history; or 15 (2) Conduct a search of publicly available records or 16 reports for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's 17 salary history; 18 provided that this shall not include informing an applicant, in writing or otherwise, about the proposed or anticipated salary 19 20 or salary range for the position.

1 "	Salary	history"	includes	an	applicant	for	employm	ent'	s

- 2 current or prior wage, benefits, or other compensation, but
- 3 shall not include any objective measure of the applicant's
- 4 productivity, such as revenue, sales, or other production
- 5 reports."
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 7 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 8 begun before its effective date.
- 9 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 11 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:



Report Title:

Equal Pay; Wage Discrimination; Salary or Wage History; Employment

Description:

Conforms statutory prohibitions against wage discrimination with other prohibitions on employment discrimination. Clarifies allowable justifications for compensation differentials and remedies for pay disparity. Requires employers to disclose wage ranges to employees and prospective employees.

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