A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HOMELESSNESS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that homelessness is one
- 2 of the most pressing problems in Hawai'i, and a robust,
- 3 comprehensive, long-term solution is needed to address Hawai'i's
- 4 affordable housing and homelessness crisis.
- 5 Nearly fifty years ago, in 1970, the State of Hawai'i issued
- 6 a report stating that Hawai'i had been experiencing a "serious
- 7 housing problem for many years" which had by then "become a
- 8 crisis." In the decades since, the problem has worsened. The
- 9 number of cost-burdened renters who pay more than thirty
- 10 per cent of their income for rent went from less than a quarter
- 11 of the population to over one half. High housing costs have
- 12 driven more and more Hawai'i residents into homelessness.
- 13 According to the United States Department of Housing and
- 14 Urban Development, on a single night in January 2018, California
- 15 and Hawai'i had the highest rates of homelessness among all

- 1 individuals, with fifty-nine and fifty-eight out of every ten
- 2 thousand individuals, respectively, experiencing homelessness.
- 3 By making smart investments in homelessness programs and
- 4 housing, using data-driven practices, and improving
- 5 coordination, Hawai'i has gradually begun to turn the tide on the
- 6 homelessness crisis. In 2017, Hawai'i's homelessness rate went
- 7 down for the first time in eight years. In 2018, the
- 8 legislature made unprecedented levels of investment in low-
- 9 income housing and homelessness solutions, appropriating
- 10 \$200,000,000 for the rental housing revolving fund, \$30,000,000
- 11 for the ohana zones pilot program, and \$13,500,000 for other
- 12 homelessness programs.
- 13 The legislature finds that investments of this scale must
- 14 be made consistently in the coming years. Forty-seven per cent
- 15 of the housing demand is for Hawai'i's households earning below
- 16 \$45,000 per year, while seventy-four per cent is for households
- 17 earning below \$75,000 per year. Appropriations that allow for
- 18 the rental housing revolving fund to be used to build housing at
- 19 these affordability levels are critically important. Funding
- 20 for this purpose needs to be steady, predictable, and long-term.

- 1 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the issuance of
- 2 general obligation bonds and appropriate funds for capital
- 3 improvement projects consistent with the purposes of the rental
- 4 housing revolving fund.
- 5 SECTION 2. The director of finance is authorized to issue
- 6 general obligation bonds in the sum of \$200,000,000 or so much
- 7 thereof as may be necessary and the same sum or so much thereof
- 8 as may be necessary is appropriated for fiscal year 2020-2021
- 9 for deposit into the rental housing revolving fund, Hawaii
- 10 Revised Statutes.
- 11 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the rental housing
- 12 revolving fund the sum of \$200,000,000 or so much thereof as may
- 13 be necessary for fiscal year 2020-2021 to fund capital
- 14 improvement projects consistent with the purpose of the rental
- 15 housing revolving fund.
- 16 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii
- 17 housing finance and development corporation for the purposes of
- 18 this Act.
- 19 SECTION 4. The appropriation made for the capital
- 20 improvement projects authorized by this Act shall not lapse at
- 21 the end of the fiscal biennium for which the appropriation is

- 1 made; provided that all moneys from the appropriation
- 2 unencumbered as of June 30, 2022, shall lapse as of that date.
- 3 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

Report Title:

Rental Housing Revolving Fund; GO Bonds; Appropriation

Description:

Authorizes issuance of \$200,000,000 in general obligation bonds and appropriates funds for capital improvement projects consistent with the purposes of the rental housing revolving fund. (SD1)

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