S.B. NO. 1457

JAN 2 4 2019

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE VI OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF HAWAII TO AMEND THE MANNER IN WHICH JUSTICES AND JUDGES ARE APPOINTED, CONSENTED TO, AND RETAINED.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Constitution of 2 the State of Hawaii currently requires a justice or judge to 3 petition the judicial selection commission to be retained in 4 office at least six months prior to the expiration of the 5 justice's or judge's term of office. If the judicial selection 6 commission determines that the justice or judge should be 7 retained in office, the judicial selection commission is 8 authorized by the Hawaii State Constitution to renew the justice's 9 or judge's term. Thus, unlike the initial appointment of a justice or judge, consent of the senate is not currently required 10 11 to renew a justice's or judge's term.

12 The legislature also finds that the process used by the 13 judicial selection commission to determine whether a justice or 14 judge should be retained takes place in private, and its decisions 15 are final and not appealable. The legislature believes that to 16 promote transparency in the judicial retention process, the senate



### S.B. NO. 1457

should have the power to consent to or reverse the decision of the
judicial selection commission regarding the retention of a justice
or judge.

4 The legislature further finds that the senate consent 5 provisions of the Hawaii State Constitution relating to the 6 appointment of district court judges are incongruous to those 7 relating to supreme court justices and intermediate court of 8 appeals and circuit court judges. In the case of supreme court 9 justices and intermediate court of appeals and circuit court 10 judges, if the senate fails to reject an initial appointment to 11 these courts within thirty days of receiving the appointment 12 notice, the appointee is automatically considered appointed to the 13 judicial position. For district court judgeship appointees, the 14 exact opposite occurs. The appointee is automatically considered 15 rejected if not consented to by the senate within thirty days of 16 receipt of the district court judgeship appointment. Furthermore, 17 unlike in the case of appointments to the supreme court, 18 intermediate court of appeals, and circuit court where the holding 19 of a public hearing on an appointment is optional, the senate is 20 constitutionally mandated to conduct a public hearing for a 21 district court nominee, regardless of whether the appointment



## S.B. NO. 1457

occurs during the regular session or the interim period between 1 2 regular sessions. 3 The purpose of this Act is to propose amendments to article 4 VI, section 3, of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii to: 5. Change the required time frame from thirty to ninety (1)days for certain processes to appoint and consent to a 6 7 justice's or judge's appointment; 8 Harmonize the senate consent provisions for district (2)9 court judgeship nominees to mirror the senate consent 10 provisions relating to supreme court justices and 11 intermediate court of appeals and circuit court judges; 12 and 13 (3) Authorize the senate to approve or reject subsequent 14 terms of office for a justice or judge. 15 SECTION 2. Article VI, section 3, of the Constitution of 16 the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows: 17 "APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES Section 3. The governor, with the consent of the senate, 18 19 shall fill a vacancy in the office of the chief justice, supreme 20 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts, by 21 appointing a person from a list of not less than four, and not



## S.B. NO. 1457

more than six, nominees for the vacancy, presented to the
governor by the judicial selection commission.

3 If the governor fails to make any appointment within 4 [thirty] ninety days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment 5 6 shall be made by the judicial selection commission from the list 7 with the consent of the senate. If the senate fails to reject 8 any appointment within [thirty] ninety days thereof, it shall be 9. deemed to have [given its consent] consented to [such] the 10 appointment. If the senate [shall reject] rejects any 11 appointment, the governor shall make another appointment from 12 the list within ten days thereof. The same appointment and 13 consent procedure shall be followed until a valid appointment 14 has been made, or failing this, the judicial selection 15 commission shall make the appointment from the list, without 16 senate consent.

17 The chief justice, with the consent of the senate, shall 18 fill a vacancy in the district courts by appointing a person 19 from a list of not less than six nominees for the vacancy 20 presented by the judicial selection commission. If the chief 21 justice fails to make [the] any appointment within [thirty]



# S.B. NO. 1457

1 ninety days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's 2 rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment shall be 3 made by the judicial selection commission from the list with the 4 consent of the senate. [The senate shall hold a public hearing 5 and vote on each appointment within thirty days of any 6 appointment. If the senate fails to do so, the nomination shall 7 be returned to the commission and the commission shall make the 8 appointment from the list without senate consent.] If the 9 senate fails to reject any appointment within ninety days 10 thereof, it shall be deemed to have consented to the 11 appointment. If the senate rejects any appointment, the chief 12 justice shall make another appointment from the list within ten 13 days thereof. The same appointment and consent procedure shall 14 be followed until a valid appointment has been made, or failing 15 this, the judicial selection commission shall make the 16 appointment from the list, without senate consent. 17 The chief justice shall appoint per diem district court 18 judges as provided by law. 19 The judicial selection commission shall disclose to the 20 public the list of nominees for each vacancy concurrently with



Page 6

### S.B. NO. 1457

the presentation of each list to the governor or the chief
justice, as applicable.

3

### QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT

4 Justices and judges shall be residents and citizens of the 5 State and of the United States, and licensed to practice law by 6 the supreme court. A justice of the supreme court, a judge of 7 the intermediate appellate court and a judge of the circuit 8 court shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than 9 ten years preceding nomination. A judge of the district court 10 shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than five 11 years preceding nomination.

No justice or judge shall, during the term of office, engage in the practice of law, or run for or hold any other office or position of profit under the United States, the State or its political subdivisions.

16

#### TENURE; RETENTION AND RETIREMENT

17 The term of office of justices and judges of the supreme 18 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts shall be 19 ten years. Judges of district courts shall hold office for the 20 periods as provided by law. [At least six] Between twelve and 21 nine months prior to the expiration of a justice's or judge's



# S.B. NO. 1457

1	term of office, every justice and judge shall petition the
2	judicial selection commission to be retained in office or shall
3	inform the judicial selection commission of an intention to
4	retire. [ <del>If the judicial selection commission determines that</del>
5	the justice or judge should be retained in office, the
6	commission shall renew the term of office of the justice or
7	judge-for the period provided by this section or by law.]
8	Within ninety days of receiving a retention petition, the
9	judicial selection commission shall determine whether the
10	justice or judge should be retained and issue a recommendation
11	to either approve or reject the retention petition. Upon
12	conclusion of the judicial selection commission's proceedings to
13	determine whether a justice or judge should be retained for
14	another term, the judicial selection commission shall
15	immediately transmit written notice of its determination and a
16	copy of the retention petition to the senate. Within ninety
17	days of receiving the judicial selection commission's
18	determination and the copy of the retention petition, the senate
19	may vote to consent to or reject the petition. If the senate
20	consents to or fails to reject the retention petition during the
21	specified period, the justice or judge shall be retained for



# S.B. NO. 1457

1	another terr	n or until the justice or judge is no longer		
2	qualified to serve in the respective office. If the senate			
3	fails to vote on a retention petition within the specified time			
4	period, or prior to the expiration of the justice's or judge's			
5	current term of office, whichever occurs earlier, the judicial			
6	selection commission's determination shall be deemed final.			
7	Justices and judges shall be retired upon attaining the age			
8	of seventy years. They shall be included in any retirement law			
9	of the State."			
10	SECTION 3. The question to be printed on the ballot shall			
11	be as follows:			
12	"Should the process to appoint, consent to, and retain a			
13	justice or <u>j</u>	judge for a term of office be amended to:		
14	(1) Ez	stend certain time periods relating to appointment		
15	ar	nd consideration of a justice's or judge's		
16	ar	ppointment from thirty to ninety days;		
17	(2) Ha	armonize the senate consent procedures for district		
18	CC	ourt judgeship nominees so that these procedures		
19	m	irror the senate consent procedures relating to		
20	SI	preme court justices and intermediate court of appeals		
21	aı	nd circuit court judges; and		



S.B. NO. 1457

1	(3) Authorize the senate to approve or reject the
2	retention of a justice or judge for a subsequent term
3	of office?"
4	SECTION 4. Constitutional material to be repealed is
5	bracketed and stricken. New constitutional material is
6	underscored.
7	SECTION 5. This amendment shall take effect upon
8	compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of
9	the State of Hawaii.
10	

MUD-M/ INTRODUCED BY:

By Request

9



Page 9

## S.B. NO. 1457

#### Report Title:

Constitutional Amendment; Justices; Judges; Senate Consent Procedures; Term Renewals

### Description:

Proposes amendments to the Constitution of the State of Hawaii relating to the appointment and retention of justices and judges. Changes the required time frames from thirty to ninety days for the process to appoint and consent to a justice or judge. Harmonizes the senate consent procedures for district court judgeship nominees to mirror the senate consent procedures relating to supreme court justices and intermediate court of appeals and circuit court judges. Authorizes the senate to approve or reject subsequent terms of office for justices and judges.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

