JAN 2 4 2019 A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAX APPEALS.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 26-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows: 3 There shall be within the department of taxation a "(d) 4 [board of review for each taxation district] tax appeal review 5 panel and a tax appeal court. The composition of [each board of 6 review] tax appeal review panel and the tax appeal court and its 7 respective functions, duties, and powers shall be as 8 [heretofore] provided [by law for the boards of review and tax 9 appeal court existing immediately prior to November 25, 1959.] 10 in chapter 232." 11 SECTION 2. Section 28-8.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 amended to read as follows: 13 "§28-8.3 Employment of attorneys. (a) No department of 14 the State other than the attorney general may employ or retain

16 representing the State or the department in any litigation,

any attorney, by contract or otherwise, for the purpose of

17 rendering legal counsel to the department, or drafting legal

18 documents for the department; provided that the foregoing

1 provision shall not apply to the employment or retention of 2 attorneys:

- 3 (1) By the public utilities commission, the labor and
 4 industrial relations appeals board, and the Hawaii
 5 labor relations board;
- By any court or judicial or legislative office of the 6 (2) 7 State; provided that if the attorney general is requested to provide representation to a court or 8 9 judicial office by the chief justice or the chief 10 justice's designee, or to a legislative office by the 11 speaker of the house of representatives and the 12 president of the senate jointly, and the attorney 13 general declines to provide such representation on the 14 grounds of conflict of interest, the attorney general 15 shall retain an attorney for the court, judicial, or legislative office, subject to approval by the court, 16 17 judicial, or legislative office;

18 (3) By the legislative reference bureau;

- 19 (4) By any compilation commission that may be constituted
 20 from time to time;
- 21 (5) By the real estate commission for any action involving
 22 the real estate recovery fund;

1	(6)	By the contractors license board for any action
2		involving the contractors recovery fund;
3	(7)	By the office of Hawaiian affairs;
4	(8)	By the department of commerce and consumer affairs for
5		the enforcement of violations of chapters 480 and
6		485A;
7	(9)	As grand jury counsel;
. 8	(10)	By the Hawaii health systems corporation, or its
9		regional system boards, or any of their facilities;
10	(11)	By the auditor;
11	(12)	By the office of ombudsman;
12	(13)	By the insurance division;
13	(14)	By the University of Hawaii;
14	(15)	By the Kahoolawe island reserve commission;
15	(16)	By the division of consumer advocacy;
16	(17)	By the office of elections;
17	(18)	By the campaign spending commission;
18	(19)	By the Hawaii tourism authority, as provided in
19		section 201B-2.5;
20	(20)	By the division of financial institutions;
21	(21)	By the office of information practices; [or]
22	(22)	By the tax appeal review panel; or

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1 [(22)] (23) By a department, if the attorney general, for 2 reasons deemed by the attorney general to be good and 3 sufficient, declines to employ or retain an attorney 4 for a department; provided that the governor waives 5 the provision of this section.

6 (b) For purposes of this section the term "department"
7 includes any department, board, commission, agency, bureau, or
8 officer of the State.

9 (c) Every attorney employed by any department on a full-10 time basis, except an attorney employed by the public utilities 11 commission, the labor and industrial relations appeals board, 12 the Hawaii labor relations board, the office of Hawaiian affairs, the Hawaii health systems corporation or its regional 13 14 system boards, the department of commerce and consumer affairs 15 in prosecution of consumer complaints, insurance division, the division of consumer advocacy, the University of Hawaii, the 16 17 Hawaii tourism authority as provided in section 201B-2.5, the office of information practices, the tax appeal review panel, or 18 19 as grand jury counsel, shall be a deputy attorney general. 20 (d) All attorneys retained by contract, whether by the

21 attorney general or a department, shall be retained in

accordance with chapter 103D."

SECTION 3. Section 231-7.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 2 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, 3 "(b) including tax appeal procedures set forth under chapter 232, a 4 taxpayer shall be eligible to petition the department once for 5 participation in the administrative appeals and dispute 6 7 resolution program after issuance of a notice of [proposed] final assessment; provided that if a taxpayer has filed a tax 8 appeal with the tax appeal court or other court, the taxpayer 9 shall first be required to obtain the approval of the director 10 11 and permission from the respective court prior to petitioning the department for participation. The director shall have the 12 right to deny a petition for cause." 13

14 SECTION 4. Section 232-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 amended to read as follows:

16 "§232-1 Appeals by persons under contractual obligations.
17 Whenever any person is under a contractual obligation to pay a
18 tax assessed against another, the person shall have the same
19 rights of appeal to the [board of review] tax appeal review
20 panel, the tax appeal court, and the intermediate appellate
21 court, subject to chapter 602, in the person's own name, as if
22 the tax were assessed against the person. The person against

1	whom the tax is assessed shall also have a right to appear and
2	be heard on any such application or appeal."
3	SECTION 5. Section 232-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§232-6 [Appointment,] Tax appeal review panel;
6	appointment, removal, compensation. (a) There is created [a
7	board of review for each taxation district. Additional boards
8	may be created in any taxation district by the director of
9	taxation where the number of disputes to be decided cannot be
10	reasonably decided within one year. Each taxation district
11	shall have no more than three boards. Each board] a tax appeal
12	review panel to hear appeals duly filed by taxpayers.
13	(b) The panel shall consist of [five] no more than three
14	members who shall be [citizens of the State and residents of the
15	district for which the board is appointed, shall have resided at
16	the time of appointment for at least three years in the State,
17	and shall be appointed and be removable by the governor as
18	provided in section 26-34.] appointed for terms of two years
19	each. Each panel member shall act as an independent hearings
20	officer and shall have the power to administer oaths, compel the
21	attendance of witnesses, produce documentary evidence, examine
22	witnesses, and render decisions on cases assigned to them. In

1	case of disobedience by any person of any order or subpoena
2	issued by the panel member, or the refusal of any witness to
3	testify to any matter regarding which the witness may be
4	questioned lawfully, any circuit judge, on application by the
5	director or tax appeal review panel member, shall compel
6	obedience as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of
7	a subpoena issued by a circuit court, or a refusal to testify
8	therein. All panel members shall be appointed by the director
9	of taxation and be removable by the director of taxation for
10	cause. For the purposes of this section, "cause" includes
11	rendering decisions that are not supported by a "reasonable
12	basis", at a minimum, as defined in section 231-36.8. [The
13	governor shall designate a member of each board to act as
14	chairperson thereof. In addition, the governor shall designate
15	a member of each board to act as vice chairperson who shall
16	serve as the chairperson of the board during the temporary
17	absence from the State, illness, or disqualification of the
18	chairperson. Any vacancy in any board shall be filled for the
19	unexpired term. Each member shall receive and be paid out of
20	the treasury compensation for the member's services at the rate
21	of \$10 per day for each day's actual attendance and the member's

1	actual traveling expenses. No officer or employee of the State
2	shall be eligible for appointment to any such board.]
3	(c) The director of taxation shall designate one member of
. 4	the panel as chairperson. The chairperson of the panel shall be
5	responsible for the administrative functions of the panel,
6	including assigning appeals to panel members for hearing. The
7	panel may appoint professional staff and assistants as it may
8	deem necessary in the performance of its functions, prescribe
9	their duties, and fix their compensation and provide for
10	reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses incurred by them
11	in the performance of their duties within the amounts made
12	available by appropriations therefor.
13	(d) The members shall devote full time to their duties as
14	members of the panel. No member shall hold any other public
15	office or be in the employment of the State or a county, or any
16	department or agency thereof, or any employee organization
17	during the member's term.
18	(e) Any vacancy in the panel shall not impair the
19	authority of the remaining members to exercise all the powers of
20	the panel. The director of taxation may appoint an acting
21	member of the panel during the temporary absence from the State,
22	temporary inability to act due to recusal, or illness of any

1	regular member. An acting member, during the acting member's
2	term of service, shall have the same powers and duties as the
3	regular member; provided that subsection (d) shall not apply to
4	an acting member and an acting member appointed due to a regular
5	member's recusal shall be appointed for the case in which the
6	recusal occurred, and the acting member's appointment shall
7	terminate when the final decision is filed or the case is
8	withdrawn.
9	(f) The panel shall be within the department of taxation
10	for budgetary and administrative purposes. All members of the
11	panel and its employees shall be exempt from chapters 76 and 89.
12	(g) At the close of each fiscal year, the panel shall make
12 13	(g) At the close of each fiscal year, the panel shall make a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on
13	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on
13 14	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and
13 14 15	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and the names, duties, and salaries of its officers and employees;
13 14 15 16	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and the names, duties, and salaries of its officers and employees; provided that the report shall not contain any information that
13 14 15 16 17	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and the names, duties, and salaries of its officers and employees; provided that the report shall not contain any information that is not made public under section 232-7."
13 14 15 16 17 18	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and the names, duties, and salaries of its officers and employees; provided that the report shall not contain any information that is not made public under section 232-7." SECTION 6. Section 232-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	a written report to the governor and the director of taxation on its activities, including the cases and their dispositions, and the names, duties, and salaries of its officers and employees; provided that the report shall not contain any information that is not made public under section 232-7." SECTION 6. Section 232-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

disputes between the assessor and any taxpayer in all cases in
which appeals have been duly taken and the fact that a notice of
appeal has been duly filed by a taxpayer shall be conclusive
evidence of the existence of a dispute; provided that this
provision shall not be construed to permit a taxpayer to dispute
an assessment to the extent that it is in accordance with the
taxpayer's return.

8 (b) [Each board] Each panel member shall hold public 9 meetings [at some central location in its taxation district] at 10 least once annually and shall hear, as speedily as possible, all 11 appeals presented to the panel and assigned to that panel member 12 for each year. Whenever appropriate and practicable, the panel 13 members may utilize cost efficient means to conduct their 14 proceedings, such as teleconferencing.

15 (c) A taxpayer's identity and final documents submitted in 16 support or opposition of an appeal to the panel shall be public 17 information; provided that an individual taxpayer is authorized 18 to redact all but the last four digits of the taxpayer's social 19 security number from any accompanying tax return. [Each board] 20 The panel shall have the power and authority to decide all 21 questions of fact and all questions of law, excepting questions 22 involving the Constitution or laws of the United States,

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1 necessary to the determination of the objections raised by the 2 taxpayer in the notice of appeal; provided that [no board] the panel shall not have power to determine or declare an assessment 3 illegal or void. Without prejudice to the generality of the 4 foregoing, [each board] the panel shall have power to allow or 5 6 disallow exemptions pursuant to law whether or not previously 7 allowed or disallowed by the assessor and to increase or lower 8 any assessment.

[(c)] (d) Each individual member of the panel shall have 9 the authority to render a decision on matters assigned to them. 10 11 The [board] panel member shall base [its] their decision on the evidence before [it,] them, and, as provided in section 231-20, 12 13 the assessment made by the assessor shall be deemed prima facie 14 correct. All decisions of the panel shall be reduced to writing 15 and shall state separately the panel's findings of fact and 16 conclusions. The [board] panel shall file with the assessor 17 concerned its decision in writing on each appeal decided by it, and a certified copy of the decision shall be furnished by the 18 19 assessor to the taxpayer concerned by delivery or by mailing the 20 copy addressed to the taxpayer's last known place of residence. 21 [(d) Each board] (e) The panel and each member thereof in addition to all other powers shall also have the power to 22

subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, examine books and records, 1 2 and hear and take evidence in relation to any subject pending 3 before the [board] panel. The tax appeal court shall have the power, upon request of the [boards,] panel, to enforce by proper 4 5 proceedings the attendance of witnesses and the giving of 6 testimony by them, and the production of books, records, and 7 papers at the hearings of the [boards.] panel. 8 [(e) If there exists more than one board of review in a 9 taxation district, the chair of one board, administratively and 10 without requirement of any formal action, may assign a member of 11 that board to serve as a temporary member of the requesting 12 board for purposes of establishing a quorum at a designated 13 meeting of the requesting board. The temporary member shall 14 serve only for the specific board meeting for which the 15 assignment is made and only for the period necessary to 16 establish and maintain a quorum. A temporary member may 17 participate in discussion and vote on all matters before the 18 board. Nothing herein shall prevent a member from being assigned 19 multiple times under this subsection.] " 20 SECTION 7. Section 232-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

21 amended to read as follows:

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1 "§232-13 Hearing de novo; bill of particulars. The hearing before the tax appeal court shall be a hearing de novo. 2 Irrespective of which party prevails in proceedings before [a 3 state board of review] the tax appeal review panel or the county 4 board or any equivalent administrative body established by 5 county ordinance, the assessment as made by the assessor, or if 6 increased by the [board] panel, county board, or equivalent 7 8 county administrative body, the assessment as so increased, shall be deemed prima facie correct. Each party shall have the 9 right to introduce, or the tax appeal court, of its own motion, 10 may require the taking of such evidence in relation to the 11 12 subject pending as in the court's discretion may be deemed proper. The court, in the manner provided in section 232-16, 13 shall determine all questions of fact and all questions of law, 14 including constitutional questions, involved in the appeal. 15 16 The jurisdiction of the tax appeal court is limited to the amount of valuation or taxes, as the case may be, in dispute as 17 shown on the one hand by the amount claimed by the taxpayer or 18 19 county and on the other hand by the amount of the assessment, or

21 county administrative body, the assessment as so increased.

if increased by the [board] panel, or county board or equivalent

Assessments for the same year upon other similar property
 situated in the State shall be receivable in evidence upon the
 hearing.

Upon the application of either the taxpayer, the county, or 4 the assessor, the judge of the tax appeal court, upon notice, 5 6 may allow and direct a bill of particulars of the claim of either the taxpayer, the county, or the assessor to be delivered 7 to the other, and in case of default the judge shall preclude 8 the person so defaulting from giving evidence of the part or 9 10 parts of the person's affirmative claim of which particulars have not been delivered." 11

SECTION 8. Section 232-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

14 "(b) The [boards of review] tax appeal review panel shall have power, consistent with this chapter and chapter 91, to make 15 rules relating to procedure, and to prescribe forms to be used, 16 17 including procedure and forms for the issuance of subpoenas and other process by the [boards of review] panel or members 18 thereof. The rules shall have the force and effect of law." 19 SECTION 9. Section 232-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read as follows:

1	"[+]§ 232-14.5[+] Appeals relating to claims for refund.
2	(a) The denial in whole or in part by the department of
3	taxation of a tax refund claim may be appealed by the filing of
4	a written notice of appeal to [a board of review] the tax appeal
5	review panel or the tax appeal court within thirty days after
6	notice of the denial of the claim.
7	(b) An appeal may be filed with [a board of review] <u>the</u>
8	tax appeal review panel or the tax appeal court for review of
9	the merits of a tax refund claim, upon a notice of appeal filed
10	at any time after one hundred eighty days from the date that the
11	claim was filed; provided that the department has not given
12	notice of a denial of the claim within that period.
13	(c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary under title
14	14, this section shall apply to tax refund claims for all taxes
15	administered by the department of taxation. The procedures for
16	appeals from tax assessors, [a board of review,] the tax appeal
17	review panel, and the tax appeal court provided under this
18	chapter and under section 235-114 shall apply to appeals
19	relating to tax refund claims under this section. Any claimed
20	tax refund or credit appealed pursuant to this section shall be
21	awarded only if the claim therefor was filed within the
22	applicable statutory period of limitation."

1 SECTION 10. Section 232-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§232-15 Appeal to [board of review.] tax appeal review panel. [The appeal to a board of review may be either to the 4 5 board of review for the district in which the taxpayer has the taxpayer's principal place of business or to the board of review 6 for the district in which the taxpayer resides or has the 7 taxpayer's principal office or to the board of review of the 8 9 first district.] The notice of appeal to the tax appeal review 10 panel must be lodged with the panel and the assessor on or 11 before the date fixed by law for the taking of the appeal. An 12 appeal to the [board of review] tax appeal review panel shall be 13 deemed to have been taken in time if the notice thereof shall 14 have been deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, properly 15 addressed to the panel and assessor, on or before such date. 16 The notice of appeal must be in writing and any such

17 notice, however informal it may be, identifying the assessment 18 involved in the appeal and stating the grounds of objection to 19 the assessment shall be sufficient. [Upon the necessary 20 information being furnished by the taxpayer to the assessor, the 21 assessor shall prepare the notice of appeal upon request of the Page 17

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1 taxpayer and any notice so prepared by the assessor shall be

2 deemed sufficient as to its form.]

3 The appeal shall be considered and treated for all purposes as a general appeal and shall bring up for determination all 4 questions of fact and all questions of law, excepting questions 5 6 involving the Constitution or laws of the United States, 7 necessary to the determination of the objections raised by the 8 taxpayer in the notice of appeal. Any objection involving the 9 Constitution or laws of the United States may be included by the 10 taxpayer in the notice of appeal and in such case the objections 11 may be heard and determined by the tax appeal court on appeal 12 from a decision of the [board of review;] tax appeal review 13 panel; but this provision shall not be construed to confer upon 14 the [board of review] tax appeal review panel the power to hear 15 or determine such objections. Any notice of appeal may be 16 amended at any time prior to the [board's] panel's decision; provided the amendment does not substantially change the 17 18 dispute.

19 SECTION 11. Section 232-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows: 21 "(a) A taxpayer or county may appeal directly to the tax 22 appeal court without appealing to [a state board of review] the

tax appeal review panel or the county board or any equivalent 1 administrative body established by county ordinance; provided 2 that a taxpayer appealing a real property tax assessment shall 3 first obtain a decision from a county board or an equivalent 4 administrative body established by county ordinance, prior to 5 6 appealing to the tax appeal court, if county ordinance requires a taxpayer to do so. An appeal to the tax appeal court is 7 properly commenced by filing, on or before the date fixed by law 8 for the taking of the appeal, a written notice of appeal in the 9 10 office of the tax appeal court and by service of the notice of 11 appeal on the director of taxation and, in the case of an appeal from a decision involving the county as a party, the real 12 property assessment division of the county involved. An 13 14 appealing taxpayer shall also pay the costs in the amount fixed 15 by section 232-22.

(b) The notice of appeal to the tax appeal court shall be sufficient if it meets the requirements prescribed for a notice of appeal to the [board of review] tax appeal review panel and may be amended at any time; provided that it sets forth a brief description of the property involved in sufficient detail to identify the same and the valuation placed thereon by the assessor."

SECTION 12. Section 232-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "§232-17 Appeals from [boards of review] tax appeal review 4 panel to tax appeal court. An appeal shall lie to the tax 5 appeal court from the decision of [a state board of review,] the 6 tax appeal review panel or a county board or equivalent administrative body established by county ordinance. An appeal 7 8 to the tax appeal court is properly commenced by the filing, by 9 the taxpayer, or the county, or the director of taxation, of a 10 written notice of appeal in the office of the tax appeal court 11 within thirty days after the filing of the decision of the 12 [state board of review] tax appeal review panel, county board, or 13 an equivalent county administrative body, and, in the case of 14 any appealing taxpayer, the payment of the costs of court in the 15 amount fixed by section 232-22, and service of the notice of 16 appeal on the director of taxation and, in the case of an appeal 17 from a decision involving the county as a party, the real 18 property assessment division of the county involved. A notice 19 of appeal shall be sufficient if it states that the taxpayer, 20 county, or director of taxation appeals from the decision of the [state board of review] tax appeal review panel, a county board, 21 22 or an equivalent county administrative body, to the tax appeal

court and may be amended at any time. The appeal shall bring up 1 2 for determination all questions of fact and all questions of 3 law, including constitutional questions involved in the appeal. 4 In case of an appeal by the county or the director of 5 taxation, a copy of the notice of appeal shall be forthwith 6 delivered or mailed to the taxpayer concerned or to the clerk of 7 the county concerned in the manner provided in section 232-7 for 8 giving notice of decisions.

9 An appeal shall be deemed to have been taken in time, and 10 properly commenced, if the notice thereof and costs, if any, and 11 the copy or copies of the notice shall have been deposited in 12 the mail, postage prepaid, properly addressed to the tax appeal court, director of taxation, taxpayer or taxpayers, and, if 13 14 relevant, the real property assessment division of the county 15 involved, respectively, within the time period provided by this 16 section."

SECTION 13. Section 232-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended to read as follows:

19 "§232-18 Certificate of appeal to tax appeal court. Upon 20 the perfecting of an appeal to the tax appeal court, the tax 21 assessor [of the district from which the appeal is taken] shall 22 immediately send up to the tax appeal court a certificate in

which there shall be set forth the information required by
 section 232-16 to be set forth in the notice of appeal where an
 appeal is taken direct from the assessment to the tax appeal
 court.

5 The certificate shall be accompanied by the taxpayer's 6 return, if any has been filed; provided that the department of 7 taxation is authorized to redact all but the last four digits of 8 an individual taxpayer's social security number from an 9 accompanying tax return, a copy of the notice of appeal to the 10 [state board of review] tax appeal review panel, the county board, or an equivalent administrative body established by 11 12 county ordinance, and any amendments thereto, and the decision 13 or action, if any, of the [state board of review] tax appeal 14 review panel, county board, or equivalent administrative body. 15 Failure of the assessor to comply herewith shall not prejudice 16 or affect the taxpayer's, county's, or assessor's appeal and the 17 certificate of appeal may be amended at any time up to the final 18 determination of the appeal."

19 SECTION 14. Section 232-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is20 amended to read as follows:

21 "§232-20 Certificate of appeal. Upon the perfection of an
22 appeal, the judge of the tax appeal court shall send to the

1	appellate	court a certificate in which there shall be set forth,
2	among oth	er things:
3	(1)	A brief description of the assessment and the property
4		involved in the appeal, if any, in sufficient detail
5		to identify the same together with the valuation
6		placed on the property by the assessor;
7	(2)	The valuation claimed by the taxpayer or county;
8	(3)	The taxpayer's or county's grounds of objection to the
9		assessment;
10	(4)	The valuation, if any, placed thereon by the county
11		board or an administrative body established by county
12		ordinance equivalent to [a state board of review;] <u>the</u>
13		tax appeal review panel; and
14	(5)	The valuation placed thereon by the tax appeal court.
15	The	certificate shall be accompanied by the taxpayer's
16	return, i	f any, a copy of the notice of appeal from the
17	assessmen	t and any amendments thereof, the decision, if any, of
18	the [stat	c board of review] <u>tax appeal review panel</u> , county
19	board, or	equivalent county administrative body, a copy of the
20	notice of	appeal from the decision of the [state board of
21	review] <u>t</u>	ax appeal review panel, county board, or equivalent
22	county ad	ministrative body, if any, and any amendments thereof,

1 and a transcript or statement of the evidence before and the 2 decision of the tax appeal court, and all exhibits, motions, 3 orders, or other documents specified by either the taxpayer, the 4 county, or the assessor. No failure of the judge of the tax 5 appeal court to send or properly prepare the certificate or the accompanying documents shall prejudice, limit, or in any manner 6 affect the taxpayer's, county's, or assessor's appeal, and the 7 8 certificate of appeal may be amended at any time up to the final 9 determination of the appeal.

10 SECTION 15. Section 232-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended to read as follows:

12 "§232-22 Costs; deposit for on appeal. No costs shall be 13 charged on appeal to the [state board of review] tax appeal 14 review panel.

15 The nonrefundable costs to be deposited in any one case per 16 taxpayer on any appeal to the tax appeal court shall be an 17 amount set pursuant to rules adopted by the supreme court, which 18 shall not exceed \$100.

19 On appeal to the intermediate appellate court, the deposit 20 for costs, and costs chargeable, shall be the same as in appeals 21 from decisions of circuit courts, as provided by sections 607-5 22 and 607-6. If the decision of the intermediate appellate court

or the supreme court on transfer from or review of the 1 2 intermediate appellate court is in favor of the taxpayer, the taxpayer shall pay no costs for the appeal, and any payment or 3 deposit therefor shall be returned to the taxpayer. If the 4 decision is only partly in favor of the taxpayer, the costs 5 6 shall be prorated in the manner provided by section 232-23. No costs shall be payable by, and no deposit shall be required 7 from, the assessor or the county in any case." 8 SECTION 16. Section 232-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: "(a) In the event of an appeal by a taxpayer to the [state 11

12 board of review,] tax appeal review panel, if the appeal is 13 compromised, or is sustained as to fifty per cent or more of the 14 amount in dispute, the costs deposited shall be returned to the 15 appellant. Otherwise the entire amount of costs deposited shall 16 be retained."

SECTION 17. Section 232-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended to read as follows:

19 "§232-24 Taxes paid pending appeal. The tax paid upon the 20 amount of any assessment, actually in dispute and in excess of 21 that admitted by the taxpayer, and covered by an appeal to the 22 tax appeal court duly taken, shall, pending the final

determination of the appeal, be paid by the director of finance 1 2 into the "litigated claims fund". If the final determination is 3 in whole or in part in favor of the appealing taxpayer, the director of finance shall repay to the taxpayer out of the fund, 4 5 or if investment of the fund should result in a deficit therein, 6 out of the general fund of the State, the amount of the tax paid upon the amount held by the court to have been excessive or 7 8 nontaxable, together with from the date of each payment into the 9 litigated claims fund, the interest to be paid from the general 10 fund of the State. For purposes of this section, the rate of interest shall be computed by reference to section 6621(a) (with 11 12 respect to interest rate determination) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as of January 1, 2010. The balance, if any, of 13 14 the payment made by the appealing taxpayer, or the whole of the 15 payment, in case the decision is wholly in favor of the 16 assessor, shall, upon the final determination become a 17 realization under the tax law concerned.

In a case of an appeal to [a board of review,] the tax appeal review panel, the tax paid, if any, upon the amount of the assessment actually in dispute and in excess of that admitted by the taxpayer, shall during the pendency of the appeal and until and unless an appeal is taken to the tax appeal

1 court, be held by the director of finance in a special deposit. In the event of final determination of the appeal [in the board 2 3 of review,] by the tax appeal review panel, the director of 4 finance shall repay to the appealing taxpayer out of the deposit 5 the amount of the tax paid upon the amount held by the [board] 6 panel to have been excessive or nontaxable, if any, the balance, if any, or the whole of the deposit, in case the decision is 7 8 wholly in favor of the assessor, to become a realization under 9 the tax law concerned."

10 SECTION 18. Section 232-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended to read as follows:

12 "§232-25 Amendment of assessment list to conform to 13 decision. The assessor shall alter or amend the assessment and 14 the assessment list in conformity with the decision or judgment 15 of the last [board] panel or court to which an appeal may have 16 been taken."

SECTION 19. Section 235-114, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended as follows:

19 "§235-114 Appeals. (a) Any person aggrieved by any
20 assessment of the tax or liability imposed by this chapter may
21 appeal from the assessment in the manner and within the time
22 hereinafter set forth. Appeal may be made either to the

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1 [district board of review] tax appeal review panel or to the tax appeal court. The first appeal to either the [district board of 2 3 review] tax appeal review panel or to the tax appeal court may be made without payment of the tax so assessed. Either the 4 5 taxpayer or the assessor may appeal to the tax appeal court from 6 a decision by the [board] panel or to the intermediate appellate 7 court from a decision by the tax appeal court; provided that if the decision by the [board] panel or the tax appeal court is 8 9 appealed by the taxpayer, or the decision by the [board] panel 10 in favor of the department is not appealed, the taxpayer shall 11 pay the tax so assessed plus interest as provided in section 12 231-39(b)(4).

13 (b) If the appeal is first made to the [board] panel, the 14 appeal shall either be heard by the [board] panel or be 15 transferred to the tax appeal court for hearing at the election 16 of the taxpayer or employer. If heard by the [board] panel, an 17 appeal shall lie from the decision thereof to the tax appeal 18 court and to the intermediate appellate court, subject to 19 chapter 602, in the manner and with the costs provided by 20 chapter 232. The supreme court shall prescribe forms to be used 21 in the appeals. The forms shall show:

1	(1)	The amount of taxes or liability upon the basis of the
2		taxpayer's computation of the taxpayer's taxable
3		income or the employer's computation of the employer's
4		liability;
5	(2)	The amount upon the basis of the assessor's
6		computation;
7	(3)	The amount upon the basis of the decisions of the
8		[board of review] tax appeal review panel and tax
9		appeal court, if any; and
10	(4)	The amount in dispute.
11	If or whe	n the appeal is filed with or transferred to the tax
12	appeal co	urt, the court shall proceed to hear and determine the
13	appeal, s	ubject to appeal to the intermediate appellate court as
14	is provid	ed in chapter 232.
15	(c)	Any taxpayer or employer appealing from any assessment
16	of income	taxes or liability shall lodge with the assessor or
17	assistant	assessor a notice of the appeal in writing, stating
18	the groun	d of the taxpayer's or employer's objection to the
19	additiona	l assessment or any part thereof. The taxpayer or
20	employer	also shall file the notice of appeal with the [board]
21	<u>panel</u> or	the tax appeal court at any time within thirty days
22	subsequen	t to the date when the notice of assessment was mailed,

properly addressed to the taxpayer or employer at the taxpayer's or employer's last known residence or place of business. Except as otherwise provided, the manner of taking the appeal, the costs applicable thereto, and the hearing and disposition thereof, including the distribution of costs and of taxes paid by the taxpayer pending the appeal, shall be as provided in chapter 232.

8 The tax appeal court may allow an individual taxpayer to 9 file a subsequent appeal without payment of the net income tax 10 in cases where the total tax liability does not exceed \$50,000 11 in the aggregate for all tax years, upon proof that the taxpayer 12 would be irreparably injured by payment of the tax."

13 SECTION 20. There is appropriated out of the general 14 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$212,106 or so much 15 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 and 16 \$343,711 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 17 2020-2021 to carry out the purposes of this Act, including the 18 payment of salaries of members, the hiring of 1 staff position, 19 and other associated administrative costs.

20 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department21 of taxation for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 21. This Act does not affect rights and duties 1 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that 2 were begun before its effective date; provided that all appeals 3 filed before January 1, 2020, in which a decision has not been 4 issued shall be heard by the tax appeal review panel, as created 5 by this Act. This Act also does not affect county real property 6 tax appeals and the respective county boards of review to which 7 they are appealed, nor does it abrogate any county ordinance 8 9 relating to a county's real property tax appeal procedures. SECTION 22. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 11 SECTION 23. This Act, upon its approval, shall take effect 12 on January 1, 2020; provided that section 3 shall take effect on 13 14 July 1, 2019.

INTRODUCED BY: ______

BY REQUEST

Report Title:

Tax Appeals; Tax Appeal Review Panel; Administrative Appeals and Dispute Resolution Program.

Description:

Replaces the tax boards of review with a single tax appeal review panel comprised of members who shall devote full time to their duties. Amends the grounds upon which an appeal to the administrative appeals and dispute resolution program may be made by disallowing appeals of proposed assessments.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Taxation.

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TAX APPEALS.

PURPOSE: Replaces the boards of review with a single streamlined Tax Appeal Review Panel comprised of members who shall devote full time to their duties. Disallows appeals from notices of proposed assessments to the administrative appeals and dispute resolution program.

MEANS: Amend sections 26-10(d), 28-8.3, 231-7.5(b), 232-1, 232-6, 232-7, 232-13, 232-14(b), 232-14.5, 232-15, 232-16(a), 232-17, 232-18, 232-20, 232-22, 232-23(a), 232-24, 232-25, and 235-114, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

The Department of Taxation (Department) JUSTIFICATION: finds that a substantial number of tax appeals to the boards of review have been unable to be heard or have been substantially delayed in being heard due to the boards' inability to constitute quorum. The Department further finds that the nominal compensation for board members and the conflicts of interest that may arise for practicing professionals have limited the pool of candidates who are qualified and willing to serve as board members. Replacing the boards of review with a single Tax Appeal Review Panel, with members who will serve on a full-time basis and are endowed with the power to hear and decide cases individually, will allow appeals to be resolved more expeditiously.

> With respect to appeals to the administrative appeals and dispute resolution program, disallowing appeals from proposed assessments, and instead requiring a final assessment be issued before an appeal may be made, will avoid unnecessary appeals and promote efficiency. Appeals

taken from proposed assessments may be premature, as changes to the proposed assessment may be made based on additional information provided by the taxpayer.

Impact on the public: The public will benefit from having appeals decided expeditiously.

Impact on the department and other agencies: The department will benefit from having appeals decided expeditiously.

- GENERAL FUND: To be determined.
- OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION: None.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2020; provided that section 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2019.