JAN 2 4 2019

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FOREST STEWARDSHIP.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 195F-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
2	amended to read as follows:		
3	"[ <b>-[]§195F-1[<del>]</del>] Findings and purpose.</b> The legislature		
4	finds that:		
5	(1)	Much of the forest land in Hawaii is privately	
6		owned[+] and managed;	
7	(2)	The capacity to protect important watersheds and	
8		native Hawaiian plants and animals and to produce	
9		renewable forest resources is significantly dependent	
10		on these privately [ <del>owned</del> ] <u>managed</u> forest and formerly	
11		forested lands;	
12	(3)	The factors essential to the quality of life in	
13		Hawaii, including our water and air quality, mild	
14		climate, and habitat available for plants and animals	
15		unique to these islands, can be maintained and	
16		improved through good stewardship of [ <del>private</del> ]	
17		<pre>privately managed forest [lands];</pre>	

(4) To accomplish these purposes, the present system of
 state and federal financial and technical assistance
 programs needs to be expanded to promote the long-term
 management of additional privately [owned] managed
 forest and formerly forested lands throughout the
 State; and

7 (5) A forest stewardship program should be established to 8 supplement the natural area reserves system's programs 9 under chapter 195 by encouraging [private] landowners 10 of privately [owned] managed forest and formerly 11 forested lands that cannot qualify as potential 12 natural area reserves to make long-term commitments to 13 protect, maintain, and restore important watersheds, 14 [timber] forest resources, forest products, fish and 15 wildlife habitats, isolated populations of rare and 16 endangered plants, native vegetation, and other lands 17 that provide significant public benefits.

18 The purpose of this chapter is to establish a program to 19 financially assist landowners in managing, protecting, and 20 restoring important natural resources in Hawaii's forested and 21 formerly forested lands."

1	SECTION 2. Section 195F-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
2	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted		
3	and to read as follows:		
4	""Program implementation agreement" means a written forest		
5	stewardship management contract between the board and program		
6	applicant."		
7	SECTION 3. Section 195F-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:		
9	"(a) There is established a forest stewardship program to		
10	be administered by the board to assist [ <del>private landowners in</del>		
11	managing, protecting, and restoring] landowners of privately		
12	managed forest to manage, protect, and restore important		
13	watersheds, native vegetation, [timber] forest resources, forest		
14	products, fish and wildlife habitats, isolated populations of		
15	rare and endangered plants, and other lands that are not		
16	recognized as potential natural area reserves."		
17	SECTION 4. Section 195F-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
18	amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:		
19	"(a) To participate in the forest stewardship program, the		
20	applicant landowner shall prepare and submit [ <del>to the board</del> ] a		
21	forest stewardship management plan that shall:		

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1	(1)	Identify and describe activities to be undertaken by
2		the landowner to protect soil, water, aesthetic
3		quality, recreation, [timber,] forest resources,
4		forest products, water, fish, wildlife, and native
5		plant resources on the land in a manner that is
6		compatible with the objectives of the program, is
7		consistent with this chapter, and qualifies under the
8		board's list of approved activities;
9	(2)	Be signed by all parties having an interest in or
10		holding any encumbrance upon the property, and shall
11		state that the parties agree to comply with the plan
12		upon its approval; and
13	(3)	Be approved by the board and available for public
14		review.
15	(b)	The board and other cooperating natural resource
16	managemen	t agencies shall develop a list of approved management
17	activitie	s and practices that shall be eligible for cost-share
18	assistanc	e under the program in the following areas:
19	(1)	Enhanced management and maintenance of vegetation on
20		vital watershed lands;
21	(2)	Sustainable growth and management of forests for
22		timber and [ <del>other</del> ] forest products [ <del>on lands from</del>

1		which all or most of the native vegetation had been		
2		removed prior to January 1, 1991];		
3	(3)	Management for non-native forest products; provided		
4		that the land was not previously cleared of native		
5		vegetation for the purpose of non-native forest		
6		production;		
7	[ <del>-(3)</del> ]	(4) Protection, restoration, and enhancement of		
8		native plants and animals;		
9	[ <del>(4)</del> ]	(5) Management, maintenance, and restoration of		
10		forests for shelterbelts, windbreaks, aesthetic		
11		quality, and other conservation purposes [ <del>on lands</del>		
12		from which all or most of the native vegetation had		
13		been-removed prior to January 1, 1991];		
14	[ <del>(5)</del> ]	(6) Agroforestry management [ <del>on lands from which all</del>		
15		or most of the native vegetation had been removed		
16		prior to January 1, 1991];		
17	[ <del>(6)</del> ]	(7) Management and maintenance of native fish and		
18		wildlife habitats;		
19	[ <del>(7)</del> ]	(8) Management of outdoor recreational opportunities;		
20		and		
21	[ <del>-(-8-)</del> -]	(9) Other activities approved by the board, which are		
22		consistent with this chapter."		

1 SECTION 5. Section 195F-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended as follows:

3 (1) By amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

4 "(a) Payments from the forest stewardship fund shall not
5 exceed [fifty]:

6 (1) <u>Seventy-five</u> per cent of the total cost of the
7 landowner in developing [and implementing] an approved
8 management plan[-]; and

9 (2) Fifty per cent of the total cost of the landowner in
10 implementing an approved management plan.

11 Total payments to any one landowner shall be determined by the 12 board, and the reasonable value of material, goods, and services 13 contributed toward the management plan by the landowner shall be 14 included in determining the amount of the landowner's cost. The 15 landowner shall be required to spend private funds before 16 reimbursements are made. In-kind services such as heavy 17 equipment and existing sources of labor may be utilized as a 18 portion of the landowner's contribution in implementing the 19 management plan that is consistent with this chapter." 20 (2) By amending subsections (c), (d), and (e) to read as

21

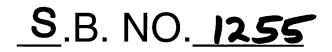
follows:

1	"(C)	To receive funds under the forest stewardship
2	program,	an applicant shall:
3	(1)	Be a landowner of [ <del>private</del> ] privately managed forest
4		that is not managed under existing federal, state, or
5		private sector financial and technical assistance
6		programs and that is not recognized as a potential
7		natural area reserve. [ <del>Private forest lands managed</del> ]
8		Privately managed forest under existing federal,
9		state, or private sector financial and technical
10		assistance programs may be eligible for assistance
11		under this program if the landowner agrees to comply
12		with the requirements of the program or if forest
13		management activities are expanded or enhanced to meet
14		the requirements of this chapter;
15	(2)	Prepare and submit a forest stewardship management
16		plan as set forth in section 195F-5; and
17	(3)	Enter into [ <del>an</del> ] <u>a program implementation</u> agreement
18		with the board [ <del>to do the following:</del> ], upon approval
19		of the forest stewardship management plan by the
20		board. Upon approval of the program implementation
21		agreement by the board, the applicant shall:

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1	(A)	Undertake and maintain the approved activities
2		under the management plan for not fewer than ten
3		years, unless the board approves modifications in
4		the plan;
5	(B)	Complete all approved activities under the
6		management plan within the timetable agreed upon
7		by the board and the landowner consistent with
8		the intent of this chapter;
9	(C)	Submit an annual progress report to be reviewed
10		by the board for each year in which the landowner
11		receives support under the program. This report
12		shall detail accomplishments, areas requiring
13		technical advice, and any proposed modifications
14		of the management plan; and
15	(D)	Other conditions deemed necessary by the board to
16		implement the purposes of this chapter.
17	(d) The J	board shall review the annual progress report and
18	shall determin	e whether the landowner has met the objectives of
19	the management	plan. To facilitate the review, the department
20	shall have the	right to make inspections of the forest land
21	after prior la	ndowner notification. The board may approve

1	alteration of the management plan to adapt to current		
2	conditions. Amendments to the management plan shall be		
3	available for public review.		
4	(e)	The board shall submit annually a detailed report to	
5	the governor and legislature that shall:		
6	(1)	Identify management objectives that have been	
7		completed on [ <del>private lands</del> ] privately managed forest	
8		lands resulting from payments made pursuant to section	
9		195F-4(a)(1) and provide an analysis of problems and	
10		issues encountered in meeting or failing to meet	
11		objectives as set forth in the management plans;	
12	(2)	Identify all reforestation, forest management,	
13		education, and training objectives that have been	
14		completed as a result of any expenditures made	
15		pursuant to section 195F-4(a)(2);	
16	(3)	Describe the financial condition of the fund,	
17		including receipts and expenditures from the previous	
18		fiscal year; and	
19	(4)	Set forth plans and management objectives for the next	
20		fiscal year."	
21	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
22	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		



1	SECTION 7.	This Act shall tak	e effect upon its approval.
2			
3		INTRODUCED BY:	Mun.M.
4			BY REQUEST

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## <u>S</u>.B. NO. 1255

Report Title: Forest Stewardship Program

#### Description:

Clarifies conditions that must be met by applicants to receive funds under the Forest Stewardship Program.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

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#### JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Land and Natural Resources

- TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO FOREST STEWARDSHIP.
- PURPOSE: To clarify conditions that must be met by applicants to receive funds under the Forest Stewardship Program.
- MEANS: Amend sections 195F-1, 195F-2, 195F-3(a), 195F-5(a) and (b), and 195F-6(a) and (c)-(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- JUSTIFICATION: The Forest Stewardship Program (Program) provides technical and financial assistance to private landowners or long-term leaseholders of forests in managing, protecting, and restoring important natural resources in Hawaii's forested and formerly forested lands. Sixty-six per cent of Hawaii's forested areas are privately managed. The Program enables participants to responsibly manage important forest resources that provide vital public and private socioeconomic and environmental benefits.

With the withdrawal of much of Hawaii's agricultural industries, including sugar and pineapple, the Program encourages the restoration, forest production, and conservation of degraded agricultural areas with native forest ecosystems. The Program also serves to stimulate investment in forestry as an economically viable land-use alternative that supplies Hawaii's rural communities with a source of revenue, provides locally grown products and energy to reduce Hawaii's dependence on imported goods, and contributes environmental benefits, such as clean water and habitat for Hawaii's native wildlife. Additionally, support of native forest production within eligible state land use districts incentivizes private landowners and land

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managers to maintain and restore native forests instead of clearing them for other uses.

The Program allows landowners to access natural resource experts that help program participants responsibly and sustainably manage forest resources. This interaction with experts transfers knowledge and improves the management of privately managed forest lands, which benefits the public by increasing freshwater resources, providing habitat for native wildlife, reducing soil erosion and sedimentation on to coral reefs, identifying and controlling invasive species, and creating smart sustainable communities. The Program especially reduces the financial barrier for landowners and land managers to access natural resource experts.

Specifically, the bill seeks to accomplish the following:

- (1) Increase the reimbursement rate for the development of forest stewardship management plans from fifty per cent to seventy-five per cent reducing the financial barrier for private landowners and land managers to participate in the Program and access natural resource experts;
- (2) Clarify that program applicants must enter into a program implementation agreement with the Board of Land and Natural Resources upon approval of the forest stewardship management plan to receive program funding;
- (3) Clarify that long-term leaseholders are eligible to participate in the Program;
- (4) Clarify that production of other forest products in addition to timber are a priority and eligible for the Program;
- (5) Clarify that native forest production is supported by the Program;

- (6) Clarify that non-native forest production cannot result in the loss of native vegetation; and
- (7) Add a definition of "program implementation agreement" for clarity.

Impact on the public: This bill would allow private landowners, including long-term leaseholders, to participate in the Program to be eligible for reimbursement at an increased rate to help cover the total cost of developing an approved forest stewardship management plan. Many of the landowners who enroll in the Program would not have been able to pursue sustainable management of forest resources without the financial assistance made available through the Program. Forest stewardship management plans benefit the public by restoring native species, controlling invasive species, protecting forest watersheds, and increasing green jobs and education, while sustaining resources for future generations.

Impact on the department and other agencies: This bill would allow the Department to provide increased financial assistance to participants in the Program for the development of a management plan. Βv clarifying conditions that must be met by applicants to receive funds under the Program, this bill would also allow the Department to work with complimentary programs through the United States Department of Agriculture that may provide cost-share support for the implementation of approved forest stewardship management plans, while relieving some of the larger financial burden on the Department for supporting the total cost of a program implementation agreement. Supporting the public-private partnerships established by the Program is essential to the present and future health of forest resources.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

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OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION: LNR 172.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES: None.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon approval.