JAN 2 4 2019

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS ON CERTAIN STATE LANDS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to make resolution 2 of traffic infractions, as simple as possible for the average 3 citizen and to ensure that police, prosecutor, and judicial 4 resources are focused on the most serious criminal offenses. 5 This Act decriminalizes traffic infractions within the 6 department of land and natural resources' natural area reserves, 7 game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting 8 areas so that they are consistent with the penalties for similar 9 infractions established for the state park system by Act 101, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008. 10

SECTION 2. Section 183D-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

13 "§183D-5 Penalties. (a) Any person violating section
14 183D-21, 183D-25, 183D-33, or 183D-63 or any rule adopted under
15 this chapter shall be guilty of a petty misdemeanor, and upon
16 conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:

1	(1)	For a first conviction, by a mandatory fine of not
2		less than \$100, or imprisonment of not more than
3		thirty days, or both;
4	(2)	For a second conviction within five years of a
5		previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less
6		than \$500, or by imprisonment of not more than thirty
7		days, or both, and all firearms used in the commission
8		of the violations shall be considered contraband to be
9		forfeited to and disposed of by the State; and
10	(3)	For a third or subsequent conviction within five years
11		of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory
12		fine of not less than \$1,000, or by imprisonment of
13		not more than thirty days, or both, and all firearms
14		used in the commission of the violations shall be
15		considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed
16		of by the State.
17	(৮)	Any person wielsting costion [1930 (C] 1930 OF F

17 (b) Any person violating section [183D-66,] 183D-25.5,
18 183D-26, 183D-27, 183D-32, 183D-62, [or] 183D-64, or 183D-66
19 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof,
20 shall be punished as follows:

1	(1)	For a first conviction by a mandatory fine of not less
2		than \$200, or by imprisonment of not more than one
3		year, or both;
4	(2)	For a second conviction within five years of a
5		previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less
6		than \$1,000, or by imprisonment of not more than one
7		year, or both, and all firearms, animal parts,
8		products, or items containing prohibited animal parts
9		or products used in the commission of the violations
10		shall be considered contraband to be forfeited to and
11		disposed of by the State; and
12	(3)	For a third or subsequent conviction within five years
13		of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory
14		fine of not less than \$2,000, or by imprisonment of
15		not more than one year, or both, and all firearms,
16		animal parts, products, or items containing prohibited
17		animal parts or products used in the commission of the
18		violations shall be considered contraband to be
19		forfeited to and disposed of by the State.
20	(c)	Any person who violates section 183D-52 shall be
21	guilty of	a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be
22	punished as follows:	

For a first conviction, by a mandatory fine of not 1 (1) less than \$10,000 and payment of any costs incurred in 2 the eradication of any deer and the deer's progeny 3 that has been possessed, transferred, transported, or 4 released after transport, or by imprisonment of not 5 6 more than one year, or both; (2) For a second conviction within five years of a 7 previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less 8 than \$15,000 and payment of any costs incurred in the 9 eradication of any deer and the deer's progeny that 10 has been possessed, transferred, transported, or 11 released after transport, or by imprisonment of not 12 more than one year, or both; and 13 (3) For a third or subsequent conviction within five years 14 of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory 15 fine of not less than \$25,000 and payment of any costs 16 incurred in the eradication of any deer and the deer's 17 18 progeny that has been possessed, transferred, transported, or released after transport, or by 19 imprisonment of not more than one year, or both. 20 Any person who violates section 183D-35, 183D-36, 21 (d)

183D-37, 183D-38, 183D-39, 183D-40, or 183D-42 shall be guilty
 of a petty misdemeanor [-] and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
 fined not less than \$100 or imprisoned not more than thirty
 days, or both.

(e) In addition to any other penalty imposed under this
section, a mandatory fine of \$100 shall be levied for each bird
illegally taken under this chapter and a mandatory fine of \$500
shall be levied for each mammal illegally taken under this
chapter.

10 (f) Any person who violates any rule adopted by the 11 department under this chapter regulating vehicular parking or 12 traffic movement shall have committed a traffic infraction as 13 set forth in chapter 291D, the adjudication of which shall be 14 subject to the provisions contained therein. A person found to 15 have committed such a traffic infraction shall be fined not more 16 than:

17 (1) \$100 for a first violation;

18 (2) \$200 for a second violation; and

19 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation.

20 [(f)] (g) Any person who is convicted of violating any of
21 the game laws of the State, except as provided in subsection

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(f), shall immediately have the person's hunting license
 forfeited and any person convicted for a second offense shall
 not be granted a license to hunt for a period of three years
 after the date of the second conviction.

5 [(g)] (h) The environmental court, in lieu of the actual 6 cash payment of any mandatory fine, may allow the defendant to 7 perform the community service as directed by the department of 8 land and natural resources at the rate of one hour of service 9 for every \$10 of mandatory fine imposed.

10 [(h)] (i) Any criminal action against a person for any 11 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder shall 12 not be deemed to preclude the State from pursuing civil legal 13 action to recover administrative fines and costs or monetary 14 assessments against that person. Any civil legal action against 15 a person to recover administrative fines and costs or monetary 16 assessments, for any violation of subtitle 4 of title 12 or any 17 rule adopted thereto, or the conditions and restrictions of any 18 license, permit, or check station thereunder shall not be deemed 19 to preclude the State from pursuing any criminal action against 20 that person."

21 SECTION 3. Section 195-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22 amended to read as follows:

<u>S</u>.B. NO. <u>1253</u>

1	"§195-8 Penalty. (a) [Any] Except as provided in			
2	subsection (b), any person who violates any of the laws and			
3	rules applicable to the reserves system, upon conviction			
4	thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not			
5	less than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both,			
6	for each offense.			
7	(b) Any person who violates any section of this chapter or			
8	rule adopted by the department under this chapter regulating			
9	vehicular parking or traffic movement shall have committed a			
10	traffic infraction as set forth in chapter 291D, the			
11	adjudication of which shall be subject to the provisions			
12	contained therein. A person found to have committed such a			
13	traffic infraction shall be fined not more than:			
14	(1) \$100 for a first violation;			
15	(2) \$200 for a second violation; and			
16	(3) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation.			
17	[(b)] <u>(c)</u> Except as otherwise provided by law, the board or			
18	its authorized representative by proper delegation is authorized			
19	to set, charge, and collect administrative fines or bring legal			
20	action to recover administrative fees and costs as documented by			
21	receipts or affidavit, including [attorneys'] <u>attorney's</u> fees			

1 and costs; or bring legal action to recover administrative 2 fines, fees, and costs, including [attorneys] attorney's fees 3 and costs, or payment for damages or for the cost to correct 4 damages resulting from a violation of this chapter or any rule 5 adopted thereunder. The administrative fines shall be as 6 follows: 7 (1) For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$2,500; 8 (2) For a second violation within five years of a previous 9 violation, a fine of not more than \$5,000; and 10 (3) For a third or subsequent violation within five years 11 of the last violation, a fine of not more than 12 \$10,000. 13 $\left[\frac{(c)}{(c)}\right]$ (d) Any criminal action against a person for any 14 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder shall 15 not be deemed to preclude the State from pursuing civil legal 16 action to recover administrative fines and costs or monetary 17 assessments against that person. Any civil legal action against 18 a person to recover administrative fines and costs or monetary 19 assessments for any violation of this chapter or any rule 20 adopted thereunder shall not be deemed to preclude the State 21 from pursuing any criminal action against that person."

1	SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
2	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
3	begun before its effective date.
4	SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
5	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
6	SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
7	
8	INTRODUCED BY: MUN.M.
9	BY REQUEST

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S.B. NO. 1253

Report Title: Traffic Infractions; Decriminalization

Description:

Decriminalizes traffic infractions within natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting areas.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

SB. NO. 1253

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Land and Natural Resources

- TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS ON CERTAIN STATE LANDS.
- PURPOSE: To decriminalize traffic infractions within natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting areas.
- MEANS: Amend sections 183D-5 and 195-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS).
- JUSTIFICATION: The Legislature has been engaged in an ongoing effort to make resolution of minor criminal offenses, including traffic violations, as simple as possible for the average citizen and to ensure that police, prosecutor, and judicial resources are focused on the most serious criminal offenses.

This bill seeks to decriminalize traffic infractions within natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting areas so that they are comparable with the penalties for similar infractions established for the State Park System. The proposed amendments create a new type of offense for traffic infractions adjudicated pursuant to chapter 291D, HRS. The reference to "monetary assessment" would be consistent with the terminology used in chapter 291D, HRS.

Impact on the public: The bill would simplify resolution of traffic violations occurring on certain state lands.

Impact on the department and other agencies: The bill would reduce effort and resources expended to resolve minor traffic violations occurring on certain state lands for the Department, the police, the prosecutors, and the Judiciary. Page 2

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GENERAL FUND:	None.
OTHER FUNDS:	None.
PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION:	LNR 402, 407, and 804.
OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:	Police departments, Judiciary, Prosecuting Attorney offices.
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Upon approval.