THE SENATE THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE, 2019 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. <sup>11</sup> S.D. 1

1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO POLYSTYRENE FOAM CONTAINERS.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that products made using 2 polystyrene foam are one of the most common kinds of litter 3 pollution in Hawaii. Polystyrene foam is ultra-light, which prevents collection systems from capturing it and allows it to 4 easily accumulate on land and in waterways. The fragments of 5 6 polystyrene foam that are left leach styrene, a known carcinogen, and other toxins that then poison the environment 7 8 and the local food chain. The sight of polystyrene products 9 littering Hawaii's landscapes serves as a detriment to the 10 State's number one industry, tourism. Polystyrene foam also contributes to the potential death of marine animals and avian 11 12 populations through ingestion.

13 The legislature also finds that, in order to absolutely 14 reduce the use of nonreusable food containers and all forms of 15 litter in the environment, additional focus should be placed on 16 implementing a broad education campaign to inform consumers of 17 certain harmful product materials and to encourage proper

2019-2211 SB11 SD1 SMA.doc 

Page 2

# **S.B. NO.** <sup>11</sup> S.D. 1

1 disposal of litter and strongly encourage consumers to change 2 their habits. Through education measures, positive 3 environmental changes and broad reductions of litter can occur 4 for all material types. Behavior modification campaigns have been among the most successful long-term litter solutions tested 5 to date, with significant reductions proven by scientific 6 studies in North Carolina, Texas, and other states. 7 8 The purpose of this Act is to protect the State's economy 9 and environment by prohibiting restaurants from serving prepared 10 food using polystyrene foam containers statewide. SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 11 12 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 13 as follows: 14 "CHAPTER POLYSTYRENE FOAM CONTAINERS 15 -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter: 16 S 17 "Polystyrene" means a thermoplastic petrochemical material utilizing a styrene monomer, including all polystyrene, meaning 18 any styrene or vinyl chloride polymer that is blown into a foam-19 like material. Polystyrene includes materials created from 20 21 techniques including the fusion of polymer spheres (expandable



### **S.B. NO.**<sup>11</sup> s.D. 1</sup>

bead polystyrene), injection molding, foam molding, and
 extrusion-blow molding (extruded foam polystyrene).

Page 3

3 "Polystyrene foam container" means a container that is made4 using polystyrene.

S "Prepared food" means food or beverages that are prepared to be consumed with no additional heating or cooking on or off the premises of a restaurant or food establishment. "Prepared food" does not include raw eggs or butchered meats, fish, or poultry.

"Restaurant" means an eating establishment, including but 10 not limited to a coffee shop, cafeteria, sandwich stand, food 11 12 truck, and private or public school cafeteria, that gives or offers for sale food or beverages to the public, guests, or 13 14 employees, as well as kitchens and catering facilities in which 15 food or beverage is prepared on the premises for serving elsewhere. The term "restaurant" includes a bar area within the 16 restaurant and outdoor areas of restaurants. 17

18 § -2 Prohibition on serving prepared food using
 19 polystyrene foam containers. No restaurant operating within the
 20 State shall serve prepared food using polystyrene foam
 21 containers.



### S.B. NO. <sup>11</sup> S.D. 1

§ -3 County ordinances. Nothing in this chapter shall
 prohibit a county from enacting ordinances more stringent than
 this chapter.

4 § -4 Rules. The department of health may adopt rules
5 pursuant to chapter 91 necessary to implement this chapter,
6 including rules relating to enforcement and exemptions."

7 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
8 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
9 begun before its effective date.

10 SECTION 4. If any provision of this Act, or the 11 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held 12 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 13 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the 14 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions 15 of this Act are severable.

16 SECTION 5. This Act is intended to be a proper exercise of 17 the State's police power and role as a market participant, to 18 operate only upon its own officers, agents, employees, and 19 facilities, and other persons acting within the State's 20 boundaries, and not to regulate inter-city or interstate 21 commerce. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted or applied



Page 5

## S.B. NO. <sup>11</sup> S.D. 1

so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in conflict with
 any federal law.
 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on December 31,
 2020.



## **S.B. NO.** <sup>11</sup> s.d. 1</sup>

#### Report Title:

Polystyrene Foam Containers; Prohibition; Restaurants; Prepared Food

### Description:

Prohibits restaurants from serving prepared foods using polystyrene foam containers statewide. Authorizes the Department of Health to adopt rules. Takes effect on December 31, 2020. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

