S.B. NO. ¹⁰⁰⁰ S.D. ²

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRIC VEHICLES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii currently has
over one million gasoline-powered vehicles on its roads, which
emit nearly five million metric tons of climate-changing carbon
pollution annually. Hawaii residents, businesses, and visitors
spent over \$1,500,000,000 on gasoline in 2018.

6 Electric vehicles play an integral role in Hawaii's clean 7 energy future. Electric vehicles are much less expensive to 8 power per mile than their gasoline counterparts. By using 9 stored electrical energy, electric vehicles can take advantage 10 of intermittent solar, wind, and other clean energy resources. 11 With the continued growth of an intelligent electricity grid, electric vehicles become an essential component to electricity 12 load and clean energy resource balancing. They also provide 13 clean mobility solutions for Hawaii residents and visitors. 14

15 The legislature finds that about one per cent of all 16 registered vehicles in Hawaii are electric. This number is 17 expected to rise exponentially as more electric vehicles come to



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market, vehicle ranges increase, and the cost of electric
vehicles decreases. Sales of electric vehicles in Hawaii
increased about twenty-five per cent in 2018 since 2017, while
sales of gasoline-powered vehicles only increased about one per
cent.

Page 2

6 While there is growing interest in electric vehicles among 7 Hawaii residents, the lack of adequate vehicle charging infrastructure presents a key barrier to adoption. 8 The 9 International Energy Agency has found that "the availability of 10 chargers emerged as one of the key factors for contributing to 11 the market penetration of electric vehicles". Unlike gasoline car owners, charging behavior for electric vehicle owners 12 13 indicates that more than eighty per cent of electric vehicle 14 drivers charge their cars at home or work. In addition, a large 15 share of the Hawaii population lives in high density, multi-16 family dwellings. The vast majority of parking facilities are 17 not currently being built to accommodate electric vehicle 18 chargers.

19 The legislature finds that requiring that a percentage of 20 parking stalls be electric vehicle ready results in significant 21 long-term savings for residents. When electric vehicle

2019-2189 SB1000 SD2 SMA.doc

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S.B. NO. ¹⁰⁰⁰ S.D. 2

3

1 readiness is considered in the design of a building or parking 2 area, decisions about the lowest cost layout can be made, 3 allowing building owners and operators to reduce the financial burden of modifying or upgrading electrical systems later, as 4 5 well as avoid the construction costs and means of trenching or 6 boring to lay conduit for electric vehicle charger installation. 7 To be electric vehicle ready, the parking stall would need to 8 have sufficient wire, conduit, electrical panel service 9 capacity, overcurrent protection devices, and suitable 10 termination points to connect to an electric vehicle charger. 11 The purpose of this Act is to prohibit, on or after

12 January 1, 2020, the issuance of building permits for certain 13 new multi-family dwelling and commercial parking areas unless at 14 least twenty per cent of the parking stalls are electric vehicle 15 charger ready.

16 SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately 18 designated and to read as follows:

19 "§196- Electric vehicle charging required for new multi 20 family residential buildings and commercial buildings. On or
21 after January 1, 2020, no building permit shall be issued for a



Page 3

S.B. NO. $^{1000}_{S.D. 2}$

1	new multi-family residential building that has ten or more
2	parking stalls, or a new commercial building that has twenty or
3	more parking stalls, unless at least twenty per cent of the
4	building's parking stalls are electric vehicle charger ready, as
5	defined in this chapter."
6	SECTION 3. Section 196-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
8	and to read as follows:
9	""Electric vehicle charger ready" means having sufficient
10	wire, conduit, raceway, termination point, and electrical panel
11	capacity, suitable to provide level two charging consistent with
12	an electric vehicle charging system as that term is defined in
13	section 196-7.5."
14	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



Page 4

4

S.B. NO. $^{1000}_{S.D. 2}$

Report Title:

Electric Vehicles; Charger Ready; New Construction; Parking Stalls

Description:

Prohibits, on or after January 1, 2020, the issuance of building permits for all new residential multi-family buildings that have ten or more parking stalls and new commercial buildings that have twenty or more parking stalls unless at least twenty per cent of the parking stalls are electric vehicle charger ready. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

