

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS TO CONDUCT A STUDY TO ASSESS THE CAUSES OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATE'S WORKERS' COMPENSATION SYSTEM.

1		EAS, in 1915, the Hawaii Territorial Legislature		
2 3	adopted th	ne first workers' compensation law in the State; and		
4	WHERE	EAS, under Hawaii's workers' compensation law,		
5	employees who are injured or disabled on the job are provided			
6	medical treatment and a fixed monetary compensation; and			
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8	WHEREAS, Hawaii's workers' compensation system, an all-			
9	important part of American social insurance, was introduced to			
10	provide medical and financial assistance to workers who are			
11	injured of	r disabled on the job; and		
12 13	សលការ	EAS, commonly cited goals of the workers' compensation		
13 14	system include:			
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16	(1)	Promoting injury prevention;		
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18	(2)	Providing timely and quality medical service to		
19		injured workers;		
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21	(3)	Providing adequate and equitable benefits for injured		
22		workers;		
23	(A)	Durani dina timala and new litiziana delianana of		
24 25	(4)	Providing timely and non-litigious delivery of benefits;		
25 26		Denerros;		
20 27	(5)	Promoting a speedy return to work; and		
28	(2)	rienderng a Speedy recurin ee work, and		
29	(6)	Controlling the cost of administering the workers'		
30	· •	compensation system, which is paid by employers; and		



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WHEREAS, the workers' compensation system is intended to 1 2 help workers who are injured on the job and ensure that workers with legitimate claims get the benefits and treatment they need 3 4 to recover and return to work; and 5 WHEREAS, Hawaii's workers' compensation system is one of 6 7 the most complex in the nation and, because of its unique 8 makeup, some areas within the system are problematic and require stakeholders to come together as an industry to effect 9 10 meaningful change; and 11 WHEREAS, some medical providers "hold treatment hostage" 12 unless they are paid a certain amount, which is not allowed by 13 the medical fee schedule; and 14 15 16 WHEREAS, other specialists and medical providers give up 17 caring for injured workers after providing treatment and not being paid for services rendered until months or years later; 18 19 and 20 WHEREAS, there are medical providers who routinely charge 21 insurers the State-authorized and -mandated medical fee schedule 22 23 for prescription drugs, yet do not get paid based on statute; 24 and 25 WHEREAS, some medical providers also routinely overcharge 26 employers for prescription drugs and durable medical equipment 27 and demand payment, as well as prolong treatment unnecessarily, 28 thereby impeding the injured worker's recovery and return to 29 30 work; and 31 32 WHEREAS, some medical providers are forced to stand up and fight for their patients whose treatment is prolonged 33 unnecessarily by insurers who ignore existing laws and community 34 standards of care only to enhance their profits, thereby 35 impeding the injured worker's recovery and return to work; and 36 37 WHEREAS, some insurance companies and employers routinely 38 39 deny claims "pending investigation", even though the law 40 contains no provision explicitly allowing them to do so; and



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WHEREAS, some insurance companies and employers routinely: 1 2 Deny complete or reasonable and necessary treatment 3 (1)4 plans; and 5 (2) Ignore legitimate billings instead of controverting 6 7 the claim for services, 8 9 even though the law does not allow them to do so; and 10 WHEREAS, the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations 11 12 has not updated the workers' compensation medical fee schedule to comport with decisions awarded by the Department of Labor and 13 14 Industrial Relations' Disability Compensation Division and 15 therefore employers are not informed as to how to comply with 16 new decisions and how much to reimburse for items previously not covered by the medical fee schedule; and 17 18 WHEREAS, even though the Department of Labor and Industrial 19 20 Relations is attempting to update the medical fee schedule to comport with decisions awarded by the Disability Compensation 21 22 Division, insurers fail to reimburse for items previously 23 supported by decisions made by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations relating to the medical fee schedule for 24 25 treatment required and quaranteed by the Hawaii Supreme Court's 26 decision in Pulawa v. Oahu Construction Co., Ltd.; and 27 28 WHEREAS, it is crucial that the State understand the causes of non-compliance with its workers' compensation system in order 29 to determine solutions to these issues and concerns; now, 30 31 therefore, 32 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 33 Thirtieth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 34 2020, the Senate concurring, that the Department of Labor and 35 Industrial Relations is requested to conduct a study to assess 36 37 the causes of non-compliance with the State's workers' compensation system; and 38 39 40 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Labor and 41 Industrial Relations is requested to complete the study no later than November 30, 2020; and 42



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1 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Labor and 2 Industrial Relations is requested to submit the results of the 3 study, including findings, recommendations, and any proposed 4 legislation, to the Legislature no later than twenty days prior 5 to the convening of the Regular Session of 2021; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this
Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Director of Labor
and Industrial Relations.

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OFFERED BY:

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