A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the general excise
2	tax exemption for certified or approved low-income housing
3	projects pursuant to sections 201H-36 and 237-29, Hawaii Revised
4	Statutes, is a valuable incentive to the development and
5	operations of affordable rental housing statewide. The Hawaii
6	housing finance and development corporation may certify or
7	approve eligible rental projects for exemption of the costs of
8	development and construction of affordable rental projects that
9	meet specific statutory requirements, including income
10	restriction requirements, for specified terms. Affordable
11	rental income may also be certified for exemption from general
12	excise taxes on an annual basis, subject to review of project
13	rent rolls to ensure that these requirements continue to be met
14	throughout the life of the rental project.
15	The legislature further finds that the Hawaii housing
16	finance and development corporation has established strict
17	compliance procedures to ensure that the general excise tax
18	exemption serves the purpose for which the exemption was enacted

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- 1 and can quantify the extent of the benefit resulting from the
- 2 exemption.
- 3 The legislature finds that the counties have been
- 4 certifying or approving low-income housing projects for
- 5 exemption from the general excise tax under section 46-15.1,
- 6 Hawaii Revised Statutes. However, because of taxpayer privacy
- 7 laws, the Hawaii housing finance and development corporation
- 8 does not have authority to review tax records for county-
- 9 certified or county-approved low-income housing projects to
- 10 ensure they are compliant with all program requirements.
- 11 Act 261, Session Laws of Hawaii 2016, as amended, requires
- 12 the legislative auditor to periodically review certain tax
- 13 exemptions, exclusions, and credits under the general excise and
- 14 use taxes to promote tax equity and efficiency, adequacy of
- 15 state revenues, public transparency, and confidence in fair
- 16 treatment by state government. The review of the general excise
- 17 tax exemption for certified or approved low-income housing
- 18 projects is scheduled to take place in 2026, and every tenth
- 19 year thereafter.
- The purpose of this Act is to increase State compliance
- 21 monitoring over the general excise tax exemption for certified
- 22 or approved low-income housing projects under sections 201H-36

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1 and 237-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by discontinuing county 2 authority to certify or approve new projects under section 46-15.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and making other conforming 3 4 amendments to ensure that projects comply with affordability 5 requirements. 6 SECTION 2. Section 46-15.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 8 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any county 9 shall have and may exercise the same powers, subject to 10 applicable limitations, as those granted the Hawaii housing 11 finance and development corporation pursuant to chapter 201H 12 insofar as those powers may be reasonably construed to be exercisable by a county for the purpose of developing, 13 14 constructing, and providing low- and moderate-income housing; 15 provided that no county shall be empowered to cause the State to **16** issue general obligation bonds to finance a project pursuant to **17** this section; [provided further that county projects shall be 18 granted an exemption from general excise or receipts taxes in 19 the same manner as projects of the Hawaii housing finance and 20 development corporation pursuant to section 201H 36; and 21 provided further that section 201H-16 shall not apply to this

section unless federal guidelines specifically provide local

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1	governmen	ts with that authorization and the authorization does
2	not confl	ict with any state laws. The powers shall include the
3	power, su	bject to applicable limitations, to:
4	(1)	Develop and construct dwelling units, alone or in
5		partnership with developers;
6	(2)	Acquire necessary land by lease, purchase, exchange,
7		or eminent domain;
8	(3)	Provide assistance and aid to a public agency or other
9		person in developing and constructing new housing and
10		rehabilitating existing housing for elders of low- and
11		moderate-income, other persons of low- and moderate-
12		income, and persons displaced by any governmental
13		action, by making long-term mortgage or interim
14		construction loans available;
15	(4)	Contract with any eligible bidders to provide for
16		construction of urgently needed housing for persons of
17		low- and moderate-income;
18	(5)	Guarantee the top twenty-five per cent of the
19		principal balance of real property mortgage loans,
20		plus interest thereon, made to qualified borrowers by
21		qualified lenders;

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1	(6)	Enter into mortgage guarantee agreements with
2		appropriate officials of any agency or instrumentality
3		of the United States to induce those officials to
4		commit to insure or to insure mortgages under the
5		National Housing Act, as amended;
6	(7)	Make a direct loan to any qualified buyer for the
7		downpayment required by a private lender to be made by
8		the borrower as a condition of obtaining a loan from
9		the private lender in the purchase of residential
10		property;
11	(8)	Provide funds for a share, not to exceed fifty per
12		cent, of the principal amount of a loan made to a
13		qualified borrower by a private lender who is unable
14		otherwise to lend the borrower sufficient funds at
15		reasonable rates in the purchase of residential
16		property; and
17	(9)	Sell or lease completed dwelling units.
18	For	purposes of this section, a limitation is applicable to
19	the exten	t that it may reasonably be construed to apply to a
20	county."	
21	SECT	TION 3. Section 237-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended t	o read as follows:

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1 "§237-29 Exemptions for certified or approved housing 2 projects. (a) All gross income received by any qualified 3 person or firm for the planning, design, financing, construction, sale, or lease in the State of a housing project 4 5 that has been certified or approved under section 201H-36 shall 6 be exempt from general excise taxes. 7 (b) Notwithstanding any other exemption that may apply to 8 rental income under this chapter, a rental housing project certified or approved for exemption under section 201H-36 shall 9 10 be required to apply annually for an exemption of its affordable 11 rents. 12 [(b)] (c) All gross income received by a nonprofit or a limited distribution mortgagor for a low- and moderate-income 13 14 housing project certified or approved under section 201H-36 15 shall be exempt from general excise taxes. 16 [(c)] (d) The director of taxation and the Hawaii housing **17** finance and development corporation shall adopt rules pursuant 18 to chapter 91 for the purpose of this section, including any 19 time limitation for the exemptions." 20 SECTION 4. Any existing rental housing project for which a 21 general excise tax exemption was granted by a county prior to

the effective date of this Act shall not be required to reapply

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1	for an exemption unless there is a change in use or ownership of		
2	the project that results in a change in the target tenant		
3	population. The owner of the rental housing project may receive		
4	an annual exemption for affordable rents under section 237-		
5	29(b); provided that the project remains an eligible housing		
6	project.		
7	SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that		
8	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were		
9	begun before its effective date.		
10	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
12	SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on June 30, 2019;		
13	provided that the amendments made to section 46-15.1, Hawaii		
14	Revised Statutes, by section 1 of this Act shall not be repealed		
15	when that section is reenacted on July 1, 2019, pursuant to		
16	sections 3 and 4 of Act 102, Session Laws of Hawaii 2015, and		
17	section 50 of Act 55, Session Laws of Hawaii 2016.		
18			
19	INTRODUCED BY:		
20	BY REQUEST		
21	JAN 2 2 2019		

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JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Business, Economic Development, and Tourism

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TAXATION.

PURPOSE:

To repeal county authority to grant General Excise Tax (GET) exemptions to county housing projects pursuant to section 201H-36, HRS, and to require all rental projects certified or approved under 201H-36, HRS to undergo annual rent recertifications.

MEANS:

Amend sections 46-15.1(a) and 237-29, HRS.

JUSTIFICATION:

Under sections 201H-36 and 239-29, HRS, Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation (HHFDC) may certify or approve eligible housing projects for GET exemption on eligible construction costs, and affordable rental income. Section 46-15.1, HRS, extends this power to the counties, to the same extent as HHFDC. The Auditor is required to periodically review the GET exemption starting in 2026 pursuant to sections 23-71 and 23-79, HRS.

Giving counties the power to grant exemptions from state taxes is problematic for several reasons. First, since the county government granting the state tax exemption under this provision does not itself feel the impact of the revenue foregone, they have little or no incentive to ensure that the certification or approval for exemption is valid or in the public interest.

Because of statutory protections given to tax return information under Hawaii law, HHFDC has no way to determine the extent to which the counties have exercised their exemption authority under section 46-15.1, HRS, and whether said exemptions follow either the letter or spirit of its administrative rules for the program, chapter 15-306, Hawaii Administrative Rules, as is required by section 46-15.1, HRS. It also makes it difficult for HHFDC to provide complete program data to the Auditor during the Auditor's periodic reviews exemption unless the county GET exemption is repealed.

HHFDC requires eligible projects with GET exemptions for affordable rents to undergo annual compliance monitoring recertifications to ensure that only affordable rental income, at the income limits specified in the project's regulatory agreement is exempted from GET. Absent language requiring annual rent recertifications, HHFDC cannot ensure compliance with affordability restrictions.

Impact on the public: Increases accountability over GET exemption program to ensure that the program serves its public purpose.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
Minimal.

GENERAL FUND:

Indeterminate.

OTHER FUNDS:

Not applicable.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

BED 160.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Department of Budget and Finance, Department of Taxation, and Counties.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

June 30, 2019, provided that the amendments made to section 46-15.1, HRS, by section 1 of this Act shall not be repealed when that section is reenacted on July 1, 2019, pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of Act 102, Session Laws of Hawaii 2015, and section 50 of Act 55, Session Laws of Hawaii 2016.