### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY ASSURANCE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding four new sections to part I to be
3	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
4	"§125C-A Information and analysis required for state
5	energy planning, energy assurance planning, and energy supply
6	risk assessment and resilience planning. (a) The energy
7	office, with its own staff and agents whom the chief energy
8	officer designates as authorized representatives, shall use the
9	information, including confidential information, received from
10	all sources solely to effectuate the purposes of this chapter,
11	chapter 127A, and chapter 196.
12	(b) The chief energy officer shall conduct systematic
13	quantitative and qualitative analyses of the State's energy
14	resources that the chief energy officer determines are necessary
15	to:
16	(1) Assess and report on any actual or potential energy
17	supply disruption or shortage that threatens to impair



1		the public health, safety, and welfare and to preserve
2		the lives and property of the people of the State;
3	(2)	Produce energy ecosystem assessments to determine
4		risks, vulnerabilities, criticalities,
5		interdependencies, impacts, consequences, and
6		mitigation strategies related to any actual or
7		potential emergency or disaster impacting the State;
8	(3)	Develop an understanding of causes and effects of
9		transitional issues and trends related to changes in
10		the State's energy resources, systems, and markets;
11	(4)	Establish and maintain baseline data and information
12		on Hawaii's statewide energy resources, systems, and
13		markets, and their relationships to energy investment
14		decisions and the economy in support of measures to
15		increase energy resiliency, reduce vulnerabilities,
16		and preserve Hawaii's energy security;
17	(5)	Develop energy assurance and emergency response plans
18		and measures, which in the event of an actual energy
19		shortage or supply disruption, are used to determine
20		and recommend if emergency government intervention may
21		be necessary and appropriate, and implement and



1		evaluate the effectiveness of such emergency
2		intervention while promoting informed, transparent,
3		and defensible decision making; and
4	(6)	Produce other relevant energy analyses that the chief
5		energy officer deems necessary to administer the
6		energy planning, energy emergency planning, energy
7		assurance planning, and energy security policies
8		pursuant to this chapter, and other activities in
9		support of the chief energy officer's role and
10		responsibilities pursuant to chapters 127A and 196 and
11		other relevant laws.
12	<u>§125</u>	C-B Confidential information. (a) Information
13	provided	to the energy office for the purposes of this chapter
14	shall be	kept confidential to the extent it falls under an
15	exception	to disclosure in section 92F-13.
16	(b)	Unless otherwise provided by law, with respect to data
17	that the	public utilities commission or energy office obtained
18	or was pr	ovided pursuant to this chapter, neither the public
19	utilities	commission or energy office nor any employee of the
20	commissio	n or energy office may do any of the following:



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1	<u>(1)</u> <u>(</u>	Jse the information furnished or obtained for any
2	Ē	ourpose other than the purposes for which it is
3	5	supplied;
4	<u>(2)</u> <u>N</u>	Make any publication whereby the data furnished by any
5	Ī	person can be identified; or
6	<u>(3)</u>	Permit any person other than the public utilities
7	<u>(</u>	commission, department of taxation, attorney general,
8	<u>.</u>	consumer advocate, energy office, and authorized
9	<u>1</u>	representatives and employees of each to examine the
10	-	individual reports or statements provided.
11	<u>§125C</u>	-C Confidential information obtained by another state
11 12		-C Confidential information obtained by another state ny confidential information pertinent to the
	agency. A	
12	agency. An responsibi	ny confidential information pertinent to the
12 13	agency. An responsibi that is ob	ny confidential information pertinent to the lities of the energy office specified in this chapter
12 13 14	agency. And responsibite that is obe department	ny confidential information pertinent to the lities of the energy office specified in this chapter tained by another state agency, including the
12 13 14 15	agency. And responsibite that is obe department shall be a	ny confidential information pertinent to the lities of the energy office specified in this chapter tained by another state agency, including the of taxation, attorney general, and consumer advocate,
12 13 14 15 16	agency. An responsibility that is objected department shall be a general's	ny confidential information pertinent to the lities of the energy office specified in this chapter tained by another state agency, including the of taxation, attorney general, and consumer advocate, wailable only to the attorney general, attorney
12 13 14 15 16 17	agency. An responsibility that is objected department shall be a general's	ny confidential information pertinent to the lities of the energy office specified in this chapter tained by another state agency, including the of taxation, attorney general, and consumer advocate, vailable only to the attorney general, attorney authorized representatives, energy office, and public

21 context otherwise requires:



1	"Ager	nt" means a person who is designated by the chief
2	energy of	ficer as an authorized representative.
3	"Chie	ef energy officer" means the chief energy officer of
4	the Hawai:	i state energy office, established pursuant to section
5	196-72, ai	nd the governor's authorized representative for energy.
6	"Dea	ler" means any person engaged in the retail sale of
7	fuel in th	he State.
8	"Dis	tributor" means any person who:
9	(1)	Refines, manufactures, produces, or compounds fuel in
10		the State and sells it at wholesale or at retail;
11	(2)	Imports or causes to be imported into the State, or
12		exports or causes to be exported from the State, any
13		fuel;
14	(3)	Acquires fuel through exchanges with another
15		distributor; or
16	(4)	Purchases fuel for resale at wholesale or retail from
17		any person described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3);
18	provided	that "distributor" shall not include a marina, lessee
19	dealer-op	erated station, owner-operated station, or other
20	retailer	that retails fuel only to end users or the public.



1	"Electricity" means all electrical energy produced by
2	combustion of any fuel, or generated or produced using wind, the
3	sun, geothermal heat, ocean water, falling water, currents, and
4	waves, or any other source.
5	"Energy" means work or heat that is, or may be, produced
6	from any fuel or source whatsoever.
7	"Energy office" means the Hawaii state energy office.
8	"Energy resources" means fuel, and also includes all
9	electrical or thermal energy produced by combustion of any fuel,
10	or generated or produced using wind, the sun, geothermal heat,
11	ocean water, falling water, currents, and waves, or any other
12	source.
13	"Fuel" means fuels, whether liquid, solid, or gaseous,
14	commercially usable for energy needs, power generation, and
15	fuels manufacture, that may be manufactured, grown, produced, or
16	imported into the State or that may be exported therefrom,
17	including petroleum, petroleum products and gases to include all
18	fossil fuel-based gases, coal tar, vegetable ferments, biomass,
19	municipal solid waste, biofuels, hydrogen, agricultural products
20	used as fuels and as feedstock to produce fuels, and all fuel
21	

21 <u>alcohols</u>.



1	"Major energy marketer" means any person who sells energy
2	resources in amounts determined by the chief energy officer as
3	having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy
4	resources.
5	"Major energy producer" means any person who produces
6	energy resources in amounts determined by the chief energy
7	officer as having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand
8	for, energy resources.
9	"Major energy transporter" means any person who transports
10	energy resources in amounts determined by the chief energy
11	officer as having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand
12	for, energy resources.
13	"Major energy user" means any person who uses energy
14	resources in the manufacture of products or for the generation
15	of electricity in amounts determined by the chief energy officer
16	as having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand for,
17	energy resources.
18	"Major fuel storer" means any person who stores fuels in
19	amounts determined by the chief energy officer as having a major
20	effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy resources."



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1	SECTION 2. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending its title to read as follows:
3	"CHAPTER 125C
4	[PROCUREMENT, CONTROL, DISTRIBUTION AND SALE OF PETROLEUM
5	PRODUCTS] ENERGY ASSURANCE AND FUEL SECURITY
6	SECTION 3. Section 125C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"§125C-1 Findings and purpose. The legislature finds that
9	adequate supplies of [ <del>petroleum products</del> ] <u>energy resources</u> are
10	essential to the health, welfare, and safety of the people of
11	Hawaii, and that any [ <del>severe disruption in petroleum product</del>
12	supplies for use] actual or potential disruption or shortage of
13	energy resources within the State would cause grave hardship,
14	pose a threat to the economic well-being of the people of the
15	State, and have significant adverse effects upon public
16	confidence and order and effective conservation of [ <del>petroleum</del>
17	products.] energy resources. The purpose of this chapter is to
18	grant to the governor or [ <del>the governor's authorized</del>
19	representative] chief energy officer the clear authority, when
20	the governor by proclamation declares the existence of a state
21	of emergency in the State or when shortages of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] fuel



1	
1	products occur or are anticipated, to <u>acquire and analyze</u>
2	information, including confidential information, to conduct
3	systematic quantitative and qualitative analyses required for
4	state energy planning, energy assurance planning, energy
5	emergency planning, and energy supply risk assessment and
6	resilience. This authority allows the governor or chief energy
7	officer to adequately plan and prepare for, respond to, recover
8	from, and mitigate against any actual or potential energy supply
9	disruption or shortage, and to preserve the State's energy
10	security. Another purpose of this chapter is to control the
11	distribution and sale of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u> products in this
12	State, to procure such products, and to impose rules that will
13	provide extraordinary measures for the conservation of
14	[ <del>petroleum</del> ] energy resources and the allocation of fuel products
15	and for [ <del>their</del> ] <u>the</u> distribution and sale <u>of fuel</u> in an orderly,
16	efficient, and safe manner."
17	SECTION 4. Section 125C-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§125C-2 "Shortage" and "state of emergency" defined. As
20	used in this chapter, unless otherwise indicated by the context,
21	a "shortage" exists whenever the governor determines that there



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1 is an increase in the demand for any [petroleum] fuel product or 2 there is a decrease in the available supply for the [petroleum] 3 fuel product in question, or both; and [such] the decrease in 4 the available supply of or increase in the demand for the 5 [petroleum] fuel product in question, or both, may cause a major 6 adverse impact on the economy, public order, or the health, 7 welfare, or safety of the people of Hawaii and may not be 8 responsibly managed within the [free] prevailing market 9 distribution system. As used in this chapter, unless otherwise 10 indicated by the context, a "state of emergency" means an 11 occurrence in any part of the State that requires efforts by 12 state government to protect property, public health, welfare, or 13 safety in the event of an emergency or disaster, or to reduce 14 the threat of an emergency or disaster, or to supplement the 15 local efforts of the county. Further, the governor may, by 16 proclamation of a state of emergency in the State under section 17 127A-14, require [importers] major energy producers, 18 distributors, major energy marketers, major fuel storers, major 19 energy transporters, and major energy users of any [petroleum] 20 fuel or fuel product [or other fuel] to monitor and report to 21 the [department of business, economic development, and tourism]



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1	energy office relevant supply and demand data [+] and
2	information, including confidential information, on aspects of
3	the State's energy resources, systems, and markets. The
4	governor shall review the status of a shortage within one
5	hundred twenty days after the governor's initial determination
6	of a shortage as defined under this chapter; thenceforth, the
7	governor shall conduct a review of the shortage to make a new
8	determination every thirty days until a shortage no longer
9	exists. Further, the monitoring and reporting authorities
10	pursuant to a declared state of emergency in the State shall
11	terminate under the provisions contained in section 127A-14(d)."
12	SECTION 5. Section 125C-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§125C-3 Powers in a shortage $[-,]$ or state of emergency.
15	When a shortage or a state of emergency in the State as defined
16	in section 125C-2 [ <del>exists,</del> ] has been declared by the governor,
17	the governor or [the governor's authorized representative,]
18	chief energy officer, to plan and prepare for, respond to,
19	recover from, and mitigate against any actual or potential
20	energy supply disruption or shortage, to preserve the State's
21	energy security, and to ensure that [petroleum] fuel products



1	and energ	y reso	ources are made available to the public in an
2	orderly,	effic:	ient, and safe manner, may:
3	(1)	Cont	rol the retail distribution and sale of
4		[ <del>pet:</del>	roleum] <u>fuel</u> products by adopting rules that may
5		incl	ude, but are not limited to, the following
6		meas	ures:
7		(A)	Restricting the sale of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u> products
8			to specific days of the week, hours of the day or
9			night, odd- and even-numbered calendar days, and
10			vehicles having less than a specified amount of
11			gasoline in their tanks, with exceptions for
12			certain designated geographical areas;
13		(B)	Restricting sales of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u> products by
14			dealers to daily allocations, which shall be
15			determined by dividing the monthly allocation by
16			the number of selling days per month;
17		(C)	Requiring dealers to post signs designating their
18			hours of operation and the sell-out of daily
19			allocation;
20		(D)	Instituting a statewide [ <del>rationing</del> ] <u>shortage</u>
21			management plan; and



1		(E) Allowing for special handling for <u>essential</u>
2		commercial and emergency-user vehicles;
3	(2)	Require that a percentage of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u>
4		products, not to exceed five per cent, be set aside to
5		alleviate hardship; provided that aviation gasoline
6		set aside shall not exceed ten per cent;
7	(3)	Purchase and resell or otherwise distribute
8		[ <del>petroleum</del> ] fuel products[ <del>, and purchase and resell or</del>
9		otherwise distribute ethanol that is produced within
10		the State and can be used as a substitute for
11		<pre>petroleum products];</pre>
12	(4)	Temporarily suspend for the duration of a shortage or
13		a state of emergency, standards that may affect or
14		restrict the use of a substitute fuel to meet energy
15		demand;
16	(5)	Implement fuel shortage emergency response measures,
17		including state government supply enhancement, supply
18		management, regulatory waivers, and demand restraint
19		measures, to assure fuel supplies for essential public
20		service during a shortage or state of emergency;

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1	(6)	Acquire and analyze information, including
2		confidential information, to conduct systematic
3		quantitative and qualitative analyses required for
4		state energy planning, energy assurance planning,
5		energy emergency planning, and energy supply risk
6		assessment and resilience;
7	[ <del>-(4)</del> ]	(7) Receive, expend, or use contributions or grants
8		in money or property, or special contributions thereof
9		for special purposes not inconsistent with this
10		chapter;
11	[ <del>(5)</del> ]	(8) Borrow and expend moneys needed to exercise the
12		powers granted under this section;
13	[ <del>(6)</del> ]	(9) Contract in the name of the State for the purpose
14		of implementing this chapter or any part [thereof;]
15		hereof; and
16	[ <del>(7)</del> ]	(10) Exercise the powers granted under this section
17		to the degree and extent deemed by the governor to be
18		necessary, including the temporary or indefinite
19		suspension of all or part of the measures taken, as
20		the governor deems appropriate."

1 SECTION 6. Section 125C-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§125C-4 Adopting, filing, and taking effect of rules. 4 The governor or [the governor's authorized representative] chief 5 energy officer shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91, to 6 [insure] ensure that [petroleum] fuel products and energy 7 resources are made available to the public in an orderly, 8 efficient, and safe manner, to become effective when a shortage, 9 as defined in section 125C-2, exists. If additional and 10 unforeseen measures are required to [insure] ensure that 11 [petroleum] fuel products are distributed in an orderly, efficient, and safe manner, the governor or [the governor's 12 13 authorized representative] chief energy officer may proceed 14 without prior notice or hearing or upon such abbreviated notice 15 and hearing as the governor finds practicable to adopt 16 additional rules authorized under this chapter with the 17 additional rules to be effective for a period of not longer than one hundred twenty days without renewal. Any rule so adopted 18 19 may be amended or repealed by the governor or chief energy 20 officer without prior notice or hearing or upon abbreviated 21 notice and hearing prior to the expiration of the one hundred

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1 twenty-day period; provided that no amendment shall extend the 2 rule beyond the original period of one hundred [and] twenty days. To be effective after the one hundred twenty-day period, 3 4 the rules shall be adopted pursuant to chapter 91. Each rule 5 adopted, amended, or repealed shall become effective as adopted, 6 amended, or repealed upon approval by the governor and filing 7 with the lieutenant governor. Each rule in effect shall have 8 the force and effect of law, but the effect of each rule may be 9 temporarily or indefinitely suspended by the governor by written 10 declaration filed with the lieutenant governor. Each rule 11 temporarily suspended shall take effect again immediately upon 12 expiration of the suspension period. Each rule indefinitely 13 suspended shall take effect immediately upon the filing with the 14 lieutenant governor of the written declaration by the governor 15 terminating the suspension."

16 SECTION 7. Section 125C-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended to read as follows:

18 "[4] §125C-6[4] Petition for adoption, amendment, repeal,
19 or suspension of rules. Any interested person may petition the
20 governor or [the governor's authorized representative] chief
21 energy officer requesting the adoption, amendment, repeal, or

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1 suspension of any rule and stating reasons therefor. The 2 governor or [the governor's authorized representative] chief 3 energy officer shall prescribe the form for the petitions and the procedures for their submission, consideration, and 4 5 disposition  $[\tau]$  and, within thirty days after submission of the 6 petition, shall either deny the petition in writing, stating the 7 governor's or [the governor's authorized representative's] chief 8 energy officer's reasons for the denial, or grant the petition 9 and adopt, amend, repeal, or suspend the rule accordingly." 10 SECTION 8. Section 125C-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended to read as follows: "§125C-8 Personnel; delegation of powers. (a) The chief 12 13 energy officer shall fulfill and effectuate the purposes of this 14 chapter. 15 The governor or chief energy officer may appoint or (b) employ temporary boards, agencies, officers, employees, and 16 17 other persons, or any of them, for the purpose of carrying out 18 the provisions of this chapter. All such temporarily appointed 19 or employed officers and employees, whether or not employed by 20 contract, shall be exempt from and not subject to nor entitled 21 to the benefits of the provisions of chapters 76 and 88, or any



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1 other law, collective bargaining agreement, executive order, 2 executive directive, or rule that is inapplicable to temporary 3 employees of the State." 4 SECTION 9. Section 125C-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "[4] §125C-9[4] Investigations, information collection, and 7 surveys. The governor or [the governor's authorized representative] chief energy officer may make investigations, 8 9 collect information, including confidential information, and 10 conduct surveys for the purpose of ascertaining facts to be used 11 in administering this chapter, and in making the investigations, 12 collecting the information, and conducting the surveys, may 13 require the making, filing, or keeping of applications, 14 schedules, records, reports, or statements, under oath or 15 otherwise, administer oaths, take evidence under oath, subpoena 16 witnesses, and require the production of books, papers, and 17 records. Witnesses shall be allowed their fees and mileage as 18 in cases in the circuit courts. The circuit court of any 19 circuit or judge thereof may enforce by proper proceedings the 20 attendance and testimony of any witness subpoenaed to appear



within the circuit, or the production of books, papers, and
 records."

3 SECTION 10. Section 125C-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "[+] §125C-10[+] Fraud; [misdemeanor.] penalties. Any 6 person required by the governor or [the governor's authorized 7 representative,] chief energy officer, pursuant to [section 125C-9,] this chapter, to make, keep, or file any application, 8 9 schedule, record, report, or statement, whether or not under 10 oath, who intentionally makes, files, or keeps a false or 11 fraudulent application, schedule, report, or statement or 12 intentionally conceals therein any material fact, and any person 13 who in any other manner intentionally deceives or attempts to 14 deceive the governor or [the governor's authorized 15 representative] chief energy officer with respect to any fact to 16 be used in administering this chapter, and any person who 17 intentionally fails to observe and comply with any rule 18 [promulgated] adopted under this chapter, shall be [quilty of a 19 misdemeanor.] assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 20 per violation."



1 SECTION 11. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending the title of part II to read as follows: 3 "PART II. HARDSHIP SET-ASIDE AND ALLOCATION OF [PETROLEUM] FUEL 4 PRODUCTS DURING A SHORTAGE" SECTION 12. Section 125C-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 6 amended to read as follows: 7 "§125C-21 Definitions. ["Petroleum] As used in this part: "Fuel product" means any fuel subject to the set-aside 8 9 system described in this chapter, including heating oils, [light 10 and heavy diesel oil, ] all classifications of diesel fuels, motor gasoline  $[\tau]$  and all blends of motor gasoline with other 11 12 fuel products, propane, butane, residual fuel oils, kerosene, 13 naphtha, biodiesel, ethanol, suboctane motor fuel, and aviation 14 fuels used for emergency and essential intrastate air transport services, but excluding all other aviation fuels. 15 16 "Prime supplier" means any individual, trustee, agency, 17 partnership, association, corporation, company, municipality, 18 political subdivision, or other legal entity [which] that makes 19 the first sale of any [liquid fossil] fuel product into the 20 state distribution system for consumption within the State."



1 SECTION 13. Section 125C-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§125C-22 When set-aside required. When a shortage or a 4 state of emergency as defined in section 125C-2 exists, all 5 prime suppliers shall set aside supplies of each [petroleum] 6 fuel product for which there is a shortage. The amount set 7 aside shall be in accordance with [the] any rules adopted by the 8 [state energy resources coordinator.] chief energy officer." 9 SECTION 14. Section 125C-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended to read as follows: 11 "§125C-23 Set-aside system. The [state energy resources 12 coordinator] chief energy officer shall adopt rules establishing 13 a [petroleum] fuel products set-aside system. The purpose of 14 this system shall be: 15 (1)The protection of public health, safety, and welfare; 16 (2) The maintenance of public services, utilities, and 17 transportation, including emergency and essential 18 intrastate air and maritime transport services; 19 (3) The maintenance of critical agricultural and 20 aquaculture operations [, including farming, 21 horticulture, dairy, fishing, ] and related services;



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1	(4) The preservation of economically sound and competitive
2	industry, through the equitable acquisition and
3	distribution of [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u> products; and
4	(5) The promotion of efficiency $[\tau]$ and conservation, with
5	minimum economic disruptions, during a shortage of
6	[ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>fuel</u> products.
7	The rules establishing the set-aside system shall be adopted in
8	accordance with chapter 91."
9	SECTION 15. Section 125C-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"[ <del>[</del> ]§125C-31[ <del>] Biennial state</del> ] <u>State</u> energy [ <del>emergency</del>
12	<b>preparedness</b> ] <b>assurance plan.</b> (a) The [department of business,
13	economic development, and tourism] energy office shall prepare a
14	comprehensive and integrated [ <del>biennial</del> ] state energy [ <del>emergency</del>
15	<del>preparedness</del> ] <u>assurance</u> plan to be implemented in the event
16	of $[\tau]$ a state of emergency, or in anticipation of $[\tau]$ a change in
17	the State's [ <del>petroleum</del> ] <u>energy</u> supply or demand situation that
18	is judged by the governor or chief energy officer to be
19	unmanageable by the [free market.] prevailing markets. The
20	[department of business, economic development, and tourism]
21	energy office shall prepare a [biennial] state energy [emergency



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1	preparedness]	assurance plan [ <del>in every even-numbered year</del> ] in
2	accordance wit	h the following:
3	[ <del>(1) The</del>	biennial state energy emergency preparedness plan
4	<del>shal</del>	l replace the energy emergency plan developed by
5	the-	energy resources coordinator, who shall act as the
6	gove	rnor's authorized representative under this
7	chap	ter;
8	<del>(2)</del> ] <u>(1)</u>	In preparing the [ <del>biennial</del> ] state energy
9	[ <del>eme</del>	<del>rgency preparedness</del> ] <u>assurance</u> plan, the
10	[ <del>dep</del>	artment] energy office shall:
11	(A)	Solicit input, comment, and review from [ <del>the</del>
12		governor's energy emergency preparedness advisory
13		committee composed of representatives of federal,
14		state, and county governments; private energy
15		suppliers; consumer and other public interest
16		groups; and the public at-large;] key
17		stakeholders, including public, private, and non-
18		profit sector organizations at the county, state,
19		and federal levels; and
20	(B)	Establish [ <del>other</del> ] task forces and advisory
21		groups, as may be deemed necessary, to assist in



1		the preparation and review of the [ <del>biennial</del> ]
2		state energy [ <del>emergency preparedness</del> ] <u>assurance</u>
3		plan;
4	[ <del>-(3)</del> ]	(2) The [biennial] state energy [emergency
5		preparedness] assurance plan shall be comprehensive
6		and encompassing, and shall integrate into its
7		analytic and planning framework the plans of electric
8		and gas utilities and other energy suppliers, relevant
9		state agencies, [including the department of
10		transportation,] counties, and such other entities as
11		deemed appropriate; and
12	[ <del>-(4)</del> ]	(3) The [biennial] state energy [emergency
13		<pre>preparedness] assurance plan shall include a review</pre>
14		and update of the previous [ <del>biennial</del> ] state energy
15		[ <del>emergency preparedness</del> ] <u>assurance</u> plan and [ <del>a review</del>
16		of the energy emergency plans prepared by the
17		counties.] shall be prepared or updated as determined
18		by the chief energy officer to be necessary to comport
19		with changes in federal or state overall emergency
20		management policies and plans that significantly



1 affect the State's energy assurance plan or as 2 warranted by changes in Hawaii's energy security. 3 The [department] energy office shall prepare an energy (b) 4 emergency communication plan, which shall be [updated 5 biennially] part of the state energy assurance plan and shall be 6 consistent with [the energy emergency preparedness] any other 7 energy emergency management plans prepared by the counties [-] 8 and the State. The energy emergency communication plan shall be 9 used by the [State and counties] energy office to communicate 10 and otherwise coordinate [state and county] actions taken in 11 response to implementing the [biennial] state energy [emergency 12 preparedness] assurance plan." SECTION 16. Section 125C-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 14 amended to read as follows: "[{] §125C-32[] Biennial county] County energy emergency 15 preparedness plans. The mayor of each county, or the mayor's 16 authorized representative, shall [prepare a comprehensive] be 17 18 responsible for preparing a county energy emergency preparedness 19 The plan shall be prepared in coordination with and be plan. 20 consistent with the [biennial] state energy [emergency 21 preparedness] assurance plan  $[\tau]$  and shall be implemented in



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1	coordination with the state energy [emergency preparedness]
2	assurance plan upon declaration of [an energy emergency by the
3	governor. Not later than September 30 of every even-numbered
4	year, each county shall prepare and transmit to the director of
5	business, economic development, and tourism the county's
6	biennial county energy emergency preparedness plan.] a shortage
7	or a state of emergency."
8	SECTION 17. In codifying the new sections added by section
8 9	SECTION 17. In codifying the new sections added by section 1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
9	1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
9 10	1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
9 10 11	1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating the new sections in this Act.
9 10 11 12	<pre>1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating the new sections in this Act. SECTION 18. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed</pre>



**Report Title:** Hawaii State Energy Office; Chief Energy Officer; Energy Resources; Energy Emergency Preparedness; Shortage

#### Description:

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Requires the Hawaii state energy office to conduct analyses in relation to the State's energy production and distribution. Clarifies the confidentiality in information received by the Hawaii state energy office and PUC. Clarifies the governor's and Chief energy officer's powers and procedures during a shortage. Effective 7/1/2100. (HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

