A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CLEAN ENERGY FINANCING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that significant
- 2 investment in clean energy technology and infrastructure will be
- 3 required to achieve the State's goals of energy self-
- 4 sufficiency, energy security, and energy diversification.
- 5 Investment is also needed to meet the renewable portfolio and
- 6 energy efficiency portfolio standards in chapter 269, Hawaii
- 7 Revised Statutes. The current aggregate level of green
- 8 infrastructure investment is \$12,800,000,000.
- 9 Green infrastructure investment supports Hawaii's evolving
- 10 energy market and provides affordable energy options for
- 11 Hawaii's ratepayers. Due to the significant amount of capital
- 12 required for green infrastructure investment, the State must
- 13 leverage private investment with limited public funds. A growth
- 14 in the clean energy market will reduce the cost of clean energy
- 15 for ratepayers, drive job creation, and save billions of
- 16 taxpayer dollars currently being spent on importing petroleum
- 17 oil.



- 1 The legislature has made various efforts to invest in green
- 2 technology. Act 155, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, established
- 3 the building energy efficiency revolving loan fund to provide
- 4 low cost financing to eligible public, private, and nonprofit
- 5 borrowers to make energy efficiency improvements to buildings.
- 6 Act 211, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, established the Hawaii
- 7 green infrastructure authority to make cost-effective green
- 8 infrastructure financing options accessible and affordable to
- 9 customers under the green energy market securitization loan
- 10 program.
- 11 The legislature further finds that a significant barrier to
- 12 clean energy adoption has been the availability of flexible
- 13 financing and low-cost capital. Building Hawaii's clean energy
- 14 infrastructure at the lowest possible cost is vital to reach the
- 15 State's goal of one hundred per cent clean energy by 2045.
- 16 Public funds must be used in a sustainable manner to
- 17 simultaneously spark consumer demand for clean energy technology
- 18 and attract private investment in green technology. It is the
- 19 State's goal that each public dollar spent will have an
- 20 investment multiplier effect throughout the green technology
- 21 industry.

1	The legislature also finds that a variety of financing
2	options must be available to support Hawaii's clean energy
3	investment. Ratepayer-funded programs, such as energy
4	efficiency rebates and the green energy market securitization
5	loan program, have made progress but do not serve all ratepaying
6	customers or the entire clean energy technology market. The
7	green energy market securitization loan program facilitated over
8	\$85,700,000 in solar photovoltaic and energy efficiency projects
9	over the past fiscal year, but the program is not able to serve
10	all ratepayers and focuses only on new solar technology. The
11	green energy market securitization bond was an innovative use of
12	a rate reduction bond but the time lag between the issuance of
13	the bond and expenditures for improvements was inefficient
14	compared to using revolving loan funds, which are expended
15	annually and in a more expedient manner.
16	The purpose of this Act is to strengthen the Hawaii green
17	infrastructure authority's ability to support investment in
18	clean energy technology and infrastructure by:
19	(1) Transferring the administration of the building energy
20	efficiency revolving loan fund to the Hawaii green

infrastructure authority;

21

1	(2)	Expanding the purpose of the building energy
2		efficiency revolving loan fund to include a broader
3		range of clean energy technologies and renaming it as
4		the clean energy revolving loan fund; and
5	(3)	Making an appropriation out of the clean energy
6		revolving loan fund to make clean energy investment
7		loans or for other approved uses.
8	SECT:	ION 2. Section 196-64, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9 =	amended to	read as follows:
10	"[+]!	§196-64[] Functions, powers, and duties of the
11	authority	. (a) In the performance of, and with respect to the
12	functions	, powers, and duties vested in the authority by this
13	part, the	authority, as directed by the director and in
14	accordance	e with a green infrastructure loan program order or
15	orders und	der section 269-171 or an annual plan submitted by the
16	authority	pursuant to this section, as approved by the public
17	utilities	commission, for the green energy market securitization
18	loan progr	ram, may:
19	(1)	Make loans and expend funds to finance the purchase or
20		installation of green infrastructure equipment for
)1		alean energy technology demand response technology

1		and energy use reduction and demand side management
2		infrastructure, programs, and services;
3	(2)	Hold and invest moneys in the green infrastructure
4		special fund in investments as permitted by law and in
5		accordance with approved investment guidelines
6		established in one or more orders issued by the public
7		utilities commission pursuant to section 269-171;
8	(3)	Hire employees necessary to perform its duties,
9		including an executive director. The executive
10		director shall be appointed by the authority, and the
11		employees' positions, including the executive
12		director's position, shall be exempt from chapter 76;
13	(4)	Enter into contracts for the service of consultants
14		for rendering professional and technical assistance
15		and advice, and any other contracts that are necessary
16		and proper for the implementation of the loan program;
17	(5)	Enter into contracts for the administration of the
18		loan program, without the necessity of complying with
19		chapter 103D;
20	(6)	Establish loan program guidelines to be approved in
21		one or more orders issued by the public utilities

1		commission pursuant to section 269-171 to carry out
2		the purposes of this part;
3	(7)	Be audited at least annually by a firm of independent
4		certified public accountants selected by the
5		authority, and provide the results of this audit to
6		the department and the public utilities commission;
7		and
8	(8)	Perform all functions necessary to effectuate the
9		purposes of this part.
10	(b)	The authority shall submit to the public utilities
11	commissio	n an annual plan for the green energy market
12	securitiz	ation loan program for review and approval no later
13	than nine	ty days prior to the start of each fiscal year. The
14	annual pl	an submitted by the authority shall include the
15	authority	's projected operational budget for the succeeding
16	fiscal ye	ar.
17	(c)	In the performance of, and with respect to the
18	functions	, powers, and duties vested in the authority by this
19	part, the	authority shall administer the clean energy revolving
20	loan fund	in section 201-20, and may:

1	(1)	Make loans and expend funds to finance the purchase or
2		installation of clean energy technology and services;
3	(2)	Utilize all repayment mechanisms, financing tools,
4		servicing and other arrangements, and sources of
5		capital available to the authority;
6	(3)	Utilize the employees of the authority, including the
7		executive director;
8	(4)	Enter into contracts for the administration of the
9		loan program, without necessity of complying with
10		chapter 103D;
11	(5)	Establish loan program guidelines;
12	(6)	Be audited at least annually by a firm of independent
13		certified public accountants selected by the
14		authority, and provide the results of this audit to
15		the department and the legislature; and
16	(7)	Perform all functions necessary to effectuate the
17		purposes of this part.
18	(d)	The authority shall submit an annual report for the
19	clean ene	rgy revolving loan fund to the legislature no later
20	than twen	ty days prior to the convening of each regular session
21	describin	q the projects funded and the projected energy impacts.

1 The following terms, whenever used in this section, (e) 2 shall have the following respective meanings, unless a different 3 meaning clearly appears in the context: "Green infrastructure loan program" or "green energy market 4 securitization loan program" or "GEMS loan program" means the 5 6 loan program established under Act 211, Session Laws of Hawaii 7 2013, capitalized by the issuance of the green energy market 8 securitization bonds." SECTION 3. Section 201-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11 "[{] §201-20[}] [Building energy efficiency] Clean energy 12 revolving loan fund. (a) There is established in the state treasury the [building energy efficiency] clean energy revolving 13 14 loan fund, similar to a revolving line of credit, which shall be 15 administered by the [department] authority, and into which shall 16 be deposited: **17** (1) Funds from federal, state, county, private, or other 18 funding sources; 19 (2) Moneys received as repayment of loans and interest

payments; and

20

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

H.B. NO. 855 H.D. 1

1	(3)	Any fees collected by the $[\frac{department}{department}]$ authority under
2		this section.

- 3 (b) Moneys in the [building energy efficiency] clean 4 energy revolving loan fund shall be used to provide [low or no 5 interest] low-cost loans at below-market rates, or other authorized financial assistance to eligible public, private, and 6 7 nonprofit borrowers to make [energy efficiency improvements in buildings.] clean energy investments or other authorized uses or 8 both, on terms approved by the authority. Moneys from the fund 9 may be used to cover administrative and legal costs of fund **10** management and management associated with individual loans, to 11 include personnel, services, technical assistance, data 12 13 collection and reporting, materials, equipment, and travel for
 - (c) Appropriations or authorizations from the fund shall be expended by the [department.] authority. The [department] authority may contract with other public or private entities for the provision of all or a portion of the services necessary for the administration and implementation of the loan fund program. The [department] authority may set fees or charges for fund management and technical site assistance provided under this

the purposes of this section.

- 1 section. The [department] authority may adopt rules pursuant to
- 2 chapter 91 to carry out the purposes of this section.
- 3 (d) All interest earned on the deposit or investment of
- 4 the moneys in the fund shall become a part of the fund.
- (e) The [department] authority may establish subaccounts
- 6 within the fund as necessary.
- 7 (f) The following terms, whenever used in this section,
- 8 shall have the following respective meanings, unless a different
- 9 meaning clearly appears in the context:
- 10 "Authority" means the Hawaii green infrastructure
- 11 authority.
- "Clean energy investments" means the purchase or
- 13 installation, or both, of energy efficiency measures and
- 14 renewable energy technology.
- "Energy efficiency measures" means any type of project
- 16 conducted, or technology implemented, to reduce the consumption
- 17 of energy in a building. The types of projects implemented can
- 18 be in a variety of forms but are usually designed to reduce
- 19 electric utility costs.
- 20 "Loan fund program" means the clean energy revolving loan
- 21 fund program.



1 "Renewable energy" shall have the same meaning as in 2 section 269-91. "Renewable energy technology" means the equipment and 3 related accessories required to generate or produce renewable 4 5 energy. 6 "Revolving line of credit" means a type of credit where 7 loan advances are made for eliqible purposes and where repaid principal deposited back into the fund may be reborrowed. 8 9 "Subaccount" means a separate fund within the clean energy revolving loan fund reserved for a specific purpose." 10 11 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the clean energy revolving loan fund of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ 12 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 13 14 to provide loans or other financial assistance to make clean 15 energy investments or other authorized uses. 16 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii green **17** infrastructure authority for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed

SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2100.

and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

HB855 HD1 HMS 2019-1727

18

19

20

Report Title:

Clean Energy Revolving Loan Fund; Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority

Description:

Amends and expands the purpose of the Building Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund to a Clean Energy Revolving Loan Fund. Transfers administration of the Clean Energy Revolving Loan Fund to the Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority. (HB855 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.