HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE, 2019 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. **825**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SMOKING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that tobacco use is the 2 single most preventable cause of disease, disability, and death in the United States. Tobacco use continues to be a problem in 3 4 Hawaii, causing approximately one thousand four hundred deaths 5 per year among adults. An estimated twenty-one thousand 6 children in Hawaii currently under the age of eighteen will 7 ultimately die prematurely from smoking. Tobacco use poses a heavy burden on Hawaii's health care system and economy. 8 Each 9 year, smoking costs approximately \$526,000,000 in direct health 10 care expenditures and \$387,300,000 in lost productivity in the 11 State. Raising the cost of tobacco wholesaler or dealer 12 licenses and retail tobacco permits will help to offset the 13 costs to the State that result from smoking and tobacco use. 14 The legislature further finds that tobacco products are

15 addictive and inherently dangerous, causing many different types 16 of cancer, heart disease, and other serious illnesses. Hawaii 17 has a substantial interest in reducing the number of individuals



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of all ages who use tobacco products, and a particular interest
 in protecting adolescents from nicotine dependence and the
 illnesses and premature death associated with tobacco use.

4 The legislature additionally finds that electronic smoking 5 devices, also known as e-cigarettes, are battery-operated 6 products designed to deliver nicotine, flavor, and other 7 chemicals to the user by turning chemicals, including highly 8 addictive nicotine, into an aerosol that is inhaled by the user. 9 Consumers may choose varying nicotine strengths of e-liquid as 10 well as various liquids consisting of different flavors.

11 The electronic smoking device industry, including the 12 production of e-liquids, is growing rapidly. On December 18, 13 2018, the United States Surgeon General made the unprecedented 14 move of classifying the danger of youth usage of electronic smoking devices as an epidemic. Since the Surgeon General first 15 16 issued a warning in 2016 about the dangers of these products, 17 data has shown a historic rise in use by youth and young adults. 18 According to the 2016 report from the Surgeon General, e-19 cigarette use among the nation's youth and young adults has 20 become a major public health concern. The Surgeon General's 21 report noted that e-cigarette use has increased considerably in



1 recent years, growing an astounding nine hundred per cent among 2 high school students from 2011 to 2015. In a 2018 study 3 conducted by the National Institute on Drug Abuse, the use of electronic smoking devices by teens increased nationally from 4 5 27.8 per cent to 37.3 per cent in a twelve month period. The 6 increase translates to 1,300,000 more teens using electronic 7 smoking devices in a single year. E-cigarette use among youth 8 and young adults is also strongly associated with the use of 9 other tobacco products, including combustible tobacco products. 10 Toxicologists have also warned that e-liquids pose significant 11 risks to public health, particularly to children. According to 12 the Surgeon General's report, if the contents of refill 13 cartridges or bottles are consumed, ingestion of e-liquids 14 containing nicotine can cause acute toxicity and possibly death. 15 The Surgeon General's report also found that there are numerous 16 policies and practices that can be implemented at the state and 17 local levels to address electronic smoking device use among 18 youth and young adults, including preventing access to 19 e-cigarettes by youth, significant increases in tax and price of 20 e-cigarettes, retail licensure, and regulation of e-cigarette 21 marketing.



1 In response to the growing use of electronic smoking 2 devices, the legislature established a system of registration 3 and regulation for sellers of electronic smoking devices and e-4 liquid through Act 206, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018. The 5 legislature finds that the rapid growth of the electronic smoking device industry, including retail businesses selling 6 7 electronic smoking devices or e-liquids, necessitates further 8 regulations to protect consumers.

The legislature notes that the federal Food and Drug 9 10 Administration recently finalized a rule that expands its 11 regulatory authority to all tobacco products, including 12 electronic smoking devices, cigars, and hookah and pipe tobacco. 13 However, the legislature also notes that there is currently no 14 state tobacco tax attached to e-liquid, even though electronic 15 smoking devices are now regulated in a manner similar to tobacco products. Research has shown that increasing cigarette prices, 16 17 such as through cigarette taxes, tends to reduce the rate of 18 cigarette smoking by adult and youth smokers. However, the 19 legislature is concerned that as the price of cigarettes 20 increases, smokers may purchase less expensive smoking products,



1	such as electronic smoking devices or e-liquids, if these					
2	products are not taxed at a similar rate.					
3	Finally, the legislature concludes that there must be a tax					
4	on e-liqu	ids. Taxing these products in a manner similar to				
5	other non	-cigarette or cigar tobacco products is the most				
6	equitable way to calculate that tax amount. Imposing a tax on					
7	e-liquids will also encourage users of e-liquids to quit and to					
8	sustain cessation, prevent youth initiation, and reduce					
9	consumption among those who continue to use them.					
10	The purpose of this Act is to:					
11	(1)	Transfer from the department of the attorney general				
12		to the department of taxation the authority to tax,				
13		license, and regulate retailers of electronic smoking				
14		devices in a manner consistent with the taxation,				
15		regulation, and permitting of tobacco products;				
16	(2)	Impose a new excise tax on e-liquids and electronic				
17		smoking devices in a manner consistent with existing				
18		excise taxes on tobacco products;				
19	(3)	Increase the fee for tobacco wholesaler and dealer				
20		licenses;				
21	(4)	Increase the retail tobacco permit fee;				



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1 (5) Fund health education and prevention programs to 2 reduce the use of electronic smoking devices; and Repeal the electronic smoking device retailer 3 (6) 4 registration unit established in the attorney 5 general's office by Act 206, Session Laws of Hawaii 6 2018. 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 245, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 9 to read as follows: 10 "PART . ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES 11 §245-A Policy. The licensing and permitting of electronic smoking device retailers is reasonably necessary to protect the 12 health, safety, or welfare of consumers of electronic smoking 13 14 devices and for the enforcement of the laws that regulate the 15 sale of electronic smoking devices. 16 §245-B Definitions. As used in this part: 17 "Business location" or "place of business" means the entire premises occupied by a retailer of electronic smoking devices 18 and shall include but is not limited to any store, stand, 19 20 outlet, vehicle, cart, location, or structure from which



electronic smoking devices are sold or distributed to a
 consumer.

"Dealer" means any person coming into the possession of 3 4 electronic smoking devices or e-liquid products which have not 5 been acquired by an authorized permit holder or licensee under this chapter, or any person rendering a distribution service who 6 buys and maintains, at the person's place of business, a stock 7 of electronic smoking devices or e-liquid products that have not 8 9 been acquired from a licensee and who distributes or uses such electronic smoking devices or e-liquid products. 10

"Electronic smoking device" means any electronic product that can be used to aerosolize and deliver nicotine or other substances to the person inhaling from the device, including but not limited to an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, or electronic pipe, and any cartridge or other component of the device or related product.

17 "E-liquid" means any liquid or liquid-like substance that 18 is designed or intended to be used in an electronic smoking 19 device, whether or not it is packaged in a cartridge or other 20 container. E-liquid shall not include prescription drugs; 21 medical cannabis or manufactured cannabis products; or medical



2 devices sold or licensed at a medical cannabis dispensary. 3 "Entity" means one or more individuals, a company, 4 corporation, a partnership, an association, or any other type of 5 legal entity. 6 "License" means a license as a wholesaler, dealer, or 7 retailer as granted under this part. 8 "Licensee" means the holder of a license as a wholesaler, 9 dealer, or retailer granted under this part. 10 "Retailer" means an entity that engages in the practice of 11 selling electronic smoking devices or e-liquids to consumers. 12 "Retail sale" or "electronic smoking device retailing" 13 means the practice of selling electronic smoking devices to 14 consumers. 15 "Wholesaler" means a person rendering a distribution 16 service who buys and maintains, at the person's place of 17 business, a stock of electronic smoking devices or e-liquid products that the person uses, possesses, or distributes only to 18 19 retailers, or other wholesalers, or both. 20 §245-C Licenses and permits. (a) Any retailer of 21 electronic smoking devices or e-liquids shall obtain a retail

devices used to inhale or ingest prescription drugs, including



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1 license for the sale of electronic smoking devices according to 2 the process set forth in section 245-2, as applicable; provided 3 that any licensee who is already licensed to sell cigarettes and 4 other tobacco products need only have one license for the sale 5 of electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes and other 6 tobacco products.

7 (b) A retailer of electronic smoking devices or e-liquids 8 shall obtain a retail tobacco and electronic smoking devices 9 permit according to the process set forth in section 245-2.5, as 10 applicable; provided that the retailer who is also permitted to 11 sell cigarettes and other tobacco products need only have one 12 such permit for each location or place of business.

§245-D Unlawful electronic smoking device or e-liquid 13 retailing in the first degree. (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, 14 15 a person or entity required to obtain a retail permit under 16 section 245-C for the sale of electronic smoking devices or e-17 liquids commits the offense of unlawful electronic smoking 18 device or e-liquid retailing in the first degree if the person 19 or entity knowingly fails to obtain a valid permit required under section 245-2.5 and, for the purposes of retail sale, 20 21 recklessly sells, possesses, stores, acquires, distributes, or



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transports five thousand or more electronic smoking devices, 1 2 units of e-liquid products, or a combination of both. Unlawful electronic smoking device or e-liquid 3 (b) 4 retailing in the first degree is a misdemeanor, except that any offense under subsection (a) that occurs within five years of a 5 prior conviction for unlawful electronic smoking device or e-6 7 liquid retailing in the first degree is a class C felony. 8 §245-E Unlawful electronic smoking device or e-liquid 9 retailing in the second degree. (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, a person or entity required to obtain a retail permit for the 10 sale of electronic smoking devices or e-liquids under section 11 245-C commits the offense of unlawful electronic smoking device 12 or e-liquid retailing in the second degree if the person or 13 14 entity recklessly fails to obtain a valid permit required under 15 section 245-2.5 and, for the purposes of retail sale, recklessly sells, possesses, stores, acquires, distributes, or transports 16 17 fewer than five thousand electronic smoking devices, units of eliquid products, or a combination of both. 18

19 (b) Unlawful electronic smoking device or e-liquid
20 retailing in the second degree is a petty misdemeanor, except
21 that any offense under subsection (a) that occurs within five



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years of a prior conviction for unlawful electronic smoking
 device or e-liquid retailing in the first or second degree is a
 misdemeanor.

4 §245-F Taxes. Every wholesaler or dealer, in addition to any other taxes provided by law, shall pay for the privilege of 5 conducting business and other activities in the State, an excise 6 tax equal to seventy per cent of the wholesale price of each 7 article or item of e-liquid products sold by the wholesaler or 8 dealer on or after September 30, 2019, whether or not sold at 9 wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by 10 11 the wholesaler or dealer.

12 Of the revenue generated by this tax, \$200,000 shall be 13 deposited to the credit of the Hawaii tobacco prevention and 14 control trust fund established pursuant to section 328L-5; the 15 remainder of the tax revenue shall be deposited to the general 16 fund.

17 §245-G Returns. Every wholesaler or dealer, on or before 18 the twentieth day of each month, shall file with the department 19 a return showing the electronic smoking devices or e-liquid 20 products sold, possessed, or used by the wholesaler or dealer 21 during the preceding calendar month and of the taxes chargeable



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1 against the taxpayer in accordance with this part. The form of the return shall be prescribed by the department and shall 2 3 include: A separate statement of the number and wholesale price 4 (1)5 of electronic smoking devices; The wholesale price of units of e-liquid products 6 (2)7 sold, possessed, or used; and Any other information that the department may deem 8 (3) 9 necessary, for the proper administration of this part. 10 §245-H Determination of taxes; additional assessments, 11 credits, and refunds. (a) As soon as practicable after each 12 return shall have been filed, the department of taxation shall examine and compute and determine the amount of taxes payable 13 14 thereon in accordance with section 245-F and section 245-7. 15 (b) All provisions of section 245-7(b) and (c) related to 16 assessments, credits, and refunds shall apply to the 17 department's determination pursuant to this part. 18 §245-I Records to be kept. (a) Each wholesaler or dealer 19 shall keep a record of: 20 (1) Every sale or use of electronic smoking devices and eliquids by the wholesaler or dealer; 21



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1	(2)	The number and wholesale price of electronic smoking
2、		devices sold, possessed, or used;
3	(3)	The number and wholesale price of e-liquids sold,
4		possessed, or used; and
5	(4)	The taxes payable on electronic smoking devices and e-
6		liquids sold, possessed, or used, if any;
7	in a form	as the department may prescribe. The records shall be
8	offered f	or inspection and examination at any time upon demand
9	by the de	partment or the attorney general, and shall be
10	preserved	for a period of five years, except that the department
11	and the a	ttorney general, in writing, shall both consent to
12	their des	truction within the five-year period or either the
13	departmen	t or the attorney general may require that they be kept
14	longer.	The department, by rule, may require the wholesaler or
15	dealer to	keep other records as it may deem necessary for the
16	proper en	forcement of this chapter.
17	(b)	If any wholesaler or dealer fails to keep records from

17 (b) If any wholesafer of dealer fails to keep feedfuls from 18 which a proper determination of the taxes due under this chapter 19 may be made, the department may fix the amount of the taxes for 20 any period from the best information obtainable by it and assess 21 the taxes as provided in this chapter."



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1 SECTION 3. Section 245-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§245-2 License. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of a wholesaler or dealer, including 4 5 the business of a wholesaler or dealer of electronic smoking 6 devices pursuant to part , in the State without having 7 received first a license therefor issued by the department of 8 taxation under this chapter; provided that this section shall 9 not be construed to supersede any other law relating to 10 licensing of persons in the same business. 11 The license shall be issued by the department upon (b) 12 application therefor, in such form and manner as shall be

13 required by rule of the department, and the payment of a fee of 14 [\$2.50,] \$250, and shall be renewable annually on July 1 for the 15 twelve months ending the succeeding June 30.

16 (c) The department may suspend or, after hearing, revoke 17 or decline to renew any license issued under this chapter 18 whenever the department finds that the applicant or licensee has 19 failed to comply with this chapter or any rule adopted under 20 this chapter, or for any other good cause. Good cause includes



1 but is not limited to instances where an applicant or licensee
2 has:

)

3 (1)Submitted a false or fraudulent application or 4 provided a false statement in an application; or 5 (2)Possessed or displayed a false or fraudulent license. 6 Upon suspending or revoking any license, the department shall 7 request that the licensee immediately surrender the license or 8 any duplicate issued to the licensee and the licensee shall surrender the license or duplicate promptly to the department as 9 10 requested.

(d) Whenever the department suspends, revokes, or declines to renew a license, the department shall notify the applicant or licensee immediately and afford the applicant or licensee a hearing, if requested and if a hearing has not already been afforded. After the hearing, the department shall:

16 (1) Rescind its order of suspension;

- 17 (2) Continue the suspension;
- 18 (3) Revoke the license;

19 (4) Rescind its order of revocation;

- 20 (5) Decline to renew the license; or
- 21 (6) Renew the license."



1 SECTION 4. Section 245-2.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: "[+]§245-2.5[+] Retail tobacco and electronic smoking 3 4 device permit. (a) Beginning December 1, 2006, every retailer engaged in the retail sale of electronic smoking devices, e-5 6 liquids, cigarettes, and other tobacco products upon which a tax 7 is required to be paid under this chapter shall obtain a retail 8 tobacco and electronic smoking device permit. 9 (b) Beginning March 1, 2007, it shall be unlawful for any 10 retailer engaged in the retail sale of electronic smoking 11 devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, and other tobacco products upon 12 which a tax is required to be paid under this chapter to sell, 13 possess, keep, acquire, distribute, or transport electronic 14 smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, or other tobacco 15 products for retail sale unless a retail tobacco and electronic 16 smoking device permit has been issued to the retailer under this

17 section and the retail tobacco and electronic smoking device 18 permit is in full force and effect.

(c) The retail tobacco <u>and electronic smoking device</u>
permit shall be issued by the department upon application by the
retailer in the form and manner prescribed by the department,



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and the payment of a fee of [\$20.] \$50. Permits shall be valid
for one year, from December 1 to November 30, and renewable
annually. Whenever a retail tobacco and electronic smoking
<u>device</u> permit is defaced, destroyed, or lost, or the permittee
relocates the permittee's business, the department may issue a
duplicate retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit to
the permittee for a fee of \$5 per copy.

8 (d) A separate retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit shall be obtained for each place of business 9 owned, controlled, or operated by a retailer. A retailer that 10 11 owns or controls more than one place of business may submit a 12 single application for more than one retail tobacco and 13 electronic smoking device permit. Each retail tobacco and 14 electronic smoking device permit issued shall clearly describe 15 the place of business where the operation of the business is 16 conducted.

(e) Any entity that operates as a dealer or wholesaler and
also sells <u>electronic smoking devices</u>, <u>e-liquids</u>, <u>cigarettes</u>, or
other tobacco products to consumers at retail shall acquire a
separate retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit.



A retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit 1 (f) shall be nonassignable and nontransferable from one entity to 2 another entity. A retail tobacco and electronic smoking device 3 4 permit may be transferred from one business location to another business location after an application has been filed with the 5 department requesting that transfer and approval has been 6 obtained from the department. 7 8 A retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit (q) issued under this section shall be displayed at all times in a 9 10 conspicuous place at the place of business requiring the retail tobacco and electronic smoking device permit. 11 12 (h) Any sales of cigarettes or tobacco products made through [a] cigarette or tobacco product vending machine are 13 subject to the terms, conditions, and penalties of this chapter. 14 15 A retail tobacco permit need not be displayed on cigarette or tobacco product vending machines if the retail tobacco permit 16 holder is the owner of the cigarette or tobacco product vending 17 machines and the cigarette or tobacco product vending machines 18 19 are operated at the location described in the retail tobacco 20 permit. No sales of electronic smoking devices or e-liquids 21 shall be made through a vending machine.



(i) No retailer shall purchase any pack of cigarettes
 without the appropriate tax stamp being affixed to the bottom of
 the pack as required by this chapter.

4 (j) A vehicle from which electronic smoking devices, e-5 liquids, cigarettes, or tobacco products are sold is considered 6 a place of business and requires a retail tobacco and electronic 7 smoking device permit. Retail tobacco and electronic smoking 8 device permits for a vehicle shall be issued bearing a specific 9 motor vehicle identification number and are valid only when 10 physically carried in the vehicle having the corresponding motor 11 vehicle identification number. Retail tobacco and electronic 12 smoking device permits for vehicles shall not be moved from one 13 vehicle to another.

14 (k) A permittee shall be subject to the inspection and 15 investigation requirements of this chapter and shall provide the 16 department or the attorney general with any information deemed 17 necessary to verify compliance with the requirements of this 18 chapter.

19 (1) A permittee shall keep a complete and accurate record
20 of the permittee's <u>electronic smoking device</u>, <u>e-liquid</u>,
21 cigarette, or tobacco product inventory. The records shall:



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1	(1)	Include:	
2		(A)	A written statement containing the name and
3			address of the permittee's source of its
4			electronic smoking devices, e-liquids,
5			cigarettes, and tobacco products;
6		(B)	The date of delivery, quantity, trade name or
7			brand, and price of the electronic smoking
8			devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, and tobacco
9			products; and
10		(C)	Documentation in the form of any purchase orders,
11			invoices, bills of lading, other written
12			statements, books, papers, or records in whatever
13			format, including electronic format, which
14			substantiate the purchase or acquisition of the
15			electronic smoking devices, e-liquids,
16			cigarettes, and tobacco products stored or
17			offered for sale; and
18	(2)	Be c	offered for inspection and examination within
19		twer	nty-four hours of demand by the department or the
20		atto	orney general, and shall be preserved for a period
21		of t	three years; provided that:



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1	(A)	Specified records may be destroyed if the
2		department and the attorney general both consent
3		to their destruction within the three-year
4		period; and
5	(B)	Either the department or the attorney general may
6		adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 that require
7		specified records to be kept longer than a period
8		of three years.
9	(m) The	department may suspend or, after hearing, revoke
10	or decline to	renew any retail tobacco <u>or electronic smoking</u>
11	<u>device</u> permit	issued under this chapter whenever the department
12	finds that the	applicant or permittee has failed to comply with
13	this chapter o	r any rule adopted under this chapter, or for any
14	other good cau	se. Good cause includes but is not limited to
15	instances wher	e an applicant or permittee has:
16	(1) Subm	itted a false or fraudulent application or
17	prov	ided a false statement in an application; or
18	(2) Poss	essed or displayed a false or fraudulent retail
19	toba	cco or electronic smoking device permit.
20	Upon suspendin	g or revoking any retail tobacco <u>or electronic</u>
21	smoking device	permit, the department shall request that the



permittee immediately surrender any retail tobacco or electronic
 <u>smoking device</u> permit or duplicate issued to the permittee, and
 the permittee shall surrender the permit or duplicate promptly
 to the department as requested.

(n) Whenever the department suspends, revokes, or declines
to renew a retail tobacco or electronic smoking device permit,
the department shall notify the applicant or permittee
immediately and afford the applicant or permittee a hearing, if
requested and if a hearing has not already been afforded. After
the hearing, the department shall:

- 11 (1) Rescind its order of suspension;
- 12 (2) Continue the suspension;
- 13 (3) Revoke the retail tobacco <u>or electronic smoking device</u>
 14 permit;
- 15 (4) Rescind its order of revocation;
- 16 (5) Decline to renew the retail tobacco and electronic
 17 smoking device permit; or
- 18 (6) Renew the retail tobacco and electronic smoking device
 19 permit.
- 20 (o) Any cigarette, package of cigarettes, carton of
- 21 cigarettes, container of cigarettes, tobacco product, package of



tobacco products, [or any container] of tobacco products, 1 electronic smoking device, container of electronic smoking 2 devices, e-liquid product, or container of e-liquid products 3 4 unlawfully sold, possessed, kept, stored, acquired, distributed, or transported in violation of this section may be seized and 5 6 ordered forfeited pursuant to chapter 712A." SECTION 5. Section 245-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "§245-9 **Inspection.** (a) The department and the attorney general may examine all records, including tax returns and 10 11 reports under section $245-31[_{-7}]$ or 245-G, required to be kept or 12 filed under this chapter, and books, papers, and records of any 13 person engaged in the business of wholesaling or dealing 14 electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes [and], or tobacco products, to verify the accuracy of the payment of the 15 16 taxes imposed by this chapter. Every person in possession of any books, papers, and records, and the person's agents and 17 18 employees, are directed and required to give the department and 19 the attorney general the means, facilities, and opportunities 20 for the examinations.



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1 The department and the attorney general may inspect (b) the operations, premises, and storage areas of any entity 2 3 engaged in the sale of electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, or 4 cigarettes, or the contents of a specific vending machine, 5 during regular business hours. This inspection shall include inspection of all statements, books, papers, and records in 6 7 whatever format, including electronic format, pertaining to the 8 acquisition, possession, transportation, sale, or use of 9 packages of electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes 10 and tobacco products other than cigarettes, to verify the 11 accuracy of the payment of taxes imposed by this chapter, and of 12 the contents of cartons and shipping or storage containers to 13 ascertain that all individual packages of cigarettes have an 14 affixed stamp of proper denomination as required by this 15 chapter. This inspection may also verify that all stamps were produced under the authority of the department. Every entity in 16 17 possession of any books, papers, and records, and the entity's agents and employees, are directed and required to give the 18 19 department and the attorney general the means, facilities, and 20 opportunities for the examinations. For purposes of this 21 chapter "entity" means one or more individuals, a company,



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corporation, a partnership, an association, or any other type of
 legal entity.

If the department or the attorney general has 3 (C) 4 reasonable cause to believe and does believe that electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, stamps, or counterfeit 5 stamps are being acquired, possessed, transported, kept, sold, 6 or offered for sale in violation of this chapter, the department 7 or the attorney general may investigate or search the vehicle or 8 premises in which the electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, 9 cigarettes, stamps, or counterfeit stamps are believed to be 10 located. If electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, 11 stamps, or counterfeit stamps are found in a vehicle, premises, 12 or vending machine in violation of this chapter the electronic 13 smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, vending machine, 14 15 vehicle, stamps, counterfeit stamps, or other tangible personal property containing those electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, 16 cigarettes, stamps, or counterfeit stamps and any books and 17 records in possession of the entity in control or possession of 18 the electronic smoking devices, e-liquids, cigarettes, stamps, 19 or counterfeit stamps may be seized by the department or the 20



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attorney general and are subject to forfeiture as provided in 1 this chapter and chapter 712A. 2 3 (d) For purposes of this chapter: 4 "Counterfeit stamp" means any stamp that is not printed, 5 manufactured, distributed, or made by authority of the 6 department. "Vehicle" means an automobile, airplane, motorcycle, 7 8 motorboat, or other motor-propelled vehicle." SECTION 6. Section 328L-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended as follows: 1. By amending subsection (c) to read: 11 12 "(c) The entity selected under subsection (a), for each 13 fiscal year, may expend up to fifty per cent of the total market value of the Hawaii tobacco prevention and control trust fund on 14 15 the preceding June 30, for tobacco prevention and control, including but not limited to, reducing cigarette smoking [and], 16 tobacco use, and use of electronic smoking devices and e-liquids 17 18 among youth and adults through education and enforcement 19 activities, and controlling and preventing chronic diseases 20 where tobacco or electronic smoking device use is a risk factor." 21



1	2. B	y amending subsection (e) to read:	
2	"(e)	The assets of the Hawaii tobacco prevention and	
3	control t	rust fund shall consist of:	
4	(1)	Moneys appropriated under section 328L-2(b)(2);	
5	(2)	Moneys appropriated to the Hawaii tobacco prevention	
6		and control trust fund by the state, county, or	
7		federal government;	
8	(3)	Private contributions of cash or property; [and]	
9	(4)	Income and capital gains earned by the trust fund $[-]_{\underline{i}}$	
10		and	
11	(5)	Moneys allocated to the Hawaii tobacco prevention and	
12		control trust fund by section 245-F."	
13	SECTION 7. Chapter 28, part XII, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
14	is repealed.		
15	SECT	ION 8. In codifying the new sections added by section	
16	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute		
17	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating		
18	the new sections in this Act.		
19	SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
20	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		

4.



1 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 2 2019



Report Title: Electronic Smoking Devices; Smoking; Tax

Description:

Transfers regulation of electronic smoking devices from AG's office to DOTAX. Establishes procedures for licensing and permitting of electronic smoking device retailers. Increases tobacco licensing and permitting fees. Allocates \$200,000 of new e-liquid excise tax to the Hawaii tobacco prevention and control trust fund.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

