A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that real estate 2 investment trusts, under current law, do not pay their full 3 share of taxes. The dividends paid deduction and the corporate 4 structure of real estate investment trusts allows income 5 generated by the corporation to go untaxed in Hawaii. Instead, 6 dividends are taxed as income in a shareholder's home state. 7 According to the department of business, economic development 8 and tourism, the net annual income for real estate investment 9 trusts has risen quickly in the last several years from \$79.9 10 million in 2012 to \$720.6 million in 2014. Had real estate 11 investment trusts been subject to the same taxation as other 12 corporations, they would have generated an additional \$36 13 million in state revenue in 2014.

It is unacceptable that real estate investment trusts are taking advantage of Hawaii's tax laws to export profits out of the state. There are two ways to ensure that Hawaii is paid its



fair share of income taxes from the economic activity generated
by real estate investment trusts.

3 First, real estate investment trusts will be required to 4 withhold a proportion of dividends attributable to Hawaii and 5 remit them to the state. Similar to the way other corporate 6 forms are taxed in Hawaii, this will have the same effect on the 7 real estate investment trust as their shareholders being taxed 8 in their home states. Instead of the tax income going to other 9 states, requiring annual tax returns on dividends ensures that 10 tax income goes to the State for business activity generated in 11 Hawaii.

12 Second, closing the dividends paid deduction will ensure 13 that real estate investment trusts cannot use it as a loophole 14 to escape proper taxation. According to federal law, real 15 estate investment trusts must distribute at least 90 percent on its taxable income to shareholders. The dividends paid 16 17 deduction allows real estate investment trusts to escape paying taxes on income generated from doing business in Hawaii. 18 19 Closing the loophole ensures that Hawaii receives its share of a 20 real estate investment trust's taxable income.



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H.B. NO. 740

1	The purpose of this Act is to require real estate
2	investment trusts to submit returns based on dividends
3	distributed based on income generated in Hawaii and to repeal
4	the dividend paid deduction for real estate investment trusts.
5	SECTION 2. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
7	and to read as follows:
8	" <u>§235-</u> Real estate investment trust returns; shareholder
9	agreements; mandatory payments. (a) Each real estate
10	investment trust shareholder receiving a dividend from the real
11	estate investment trust shall take into account for purposes of
12	this chapter a pro rata share of income attributable to the
13	State, to the extent modified under this chapter, under rules
14	similar to those adopted pursuant to section 235-122(c). The
15	percentage of the dividend attributable to the State shall be
16	the same as the real estate investment trust's overall
17	percentage of income attributable to the State.
18	Each real estate investment trust shall make a return for
19	each taxable year, stating specifically:
20	(1) The items of its gross income and the deductions
21	allowable by this chapter;



H.B. NO. 143

1	(2)	The name, address, and social security or federal
2		identification number of each person owning stock in
3	·	the real estate investment trust at any time during
4		the taxable year;
5	(3)	The number of shares of stock owned by each
6		shareholder at all times during the taxable year;
7	(4)	The income attributable to the State and income not
8		attributable to the State with respect to each
9		shareholder as determined under this chapter;
10	(5)	Any modifications required under this chapter;
11	(6)	The amount of money and other property distributed by
12		the real estate investment trust during the taxable
13		year to each shareholder;
14	(7)	The amount of each distribution constituting a
15		dividend or capital gain dividend; and
16	(8)	Any other information that the department, by form or
17		rule, may prescribe.
18	The	real estate investment trust, on or before the day on
19	which its	return is filed, shall furnish to each person who was
20	<u>a shareho</u>	lder during the year a copy of the information shown on
21	the retur	n as the department may prescribe by form or rule. Any



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1	return filed pursuant to this section, for purposes of sections
2	235-111 and 235-112, shall be treated as a return filed by the
3	real estate investment trust under section 235-92.
4	(b) The department shall permit any real estate investment
5	trust to file composite returns and to make composite payments
6	of tax on behalf of some or all of its nonresident shareholders.
7	The department may permit composite returns and payments to be
8	made on behalf of resident shareholders.
9	(c) A real estate investment trust shall file with the
10	department, in the form prescribed by the department, the
11	agreement of each nonresident shareholder of the real estate
12	investment trust:
13	(1) To file a return and make timely payment of all taxes
14	imposed by this State on the shareholder with respect
15	to the income of the real estate investment trust; and
16	(2) To be subject to personal jurisdiction in this State
17	for purposes of the collection of unpaid income tax,
18	together with related interest and penalties.
19	If the real estate investment trust fails to timely file
20	the agreements required by paragraphs (1) and (2) on behalf of
21	each of its nonresident shareholders, then the real estate



1	investment	trust, at the times set forth in subsection (d),
2	shall pay	to this State on behalf of each nonresident
3	shareholde	er in respect of whom an agreement has not been timely
4	filed an a	mount equal to the highest marginal tax rate in effect
5	under sect	ion 235-75 (if the shareholder is a corporation) or
6	<u>235-51 (fc</u>	or any other shareholder), multiplied by the amount of
7	the shareh	older's pro rata share of the income attributable to
8	the State	as reflected on the real estate investment trust's
9	return for	the taxable period. A real estate investment trust
10	shall be e	entitled to recover a payment made pursuant to the
11	preceding	sentence from the shareholder on whose behalf the
12	payment wa	as made.
13	(d)	The agreements required to be filed pursuant to
14	subsection	n (c) shall be filed at the following times:
15	(1)	At the time the annual return is required to be filed
16		for the first taxable period for which the real estate
17		investment trust became subject to this chapter; and
18	(2)	At the time the annual return is required to be filed
19		for any taxable period in which the real estate
20		investment trust had a nonresident shareholder on

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1	whose behalf such an agreement has not been previously
2	filed.
3	(e) Any amount paid by the real estate investment trust to
4	this State pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) shall be considered
5	to be a payment by the shareholder on account of the income tax
6	imposed on the shareholder for the taxable period.
7	(f) Any officer of any real estate investment trust who
8	willfully fails to provide any information, file any return or
9	agreement, or make any payment as required by this section or by
10	section 231-15.6 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
11	(g) All moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be
12	deposited into the qualified returning resident down payment
13	program special fund established under section §201H- , (known
14	as the qualified returning resident down payment program).
15	(h) As used in this section, a "real estate investment
16	trust" means a corporation for which a valid election under
17	section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is in
18	effect."
19	SECTION 3. Section 235-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:



(b) The following Internal Revenue Code subchapters, parts
of subchapters, sections, subsections, and parts of subsections
shall not be operative for the purposes of this chapter, unless
otherwise provided:

5 Subchapter A (sections 1 to 59A) (with respect to (1)6 determination of tax liability), except section 7 1(h)(2) (relating to net capital gain reduced by the 8 amount taken into account as investment income), 9 except sections 2(a), 2(b), and 2(c) (with respect to the definition of "surviving spouse" and "head of 10 11 household"), except section 41 (with respect to the 12 credit for increasing research activities), except 13 section 42 (with respect to low-income housing 14 credit), except sections 47 and 48, as amended, as of 15 December 31, 1984 (with respect to certain depreciable 16 tangible personal property), and except section 17 48(d)(3), as amended, as of February 17, 2009 (with 18 respect to the treatment of United States Department 19 of Treasury grants made under section 1603 of the 20 American Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of 2009).



H.B. NO. 745

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1		For treatment, see sections 235-110.91, 235-110.7, and
2		235-110.8;
3	(2)	Section 78 (with respect to dividends received from
4		certain foreign corporations by domestic corporations
5		choosing foreign tax credit);
6	(3)	Section 86 (with respect to social security and tier 1
7		railroad retirement benefits);
8	(4)	Section 91 (with respect to certain foreign branch
9		losses transferred to specified 10-percent owned
10		foreign corporations);
11	(5)	Section 103 (with respect to interest on state and
12		local bonds). For treatment, see section 235-7(b);
13	(6)	Section 114 (with respect to extraterritorial income).
14		For treatment, any transaction as specified in the
15		transitional rule for 2005 and 2006 as specified in
16		the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 section 101(d)
17		and any transaction that has occurred pursuant to a
18		binding contract as specified in the American Jobs
19		Creation Act of 2004 section 101(f) are inoperative;



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1	(7)	Section 120 (with respect to amounts received under
2		qualified group legal services plans). For treatment,
3		see section 235-7(a)(9) to (11);
4	(8)	Section 122 (with respect to certain reduced uniformed
5		services retirement pay). For treatment, see section
6		235-7(a)(3);
7	(9)	Section 135 (with respect to income from United States
8		savings bonds used to pay higher education tuition and
9		fees). For treatment, see section 235-7(a)(1);
10	(10)	Section 139C (with respect to COBRA premium
11		assistance);
12	(11)	Subchapter B (sections 141 to 150) (with respect to
13		tax exemption requirements for state and local bonds);
14	(12)	Section 151 (with respect to allowance of deductions
15		for personal exemptions). For treatment, see section
16		235-54;
17	(13)	Section 179B (with respect to expensing of capital
18		costs incurred in complying with Environmental
19		Protection Agency sulphur regulations);
20	(14)	Section 181 (with respect to special rules for certain
21		film and television productions);



H.B. NO.740

1	(15)	Section 196 (with respect to deduction for certain
2		unused investment credits);
3	(16)	Section 199 (with respect to the U.S. production
4		activities deduction);
5	(17)	Section 199A (with respect to qualified business
6		income);
7	(18)	Section 222 (with respect to qualified tuition and
8		related expenses);
9	(19)	Sections 241 to 247 (with respect to special
10		deductions for corporations). For treatment, see
11		section 235-7(c);
12	(20)	Section 250 (with respect to foreign-derived
13		intangible income and global intangible low-taxed
14		income);
15	(21)	Section 267A (with respect to certain related party
16		amounts paid or accrued in hybrid transactions or with
17		hybrid entities);
18	(22)	Section 280C (with respect to certain expenses for
19		which credits are allowable). For treatment, see
20		section 235-110.91;



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1	(23)	Section 291 (with respect to special rules relating to
2		corporate preference items);
3	(24)	Section 367 (with respect to foreign corporations);
4	(25)	Section 501(c)(12), (15), (16) (with respect to exempt
5		organizations); except that section 501(c)(12) shall
6		be operative for companies that provide potable water
7		to residential communities that lack any access to
8		public utility water services;
9	(26)	Section 515 (with respect to taxes of foreign
10		countries and possessions of the United States);
11	(27)	Subchapter G (sections 531 to 565) (with respect to
12		corporations used to avoid income tax on
13		<pre>shareholders);</pre>
14	(28)	Subchapter H (sections 581 to 597) (with respect to
15		banking institutions), except section 584 (with
16		respect to common trust funds). For treatment, see
17		chapter 241;
18	(29)	Section 642(a) and (b) (with respect to special rules
19		for credits and deductions applicable to trusts). For
20		treatment, see sections 235-54(b) and 235-55;



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1	(30)	Section 646 (with respect to tax treatment of electing
2		Alaska Native settlement trusts);
3	(31)	Section 668 (with respect to interest charge on
4		accumulation distributions from foreign trusts);
5	(32)	Subchapter L (sections 801 to 848) (with respect to
6		insurance companies). For treatment, see sections
7		431:7-202 and 431:7-204;
8	(33)	Section 853 (with respect to foreign tax credit
9		allowed to shareholders). For treatment, see section
10		235-55;
11	(34)	Section 853A (with respect to credits from tax credit
12		bonds allowed to shareholders);
13	(35)	Section 857(b)(2)(B) (with respect to the deduction
14		for dividends paid by real estate investment trusts);
15		provided that the deduction shall remain available for
16		dividends generated from trust-owned housing that is
17		affordable to households with incomes at or below one
18		hundred per cent of the median family income, as
19		determined by the United States Department of Housing
20		and Urban Development;



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1	[(35)]	(36) Subchapter N (sections 861 to 999) (with respect
2		to tax based on income from sources within or without
3		the United States), except sections 985 to 989 (with
4		respect to foreign currency transactions). For
5		treatment, see sections 235-4, 235-5, and 235-7(b),
6		and 235-55;
7	[(36)]	(37) Section 1042(g) (with respect to sales of stock
8		in agricultural refiners and processors to eligible
9		<pre>farm cooperatives);</pre>
10	[(37)]	(38) Section 1055 (with respect to redeemable ground
11		rents);
12	[(38)]	(39) Section 1057 (with respect to election to treat
13		transfer to foreign trust, etc., as taxable exchange);
14	[(39)]	(40) Sections 1291 to 1298 (with respect to treatment
15		of passive foreign investment companies);
16	[-(40)-]	(41) Subchapter Q (sections 1311 to 1351) (with
17		respect to readjustment of tax between years and
18		<pre>special limitations);</pre>
19	[(41)]	(42) Subchapter R (sections 1352 to 1359) (with
20		respect to election to determine corporate tax on

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H.B. NO. 743

1		certain international shipping activities using per
2		ton rate);
3	[(42)]	(43) Subchapter U (sections 1391 to 1397F) (with
4		respect to designation and treatment of empowerment
5		zones, enterprise communities, and rural development
6		investment areas). For treatment, see chapter 209E;
7	[(43)]	(44) Subchapter W (sections 1400 to 1400C) (with
8		respect to District of Columbia enterprise zone);
9	[(44)]	(45) Section 14000 (with respect to education tax
10		<pre>benefits);</pre>
11	[(45)]	(46) Section 1400P (with respect to housing tax
12		<pre>benefits);</pre>
13	[(46)]	(47) Section 1400R (with respect to employment
14		relief);
15	[(47)]	(48) Section 1400T (with respect to special rules for
16		mortgage revenue bonds);
17	[(48)]	(49) Section 1400U-1 (with respect to allocation of
18		recovery zone bonds);
19	[(49)]	(50) Section 1400U-2 (with respect to recovery zone
20		economic development bonds);



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1	[(50)] <u>(51)</u> Section 1400U-3 (with respect to recovery zone
2	facility bonds); and
3	[(51)] <u>(52)</u> Subchapter Z (sections 1400Z-1 to 1400Z-2) (with
4	respect to opportunity zones)."
5	SECTION 4. Section 235-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
7	"(d) In the case of a real estate investment trust there
8	is imposed on the taxable income, computed as provided in
9	sections 857 and 858 of the Internal Revenue Code but with the
10	changes and adjustments made by this chapter (without prejudice
11	to the generality of the foregoing, the deduction for dividends
12	paid is limited to such amount of dividends as is attributable
13	to income taxable under this chapter[$+$], and for taxable years
14	beginning after December 31, 2019, no deduction for dividends
15	paid shall be allowed), a tax consisting in the sum of the
16	following: 4.4 per cent if the taxable income is not over
17	\$25,000, 5.4 per cent if over \$25,000 but not over \$100,000, and
18	on all over \$100,000, 6.4 per cent. In addition to any other
19	penalty provided by law any real estate investment trust whose
20	tax liability for any taxable year is deemed to be increased
21	pursuant to section 859(b)(2)(A) or 860(c)(1)(A) after December



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H.B. NO. 74-

1 31, 1978, (relating to interest and additions to tax determined 2 with respect to the amount of the deduction for deficiency 3 dividends allowed) of the Internal Revenue Code shall pay a 4 penalty in an amount equal to the amount of interest for which 5 such trust is liable that is attributable solely to such 6 increase. The penalty payable under this subsection with 7 respect to any determination shall not exceed one-half of the 8 amount of the deduction allowed by section 859(a), or 860(a) 9 after December 31, 1978, of the Internal Revenue Code for such 10 taxable year."

SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketedand stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

13 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019 and14 shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.

INTRODUCED BY: Replement

JAN 2 2 2019



Report Title: Real estate investment trusts

Description:

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Requires real estate investment trusts to submit returns based on dividends distributed based on income generated in Hawaii and repeals the dividend paid deduction for real estate investment trusts.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

