A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WATER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that water should be
- 2 retained in reservoirs for the public's health, safety, and
- 3 welfare by having fresh water available for fire safety
- 4 purposes. In 2019, west Maui was hit with a number of large
- 5 wildfires. It is important that there be water in the former
- 6 plantation reservoirs so that there is quicker access to fresh
- 7 water to control fires. Helicopters can retrieve the fresh
- 8 water in reservoirs quicker than going to the ocean. Also,
- 9 using ocean water to put out fires results in damage to flora
- 10 and fauna. Utilizing ocean water also requires the closure of
- 11 major thoroughfares.
- 12 The legislature further finds that there are a number of
- 13 key reservoirs that are currently not filled with water.
- 14 Examples of those reservoirs include Mahinahina reservoir,
- 15 Kahoma reservoir, Makila reservoir, Olowalu reservoir, and
- 16 Ukumehame reservoir. If key reservoirs have adequate water in

- 1 them, then the fresh reservoir water can be used for fire
- 2 safety.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 4 (1) Specify that fire safety use is a beneficial use of water; and
- 6 (2) Require the department of land and natural resources
 7 to work with the county governments, Hawaii emergency
 8 management agency, and owners to use reservoir water
 9 for fire safety.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 174C-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- The state water code shall be liberally interpreted 12 to obtain maximum beneficial use of the waters of the State for 13 purposes such as domestic uses, aquaculture uses, irrigation and 14 other agricultural uses, power development, [and] commercial and 15 16 industrial uses [-], and to benefit the public's health, safety, **17** and welfare by maintaining available fresh water for fire safety 18 purposes. However, adequate provision shall be made for the 19 protection of traditional and customary Hawaiian rights, the 20 protection and procreation of fish and wildlife, the maintenance

of proper ecological balance and scenic beauty, and the

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- 1 preservation and enhancement of waters of the State for
- 2 municipal uses, public recreation, public water supply,
- 3 agriculture, and navigation. Such objectives are declared to be
- 4 in the public interest."
- 5 SECTION 3. Section 179D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "§179D-6 General powers and duties of the board of land
- 8 and natural resources. (a) All dams or reservoirs in the State
- 9 shall be under the jurisdiction of the board until the board
- 10 declares which dams or reservoirs are to be removed from its
- 11 jurisdiction.
- 12 (b) The board shall administer the dam and reservoir
- 13 safety program established by this chapter. In carrying out
- 14 this chapter, the board shall cooperate, advise, consult,
- 15 contract, and enter into cooperative agreements with the United
- 16 States government or any of its agencies, other state agencies,
- 17 and the county governments or any of their agencies. In the
- 18 performance of its duties, the board shall:
- 19 (1) Establish by rules adopted under chapter 91, policies,
- 20 requirements, or standards governing the design,
- 21 construction, operation, maintenance, enlargement,

1		alteration, repair, removal, and inspection of dams,
2		reservoirs, and appurtenant works for the protection
3		of life and property from structural failure of dams
4		and reservoirs;
5	(2)	Conduct investigations and collect data, including
6		technological advances made in dam and reservoir
7		safety practices elsewhere, as may be needed for the
8		proper review and study of the various features of the
9		design, construction, repair, removal, inspection,
10		operation, maintenance, alteration, and enlargement of
11		dams, reservoirs, and appurtenant works. The board
12		may require submittal of reports of investigations
13		from all owners;
14	(3)	Conduct investigations and require reports from all
15		owners to be made from time to time, including
16		watershed investigations and studies, as may be
17		necessary to keep abreast of developments affecting
18		stream runoff and as required to facilitate its

(4) Be authorized to enter upon such private property of

the dam or reservoir as may be necessary in making, at

decisions;

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1		the owner's expense, any investigation or inspection
2		required or authorized by this chapter. The entry
3		shall not constitute a cause of action in favor of the
4		owner of the land, except for damages resulting from
5		wilful acts or negligence by the board or its agents;
6	(5)	Require the owners to apply for, and obtain from the
7		board written approval of plans and specifications on
8		the construction of any new dam or reservoir or the
9		enlargement of any dam or reservoir prior to
10		commencement of any work;
11	(6)	Require the owners to file an application and secure
12		the written approval of the board before commencing
13		the repair, alteration, or removal of a dam or
14		reservoir, including the alteration or removal of a
15		dam or reservoir so that it no longer constitutes a
16		dam or reservoir as defined in this chapter. Repairs
17		shall not be deemed to apply to routine maintenance
18		not affecting the safety of the structure;
19	(7)	Require owners to secure the written approval of the
20		board to impound water;

1	(8)	Require fees to cover a portion of the board's costs
2		in carrying out the administration of dam and
3		reservoir safety;
4	(9)	Cooperate with all public and private agencies created
5		for the purpose of enhancing dam and reservoir safety
6		activities and training, assist these organizations
7		and agencies in coordinating the use of their
8		facilities, and participate in the exchange of ideas,
9		knowledge, and data with these organizations and
10		agencies;
11	(10)	Consider dams and reservoirs as important water
12		resources for the State that provide significant
13		benefits to the general public, including irrigation
14		for agriculture and other important uses, and
15		acknowledge the need for dams and reservoirs to be
16		consistently maintained and operated in a safe and

(11) Prepare, publish, and issue printed pamphlets, bulletins, or advisories, or conduct training as the

feasible manner that sustains their roles as important

water resources; provided that public safety concerns

are addressed;

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1		board deems necessary for the dissemination of
2		information to the public;
3	(12)	Appoint and remove agents and employees, including
4		hearing officers, specialists, and consultants, as
5		necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter,
6		who may be engaged by the board without regard to the
7		requirements of chapter 76;
8	(13)	Catalog and maintain an inventory of all regulated
9		dams and reservoirs in the State pursuant to this
10		chapter without regard to chapter 91;
11	(14)	Establish similar or consistent hazard potential
12		classifications in conjunction with other applicable
13		state or federal guidelines for all regulated dams and
14		reservoirs in the State pursuant to this chapter
15		without regard to chapter 91;
16	(15)	Examine and approve or disapprove applications for
17		approval of the construction, enlargement, repair,
18		alteration, or removal of a dam or reservoir and
19		applications for certificates of approval to impound;
20	(16)	Order the suspension, revocation, or both, of any
21		application approval or certificate of approval to

Ţ		impound for any act or failure to comply with this
2		chapter or with any rules or orders adopted pursuant
3		to this chapter, or with any of the conditions
4		contained in or attached to the application approval
5		or certificate of approval to impound;
6	(17)	Issue orders requiring the adoption by an owner of
7		remedial measures necessary for the safety of life or
8		public or private property, or for carrying out this
9		chapter or rules issued under this chapter;
10	(18)	Order the immediate cessation of any act that is
11		started or continued without an application approval
12		or certificate of approval to impound as required by
13		this chapter;
14	(19)	Enter private property and immediately take actions
15		necessary to provide protection to life or property at
16		the owner's expense, including removal of the dam or
17		reservoir. The entry shall not constitute a cause of
18		action in favor of the owner of the land, except for
19		damages resulting from wilful acts or gross negligence
20		by the board or its agents;

1	(20)	Recover from the owner, in the name of the State, the
2		expenses incurred in taking any action required by the
3		owner of the dam or reservoir in the same manner that
4		debts are recoverable by law;
5	(21)	Assess civil penalties for violation of this chapter
6		or any rule or standard adopted or order issued by the
7		board pursuant to this chapter;
8	(22)	Place liens, as needed, on the owner's property, to be
9		collected as delinquent taxes against the lands and
10		property, if the owner neglects to pay any costs,
11		expenses, or penalties chargeable to the owner under
12		this chapter or any rule, order, or condition adopted,
13		issued, or required under this chapter;
14	(23)	With the assistance of the attorney general, institute
15		and prosecute all court actions that may be necessary
16		to obtain the enforcement of any order issued by the
17		board in carrying out this chapter; and
18	(24)	Take any and all other actions as may be necessary to
19		carry out this chapter.

1	(c) The board shall work with the county governments,
2	Hawaii emergency management agency, and owners to use reservoir
3	water for fire safety."
4	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
5	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
6	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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	INTRODUCED BY:
	IAN 2 3 2020

Report Title:

Department of Land and Natural Resources; Water; Reservoirs; Fire Safety

Description:

Specifies that fire safety use is a beneficial use of water. Requires the department of land and natural resources to work with the county governments, Hawaii emergency management agency, and owners to use reservoir water for fire safety.

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