A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO DISPOSITION OF WATER LICENSES BY THE BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 171-58, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "\$171-58 Minerals and water rights. (a) Except as
- 4 provided in this section the right to any mineral or surface or
- 5 ground water shall not be included in any lease, agreement, or
- 6 sale, this right being reserved to the State; provided that the
- 7 board may make provisions in the lease, agreement, or sale, for
- 8 the payment of just compensation to the surface owner for
- 9 improvements taken as a condition precedent to the exercise by
- 10 the State of any reserved rights to enter, sever, and remove
- 11 minerals or to capture, divert, or impound water.
- 12 (b) Disposition of mineral rights shall be in accordance
- 13 with the laws relating to the disposition of mineral rights
- 14 enacted or hereafter enacted by the legislature.
- 15 (c) Disposition [of] for water [rights] may be made by
- 16 [lease] license at public auction or direct negotiations as
- 17 provided in this chapter for a term of no more than thirty

1	<u>years</u> , or	by permit for temporary use on a month-to-month basis
2	under tho	se conditions which will best serve the interests of
3	the State	and subject to a maximum term of one year and other
4	restricti	ons under the law; provided that [any]:
5	(1)	A license for water may be disposed of through direct
6		negotiation, without recourse to public auction,
7		provided that the license rental for water shall be at
8		fair market value determined by independent appraisal.
9		Prior to approving a direct license, the board shall
10		publish a request for interest and request for
11		qualifications notice inviting persons to express
12		their interest in the license for water and their
13		qualifications as potential licensees. The notice
14		shall be given at least once statewide and at least
15		once in the county where the land is located and shall
16		<pre>contain:</pre>
17		(A) The qualifications required of eligible
18		licensees;
19		(B) A general description of the land, water, and any
20		improvements on the land appurtenant to the use
21		of the water;

1		<u>(C)</u>	The proposed use and amount of the water to be
2			allowed under the license;
3		<u>(D)</u>	The closing date and manner by which a person
4			shall indicate interest and submit a statement of
5			qualifications; and
6		<u>(E)</u>	Notice that a current business plan that shall
7			include the proposed use and amount of the water,
8			is a prerequisite to participate at time of
9			auction or direct negotiation, if applicable, and
10			shall be made a term of the license.
11		The	board shall, in its sole discretion, determine if
12		any	persons have qualified under the terms of the
13		requ	est for qualifications and shall notify all
14		pers	ons who expressed interest as to whether they
15		qual	ified. If the board determines there is no more
16		than	one potential qualified bidder, then the board
17		may	dispose of a license for water by direct
18		nego	tiation, without recourse to public auction;
19	(2)	<u>In d</u>	etermining the fair market value for the license
20		rent	al for water, the following factors may be
21		cons	idered where appropriate:

1		<u>(A)</u>	The amount diverted and proposed use of water
2			allowed under the license;
3		(B)	The amount of water diverted in proportion to the
4			amount of water available from the diversion
5			source;
6		<u>(C)</u>	The costs of delivery;
7		(D)	The avoided cost to the licensee of obtaining the
8			water from practicable alternative sources;
9		<u>(E)</u>	The net economic benefit to the licensee;
10		<u>(F)</u>	The value contributed by the licensee for
11			watershed management pursuant to subsection (e);
12			and
13		<u>(G)</u>	The public benefit provided from the use of water
14			pursuant to section 174C-2;
15	(3)	<u>If t</u>	he licensee does not agree with the fair market
16		valu	e, the board shall have sole discretion to resolve
17		the	dispute, provided such resolution is consistent
18		with	the public trust doctrine;
19	(4)	<u>Any</u>	disposition by [lease] <u>license for water</u> shall be
20		subj	ect to disapproval by the legislature by two-
21		thir	ds vote of either the senate or the house of
22		renr	resentatives or by majority vote of both in any

1		regular or special session next following the date of
2		disposition; [provided further that after] and
3	(5)	After a certain land or water use has been authorized
4		by the board subsequent to public hearings and
5		conservation district use application approval, and
6		[environmental impact statement approvals,] is in
7		compliance with chapter 343, water used in
8		nonpolluting ways, for nonconsumptive purposes because
9		it is returned to the same stream or other body of
10		water from which it was drawn, and essentially not
11		affecting the volume and quality of water or biota in
12		the stream or other body of water, may also be
13		[leased] <u>licensed</u> by the board with the prior approval
14		of the governor and the prior authorization of the
15		legislature by concurrent resolution.
16	(d)	Any [lease of] <u>license for</u> water [rights] shall
17	contain a	covenant on the part of the [lessee] <u>licensee</u> that the
18	[lessee]	licensee shall provide from waters [leased] <u>licensed</u>
19	from the	State under the [lease] <u>license</u> or from any water
20	sources p	rivately owned by the [lessee] <u>licensee</u> to any farmer
21	or ranche	r engaged in irrigated pasture operations, crop
22	farming,	pen feeding operations, or raising of grain and forage

1 crops, or for those public uses and purposes as may be 2 determined by the board, at the same rental price paid under the 3 [lease,] license, plus the proportionate actual costs, as 4 determined by the board, to make these waters available, so much 5 of the waters as are determined by the board to be surplus to 6 the [lessee's] licensee's needs and for that minimum period as 7 the board shall accordingly determine; provided that in lieu of 8 payment for those waters as the State may take for public uses 9 and purposes the board may elect to reduce the rental price 10 under the [lease of] license for water [rights] in proportion to 11 the value of the waters and the proportionate actual costs of 12 making the waters available. [Subject to the applicable 13 provisions of section 171-37(3), the] The board, at any time 14 during the term of the [lease of] license for water [rights], 15 may withdraw from waters [leased] licensed from the State and 16 from sources privately owned by the [lessee] licensee so much water as it may deem necessary to (1) preserve human life and 17 18 (2) preserve animal life, in that order of priority; and that 19 from waters [leased] licensed from the State, the board, at any time during the term of the [lease of] license for water 20 21 [rights], may also withdraw so much water as it may deem 22 necessary to preserve crops; provided that payment for the

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<u>H</u>.B. NO. <u>2357</u>

2 section. 3 Any new [lease of] license for water [rights] shall 4 [contain a covenant that requires] require the [lessee] licensee 5 and the department [of land and natural resources] to jointly 6 develop and implement a watershed management plan[-] that 7 prioritizes the availability of water resources from forested 8 watersheds. The board shall not [approve] issue any new [lease 9 of] license for water [rights] without [the foregoing covenant 10 or] a watershed management plan[-] and a commitment from the 11 licensee to assist in implementation of the watershed management 12 plan. The board shall prescribe the minimum content of a 13 watershed management plan[+] developed pursuant to this section; 14 provided that the watershed management plan shall require the 15 prevention of the degradation of [surface water and ground water 16 quality] water resources from forested watersheds to the extent 17 that degradation can be avoided using reasonable management 18 practices. 19 (f) [Upon renewal, any lease of water rights shall contain a covenant that requires the lessee and the department of land 20 21 and natural resources to jointly develop and implement a 22 watershed management plan. The board shall not renew any lease

waters shall be made in the same manner as provided in this

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2357

- 1 of water rights without the foregoing covenant or a watershed
 2 management plan. The board shall prescribe the minimum content
- 3 of a watershed management plan; provided that the watershed
- 4 management plan shall require the prevention of the degradation
- 5 of surface water and ground water quality to the extent that
- 6 degradation can be avoided using reasonable management
- 7 practices.] The board shall consult with the commission on water
- 8 resource management to determine whether the proposed
- 9 disposition is consistent with chapter 174C.
- 10 (g) The department [of land and natural resources] shall
- 11 notify the department of Hawaiian home lands of its intent to
- 12 execute any new [lease, or to renew any existing lease of water
- 13 rights.] license for water. After consultation with affected
- 14 beneficiaries, these departments shall jointly develop a
- 15 reservation of water rights sufficient to support current and
- 16 future homestead needs. Any [lease of] license for water
- 17 [rights or renewal] shall be subject to the rights of the
- 18 department of Hawaiian home lands as provided by section 221 of
- 19 the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act."
- 20 SECTION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 21 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 22 begun before its effective date.

	JAN 2 1 2020
6	BY REQUEST
5	INTRODUCED BY:
4	
3	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
2	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
1	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed

Report Title:

Water License

Description:

Clarifies the conditions and manner in which the Board of Land and Natural Resources may dispose water by license.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Land and Natural Resources

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DISPOSITION OF

WATER LICENSES BY THE BOARD OF LAND AND

NATURAL RESOURCES.

PURPOSE: To clarify the conditions and manner in

which the Board of Land and Natural Resources (Board) may dispose water by

license.

MEANS: Amend section 171-58, Hawaii Revised

Statutes (HRS).

JUSTIFICATION: Although section 171-58, HRS, has been in

existence for many years, a long-term disposition for water has not been executed pursuant to this section. As the Department

is currently working to execute water dispositions, this statute has undergone review and the Department is proposing amendments in order to implement the water disposition process in a more feasible and practicable manner. This bill serves to clearly define allotments of water by the Board by way of licenses for water rather than conveyance of any property right or

interest in water via a lease.

The public auction requirement for the disposition of water currently in section 171-58, HRS, has resulted in overly burdensome and unnecessary constraints to the disposition process, especially in instances where there is a high likelihood that there would only be a single bidder. This bill would allow for the Board to issue a water license through direct negotiation, provided that reasonable efforts are made to determine whether there is no competition for the water license.

Further, section 171-58, HRS, requires that water for disposition be appraised at fair market value in order to determine the upset

rent for the public auction. However, water purveyors generally charge for the delivery of water, not water itself, which is a public resource. Therefore, appraisers have no methodology to value water. This bill would establish factors to be considered in the valuation of water use, providing appraisers guidance and clarity. The intent is to provide a framework to determine a fair rent for projects that provide a public benefit. This would assist in furthering the State's sustainability goals such as local food production or renewable energy.

As watershed management plans may have various priorities, the current statute is unclear as to the focus of watershed management plans developed for disposition of water. This bill would provide clarity regarding the development and implementation of a watershed management plan that is required of the licensee. The bill also proposes to focus on preserving the availability of water resources from forested watersheds. This is an appropriate goal as it would serve to offset the impact of the water diverted under the license on the resource.

Impact on the public: The bill would support agricultural and renewable energy (hydroelectric) projects, improving the State's food and energy independence and sustainability, while also ensuring responsible stewardship of the public trust resource by streamlining and clarifying the water disposition process.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
This bill is an effort to provide
efficiency, direction, certainty, and
clarity regarding the water disposition
process. If this bill does not pass, the
Department will be required to expend time
and resources to conduct public auctions for
long-term water disposition, regardless of
whether such action is feasible.

Additionally, while some elements of the bill could be adopted by the Board as a policy, it would not have the same level of consistency and security that would be provided through statutory enactment. Additionally, as the bill would clarify the water disposition process, it would obviate the need for administrative rules.

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION: LNR 101.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES: Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, Office of

Hawaiian Affairs.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon approval.