A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TOBACCO PRODUCTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that tobacco use is the 2 single most preventable cause of disease, disability, and death 3 in the United States. Tobacco use continues to be a problem in 4 Hawaii, causing approximately one thousand four hundred deaths 5 per year among adults. An estimated twenty-one thousand 6 children in Hawaii currently under the age of eighteen will 7 ultimately die prematurely from smoking. Tobacco use poses a 8 heavy burden on Hawaii's health care system and economy. Each 9 year, smoking costs approximately \$526,000,000 in direct health 10 care expenditures and \$387,300,000 in lost productivity in the 11 State.

12 The legislature further finds that tobacco products are 13 addictive and inherently dangerous, causing many different types 14 of cancer, heart disease, and other serious illnesses. Hawaii 15 has a substantial interest in reducing the number of individuals 16 of all ages who use tobacco products, and a particular interest



1 in protecting adolescents from tobacco dependence and the 2 illnesses and premature death associated with tobacco use. 3 The legislature additionally finds that electronic smoking devices, also known as e-cigarettes, are battery-operated 4 5 products designed to deliver nicotine, flavor, and other 6 chemicals to the user by turning chemicals including highly addictive nicotine into an aerosol or vapor that is inhaled by 7 8 the user. Consumers may choose from varying strengths of e-9 liquid nicotine as well as liquids consisting of different 10 flavors.

The electronic smoking device industry, including the 11 12 production of e-liquid, is growing rapidly. Data has shown 13 historic rise in use by youth and young adults since the Surgeon 14 General first issued a warning in 2016 about the dangers of these products. According to the 2016 report from the Surgeon 15 16 General, e-cigarette use amongst the nation's youth and young adults has become a major public health concern. The Surgeon 17 18 General's report noted that e-cigarette use increased 19 considerably in recent years, growing an astounding nine hundred 20 per cent among high school students from 2011 to 2015. In a 21 2018 study conducted by the National Institute on Drug Abuse,

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1 the use of electronic smoking devices among high school seniors 2 increased nationally from 27.8 per cent to 37.3 per cent in a 3 twelve-month period. The increase translates to 1.3 million 4 more teens using electronic smoking devices in a single year. 5 On December 18, 2018, the United States Surgeon General made the 6 unprecedented move of classifying the danger of youth usage of 7 electronic smoking devices as an epidemic.

8 E-cigarette use among youth and young adults is also 9 strongly associated with the use of other tobacco products, 10 including combustible tobacco products. Toxicologists have also 11 warned that e-liquids pose significant risks to public health, 12 particularly to children. According to the Surgeon General's 13 report, if the contents of refill cartridges or bottles are 14 consumed, ingestion of e-liquids containing nicotine can cause 15 acute toxicity and possibly death. The Surgeon General's report 16 also found that there are numerous policies and practices that 17 can be implemented at the state and local levels to address 18 electronic smoking device use among youth and young adults, 19 including preventing access to e-cigarettes by youth, 20 significant increases in tax and price of e-cigarettes, retail 21 licensure, and regulation of e-cigarette marketing.



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1 The legislature additionally finds that the rapid growth of 2 the electronic smoking device industry, including retail 3 businesses selling electronic smoking devices or e-liquid, 4 necessitates further regulations to protect consumers, such as 5 requiring retailers of e-liquid to obtain a retail tobacco 6 permit.

7 The legislature notes that the federal Food and Drug Administration recently finalized a rule that expands its 8 9 regulatory authority to all tobacco products, including 10 electronic smoking devices, cigars, and hookah and pipe tobacco. 11 However, the legislature also notes that there is currently no 12 state tobacco tax attached to e-liquid, even though electronic 13 smoking devices are now regulated by the federal government as 14 tobacco products. Furthermore, tobacco products other than 15 cigarettes are currently taxed at a lower rate than cigarettes, 16 even though their use carries similar health risks. Research 17 has shown that increasing cigarette prices, such as through 18 cigarette taxes, tends to reduce the rate of smoking by adult 19 and youth smokers. However, the legislature is concerned that 20 as the price of cigarettes increases, smokers may purchase less



expensive tobacco products, such as electronic smoking devices
 or e-liquids.

Finally, the legislature concludes that there needs to be a tax on e-liquids and electronic smoking devices and taxing these products as other tobacco products is the most equitable way to do so. Imposing a tax on e-liquids and electronic smoking devices will also encourage users of e-liquids to quit, sustain eessation, prevent youth initiation, and reduce consumption among those who continue to use them.

10 The purpose of this Act is to:

11 (1) Establish the offense of unlawful shipment of tobacco12 products;

13 (2) Include e-liquid and electronic smoking devices within
14 the definition of "tobacco products", as used in the
15 cigarette tax and tobacco tax law, thereby:

16 (A) Subjecting e-liquid and electronic smoking
17 devices to the excise tax on tobacco products;

18 (B) Requiring retailers of tobacco products to obtain
19 a retail tobacco permit to sell, possess, keep,
20 acquire, distribute, or transport tobacco
21 products;



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1		(C) Prohibiting persons from engaging in the business
2		of a wholesaler or dealer of tobacco products
3		without first obtaining a license from the
4		department of taxation; and
5		(D) Applying other requirements of the cigarette tax
6		and tobacco law;
7	(3)	Increase the license fee for persons engaged as a
8		wholesaler or dealer of cigarettes and tobacco
9		products;
10	(4)	Increase the retail tobacco permit fee for retailers
11		engaged in the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco
12		products; and
13	(5)	Repeal various statutory provisions relating to
14		electronic smoking devices.
15	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 245, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
17	and to re	ad as follows:
18	" <u>§24</u>	5- Unlawful shipment of tobacco products; penalty;
19	reports;	liability for unpaid taxes. (a) A person or entity
20	commits t	he offense of unlawful shipment of tobacco products if
21	the perso	n or entity:



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1	(1)	Is engaged in the business of selling tobacco
2		products; and
3	(2)	Ships or causes to be shipped any tobacco products to
4		a person or entity in this State that is not a
5		licensee under this chapter.
6	(b)	This section shall not apply to the shipment of
7	tobacco p	roducts if any of the following conditions is met:
8	(1)	The tobacco products are exempt from taxes as provided
9		by section 245-3(b); or
10	(2)	All applicable Hawaii taxes on the tobacco products
11		are paid in accordance with the requirements of this
12		chapter.
13	(c)	Unlawful shipment of tobacco products is a class C
14	felony if	the person or entity knowingly ships or causes to be
15	shipped t	obacco products with a value of \$10,000 or more in
16	violation	of subsection (a).
17	(d)	Unlawful shipment of tobacco products is a misdemeanor
18	if the pe	rson or entity knowingly ships or causes to be shipped
19	tobacco p	products with a value of less than \$10,000 in violation
20	of subsec	tion (a).



1	(e) For purposes of this section, a person or entity is a
2	licensee if the person or entity's name appears on a list of
3	authorized licensees published by the department.
4	(f) Notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at
5	law, any person or entity that purchases, uses, controls, or
6	possesses any tobacco products for which the applicable taxes
7	imposed under title 14 have not been paid, shall be liable for
8	the applicable taxes, plus any penalty and interest as provided
9	for by law.
10	(g) For purposes of this section:
11	"Value" means the fair market value at the time of the
12	offense."
13	SECTION 3. Section 245-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended as follows:
15	1. By adding three new definitions to be appropriately
16	inserted and to read:
17	""E-liquid" means any liquid or like substance, which may
18	or may not contain nicotine, that is designed or intended to be
19	used in an electronic smoking device, whether or not packaged in
20	a cartridge or other container. "E-liquid" shall not include
21	prescription drugs; medical cannabis or manufactured cannabis



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1	products pursuant to chapter 329D; or medical devices used to
2	aerosolize, inhale, or ingest prescription drugs, including
3	manufactured cannabis products manufactured or distributed in
4	accordance with section 329D-10(a).
5	"Electronic smoking device" means any electronic product,
6	or part thereof, that can be used by a person to simulate
7	smoking in the delivery of nicotine or any other substance,
8	intended for human consumption, through inhalation of vapor or
9	aerosol from the product. "Electronic smoking device" includes
10	but is not limited to an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar,
11	electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic hookah, vape
12	pen or related product, and any cartridge or other component
13	part of the device or product.
14	"Smoke" or "smoking" means inhaling, exhaling, burning,
15	carrying, or possessing any lighted or heated tobacco product,
16	or similar substance intended for human consumption, including
17	the use of an electronic smoking device that creates an aerosol
18	or vapor, in any manner or in any form."
19	2. By amending the definition of "tobacco products" to
20	read:

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""Tobacco products" means [tobacco]<u>:</u>

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1	(1)	<u>Tobacco</u> in any form, other than cigarettes or little
2		cigars, that is [prepared or] intended for <u>human</u>
3		consumption [or for personal use by humans, including
4		large cigars and any substitutes thereof other than
5		cigarettes that bear the semblance thereof, snuff,
6		chewing or smokeless tobacco, and smoking or pipe
7		tobacco.] or is likely to be consumed, whether smoked,
8		heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, or
9		ingested by other means;
10	(2)	E-liquid; or
11	(3)	Electronic smoking device.
12	"Tobacco	products" includes but is not limited to large cigars
13	and any s	substitutes thereof other than cigarettes that bear the
14	semblance	thereof, pipe tobacco, chewing or smokeless tobacco,
15	snuff, sr	us, e-liquid, electronic smoking devices, any cartridge
16	or other	component part of the device or product, and related
17	products.	11 -
18	SECI	ION 4. Section 245-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended b	oy amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
20	" (b)	The license shall be issued by the department upon
21	applicati	on therefor, in such form and manner as shall be



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1 required by rule of the department, and the payment of a fee of
2 [\$2.50,] \$250, and shall be renewable annually on July 1 for the
3 twelve months ending the succeeding June 30."

4 SECTION 5. Section 245-2.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows: 6 "(C) The retail tobacco permit shall be issued by the 7 department upon application by the retailer in the form and 8 manner prescribed by the department, and the payment of a fee of 9 [\$20.] \$50. Permits shall be valid for one year, from December 10 1 to November 30, and renewable annually. Whenever a retail 11 tobacco permit is defaced, destroyed, or lost, or the permittee 12 relocates the permittee's business, the department may issue a 13 duplicate retail tobacco permit to the permittee for a fee of \$5 14 per copy.

(d) A separate retail tobacco permit shall be obtained for
each place of business owned, controlled, or operated by a
retailer. In seeking a retail tobacco permit, the applicant
shall specify whether each place of business sells e-liquid or
electronic smoking devices. A retailer that owns or controls
more than one place of business may submit a single application
for more than one retail tobacco permit. Each retail tobacco



permit issued shall clearly describe the place of business where 1 2 the operation of the business is conducted [-] and whether the place of business sells e-liquid or electronic smoking devices." 3 SECTION 6. Chapter 28, part XII, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 4 5 is repealed. SECTION 7. Section 245-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 7 repealed. 8 ["[§245-17] Delivery sales. (a) No person shall conduct 9 a delivery sale or otherwise ship or transport, or cause to be 10 shipped or transported, any electronic smoking device in 11 connection with a delivery sale to any person under the age of 12 twenty-one. 13 (b)---A person who makes delivery sales shall not accept a 14 purchase or order from any person without first obtaining the 15 full name, birth date, and address of that person and verifying 16 the purchaser's age by: 17 (1) An-independently operated third-party database or 18 aggregate of databases that are regularly used by 19 government and businesses for the purpose of age and 20 identity verification and authentication;

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1	(2) Receiving a copy of a government issued identification
2	card from the purchaser; or
3	(3) Requiring age and signature verification in the
4	shipment process and upon and before actual delivery.
5	(c) The purchaser shall certify their age before
6	completing the purchaser's order.
7	(d) Any person who violates this section shall be fined
8	\$500 for the first offense. Any subsequent offenses shall
9	subject the person to a fine of no less than \$500 but no more
10	than \$2,000. Any person under twenty-one years of age who
11	violates this section shall be fined \$10 for the first offense;
12	provided that any subsequent offense shall subject the person to
13	a fine of \$50, no part of which shall be suspended, or the
14	person shall be required to perform no less than forty eight
15	hours but no more than seventy two hours of community service
16	during hours when the person is not employed or attending
17	school.
18	(c) The department shall not adopt rules prohibiting
19	delivery sales.
20	(f) For the purposes of this section:

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1	"Delivery sale" means any sale of an electronic smoking
2	device to a purchaser in the State where either:
3	(1) The purchaser submits the order for sale by means of a
4	telephonic or other method of voice transmission, the
5	mail or any other delivery service, or the internet or
6	other online service; or
7	(2) The electronic smoking device is delivered by use of
8	the mail or any other delivery service.
9	The foregoing sales of electronic smoking devices shall
10	constitute a delivery sale regardless of whether the seller is
11	located within or without the State.
12	"Electronic smoking device" means any electronic product
13	that can be used to aerosolize and deliver nicotine or other
14	substances to the person inhaling from the device, including but
15	not limited to an electronic-cigarette, electronic cigar,
16	electronic cigarillo, or electronic pipe, and any cartridge or
17	other component of the device or related product."]
18	SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
19	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
20	begun before its effective date.



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1	SECTION 9. If any provision of this Act, or the
2	application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
3	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
4	applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
5	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
6	of this Act are severable.
7	SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
8	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
9	SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.



Report Title:

Unlawful Shipment of Tobacco Products; E-liquid; Electronic Smoking Devices; License Fee; Retail Permit Fee

Description:

Establishes the offense of unlawful shipment of tobacco products. Includes e-liquid and electronic smoking devices within the definition of "tobacco products", as used in the cigarette tax and tobacco tax law. Increases the license fee for persons engaged as a wholesaler or dealer of cigarettes and tobacco products. Increases the retail tobacco permit fee for retailers engaged in the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco products. Repeals certain provisions of the Hawaii Revised Statutes relating to electronic smoking devices. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD2)

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