H.B. NO. 292

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRIC GUNS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds the United States Supreme
2	Court decision in Caetano v. Massachusetts, 136 S. Ct. 1027
3	(2016), which overruled a decision of the Massachusetts Supreme
4	Judicial Court, has raised questions regarding the
5	constitutionality of bans on electric guns, and may make
6	amendments to Hawaii's law on electric guns advisable. The
7	purpose of the bill is to protect the health and safety of the
8	public by regulating the sale and use of electric guns.
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
10 11	amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:
11	to read as follows:
11 12	to read as follows: "PART . ELECTRIC GUNS
11 12 13	to read as follows: "PART . ELECTRIC GUNS \$134-A Definitions. As used in this part:
11 12 13 14	to read as follows: "PART . ELECTRIC GUNS \$134-A Definitions. As used in this part: "Cartridge" means any device or object that is designed to
11 12 13 14 15	to read as follows: "PART . ELECTRIC GUNS \$134-A Definitions. As used in this part: "Cartridge" means any device or object that is designed to be used with an electric gun to project a missile. "Cartridge"

1 the attorney general, the division of conservation and resources
2 enforcement of the department of land and natural resources, and
3 any other state or county public body that employs law
4 enforcement officers.

5 "Law enforcement officer" means a sheriff or deputy 6 sheriff, police officer, enforcement officer within division of 7 conservation and resources enforcement of the department of land 8 and natural resources, special agent of the department of the 9 attorney general, and any other public servant vested by law 10 with a duty to maintain public order, to make arrests for 11 offenses, or to enforce criminal laws, whether that duty extends 12 to all offenses or is limited to a specific class of offenses.

13 "Licensee" means a person licensed to sell or distribute14 electric guns pursuant to section 134-C.

15 "Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, 16 partnership, association, or any form of business or legal 17 entity.

18 "Transfer" means the granting of possession or ownership to 19 another, and includes the granting of temporary possession to 20 another.

\$134-B Restrictions on use, sale, and transfer of electric
guns. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly or
recklessly use an electric gun for any purpose except:

H.B. NO. 2292

1 (1) Self-defense;

2 (2) Defense of another person; or

3 (3) Protection of property of the person or of another4 person.

5 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sell,
6 offer for sale, distribute, or otherwise transfer an electric
7 gun or cartridge without a license obtained pursuant to section
8 134-C.

9 It is an affirmative defense to prosecution pursuant to
10 this subsection, that the person is an adult employee of a
11 licensee acting within the scope of the person's employment.

12 (c) It shall be unlawful for a licensed person or employee 13 of a licensee to knowingly sell, distribute, or otherwise 14 transfer an electric gun or cartridge at a place other than the 15 licensee's designated place of business.

16 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sell,
17 offer for sale, distribute, or otherwise transfer an electric
18 gun or cartridge to a minor.

(e) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a
licensee, a law enforcement agency, or the army or air national
guard to knowingly or recklessly purchase, obtain, or otherwise
receive an electric gun or cartridge from a person who does not
have a license issued pursuant to section 134-C.

(f) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a
 misdemeanor.

3 §134-C License to sell or distribute electric guns; fee. 4 Any person desiring to sell, offer for sale, distribute, or (a) 5 otherwise transfer electric guns to a person in the State, 6 either at wholesale or retail, shall annually file an 7 application for a license to do so with the county in which the 8 person desires to conduct business or within the county to which 9 the person intends the electric guns to be distributed, using 10 forms prescribed by the county.

(b) If the applicant is an individual, the application and supporting documentation must establish at least the following, in addition to any other information the county may require:

14 (1) The legal name, date of birth, and the last four
15 digits of the social security number of the
16 individual;

17 (2) The street address, telephone number, fax number, and18 email address of the individual;

19 (3) The name and location of the principal place of
20 business of the applicant and, if applicable, each
21 additional designated place of business from which the
22 applicant desires to sell electric guns;

23 (4) The applicant's Hawaii tax identification number;

<u>н</u>.В. NO. <u>2292</u>

1	(5)	The applicant has had no convictions for any felony
2		offense; and
3	(6)	Within the last three years, the applicant has
4		completed an electric gun safety or training course,
5		offered by the county, or approved by the county, that
6		focuses on:
7		(i) The safe use and handling of electric guns;
8		(ii) Current information about the effects, dangers,
9		risks, and limitations of electric guns; and
10	(iii) Education on the current state laws on electric
11		guns.
12	(C)	If the applicant is not an individual, the application
13	and suppo	rting documentation must establish at least the
14	following	, in addition to any other information the county may
15	require:	
16	(1)	The name of the applying entity and any other name
17		under which the applying entity does business, if
18		applicable;
19	(2)	The street address, telephone number, fax number, and
20		email address of the applying entity;
21	(3)	The legal name, date of birth, and the last four
22		digits of the social security number of each of the
23		principals or members of the applying entity;

<u>н</u>.В. NO. <u>2292</u>

1	(4)	The street address, telephone number, fax number, and
2		email address of each of the principals or members of
3		the applying entity;
4	(5)	The name and location of the principal place of
5		business of the applying entity and, if applicable,
6		each additional designated place of business from
7		which the applying entity desires to sell electric
8		guns;
9	(6)	The applying entity is registered to do business in
10		the State;
11	(7)	The applying entity is composed of principals or
12		members who have had no convictions for any felony
13		offense;
14	(8)	The applying entity has a Hawaii tax identification
15		number;
16	(9)	The applying entity has a federal employer
17		identification number; and
18	(10)	Within the last three years, at least one principal or
19		member of the applying entity has completed an
20		electric gun safety or training course, offered by the
21		county, or approved by the county, that focuses on:
22		(i) The safe use and handling of electric guns;
23		(ii) Current information about the effects, dangers,

1 risks, and limitations of electric guns; and 2 (iii) Education on the current state laws on electric 3 guns.

(d) The applicant must certify that the applicant will
comply at all times with all provisions of law relative to the
acquisition, possession, storage, and sale of electric guns, and
must also certify that it is responsible for compliance by its
employees of all provisions of law relative to the acquisition,
possession, and sale of electric guns.

(e) Upon receipt of the completed application form and the annual licensing fee of \$50 payable to the county, the county shall review the application and may issue a license to the applicant if it determines that the applicant meets all the requirements of this section. If requested by the licensee, the county shall also provide certified copies of the license to the licensee.

17 (f) A license issued hereunder shall expire on June 30
18 next following the date of issuance of the license unless sooner
19 terminated. Application for renewal of license shall be filed
20 on or before July 1 of each year.

\$134-D The sale or transfer of electric guns. (a) A
licensee shall post the license to sell or distribute electric
guns, or a certified copy thereof, in a location readily visible

to customers at each designated place of business. For internet
 sales by a licensee, the license number shall be prominently
 displayed and an electronic copy of the license shall be readily
 accessible to the customer.

5 (b) An individual licensee shall complete, every three
6 years, an electric gun safety or training course, offered by the
7 county, or approved by the county, that focuses on:

8 (1) The safe use and handling of electric guns;

9 (2) Current information about the effects, dangers,

10 risks, and limitations of electric guns; and

11 (3) Education on the current state laws on electric12 guns.

A licensee shall keep copies of the certificates of
completion of these training courses in the licensee's business
records.

16 (c) A licensee shall require employees who participate in 17 the sale or transfer of electric guns or cartridges, to 18 complete, every three years, an electric gun safety or training 19 course, offered by the county, or approved by the county, that 20 focuses on:

21 (1) The safe use and handling of electric guns;
22 (2) Current information about the effects, dangers,
23 risks, and limitations of electric guns; and

1	(3)	Education	on	the	current	state	laws	on	electric
2		guns.							

A licensee shall not allow an employee to participate in
the sale or transfer of electric guns or cartridges until the
employee completes the electric gun safety or training course.

6 A licensee shall keep copies of the certificates of
7 completion of these training courses for each of these employees
8 in the licensee's business records.

9 (d) If there is no manufacturer serial number on an
10 electric gun or cartridge received into inventory by a licensee,
11 then the licensee shall engrave on the electric gun or cartridge
12 a legible unique serial number that begins with the licensee's
13 license number, followed by a hyphen and a unique identifying
14 number.

(e) A licensee shall keep records for all electric guns
and cartridges received into inventory within the State,
including:

18 (1) Information identifying the seller, distributor, or
19 transferor of the electric gun or cartridge; and
20 (2) The transaction record for the electric gun or
21 cartridge, including the date of receipt, a
22 description of the electric gun or cartridge, the
23 manufacturer's serial number or the unique identifying

H.B. NO. 2292

1	serial number engraved by the licensee, and if
2	available, the manufacturer and the model number.
3	(f) Prior to completing a sale or other transfer of an
4	electric gun, the licensee or an employee of the licensee shall
5	provide an informational briefing to the recipient that
6	includes, but is not limited to, the following:
7	(1) The safe use and handling of electric guns;
8	(2) Current information about the effects, dangers,
9	risks, and limitations of electric guns;
10	(3) Education on the current state laws on electric
11	guns; and
12	(4) The proper disposal of electric guns.
13	(g) Upon completion of the informational briefing, the
14	licensee shall provide a certification of informational briefing
15	that is signed and dated by the recipient and the person who
16	provided the briefing acknowledging the completion of the
17	briefing and that the recipient understood the briefing and
18	includes the names of the recipient and the person who provided
19	the informational briefing, and the date of the briefing. The
20	form of the certification shall be as provided by the county
21	office that issued the license to the licensee.
22	(h) A licensee shall keep a record of the information

22 (h) A licensee shall keep a record of the information23 provided to recipients during the informational briefings.

<u>н</u>.В. NO. <u>2292</u>

1	(i)	A licensee shall keep records of all sales,						
2	distribut	ions, and other transactions of electric guns and						
3	cartridges sold in the State or to a recipient in the State,							
4	including:							
5	(1)	The recipient's name, date of birth, address, and						
6		telephone number;						
7	(2)	A copy of the recipient's government-issued						
8		identification card or document;						
9	(3)	The transaction record for the electric gun or						
10		cartridge, including the date of the transaction, a						
11		description of the electric gun or cartridge, name of						
12		the manufacturer, serial and model numbers, and if						
13		necessary, the unique serial number engraved by the						
14		licensee; and						
15	(4)	A copy of the certification of informational briefing						
16		signed and dated by the recipient and the person who						
17		provided the briefing.						
18	(j)	A licensee shall also keep a record of the licensee's						
19	current i	nventory of electric guns and cartridges.						
20	(k)	During normal business hours, a licensee shall allow						
21	the chief	of police of the appropriate county or designee to						
22	inspect t	he licensee's books and records for all records						
23	required	to be kept by the licensee for electric guns and						

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2292

cartridges. At the discretion of the chief of police of the
 appropriate county or designee, the inspection of the records
 may be conducted via facsimile transmittal of the records.

4 (1) A licensee shall keep records required by this section
5 for a minimum of ten years. If a licensee, as a result of death
6 or dissolution, cannot maintain the records, the records shall
7 be turned over to the chief of police of the appropriate county
8 or designee.

9 (m) When displaying or storing electric guns or cartridges
10 at designated places of business, a licensee shall display or
11 store the electric guns and cartridges in a locked cabinet or
12 area not accessible to the general public.

(n) During normal business hours, a licensee shall allow the chief of police of the appropriate county or designee to physically inspect all electric guns and cartridges in the possession and control of the licensee wherever they may be located within the State.

18 (o) Any person, including any licensee, violating this19 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

20 (p) A license may be suspended or revoked for a violation
21 of any of the requirements of this section.

22 §134-E Disposal of electrical gun. A person who is not a
23 licensee pursuant to section 134-C may sell or otherwise

1 transfer an electric gun or cartridge to a licensee or may
2 surrender the electric gun or cartridge to the chief of police
3 of the appropriate county or designee. The chief of police may
4 either destroy the electric gun or cartridge, or utilize the
5 electric gun or cartridge for educational purposes. The chief
6 of police shall maintain records of all surrendered electric
7 guns and cartridges, including their disposition.

§134-F Ownership or possession prohibited. (a) No person
9 who is a fugitive from justice shall own, possess, or control an
10 electric gun.

(b) No person who is under indictment for, or has waived indictment for, or has been bound over to the circuit court for, or has been convicted in this State or elsewhere of having committed a felony, or any crime of violence, or any illegal sale of any drug shall own, possess, or control an electric gun.

16 (c) No person who:

17 (1) Is or has been under treatment or counseling for
18 addiction to, abuse of, or dependence upon any
19 dangerous, harmful, or detrimental drug, intoxicating
20 compound as defined in section 712-1240, or

- 21 intoxicating liquor;
- 22 (2) Has been acquitted of a crime on the grounds of mental

1	disease,	disorder,	or	defect	pursuant	to	section	704-
2	411; or							

3 (3) Is or has been diagnosed as having a significant
4 behavioral, emotional, or mental disorders as defined
5 by the most current diagnostic manual of the American
6 Psychiatric Association or for treatment for organic
7 brain syndromes;

8 shall own, possess, or control an electric gun, unless the 9 person has been medically documented to be no longer adversely 10 affected by the addiction, abuse, dependence, mental disease, 11 disorder, or defect.

12 (d) No person who is less than twenty-five years of age 13 and has been adjudicated by the family court to have committed a 14 felony, or two or more crimes of violence, or an illegal sale of 15 any drug shall own, possess, or control an electric gun.

16 (e) No minor shall own, possess, or control an electric 17 gun.

18 (f) No person shall possess an electric gun that is owned 19 by another, regardless of whether the owner has consented to 20 possession of the electric gun.

(g) No person who has been restrained pursuant to an order of any court, including an ex parte order as provided in this subsection, from contacting, threatening, or physically abusing

<u>н</u>.В. NO. <u>2292</u>

any person, shall possess, control, or transfer ownership of an 1 2 electric gun, so long as the protective order, restraining 3 order, or any extension is in effect, unless the order, for good 4 cause shown, specifically permits the possession of an electric 5 gun. The restraining order or order of protection shall 6 specifically include a statement that possession, control, or 7 transfer of an electric gun by the person named in the order is 8 prohibited. Such person shall relinquish possession and control 9 of any electric gun owned by that person to the police 10 department of the appropriate county for safekeeping for the 11 duration of the order or extension thereof.

12 In the case of an ex parte order that includes a 13 restriction on the possession, control, or transfer of an 14 electric gun, the affidavit or statement under oath that forms 15 the basis for the order shall contain a statement of the facts that support a finding that the person to be restrained owns, 16 17 intends to obtain or to transfer, or possesses an electric gun, 18 and that the electric gun may be used to threaten, injure, or 19 abuse any person. The ex parte order shall be effective upon 20 service pursuant to section 586-6.

At the time of service of a restraining order involving electric guns issued by any court, the police officer may take custody of any and all electric guns in plain sight, those

discovered pursuant to a consensual search, and those electric
 guns surrendered by the person restrained.

3 For the purposes of this subsection, good cause shall not 4 be based solely upon the consideration that the person subject 5 to restraint pursuant to an order of any court, including an ex 6 parte order as provided for in this subsection, is required to 7 possess or carry an electric gun during the course of the 8 person's employment. Good cause may include but need not be 9 limited to the protection and safety of the person to whom a 10 restraining order is granted.

(h) Any person disqualified from ownership, possession,
control, or the right to transfer ownership of an electric gun
under this section shall surrender or dispose of all electric
guns in compliance with section 134-E.

(i) For the purposes of enforcing this section, and notwithstanding section 571-84 or any other law to the contrary, any agency within the State shall make its records relating to family court adjudications available to law enforcement officials.

(j) Any person violating subsection (a) or (b) shall be
guilty of a class C felony. Any person violating subsection
(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor.

<u>H</u>.B. NO. <u>2292</u>

\$134-G Exemptions. (a) Sections 134-B and 134-F(f) shall
 not apply to:

3 (1)Law enforcement agencies and law enforcement officers 4 acting within the course of their employment; and 5 (2) The army or air national guard and its members when they are assisting civil authorities in disaster 6 7 relief, emergency management, or law enforcement 8 functions, subject to the requirements of section 9 121-34.5;

10 provided that the electric guns shall be acquired by the law 11 enforcement agencies or the army or air national guard and not 12 individual law enforcement officers or members of the army or 13 air national guard, and shall remain in the custody and control 14 of law enforcement agencies, or the army or air national guard.

(b) Law enforcement agencies that authorize use of electric guns by its law enforcement officers and the army or air national guard shall provide training from the manufacturer or from a manufacturer-approved training program, as well as by manufacturer-certified or manufacturer-approved instructors in the use of electric guns prior to deployment of the electric guns and related equipment in public.

(c) The law enforcement agencies that authorize use ofelectric guns by its law enforcement officers and the army or

1 air national guard shall maintain records regarding every 2 electric gun in its custody and control. The records shall 3 report every instance of usage of the electric guns; in 4 particular, records shall be maintained in a similar manner as 5 for those of discharging of firearms. The law enforcement agencies and the army and air national guard shall annually 6 7 report to the legislature regarding these records no later than 8 twenty days before the beginning of each regular session of the 9 legislature.

10 (d) The licensing requirement of sections 134-B(b) and 11 134-C shall not apply to the sale of electric guns and 12 cartridges by the electric gun manufacturers distributing 13 directly to law enforcement agencies, or the army or air 14 national guard.

15 §134-H Storage of electric gun; responsibility with 16 respect to minors. (a) No person shall store or keep any 17 electric gun on any premises under the person's control if the 18 person knows or reasonably should know that a minor is likely to 19 gain access to the electric gun, unless the person:

20 (1) Keeps the electric gun in a securely locked box or
21 other container or in a location that a reasonable
22 person would believe to be secure; or

23 (2) Carries the electric gun on the person or within such

1

2

close proximity thereto that the minor cannot gain access or control of the electric gun.

3 (b) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a4 misdemeanor.

5 §134-I Carrying or use of electric gun in the commission 6 of a separate misdemeanor. (a) It shall be unlawful for a 7 person to knowingly carry on the person or have within the 8 person's immediate control or intentionally use or threaten to 9 use an electric gun, whether operable or not, while engaged in 10 the commission of a separate misdemeanor, provided that a person 11 shall not be prosecuted under this subsection when the separate misdemeanor is a misdemeanor defined by this chapter. 12

(b) A conviction and sentence under this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any conviction and sentence for the separate misdemeanor; provided that the sentence imposed under this section may run concurrently or consecutively with the sentence for the separate misdemeanor.

18 (c) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a19 class C felony.

20 §134-J Carrying or use of electric gun in the commission
21 of a separate felony. (a) It shall be unlawful for a person to
22 knowingly carry on the person or have within the person's
23 immediate control or intentionally use or threaten to use an

<u>н</u>.В. NO.<u>2292</u>

electric gun, whether operable or not, while engaged in the
 commission of a separate felony, provided that a person shall
 not be prosecuted under this subsection when the separate felony
 is a felony defined by this chapter.

(b) A conviction and sentence under this section shall be
in addition to and not in lieu of any conviction and sentence
for the separate felony; provided that the sentence imposed
under this section may run concurrently or consecutively with
the sentence for the separate felony.

10 (c) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a11 class B felony."

12 SECTION 3. Section 121-34.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 "§121-34.5 Use of electric guns. Members of the army or 15 air national guard who have been qualified by training and are 16 authorized by their commanders may use electric guns, as specifically provided in section [134-16(c) and (d),] 134-G, 17 18 when assisting civil authorities in disaster relief, emergency 19 management, or law enforcement functions; provided that 20 "training" for the purposes of this section means a course of 21 instruction or training in the use of any electric gun 22 authorized pursuant to this section, that is provided or 23 authorized by the manufacturer or is manufacturer-approved or is

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2292

1 an electric gun training program approved by the army or air 2 national guard, prior to deployment or issuance of electric guns 3 and related equipment."

4 SECTION 4. Section 134-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

6 "(c) Any person who violates section 134-2, 134-4, 134-10,
7 <u>or</u> 134-15[, or 134-16(a)] shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any
8 person who violates section 134-3(b) shall be guilty of a petty
9 misdemeanor and the firearm shall be confiscated as contraband
10 and disposed of, if the firearm is not registered within five
11 days of the person receiving notice of the violation."

12 SECTION 5. Section 134-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 repealed.

14 ["\$134-16 Restriction on possession, sale, gift, or

15 delivery of electric guns. (a) It shall be unlawful for any 16 person, including a licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or 17 licensed dealer, to possess, offer for sale, hold for sale,

18 sell, give, lend, or deliver any electric gun.

19 (b) Any electric gun possessed, offered for sale, held for 20 sale, sold, given, lent, or delivered in violation of subsection 21 (a) shall be confiscated and disposed of by the chief of police. 22 (c) This section shall not apply to:

23 (1) Law enforcement officers of county police departments;

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2292

1	(2) Law enforcement officers of the department of public
2	<pre>safety;</pre>
3	(3) Conservation and resources enforcement officers of the
4	department of land and natural resources;
5	(4) Members of the Army or Air National Guard when
6	assisting civil authorities in disaster relief,
7	emergency management, or law enforcement functions,
8	subject to the requirements of section 121-34.5;
9	(5) Law enforcement officers appointed by the director of
10	transportation pursuant to section 266-24; and
11	(6) Vendors providing electric guns to the individuals
12	described in paragraphs (1) through (5);
13	provided that electric guns shall at all times remain in the
14	custody and control of the law enforcement officers of the
15	county police departments, the law enforcement officers of the
16	department of public safety, the conservation and resources
17	enforcement officers of the department of land and natural
18	resources, the members of the Army or Air National Guard, or law
19	enforcement officers appointed by the director of
20	transportation.
21	(d) The county police departments of this State, the
22	department of public safety, the department of land and natural
23	resources, the army and air national guard, and the department

1	of transportation shall maintain records regarding every
2	electric gun in their custody and control. The records shall
3	report every instance of usage of the electric guns; in
4	particular, records shall be maintained in a similar manner as
5	for those of discharging of firearms. The county police
6	departments, the department of public safety, the department of
7	land and natural resources, the army and air national guard, and
8	the department of transportation shall annually report to the
9	legislature regarding these records no later than twenty days
10	before the beginning of each regular session of the legislature.
11	(e) The department of land and natural resources, the
12	department of public safety, and the department of
12 13	department of public safety, and the department of transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and
13	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and
13 14	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who
13 14 15	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who is authorized to use an electric gun and related equipment shall
13 14 15 16	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who is authorized to use an electric gun and related equipment shall first receive training from the manufacturer or from a
13 14 15 16 17	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who is authorized to use an electric gun and related equipment shall first receive training from the manufacturer or from a manufacturer-approved training program, as well as by
13 14 15 16 17 18	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who is authorized to use an electric gun and related equipment shall first receive training from the manufacturer or from a manufacturer-approved training program, as well as by manufacturer-certified or approved instructors in the use of
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	transportation shall ensure that each of its conservation and resources enforcement officers and law enforcement officers who is authorized to use an electric gun and related equipment shall first receive training from the manufacturer or from a manufacturer-approved training program, as well as by manufacturer-certified or approved instructors in the use of electric guns prior to deployment of the electric guns and

<u>н</u>.В. NO. <u>2292</u>

1	public safety, and law enforcement officers of the department of
2	transportation may be done concurrently to ensure cost savings.
3	(f) No later than June 30, 2018, the conservation and
4	resources enforcement program of the department of land and
5	natural resources shall meet the law enforcement accreditation
6	or recognition standards of the Commission on Accreditation for
7	Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc., in the use of electric guns.
8	(g) No later than June 30, 2024, the law enforcement
9	officers appointed by the director of transportation shall meet
10	the law enforcement accreditation or recognition standards of
11	the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies,
12	Inc., in the use of electric guns."]
13	SECTION 6. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
14	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
15	begun, before the effective date of this Act.
16	SECTION 7. In codifying the new sections added to chapter
17	134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by section 2 and referenced in
18	section 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
19	appropriate section number for the letters used in designating
20	the new sections in this Act.
21	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
22	

1	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
2	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
3	
4	INTRODUCED BY:
5	BY REQUEST
6	JAN 2 1 2020

<u>H</u>.B. NO. <u>2292</u>

Report Title:

Electric Guns

Description:

Repeals section 134-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the current law that bans electric guns, and replaces it with a law that restricts the use, storage, transfer, and disposal of electric guns, regulates the sale of electric guns, requires training and education on electric guns, prohibits certain individuals from the possession and use of electric guns, and prohibits the use of electric guns in the commission of crimes.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Attorney General

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO ELECTRIC GUNS.

PURPOSE: To protect the health and safety of the public by regulating the sale and use of electric guns.

- MEANS: Add a new part to chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, amend sections 121-34.5 and 134-17(c), and repeal section 134-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- JUSTIFICATION: The United States Supreme Court decision in <u>Caetano v. Massachusetts</u>, 136 S. Ct. 1027 (2016), raised the question of the constitutionality of a complete ban on electric guns. A pending lawsuit in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, <u>Roberts v. Ballard</u>, 18-00125 HG-KSC, is seeking a declaratory judgment and injunction to invalidate Hawaii's electric gun ban.

The bill repeals the Hawaii's electric gun ban and creates a regulatory scheme that restricts the use of electric guns to self defense and requires the sellers of electric guns to be licensed and keep records of inventory and sales. This bill also creates criminal offenses for using electric guns in the commission of crimes.

Impact on the public: Allows the public to purchase and use electric guns for self defense.

Impact on the department and other agencies: The counties will be responsible for issuing licenses to sellers of electric guns. The county police departments will be responsible for the disposal of unregistered or surrendered electric guns.

H.B. ND. 2292

Page 2

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION:

OTHER AFFECTED Law enforcement agencies may allow their AGENCIES: officers to carry electric guns subject to training and reporting requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon approval.

None.