A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILDREN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that developmental and
- 2 neurological science concludes that the process of cognitive
- 3 brain development continues into adulthood, and that the human
- 4 brain undergoes dynamic changes throughout adolescence and well
- 5 into young adulthood.
- 6 The legislature recognizes that the Supreme Court of the
- 7 United States has found that children "generally are less mature
- 8 and responsible than adults." J.D.B. v. North Carolina, 564
- 9 U.S. 261, 272 (2011) (quoting Eddings v. Oklahoma, 455 U.S. 104,
- 10 115-116 (1982)). They "often lack the experience, perspective,
- 11 and judgment to recognize and avoid choices that could be
- 12 detrimental to them." J.D.B., 564 U.S. at 272 (quoting Bellotti
- 13 v. Baird, 443 U.S. 622, 635 (1979)). Children "'are more
- 14 vulnerable or susceptible to . . . outside pressures' than
- 15 adults." J.D.B., 564 U.S. at 272 (quoting Roper v. Simmons, 543
- 16 U.S. 551, 569 (2005)). They also "have limited understandings
- 17 of the criminal justice system and the roles of the

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- 1 institutional actors within it." Graham v. Florida, 560 U.S.
- 2 48, 78 (2010). Further, "children characteristically lack the
- 3 capacity to exercise mature judgment and possess only an
- 4 incomplete ability to understand the world around them."
- 5 J.D.B., 564 U.S. at 273.
- 6 The legislature notes that custodial interrogation of an
- 7 individual by the State requires that the individual be advised
- 8 of the individual's rights to make a knowing, intelligent, and
- 9 voluntary waiver of those rights before the interrogation
- 10 proceeds. However, the legislature believes that children under
- 11 sixteen years of age, unlike adults, cannot sufficiently
- 12 comprehend the meaning of their rights and the consequences of a
- 13 waiver.
- 14 The purpose of this Act is to require that when an officer
- 15 has custody of a child under sixteen years of age for an alleged
- 16 violation of law, the child shall have contact with legal
- 17 counsel or a parent or legal guardian before the child waives
- 18 any constitutional rights and before any custodial
- 19 interrogation.

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1	SECTION 2. Chapter 571, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to part IV to be appropriately
3	designated and to read as follows:
4	"§571- Contact with counsel; parent or legal guardian;
5	consultation. (a) Before a custodial interrogation of and
6	before the waiver of any right against self-incrimination by a
7	child under the age of sixteen, the child shall have contact
8	with legal counsel or a parent or legal guardian in person, by
9	telephone, or by video conference. The contact may not be
10	waived.
11	(b) The court, in determining the admissibility of
12	statements of a child under the age of sixteen made during or
13	after a custodial interrogation, shall consider the effect of
14	any failure of the officer who had custody of the child to take
15	steps to comply with subsection (a).
16	(c) This section shall not apply to the admissibility of
17	statements of a child under the age of sixteen if:
18	(1) The officer who questioned the youth reasonably
19	believed that the information the officer sought was
20	necessary to protect life or property from an imminent
21	threat; and

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1	(2) The officer's questions were limited to those
2	questions that were reasonably necessary to obtain the
3	information sought in paragraph (1)."
4	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
5	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
6	begun before its effective date.
7	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
8	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on January 28, 2081.

Report Title:

Children; Custody; Constitutional Rights

Description:

Requires that when an officer has custody of a child under the age of 16 for an alleged violation of law, the child shall have contact with legal counsel or a parent or legal guardian before the child waives any constitutional rights and before any custodial interrogation. Effective 1/28/2081. (SD1)

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