A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii ranks third
- 2 in the United States for solar power generation per capita.
- 3 Solar power will be key to achieving the State's goal of
- 4 generating one hundred per cent of the State's electricity from
- 5 renewable energy sources by 2045. Many Hawaii residents and
- 6 businesses install solar panels each year, in part due to public
- 7 utilities commission policies. In addition to exporting
- 8 electricity generated by customers to the electricity grid,
- 9 Hawaii can maximize the benefits of renewable energy resources
- 10 by finding ways to efficiently utilize excess energy generation.
- 11 The legislature also finds that energy storage is one
- 12 solution to the problem of excess electricity generation during
- 13 daylight hours. However, energy storage is often expensive and
- 14 limited in capacity. A second solution is for the electric
- 15 utilities to sell excess electricity to consumers for purposes
- 16 such as hydrogen production or protected agriculture, at a rate
- 17 that encourages efficient utilization of available renewable

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- 1 energy resources. The sale of excess electricity from the grid
- 2 to consumers is known as "smart imports."
- 3 The legislature further finds that smart imports can reduce
- 4 electricity rates and effectively utilize energy resources
- 5 during periods of excess electricity generation. This can help
- 6 more Hawaii residents and businesses transition to using
- 7 electric vehicles through low cost charging. Smart imports can
- 8 significantly boost the solar, battery storage, and electric
- 9 vehicle industries.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 11 (1) Require electric utilities to offer smart imports to
- 12 consumers; and
- 13 (2) Require the public utilities commission to study
- 14 mechanisms that will enable the sale of excess energy
- generation from utility scale projects.
- 16 SECTION 2. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
- 18 designated and to read as follows:
- 19 "§269- Smart imports; excess electricity. (a)
- 20 Beginning January 1, 2022, electric utilities shall offer smart

- 1 imports to consumers at a just and reasonable rate that is
- 2 approved by the public utilities commission.
- 3 (b) For the purposes of this section, "smart imports"
- 4 means the sale of excess electricity from electric utilities to
- 5 consumers."
- 6 SECTION 3. (a) The public utilities commission shall
- 7 direct the State's electric utilities to study other states'
- 8 smart imports programs, solar and energy storage solutions, and
- 9 related solutions to excess electricity generation and propose a
- 10 "smart imports" program in Hawaii to be implemented no later
- 11 than January 1, 2022. The study shall include but not be
- 12 limited to specific mechanisms to enable excess generation from
- 13 utility scale renewable energy projects to be offered for sale
- 14 to avoid curtailing or otherwise not utilizing the available
- 15 generation. In addition, the study shall propose, among other
- 16 recommendations, how energy intensive commercial and industrial
- 17 customers can utilize smart imports to reduce costs and benefit
- 18 the grid.
- 19 (b) The public utilities commission shall submit a report
- 20 of the findings and recommendations, including any proposed
- 21 legislation, resulting from the study to the legislature no

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- 1 later than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular
- 2 session of 2021.
- 3 (c) For the purposes of this section, "smart imports"
- 4 means the sale of excess electricity from electric utilities to
- 5 consumers.
- 6 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

PUC; Smart Imports; Excess Electricity; Energy

Description:

Requires electric utilities to offer smart imports, or excess electricity, to consumers beginning 1/1/2022. Requires PUC to direct the State's electric utilities to study and recommend how to implement a smart imports program in Hawaii by 1/1/2022 and how to enable excess generation from utility scale renewable projects to be offered for sale. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD1)

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