A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that coral reefs in
- 2 Hawaii and across the globe have been subject to immense stress
- 3 in recent decades because of human-caused climate change and
- 4 other factors including warming ocean temperatures, ocean
- 5 acidification, coral bleaching, severe storms, coastal
- 6 development, overfishing, and pollution from wastewater,
- 7 stormwater runoff, and sunscreen chemicals. Coral reefs,
- 8 sometimes referred to as the rainforests of the ocean, are one
- 9 of the most biodiverse ecosystems on the planet and provide a
- 10 habitat for many rare and endangered species. These reefs are
- 11 also immeasurably important to Hawaii's economy and way of life,
- 12 including Hawaii's tourism industry, food supply, recreation,
- 13 and coastal protection.
- 14 The legislature also finds that record-setting temperatures
- 15 have led to several wide-spread coral bleaching events in
- 16 Hawaii's waters in recent years. Coral bleaching occurs when
- 17 corals are stressed by increasing temperatures and exposure to

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- 1 pollutants causing coral polyps to expel the symbiotic algae
- 2 that live in coral tissue. This causes corals to turn white,
- 3 and makes corals more vulnerable to disease, starvation, and
- 4 decay.
- 5 Following a bleaching event, macro algae can overtake a
- 6 reef and prevent reef recovery and the return of the symbiotic
- 7 algae that corals depend on. High nutrient levels in polluted
- 8 waters and the absence of a sufficient amount of herbivorous
- 9 fish to graze on the algae and prevent overgrowth make these
- 10 algal blooms more likely to occur.
- 11 The legislature acknowledges that while Hawaii's laws offer
- 12 herbivorous fish some protections in marine protected areas and
- 13 fish replenishment areas, the legislature believes that ensuring
- 14 healthy populations of herbivorous fish in all of Hawaii's
- 15 waters is essential to protect Hawaii's coral reefs from
- 16 extinction.
- Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require the
- 18 department of land and natural resources to adopt rules to
- 19 protect the herbivorous fish that are necessary for the health
- 20 of coral reefs throughout the State.

- 1 SECTION 2. The department of land and natural resources
- 2 shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised
- 3 Statutes, to protect herbivorous fish in all fresh, brackish, or
- 4 salt waters of the State, including but not limited to coastal
- 5 waters, streams, rivers, drainage ditches, ponds, reservoirs,
- 6 canals, ground waters, and lakes.

7 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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H.B. NO. 1847

Report Title:

DLNR; Herbivorous Fish; Protection; Rulemaking

Description:

Requires the Department of Land and Natural Resources to adopt rules to protect herbivorous fish in all state waters.

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