A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the prevalence of
3	drivers violating Hawaii's traffic laws, particularly drivers
4	who fail to stop at red lights, has become intolerable. These
5	violations endanger the lives of motorists, pedestrians, and
6	other highway users and compound the already hazardous
7	conditions on Hawaii's roads and highways. In recent years, it
8	has become increasingly common to hear reports of hit-and-run
9	drivers who have struck children or the elderly.
10	The increasing number of reports of drivers who fail to
11	stop at red lights is a particularly concerning trend in traffic
12	violations that could be remedied easily and quickly through the
13	use of simple, yet efficient technology. In other jurisdictions
14	in the United States and in countries throughout the world,
15	including Canada and those in Europe, photo red light imaging
16	detector systems have proven reliable, efficient, and effective
17	in identifying and deterring drivers who run red lights.

1 The legislature finds that photo red light imaging detector 2 systems are safe, quick, cost-effective, and efficient. No 3 traffic stop is involved, and a police officer is not at risk 4 from passing traffic or armed violators. Photo red light 5 imaging detector systems use cameras positioned at intersections 6 where red light violations are a major cause of collisions, 7 serving as a twenty-four-hour deterrent to red light violations. 8 Sensors are buried under a crosswalk and lead to a self-9 contained camera system mounted on a nearby structure. When a 10 vehicle enters the intersection against a red light, the camera 11 takes a telephoto color picture of the rear of the car, 12 capturing an image of the license plate. A second wide-angle 13 photograph records the entire intersection, including other traffic. 14 15 The legislature finds that these systems provide numerous 16 benefits. Not only are streets safer, but police officers, 17 freed from the time-consuming duties of traffic enforcement, 18 have more time to respond to priority calls. A violator is less 19 likely to go to court because the color photograph of the 20 violation, imprinted with the time, date, and location of the

violation, and the number of seconds the light had been red

21

- 1 before the violator entered the intersection, can be used as
- 2 evidence in court. Few cases are contested using this system,
- 3 and officers make fewer court appearances, thus saving costs.
- 4 The system may also result in lower insurance costs for
- 5 safe drivers through an overall reduction in crashes and
- 6 injuries and by placing system costs on violators instead of
- 7 law-abiding taxpayers. This system ensures that traffic laws
- 8 are impartially enforced, and safety and efficiency are
- 9 increased by reducing the number of chases and personnel
- 10 required for traffic accident clean-up, investigation, and court
- 11 testimony.
- 12 While the legislature established photo speed imaging
- 13 detector and photo red light imaging detector systems to improve
- 14 traffic safety and enforcement through the passage of Act 234,
- 15 Session Laws of Hawaii 1998, implementation of these systems as
- 16 traffic enforcement tools in January 2002 generated intense
- 17 public opposition. As a result of this opposition, the
- 18 legislature repealed Act 234 in its entirety by Act 58, Session
- 19 Laws of Hawaii 2002. However, opposition to these programs was
- 20 directed primarily toward the photo speed imaging detector
- 21 system and the method by which that program was implemented.

- 1 The public perceived that the program was operated to maximize
- 2 revenue for the vendor running the program rather than to
- 3 improve traffic safety.
- 4 Though many of the concerns raised regarding photo speed
- 5 imaging detector systems were and continue to be valid, the use
- 6 of photo red light imaging detector systems appears to be a more
- 7 acceptable method of traffic enforcement, as a motorist's
- 8 disregard of a steady red traffic signal is evident. The
- 9 legislature finds that establishing a photo red light imaging
- 10 detector systems pilot program will serve as a useful traffic
- 11 enforcement tool and is in the best interest of public safety on
- 12 Hawaii's roadways.
- Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 14 (1) Establish a three-year pilot program in major arterial
- zones on state or county highways within a specified
- area to provide for the implementation of photo red
- 17 light imaging detector systems to improve traffic
- 18 enforcement;
- 19 (2) Authorize any affected county to implement the photo
- 20 red light imaging detector systems pilot program; and

- (3) Appropriate funds for the establishment of a photo red
 light imaging detector systems pilot program.
- 3 PART II
- 4 SECTION 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 5 context otherwise requires:
- 6 "County" means a county with a resident population of
- 7 greater than five hundred thousand.
- 8 "County highway" has the same meaning as used in section
- 9 264-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 10 "Department" means the department of transportation.
- 11 "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in section
- 12 291C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- "Photo red light imaging detector" means a device used for
- 14 traffic enforcement that includes a vehicle sensor that works in
- 15 conjunction with a traffic-control signal and a camera or
- 16 similar device to automatically produce a photographic, digital,
- 17 or other visual image of a vehicle that has disregarded a steady
- 18 red traffic-control signal in violation of section 291C-32,
- 19 Hawaii Revised Statutes, and a photographic, digital, or other
- 20 visual image of the driver of the motor vehicle.

- 1 "State highway" has the same meaning as used in section
- 2 264-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 3 "Traffic-control signal" has the same meaning as defined in
- 4 section 291C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 5 SECTION 3. Photo red light imaging detector systems pilot
- 6 program; established. There is established the photo red light
- 7 imaging detector systems pilot program to enforce the traffic-
- 8 control signal laws of the State, which may be implemented in
- 9 the major arterial zones on state or county highways within the
- 10 area designated in section 4 of this Act.
- 11 SECTION 4. Pilot program designated area; boundaries. The
- 12 photo red light imaging detector systems pilot program district
- 13 is established. The district shall include all major arterial
- 14 zones in that area in the city and county of Honolulu bounded by
- 15 McCully Street from South King Street to its intersection with
- 16 Kapiolani Boulevard; Kapiolani Boulevard from McCully Street to
- 17 its intersection with Piikoi Street; Piikoi Street from
- 18 Kapiolani Boulevard to its intersection with Ala Moana
- 19 Boulevard; Ala Moana Boulevard from Piikoi Street to its
- 20 intersection with Fort Street; Nimitz Highway from Fort Street
- 21 to its intersection with Nuuanu Avenue; Nuuanu Avenue from

- 1 Nimitz Highway to its intersection with Vineyard Boulevard;
- 2 Vineyard Boulevard from Nuuanu Avenue to its intersection with
- 3 Lusitana Street; Lusitana Street from Vineyard Boulevard to its
- 4 intersection with Kinau Street; Kinau Street from Lusitana
- 5 Street to its intersection with Pensacola Street; Pensacola
- 6 Street from Kinau Street to its intersection with South King
- 7 Street; and South King Street from Pensacola Street to its
- 8 intersection with McCully Street.
- 9 SECTION 5. County powers and duties. Each affected county
- 10 may establish and implement, in accordance with this Act, a
- 11 photo red light imaging detector system imposing monetary
- 12 liability on the operator of a motor vehicle for failure to
- 13 comply with traffic-control signal laws. Each county may
- 14 provide for the procurement, location, installation, operation,
- 15 maintenance, and repair of the photo red light imaging detector
- 16 system. Prior to the installation and operation of any photo
- 17 red light imaging detector system, the county shall conduct a
- 18 comprehensive engineering review and study of each intersection
- 19 considered for enforcement via the photo red light imaging
- 20 detector system and shall implement all necessary and
- 21 appropriate engineering, design, and traffic-control-signal

- 1 timing measures. Where the photo red light imaging detector
- 2 system affects state property, the department shall cooperate
- 3 with and assist the county as needed to install, maintain, and
- 4 repair the photo red light imaging detector system established
- 5 pursuant to this Act.
- 6 SECTION 6. Photo red light imaging detector system
- 7 requirements. (a) Photo red light imaging detector equipment
- 8 shall be positioned within the pilot program designated area
- 9 established in section 4 of this Act at the ten intersections
- 10 with the highest motor vehicle accident rates during the time
- 11 period beginning on January 1, 2018, and ending on March 15,
- 12 2019. Intersections shall not be selected solely because they
- 13 experience high volumes of traffic. Photo red light imaging
- 14 detector equipment shall be operated from a fixed pole, post, or
- 15 other fixed structure on a state or county highway.
- 16 (b) Signs and other official traffic-control devices
- 17 indicating that traffic signal laws are enforced by a photo red
- 18 light imaging detector system shall be posted on all major
- 19 routes entering the area designated by section 4 of this Act to
- 20 provide, as far as practicable, notice to drivers of the
- 21 existence and operation of the system.

- 1 (c) Proof of a traffic-control signal violation shall be
- 2 as evidenced by information obtained from the photo red light
- 3 imaging detector system authorized pursuant to this Act. A
- 4 certificate, sworn to or affirmed by the county's agent or
- 5 employee, or a facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of
- 6 photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other recorded
- 7 images produced by the system, shall be prima facie evidence of
- 8 the facts contained therein. Any photographs, microphotographs,
- 9 videotape, or other recorded images evidencing a violation shall
- 10 be available for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate the
- 11 liability for that violation.
- 12 (d) No notice of traffic infraction pursuant to the photo
- 13 red light imaging detector systems program shall be issued
- 14 unless it contains a clear and unobstructed photographic,
- 15 digital, or other visual image of the driver of the motor
- 16 vehicle.
- 17 (e) The conditions specified in this section shall not
- 18 apply when the information gathered is used for highway safety
- 19 research or to issue warning citations not involving a fine,
- 20 court appearance, or a person's driving record.

1 SECTION 7. Notice of traffic infraction. 2 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, whenever any motor 3 vehicle is determined, by means of a photo red light imaging 4 detector system, to have disregarded a steady red signal in 5 violation of section 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes, the 6 county shall cause a notice of traffic infraction, as described 7 in this section, to be sent by certified or registered mail with 8 a return receipt, which is postmarked within seventy-two hours 9 of the time of the incident, to the registered owner of the 10 vehicle at the address on record at the vehicle licensing 11 division. If the end of the seventy-two-hour period falls on a 12 Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday, or state holiday, then the 13 ending period shall run until the end of the next day that is 14 not a Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday, or state holiday. 15 (b) Prior to the mailing of the notice of traffic **16** infraction pursuant to subsection (a), the police department **17** shall review and verify the validity of the clear and 18 unobstructed photographic, digital, or other visual image of the 19 driver of the motor vehicle required under section 6(d) of this 20 Act.

$oldsymbol{1}$ (c) The form and content of the notice of traff	arric	of trai	ΟĪ	notice	the	ΟĪ	content	and	Iorm	The	(C)	l
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- 2 infraction shall be as adopted or prescribed by the
- 3 administrative judge of the district courts and shall be printed
- 4 on a form commensurate with the form of other summonses or
- 5 citations used in modern methods of arrest, so designed to
- 6 include all necessary information to make the notice of traffic
- 7 infraction valid within the laws of the State; provided that any
- 8 notice of traffic infraction pursuant to the photo red light
- 9 imaging detector systems program shall contain:
- 10 (1) The date, time, and location of the violation;
- 11 (2) The license number of the vehicle; and
- 12 (3) A clear and unobstructed photographic, digital, or
- other visual image of the operator of the motor
- vehicle that is to be used as evidence of the
- violation.
- (d) Every notice of traffic infraction shall be
- 17 consecutively numbered and each copy thereof shall bear the
- 18 number of its respective original.
- 19 (e) Upon receipt of the notice of traffic infraction, the
- 20 registered owner shall respond as provided for in section
- 21 291D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes. A mail receipt signed by the

- 1 registered owner shall be prima facie evidence of notification.
- 2 The registered owner shall be determined by the identification
- 3 of the motor vehicle's registration plates.
- 4 (f) The county, or the county's agent or employee, shall
- 5 be available to testify as to the authenticity of the
- 6 information provided pursuant to this section.
- 7 SECTION 8. Registered owner's responsibility for a notice
- 8 of infraction. In any proceeding for a violation of this Act,
- 9 the information contained in the notice of traffic infraction
- 10 mailed in accordance with section 7 of this Act shall be deemed
- 11 evidence that the registered owner of the motor vehicle violated
- 12 section 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- SECTION 9. Prima facie evidence. (a) Whenever the photo
- 14 red light imaging detector system determines that an operator of
- 15 a motor vehicle has violated section 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii
- 16 Revised Statutes, evidence that the motor vehicle described in
- 17 the notice of traffic infraction issued pursuant to this Act was
- 18 operated in violation of that section, together with proof that
- 19 the person to whom the notice of traffic infraction was sent was
- 20 the registered owner of the motor vehicle at the time of the
- 21 violation, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the

1	registered	owner	of	the	motor	vehicle	was	the	person	that
2	committed t	the vio	olat	ion	•					

- 3 (b) The registered owner of the vehicle may present4 evidence to rebut the evidence in subsection (a), including:
- (1) Submitting a written statement as provided in section
 291D-6(b)(2), Hawaii Revised Statutes;
- 7 (2) Testifying in open court under oath that the person 8 was not the operator of the motor vehicle at the time 9 of the alleged violation;
- 10 (3) Calling witnesses to testify in open court under oath
 11 that the person was not the operator of the motor
 12 vehicle at the time of the alleged violation;
- 13 (4) Providing extrinsic evidence that the person was not
 14 the operator of the motor vehicle at the time of the
 15 alleged violation;
- 16 (5) Presenting, prior to the return date established on
 17 the notice of infraction issued pursuant to this Act,
 18 a letter of verification of loss from the police
 19 department indicating that the vehicle had been
 20 reported stolen, to the court adjudicating the alleged
 21 violation; or

- 1 (6) Identifying the driver of the motor vehicle at the 2
- time of the offense.
- 3 SECTION 10. Failure to answer the notice of traffic
- 4 infraction. If the registered owner of the motor vehicle does
- 5 not answer the notice of traffic infraction within twenty-one
- 6 days of the issuance of the notice pursuant to section
- 7 291D-6(a), Hawaii Revised Statutes, the district court shall
- 8 mail, pursuant to section 291D-7(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes, a
- 9 notice of entry of default judgment to the address in which the
- 10 motor vehicle is registered.
- 11 SECTION 11. Liability for rental or U-drive vehicle.
- 12 liability for any notice of traffic infraction issued pursuant
- 13 to this Act of any registered owner of record who is the lessor
- 14 of a rental or U-drive motor vehicle, as defined in section
- 15 286-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, pursuant to a written lease
- 16 agreement, shall be as provided in section 291C-226, Hawaii
- 17 Revised Statutes.
- 18 SECTION 12. Penalty. The act of disregarding a steady red
- 19 signal, as determined by means of a photo red light imaging
- 20 detector system, shall be a violation of section 291C-32(a)(3),
- 21 Hawaii Revised Statutes, and any penalty imposed for that

- 1 violation shall be as provided in section 291C-161, Hawaii
- 2 Revised Statutes.
- 3 SECTION 13. Fines for unauthorized disclosure. All
- 4 personal and confidential information made available by any
- 5 government agency to an agent of any county for the photo red
- 6 light imaging detector systems pilot program shall be kept
- 7 confidential and shall be used only for the purposes for which
- 8 the information was furnished. Any officer, employee, or agent
- 9 of a county who intentionally discloses or provides a copy of
- 10 personal and confidential information obtained from a photo red
- 11 light imaging detector system to any person or agency without
- 12 authorization shall be fined not more than \$; provided
- 13 that the fine shall not preclude the application of penalties or
- 14 fines otherwise provided for by law.
- 15 SECTION 14. Photo red light imaging detector systems pilot
- 16 program account established. (a) There is established, as a
- 17 special account within the general fund, a photo red light
- 18 imaging detector systems pilot program account, into which shall
- 19 be paid revenues collected pursuant to this Act.
- 20 (b) All fines collected under this Act shall be deposited
- 21 into the photo red light imaging detector system pilot program

- 1 account. Moneys in the account shall be expended in the county
- 2 in which the fine was imposed, for purposes that include the
- 3 establishment, operation, management, and maintenance of a photo
- 4 red light imaging detector system.
- 5 SECTION 15. Private entity; compensation. If the county
- 6 procures the services of a private entity to establish, operate,
- 7 manage, and maintain the photo red light imaging detector
- 8 systems pilot program, the private entity shall not be
- 9 compensated in any manner that is based on the number of notices
- 10 of traffic infraction issued. The county shall pay to the
- 11 private entity a set amount of money, regardless of the number
- 12 of notices of traffic infraction issued.
- 13 SECTION 16. Public informational and educational campaign;
- 14 grace period. (a) At least sixty days prior to the
- 15 commencement of the photo red light imaging detector systems
- 16 pilot program, the department, in conjunction with any county
- 17 that implements a photo red light imaging detector systems pilot
- 18 program pursuant to this Act, shall conduct a comprehensive
- 19 informational and educational campaign to inform motorists and
- 20 the general public about the pilot program.

1 (b) During the thirty days immediately prior to the 2 commencement of the photo red light imaging detector systems 3 pilot program, a warning, rather than a notice of traffic 4 infraction pursuant to section 7 of this Act, shall be mailed to 5 the registered owner of the vehicle at the address on record at 6 the vehicle licensing division for a violation of section 7 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes. 8 SECTION 17. Annual report. The department, in 9 consultation with any county that implements a photo red light 10 imaging detector systems pilot program pursuant to this Act, shall annually submit a report to the legislature not later than 11 12 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular sessions of **13** 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024. The reports shall include, at a 14 minimum, information on whether the implementation of the pilot 15 program has resulted in any statistically significant reduction 16 in motor vehicle accidents, traffic infractions, and other **17** traffic-related incidents. The reports shall also include 18 recommendations on how to improve the pilot program, if it 19 should be made permanent, and funding estimates.

- 1 SECTION 18. Rules. The department shall adopt rules
- 2 pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as may be
- 3 necessary to implement this Act.
- 4 PART III
- 5 SECTION 19. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any
- 6 affected county shall be authorized to implement a photo red
- 7 light imaging system pursuant to this Act.
- 8 SECTION 20. There is appropriated out of the general
- 9 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 10 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2020-2021 for
- 11 purposes of establishing the photo red light imaging detector
- 12 systems pilot program.
- 13 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the city and
- 14 county of Honolulu for the purposes of this Act.
- 15 SECTION 21. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 16 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
- 17 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 18 applications of the Act which can be given effect without the
- 19 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 20 of this Act are severable.

1	SECT	ION 22. This Act does not affect rights and duties
2	that matu	red, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
3	were begu	n, before its effective date.
4	SECT	ION 23. Upon the repeal of this Act as provided in
5	section 2	3:
6	(1)	All contracts, agreements, permits, or other documents
7		executed or entered into by any county pursuant to
8		this Act shall remain in full force and effect until
9		terminated pursuant to the terms of the relevant
10		contract, agreement, permit, or document; and
11	(2)	All unexpended and unencumbered moneys remaining in an
12		account or fund established pursuant to section 14 of
13		this Act and deemed to be in excess of the moneys
14		necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act shall
15		lapse to the credit of the general fund.
16	SECT	ION 24. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050,
17	and shall	be repealed on June 30, 2023.

Report Title:

Department of Transportation; Highway Safety; Photo Red Light Imaging Pilot Program; Appropriation

Description:

Establishes a three-year photo red light imaging detector system pilot program. Authorizes any affected county to administer the photo red light imaging detector system pilot program. Establishes a photo red light imaging detector systems pilot program account as a special account within the general fund. Requires proceeds of fines expended in the county from which they were collected for operation of the photo red light imaging detector systems pilot program. Appropriates funds. Sunsets 6/30/2023. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD1)

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