### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. Chapter 704, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
4	and to read as follows:
5	"§704- Effect of finding of unfitness to proceed for
6	defendants charged with petty misdemeanors not involving
7	violence or attempted violence; criminal justice diversion
8	program. (1) In cases where the defendant is charged with a
9	petty misdemeanor not involving violence or attempted violence,
10	if, at the hearing held pursuant to section 704-404(2)(a) or at
11	a further hearing held after the appointment of an examiner
12	pursuant to section 704-404(2)(b), the court determines that the
13	defendant lacks fitness to proceed, the court may:
14	(a) Suspend the proceedings and order the defendant to be
15	transferred to the custody of the director of health
16	and placed in a hospital or other suitable facility

1	for further examination and assessment for up to seven
2	days; or
3	(b) Dismiss the charges with or without prejudice.
4	(2) If the defendant's clinical team determines that the
5	defendant meets the criteria for involuntary hospitalization set
6	forth in section 334-60.2, the director of health shall file a
7	petition for involuntary hospitalization pursuant to section
8	334-60.3 in family court. If the petition is granted, the
9	defendant shall remain hospitalized for a time period as
10	provided by section 334-60.6.
11	(3) If the defendant's clinical team determines that the
12	defendant does not meet the criteria for involuntary
13	hospitalization, or the family court denies the petition for
14	involuntary hospitalization, or in the anticipation of discharge
15	after involuntary hospitalization pursuant to section 334-60.3,
16	the clinical team shall determine whether an assisted community
17	treatment plan is appropriate pursuant to chapter 334, part
18	VIII. If the clinical team determines that an assisted
19	community treatment plan is appropriate, the psychiatrist or
20	advanced practice registered nurse from the clinical team shall
21	prepare the certificate for assisted community treatment

1	specified by section 334-123. The clinical team shall identify
2	a community mental health outpatient program that agrees to
3	provide mental health services to the defendant as the
4	designated mental health program under the assisted community
5	treatment order. The defendant may be held at the hospital or
6	other suitable facility pending the family court hearing on the
7	petition for assisted community treatment. If the petition is
8	granted, the defendant shall be released for treatment with the
9	designated mental health program once the assisted community
10	treatment order is issued and the initial treatment consistent
11	with the assisted community treatment plan is administered to
12	the defendant.
13	(4) If the petition for assisted community treatment is
14	not granted or the clinical team determines that an assisted
15	community treatment order is not appropriate, the defendant
16	shall be:
17	(a) Referred to an appropriate outpatient mental health
18	program for continued support, care, and treatment;
19	and
20	(b) Discharged from the hospital or other suitable
21	facility."

1	SECTION 2. Section 704-404, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended as follows:
3	1. By amending subsections (1) and (2) to read:
4	"(1) Whenever there is reason to doubt the defendant's
5	fitness to proceed, the court may immediately suspend all
6	further proceedings in the prosecution; provided that for any
7	defendant not subject to an order of commitment to a hospital
8	for the purpose of the examination, neither the right to bail
9	nor proceedings pursuant to chapter 804 shall be suspended. If
10	a trial jury has been [empanelled,] empaneled, it shall be
11	discharged or retained at the discretion of the court. The
12	discharge of the trial jury shall not be a bar to further
13	prosecution.
14	(2) Upon suspension of further proceedings in the
15	$prosecution[_{ au}]$ :
16	(a) In nonfelony cases, if a court-based certified
17	examiner is available, the court shall appoint the
18	court-based certified examiner to examine and provide
19	an expedited report solely upon the issue of the
20	defendant's fitness to proceed. The court-based
21	certified examiner shall file the examiner's report

		with the court within two days of the appointment of
2		the examiner. A fitness determination hearing shall
3		be held within two days of the filing of the report,
4		or as soon thereafter as is practicable;
5	<u>(b)</u>	In nonfelony cases where a court-based certified
6		examiner is not available, the court shall appoint
7		[three qualified examiners in felony cases, and] one
8		qualified examiner [in nonfelony cases,] to examine
9		and report upon the defendant's fitness to proceed.
10		The court may appoint as the examiner either a
11		psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist; and
12	<u>(c)</u>	In felony cases, the court shall appoint three
13		qualified examiners to examine and report upon the
14		defendant's fitness to proceed. The court shall
15		appoint as examiners [at least one psychiatrist and at
16		least one licensed psychologist. The third examiner
17		may be a psychiatrist, licensed psychologist, or
18		qualified physician. One psychiatrists, licensed
19		psychologists, or qualified physicians; provided that
20		one of the three examiners shall be a psychiatrist or

1	licensed psychologist designated by the director of
2	health from within the department of health.
3	[In nonfelony cases, the court may appoint as examiners either a
4	psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist.] All examiners shall
5	be appointed from a list of certified examiners as determined by
6	the department of health. The court, in appropriate
7	circumstances, may appoint an additional examiner or examiners.
8	The examination may be conducted while the defendant is in
9	custody or on release or, in the court's discretion, when
10	necessary the court may order the defendant to be committed to a
11	hospital or other suitable facility for the purpose of the
12	examination for a period not exceeding thirty days, or a longer
13	period as the court determines to be necessary for the purpose.
14	The court may direct that one or more qualified physicians or
15	psychologists retained by the defendant be permitted to witness
16	the examination. As used in this section, the term "licensed
17	psychologist" includes psychologists exempted from licensure by
18	section 465-3(a)(3) and "qualified physician" means a physician
19	qualified by the court for the specific evaluation ordered."
20	2. By amending subsection (5) to read:

1	"(5)	[The] Except in the case of an examination pursuant
2	to subsect	tion (2)(a), the report of the examination for fitness
3	to proceed	d shall include the following:
4	(a)	A description of the nature of the examination;
5	<u>(b)</u>	A diagnosis of the physical or mental condition of the
6		<pre>defendant;</pre>
7	[ <del>-(b)</del> -]	(c) An opinion as to the defendant's capacity to
8		understand the proceedings against the defendant and
9		to assist in the defendant's own defense;
10	[ <del>(c)</del> ]	(d) An assessment of the risk of danger to the
11		defendant or to the person or property of others for
12		consideration and determination of the defendant's
13		release on conditions; and
14	[ <del>-(d)-</del> ]	(e) Where more than one examiner is appointed, a
15		statement that the opinion rendered was arrived at
16		independently of any other examiner, unless there is a
17		showing to the court of a clear need for communication
18		between or among the examiners for clarification. A
19		description of the communication shall be included in
20		the report. After all reports are submitted to the
21		court, examiners may confer without restriction."

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3. By amending subsection (7) to read:
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         "(7) [Three copies] A copy of the report of the
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    examination, including any supporting documents, shall be filed
    with the clerk of the court[, who shall cause copies to be
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    delivered to the prosecuting attorney and to counsel for the
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    defendant]."
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         SECTION 3. Section 704-406, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
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               If the court determines that the defendant lacks
         "(1)
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    fitness to proceed, the proceeding against the defendant shall
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    be suspended, except as provided in [section] sections
    704-407[_{T}] and 704- , and the court shall commit the defendant
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    to the custody of the director of health to be placed in an
    appropriate institution for detention, assessment, care, and
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    treatment; provided that [the commitment shall be limited in
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    certain cases as follows:
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         (a) When] when the defendant is charged with a petty
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              misdemeanor not involving violence or attempted
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              violence, the [commitment shall be limited to no
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              longer than sixty days from the date the court
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              determines the defendant lacks fitness to proceed; and
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1	(b) When the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor not
2	involving violence or attempted violence, the
3	commitment shall be limited to no longer than one
4	hundred twenty days from the date the court determines
5	the defendant lacks fitness to proceed. defendant
6	shall be diverted from the criminal justice system
7	pursuant to section 704
8	If the court is satisfied that the defendant may be released on
9	conditions without danger to the defendant or to another or risk
10	of substantial danger to property of others, the court shall
11	order the defendant's release, which shall continue at the
12	discretion of the court, on conditions the court determines
13	necessary[; provided that the release on conditions of a
14	defendant charged with a petty misdemeanor not involving
15	violence or attempted violence shall continue for no longer than
16	sixty days, and the release on conditions of a defendant charged
17	with a misdemeanor not involving violence or attempted violence
18	shall continue for no longer than one hundred twenty days]. A
19	copy of all reports filed pursuant to section 704-404 shall be
20	attached to the order of commitment or order of release on
21	conditions that is provided to the department of health. When

- 1 the defendant is committed to the custody of the director of
- 2 health for detention, assessment, care, and treatment, the
- 3 county police departments shall provide to the director of
- 4 health and the defendant copies of all police reports from cases
- 5 filed against the defendant that have been adjudicated by the
- 6 acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, a finding of
- 7 guilt, acquittal, acquittal pursuant to section 704-400, or by
- 8 the entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere made pursuant
- 9 to chapter 853; provided that the disclosure to the director of
- 10 health and the defendant does not frustrate a legitimate
- 11 function of the county police departments; provided further that
- 12 expunged records, records of or pertaining to any adjudication
- 13 or disposition rendered in the case of a juvenile, or records
- 14 containing data from the United States National Crime
- 15 Information Center shall not be provided. The county police
- 16 departments shall segregate or sanitize from the police reports
- 17 information that would result in the likely or actual
- 18 identification of individuals who furnished information in
- 19 connection with the investigation or who were of investigatory
- 20 interest. No further disclosure of records shall be made except
- 21 as provided by law."

1	SECT	LON 4. Section 704-411, Hawall Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	y amending subsection (3) to read as follows:
3	"(3)	When ordering a hearing pursuant to subsection (2):
4	(a)	In nonfelony cases, the court shall appoint a
5		qualified examiner to examine and report upon the
6		physical and mental condition of the defendant. The
7		court may appoint either a psychiatrist or a licensed
8		psychologist. The examiner may be designated by the
9		director of health from within the department of
10		health. The examiner shall be appointed from a list
11		of certified examiners as determined by the department
12		of health. The court, in appropriate circumstances,
13		may appoint an additional examiner or examiners; and
14	(b)	In felony cases, the court shall appoint three
15		qualified examiners to examine and report upon the
16		physical and mental condition of the defendant. In
17		each case, the court shall appoint [at-least one
18		psychiatrist and at least one licensed psychologist.
19		The third member may be a psychiatrist, a licensed
20		psychologist, or a qualified physician. One] as
21		examiners psychiatrists, licensed psychologists, or

1	qualified physicians; provided the one of the three
2	shall be a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist
3	designated by the director of health from within the
4	department of health. The three examiners shall be
5	appointed from a list of certified examiners as
6	determined by the department of health.
7	To facilitate the examination and the proceedings thereon, the
8	court may cause the defendant, if not then confined, to be
9	committed to a hospital or other suitable facility for the
10	purpose of examination for a period not exceeding thirty days or
11	a longer period as the court determines to be necessary for the
12	purpose upon written findings for good cause shown. The court
13	may direct that qualified physicians or psychologists retained
14	by the defendant be permitted to witness the examination. The
15	examination and report and the compensation of persons making or
16	assisting in the examination shall be in accordance with section
17	704-404(3), (5)(a) [and], (b), (d), and (e), (7), (8), (9),
18	(10), and (11). As used in this section, the term "licensed
19	psychologist" includes psychologists exempted from licensure by
20	section 465-3(a)(3) and "qualified physician" means a physician
21	qualified by the court for the specific evaluation ordered."

1 SECTION 5. Section 704-414, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows: 3 "(1) Upon filing of an application pursuant to section 4 704-412 for discharge or conditional release, or upon the filing 5 of an application pursuant to section 704-413 for discharge, the 6 court shall appoint three qualified examiners in felony cases, 7 and one qualified examiner in nonfelony cases, to examine and 8 report upon the physical and mental condition of the defendant. 9 In felony cases, the court shall appoint [at least one 10 psychiatrist and at least one licensed psychologist. The third 11 member may be a psychiatrist, a licensed psychologist, or a 12 qualified physician. One] as examiners psychiatrists, licensed 13 psychologists, or qualified physicians; provided that one of the 14 three shall be a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist 15 designated by the director of health from within the department 16 of health. The examiners shall be appointed from a list of 17 certified examiners as determined by the department of health. 18 To facilitate the examination and the proceedings thereon, the 19 court may cause the defendant, if not then confined, to be 20 committed to a hospital or other suitable facility for the 21 purpose of the examination and may direct that qualified

- 1 physicians or psychologists retained by the defendant be
- 2 permitted to witness the examination. The examination and
- 3 report and the compensation of persons making or assisting in
- 4 the examination shall be in accordance with section 704-404(3),
- 5 (5)(a) [and], (b), (d), and (e), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11).
- 6 As used in this section, the term "licensed psychologist"
- 7 includes psychologists exempted from licensure by section 465-
- 8 3(a)(3) and "qualified physician" means a physician qualified by
- 9 the court for the specific evaluation ordered."

10 PART II

- 11 SECTION 6. The legislature finds that the recommendations
- 12 of the Hawaii Summit on Improving the Governmental Response to
- 13 Community Mental Illness hosted by the State Justice Institute,
- 14 National Center for State Courts, Conference of Chief Justices,
- 15 and the Conference of State Court Administrators on November 6,
- 16 2019, as well as studies such as the 2016-2017 Policy Paper by
- 17 the Conference of State Court Administrators' "Decriminalization
- 18 of Mental Illness: Fixing a Broken System", demonstrate that
- 19 jails nationwide have become the default mental health method of
- 20 treatment for numerous low-level defendants whose needs could be
- 21 far more effectively addressed by diversion into behavioral

- 1 health treatment. Moreover, once the issue of mental health
- 2 surfaces during a judicial proceeding, the defendant more often
- 3 than not actually spends far more time being incarcerated
- 4 without being treated and being denied due process while
- 5 awaiting mental health evaluations. With the cost of
- 6 incarceration in Hawaii averaging over \$150 per day and the high
- 7 rate of recidivism shown by these studies because of the lack of
- 8 treatment, the legislature finds that allowing the parties to
- 9 opt out of judicial proceedings by entering into agreements at
- 10 any stage of the process is more cost-effective with respect to
- 11 time, money, and community results.
- 12 The purpose of this part is to:
- 13 (1) Authorize the courts to enter into agreements with the
- 14 parties where there is reason to believe that the
- defendant has a physical or mental disease, disorder,
- or defect that will or has become an issue in the
- 17 criminal case;
- 18 (2) Amend the requirements for appointing qualified
- examiners to perform examinations for penal
- 20 responsibility; and

1 (3) Require an examination for penal responsibility to be 2 conducted within fifteen days after a finding of 3 fitness to proceed. 4 SECTION 7. Section 704-407.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended as follows: 1. By amending subsections (1) and (2) to read: 6 7 "(1) Whenever the defendant has filed a notice of 8 intention to rely on the defense of physical or mental disease, 9 disorder, or defect excluding penal responsibility, or there is 10 reason to believe that the physical or mental disease, disorder, 11 or defect of the defendant will or has become an issue in the 12 case, the court may order an examination as to the defendant's **13** physical or mental disease, disorder, or defect at the time of 14 the conduct alleged. 15 Whenever there is reason to believe that the physical or 16 mental disease, disorder, or defect of the defendant will or has 17 become an issue in the case, the court may enter into an 18 agreement with the parties at any stage of the proceeding to divert the case into an evaluation of the defendant, treatment 19 20 of the defendant, including residential or rehabilitation 21 treatment; or any other course or procedure, including diversion

- 1 into specialized courts. Such agreements may include in-court
- 2 clinical evaluations.
- 3 (2) [The] For those cases not diverted by an agreement
- 4 pursuant to subsection (1), the court shall appoint three
- 5 qualified examiners [in felony cases] for class A and class B
- 6 felonies, as well as for class C felonies involving violence or
- 7 attempted violence, and one qualified examiner in nonfelony
- 8 cases and class C felonies not involving violence or attempted
- 9 violence, to examine and report upon the physical or mental
- 10 disease, disorder, or defect of the defendant at the time of the
- 11 conduct. In [felony] cases  $[\tau]$  requiring three examiners, the
- 12 court shall appoint at least one psychiatrist [and] or at least
- 13 one licensed psychologist. [The] When applicable, the third
- 14 examiner may be a psychiatrist, licensed psychologist, or
- 15 qualified physician. One of the three examiners shall be a
- 16 psychiatrist or licensed psychologist designated by the director
- 17 of health from within the department of health. In nonfelony
- 18 cases  $[\tau]$  and class C felonies not involving violence or
- 19 attempted violence, the court may appoint as examiners either a
- 20 psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist. All examiners shall be
- 21 appointed from a list of certified examiners as determined by

- 1 the department of health. The court, in appropriate
- 2 circumstances, may appoint an additional examiner or examiners.
- 3 The court may direct that one or more qualified physicians or
- 4 psychologists retained by the defendant be permitted to witness
- 5 the examination. As used in this section, the term "licensed
- 6 psychologist" includes psychologists exempted from licensure by
- 7 section 465-3(a)(3) and "qualified physician" means a physician
- 8 qualified by the court for the specific evaluation ordered."
- 9 2. By amending subsection (4) to read:
- 10 "(4) For defendants charged with felonies, the
- 11 examinations for fitness to proceed under section 704-404 and
- 12 penal responsibility under this section shall be conducted
- 13 separately unless a combined examination has been ordered by the
- 14 court upon a request by the defendant or upon a showing of good
- 15 cause to combine the examinations. When the examinations are
- 16 separate, the examination for penal responsibility under this
- 17 section shall not be ordered more than [thirty] fifteen days
- 18 after a finding of fitness to proceed. The report of the
- 19 examination for fitness to proceed shall be separate from the
- 20 report of the examination for penal responsibility unless a
- 21 combined examination has been ordered. For defendants charged



- 1 with offenses other than felonies, a combined examination is
- permissible when ordered by the court."
- 3 PART III
- 4 SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 5 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 6 begun before its effective date.
- 7 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 9 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

#### Report Title:

Fitness to Proceed; Petty Misdemeanors; DOH; Penal Responsibility; Mental Health Treatment; Agreements

#### Description:

Amends the effect of finding a defendant charged with a petty misdemeanor not involving violence or attempted violence unfit to proceed. Amends the requirements for fitness determination hearings, court-appointed examiners, and examination reports. Authorizes the courts to enter into agreements to divert into residential, rehabilitative, and other treatment those defendants whose physical or mental disease, disorder, or defect is believed to have become or will become an issue in a judicial case. Amends the requirements for appointing qualified examiners to perform examinations for penal responsibility. Requires an examination for penal responsibility to be conducted within fifteen days after a finding of fitness to proceed. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.