A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CARBON EMISSIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that decisive action is

2 needed to avoid the worst impacts that climate change will have

3 on Hawaii's environment, economy, and quality of life. The

4 State has committed to transitioning away from fossil fuels

5 toward a clean energy economy that is powered by one hundred per

6 cent renewable energy. The legislature has passed ambitious

7 carbon reduction goals, including the goals of reaching net

8 carbon neutrality by 2045, pursuant to Act 15, Session Laws of

9 Hawaii 2018, and achieving the climate change objectives of the

10 Paris Agreement, pursuant to Act 32, Session Laws of Hawaii

11 2017. Setting these bold targets is important, but bold targets

12 alone are insufficient.

13 The legislature also finds that pricing carbon emissions

14 via a tax on fossil fuels has emerged as a broadly supported,

15 economically efficient, and effective policy tool to reduce

16 emissions. Economists and leaders from across the political

17 spectrum, including Nobel prize-winning economists, four former

1 chairs of the United States Federal Reserve, and fifteen former chairs of the United States Council of Economic Advisers, have 2 endorsed a carbon tax as a necessary, market-based solution to 3 4 our climate challenge. Hawaii's own climate change mitigation 5 and adaptation commission has endorsed the adoption of a carbon 6 tax in Hawaii as "the most effective single action that will achieve Hawaii's ambitious and necessary emissions reduction 8 qoals". The legislature further finds that, currently, the prices 9 10 of electricity, gasoline, and other fuels do not accurately 11 reflect the cost to society from the negative environmental and 12 health impacts of burning fossil fuels. This market failure 13 suppresses incentives for developing and deploying carbon-14 reducing measures, such as energy efficiency, renewable energy, 15 and low-carbon fuels. It also discourages individuals from 16 engaging in behavior and making choices that reduce fuel and **17** energy consumption. Taxing fuels according to their carbon content will align the market with desired policy outcomes, from 18 19 an individual's choice of vehicles, appliances, and housing to a 20 business' choices of product design, capital investment, and 21 facilities.

1 The legislature also finds that, if not designed correctly, a carbon tax could disproportionately impact low- to moderate-2 3 income residents. Therefore, it is necessary to consider ways 4 to implement a carbon tax that offsets its regressive nature. A 5 variety of mechanisms exist to reduce the regressive nature of a 6 carbon tax, including increasing the amount of the state earned 7 income tax credit and making the credit refundable, reducing 8 existing taxes, particularly those that are disproportionately 9 paid by lower income residents, such as the general excise tax, 10 or providing a direct dividend to residents. In endorsing the 11 adoption of a carbon tax, the Hawaii climate change mitigation 12 and adaptation commission emphasized the need for the tax to be 13 equitable and appropriate for the people of Hawaii, and to 14 successfully change behavior of industry and individuals in a 15 way that meaningfully reduces carbon emissions. 16 Recognizing the urgent need for an accelerated transition **17** away from fossil fuels, the legislature seeks to better 18 understand if and how pricing carbon can accelerate Hawaii's 19 cost-effective transformation to a one hundred per cent clean 20 energy future, while ensuring that the transition is fair, 21 equitable, and beneficial for all.

H.B. NO. 1584 H.D. 1

1	The p	ourpose of this Act is to appropriate funds for a	
2	comprehens	sive study of a carbon tax to help policymakers better	
3	understand the opportunities, impacts, and options that a carbon		
4	price policy could bring to Hawaii.		
5	SECTION 2. (a) The university of Hawaii shall conduct a		
6	study, and may contract with a third party to assist in		
7	conducting the study, regarding the implementation of a		
8	statewide	carbon tax; provided that the study shall include the	
9	following:		
, 10	(1)	An examination of carbon pricing and options for	
11		adopting a statewide carbon tax in Hawaii for the	
12		purposes of affecting market and consumer behavior to	
13		reduce carbon emissions and their negative impacts on	
14		the environment and on human health;	
15	(2)	Determine what level the carbon price would need to be	
16		set at in order to bring about the desired outcomes as	
17		stated in paragraph (1);	
18	(3)	Revenue projections for a recommended carbon tax and	
19		the source of the projected revenues, such as amounts	
20		paid by the industry, residents generally, low-income	

residents, and tourists;

21

1	(4)	The threshold at which a carbon tax would result in
2		behavior change;
3	(5)	Whether a carbon tax should be implemented through a
4		graduated increase over time;
5	(6)	Recommendations for how to implement a carbon tax in a
6		manner that is equitable, particularly for low- to
7		moderate-income families and individuals, including
8		consideration of the impacts and implications of the
9		following options, either used alone or in
10		combination:
11		(A) Direct dividend to residents;
12		(B) Reduction of other regressive taxes, such as the
13		general excise tax on food and basic necessities;
14		(C) Increasing the state earned income tax credit;
15		(D) Revenue reinvestment in programs that reduce
16		carbon emissions, address climate adaptation
17		needs, or other appropriate programs; or
18		(E) Any other viable options;
19	(7)	Consideration of any comparative advantages or
20		disadvantages of increasing or decreasing existing
21		taxes either alone or in combination, such as the

1		environmental response, energy, and rood security tax	
2		under section 243-3.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the	
3		state fuel tax, or any other related tax, instead of	
4		implementing a new and separate carbon tax, or in	
5		combination with implementing a new carbon tax;	
6	(8)	Consideration of how to include air travel in a carbon	
7		tax;	
8	(9)	Examples of other jurisdictions within or outside the	
9		United States that have implemented a carbon tax and	
10		any lessons that Hawaii may learn from those examples;	
11		and	
12	(10)	Other criteria identified as necessary and relevant.	
13	The university of Hawaii shall engage with stakeholders,		
14	such as any relevant state agencies, including the department o		
15	taxation, business and industry groups, non-governmental		
16	organizations with an interest in energy and climate issues,		
17	non-governmental organizations with an interest in economic		
18	justice issues, researchers at the university of Hawaii,		
19	legislators, the Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptatio		
20	commission, and any other relevant parties, to develop the		
21	appropriate scope of the study.		

- 1 (b) The university of Hawaii shall submit an interim
- 2 report to the legislature of its progress, findings, and
- 3 recommendations, including any proposed legislation, no later
- 4 than December 31, 2019.
- 5 (c) The university of Hawaii shall submit a final report
- 6 to the legislature of its progress, findings, and
- 7 recommendations, including any proposed legislation, no later
- 8 than October 31, 2020.
- 9 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
- 10 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
- 11 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 and the
- 12 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 13 2020-2021 for a study conducted by the university of Hawaii
- 14 relating to the implementation of a statewide carbon tax
- 15 pursuant to this Act, with a project service order to the
- 16 research corporation of the university of Hawaii.
- 17 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the university
- 18 of Hawaii for the purposes of this Act.
- 19 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2100.

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

Report Title:

UH; Carbon Emissions; Carbon Price; Study; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates funds to the University of Hawaii to conduct a comprehensive study of a statewide carbon tax. (HB1584 HD1)

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