HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE, 2019 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. <sup>1583</sup> H.D. 2

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRIC GRID RESILIENCY.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's residents
and businesses are vulnerable to disruptions in the State's
energy systems caused by extreme weather events or other
disasters. In 2017, Puerto Rico was devastated by Hurricane
Maria, leaving a majority of the island's residents without
power for months after the storm made landfall.

7 The legislature further finds that, if a disaster of 8 similar magnitude impacted Hawaii, having some shelters equipped 9 to continue to provide backup power independent of the electric 10 grid while recovery efforts are underway will greatly increase 11 disaster preparedness.

In many areas of Hawaii, public school structures have also served as designated shelters during hurricane warnings and other disaster events. In 2016 as part of an effort to air condition more schools while keeping utility bills in check, the legislature created a goal for the State's public schools to become net-zero in regards to energy use by the year 2035.



1 Following this, many schools have begun to install renewable 2 energy systems in order to meet this goal. However, the department of education has no directive or incentive to install 3 4 systems that are sized or designed to both meet the daily 5 electricity needs of a school during normal operations, and to 6 function as a backup power system for a disaster shelter that 7 can operate independently from the grid at times. Although there is an additional cost associated with the installation of 8 9 such a system, it would also provide value to the utility and its customers by increasing disaster preparedness and by 10 11 providing ancillary services to the grid during regular 12 operations.

Therefore, the legislature finds that it will be beneficial 13 14 to create incentives for the department of education to invest in such systems, and to encourage the public utilities 15 16 commission to consider allowing an interconnection agreement 17 with the utility that credits or refunds schools for the grid 18 services provided to help cover the additional cost of 19 installing systems specifically designed to offer grid services 20 to the grid, whether in the form of ancillary services or more 21 broadly supporting public resilience.

HB1583 HD2 HMS 2019-2120

2

Page 2

1 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to: 2 (1)Require the department of education to establish a 3 pilot program in which various schools are provided 4 with renewable energy systems that are capable of 5 providing backup power in the event of a natural 6 disaster or other similar emergency; and 7 (2) Require the public utilities commission to consider 8 ways to incentivize the installation in public schools 9 of renewable energy systems that can provide backup 10 power in the event the broader electric grid cannot 11 provide power. SECTION 2. Section 302A-1510, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read as follows: 14 "[+] §302A-1510[+] Sustainable schools initiative. (a) 15 The department shall establish a goal of becoming net-zero with 16 respect to energy use, producing as much renewable energy as the 17 department consumes across all public school facilities, by 18 January 1, 2035. 19 (b) The department shall use the amount and value of

20 energy consumed by the department across all public school21 facilities during the 2015-2016 fiscal year as the benchmark for

HB1583 HD2 HMS 2019-2120

Page 3

1	measuring	the department's progress toward the energy usage goal
2	set forth	in subsection (a).
3	(c)	The department shall submit an annual report that
4	shall inc	lude information on:
5	(1)	The overall progress toward the net-zero energy goal
6		set forth in subsection (a);
7	(2)	Its plans and recommendations to advance the net-zero
8		energy goal set forth in subsection (a); and
9	(3)	Any challenges or barriers encountered or anticipated
10		by the department in meeting the net-zero energy goal
11		set forth in subsection (a).
12	(d)	The department shall expedite the cooling of all
13	public scl	hool classrooms to a temperature acceptable for student
14	learning.	When implementing classroom cooling measures, the
15	department	t, and any contractor hired to implement classroom
16	cooling me	easures, shall maximize energy efficiency and
17	installat:	ion and operating cost savings over the entire life of
18	the proje	ct.
19	(e)	Pursuant to this section, the department shall include

20 in the report the status of the implementation of measures taken

# HB1583 HD2 HMS 2019-2120

1	to cool p	ublic school classrooms as required by subsection (d).
2	The repor	t shall include the following information:
3	(1)	The number of completed classrooms in which cooling
4		measures were implemented and the number of classrooms
5		remaining that require cooling;
6	(2)	The different types of cooling measures implemented;
7	(3)	The approximate cost per classroom for planned cooling
8		measures, including installation, upgrades, equipment,
9		maintenance, and projected operating costs over the
10		life of the installed cooling measures;
11	(4)	The approximate cost per completed classroom for
12		cooling measures implemented, including installation,
13		upgrades, equipment, maintenance, and projected
14		operating costs over the life of the installed cooling
15		measures;
16	(5)	The number of completed classrooms in which energy
17		efficiency measures were installed or implemented and
18		the number of classrooms remaining that require energy
19		efficiency measures; and
20	(6)	The different types of energy efficiency measures
21		installed or implemented.

Page 5



1	(f) The department shall establish and implement a pilot		
2	program in at least four schools in which the schools are		
3	provided with renewable energy systems that are capable of		
4	continuously providing backup electrical power, to be sourced		
5	from renewable energy, in the event that the electric grid		
6	cannot provide power. The department shall select schools that		
7	are likely to be designated as emergency shelters in the event		
8	of a natural disaster. In selecting the renewable energy		
9	systems, the department shall consider, among other things, a		
10	system's capacity for generating and providing energy to the		
11	electric grid over the lifetime of the system.		
12	(g) The department shall report its findings and		
13	recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the		
14	legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of		
15	each regular session."		
16	SECTION 3. The public utilities commission shall consider		
17	ways to incentivize the installation in public schools of		
18	renewable energy systems that can provide backup power in the		
19	event the broader electric grid cannot provide power in its		
20	current and ongoing proceedings.		

6

Page 6

SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.



#### Report Title:

DOE; PUC; Electric Grid; Renewable Energy; Sustainable Schools Initiative

#### Description:

Requires the Department of Education to establish a pilot program in 4 schools to install renewable energy systems capable of providing backup power in the event of a natural disaster or other similar emergency. Requires the Public Utilities Commission to consider in its current and ongoing proceedings ways to incentivize the implementation of renewable energy systems in public schools. (HB1583 HD2)

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