

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO DAMS AND RESERVOIRS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Article XI of the Constitution of the State of

2 Hawaii declares that all natural resources are held in trust by

3 the State for the benefit of the people, and that the State

4 shall promote the development and utilization of those natural

5 resources in a manner consistent with their conservation and in

furtherance of the self-sufficiency of the State.

7 Section 3 of article XI mandates the conservation and

8 protection of agricultural lands, promotion of diversified

9 agriculture, and increased agricultural self-sufficiency. The

10 productivity of agricultural lands, however, depends upon the

11 availability of irrigation or sufficient rainfall or moisture

for the production of crops. Irrigated lands can be well

13 adapted to a wide range of diversified crops.

14 Key to agricultural production in Hawaii and agricultural

15 self-sufficiency is the maintenance and enhancement of the dams

16 and reservoirs that were constructed by former sugarcane and

17 pineapple plantation companies. With the closing of



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- 1 plantations, the maintenance and operation of these irrigation
- 2 systems become even more important for the survival and
- 3 expansion of agriculture in Hawaii.
- 4 The purpose of this Act is to establish standards for the
- 5 permitting, inspection, and maintenance of dams, reservoirs, and
- 6 their appurtenant structures in a manner that avoids emergencies
- 7 that create a hazard to life and property. This Act enacts many
- 8 of the recommendations of the Model Law for State Supervision of
- 9 Safety of Dams and Reservoirs, and the criteria for legislation
- 10 required by the national Dam Safety Program Act. Further, this
- 11 Act, establishes a dam rehabilitation loan program proposed by
- 12 the Model Law, primarily funded by revenue bonds authorized by
- 13 the legislature, for the repair and maintenance of dams and
- 14 reservoirs.
- 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 179D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 "PART . DAM REHABILITATION LOAN PROGRAM
- 19 §179D-A Dam rehabilitation loan revolving fund; program
- 20 establishment and funding. (a) There is established in the

- 1 state treasury the dam rehabilitation loan revolving fund, into
- which shall be deposited:
- 3 (1) Appropriations by the legislature;
- 4 (2) Funds from federal sources;
- 5 (3) Funds from revenue bonds authorized by acts of the
- 6 legislature or bond anticipation notes issued pursuant
- 7 to section 39-70; and
- 8 (4) Moneys received as repayment of loans and interest
- 9 payments.
- 10 (b) The dam rehabilitation loan program may obtain funds
- 11 through partnerships with any private or public, bonding or
- 12 loaning agency or organization.
- 13 (c) State funding to the dam rehabilitation loan program
- 14 shall not be reduced because of federal funds provided for a
- 15 rehabilitation loan program.
- (d) Moneys collected for the dam rehabilitation loan
- 17 program and deposited into the dam rehabilitation loan revolving
- 18 fund shall remain in the fund and shall not lapse to the credit
- 19 of the general fund.
- 20 §179D-B Allowable loans. (a) The board may grant loans
- 21 from the dam rehabilitation loan revolving fund to dam owners:

1	(1)	To defray the costs of repairing dams or removal of a
2		dam that the board determines to be dangerous to the
3		safety of persons and property but that are not in an
4		emergency condition; and
5	(2)	To reimburse the board for emergency actions taken by
6		the department under section 179D-24.
7	(b)	Loans shall be granted on the terms and conditions as
8	may be im	posed by the board. The following provisions shall
9	apply:	
10	(1)	The board may take any administrative or legal action
11		necessary for the administration of the dam
12		rehabilitation loan program;
13	(2)	If the balance of the dam safety special fund exceeds
14		\$1,000,000, no single loan shall be made for more than
15		twenty per cent of the moneys available in the fund.
16		No loan shall be made to any dam owner that, at the
17		time of the loan application, has more than twenty per
18		cent of the outstanding loans of the fund;
19	(3)	The loans granted by the board shall be for a term of

not more than twenty years; and the loans shall bear

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1	interest	at	rates	established	by	the	board	by	rule;
2	and								

- 4 dam owner and the board, acting on behalf of the
 5 State. The contract shall provide for the loan of a
 6 stated amount to defray partial or total costs of
 7 repairing the dam. The contract shall provide for
 8 equal annual payments of principal and interest for
 9 the term of the loan.
- 10 §179D-C Eligibility. (a) Rehabilitation projects that
 11 are in compliance with applicable laws and rules and are
 12 permitted, accepted, and approved by the board shall be eligible
 13 for funding through the dam rehabilitation loan program.
- (b) Any costs directly related to rehabilitating safety
 deficiencies of a dam shall be eligible for funding through the
 dam rehabilitation loan program.
- 17 (c) Fees for analysis, feasibility work, alternative
 18 evaluation, and engineering design shall only be eligible for
 19 funding retroactively, after construction has been initiated or
 20 at the point that analysis has shown a dam to be in compliance.

- 1 (d) Up to one hundred per cent of rehabilitation costs for
- 2 a dam may be loaned.
- 3 (e) Dam owners may use multiple programs or sources to
- 4 fund the rehabilitation costs for a dam, up to one hundred per
- 5 cent of rehabilitation costs.
- 6 §179D-D Security interests. (a) The board may take a
- 7 security interest, if necessary, in any property owned by the
- 8 dam owner in exchange for the loan. If the board chooses to
- 9 take a security interest, the board shall take the necessary
- 10 actions to perfect the security interest.
- 11 (b) The attorney general or the board's legal counsel,
- 12 with the consent of the board, may commence any actions
- 13 necessary to enforce the contract and achieve repayment of loans
- 14 provided by the board.
- 15 §179D-E Participation in loans by the department. (a)
- 16 The board may provide funds for a share, not to exceed ninety
- 17 per cent, of the principal amount of a loan made to a qualified
- 18 owner by a private lender who is otherwise unable to lend the
- 19 applicant sufficient funds at reasonable rates.
- 20 (b) Interest charged on the private lender's share of the
- 21 loan shall be not more than the sum of two per cent above the

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- 1 lowest rate of interest charged by all state or national banks
- 2 authorized to accept or hold deposits in the State on unsecured
- 3 short-term loans made to borrowers who have the highest credit
- 4 rating with those banks.
- 5 (c) When a participating loan has been approved by the
- 6 board, its share may be paid to the participating private lender
- 7 for disbursement to the borrower.
- 8 (d) Out of interest collected, the private lender may be
- 9 paid a service fee to be determined by the board, which fee
- 10 shall not exceed one per cent of the unpaid principal balance of
- 11 the loan; provided that this fee shall not be added to any
- 12 amount that the borrower is obligated to pay; and provided
- 13 further that the private lender services the loan.
- (e) The participating private lender may take over a
- 15 larger percentage or the full principal balance of the loan at
- 16 any time that it has determined, to the satisfaction of the
- 17 board, that the borrower is able to pay any increased interest
- 18 charges that result.
- 19 (f) The private lender may take a security interest in any
- 20 property owned by the dam owner in exchange for the loan. All
- 21 collateral documents shall be held by the private lender.

1 Division of interest in collateral received shall be in 2 proportion to participation by the board and the private 3 lender." 4 SECTION 3. Chapter 179D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended by adding six new sections to part II to be 6 appropriately designated and to read as follows: 7 "\$179D-F Emergency action plan. (a) The owners of dams 8 and reservoirs shall have the primary responsibility for 9 determining when an emergency involving the dam or reservoir 10 exists and implementing an emergency action plan for the dam or 11 reservoir. The owners of high hazard potential and significant 12 hazard potential dams shall develop, update, and periodically 13 test an emergency action plan that can be implemented in the 14 event of an emergency involving the owner's dam. 15 The emergency action plan shall include: (b) 16 (1) A notification list of persons who may be endangered **17** if the dam should fail, emergency management organizations, and proper state or county agencies; 18 19 (2) Inundation maps or other acceptable description of the 20 inundated areas, as determined by the department; and

1	(3)	Responsibilities of the owner, emergency management
2		organizations, and state or county agencies to
3		safeguard life, health, and property.
4	(c)	The department shall review and approve the emergency
5	action pla	ans developed by the owners.
6	<u>§1791</u>	O-G Permits required. (a) No person shall:
7	(1)	Construct a new dam; or
8	(2)	Reconstruct, enlarge, modify or alter, repair, remove,
9		or abandon an existing dam;
10	without f	irst obtaining a permit from the board. The
11	application	on for a permit shall be filed upon forms provided by
12	the board	<u>.</u>
13	(b)	The application for a permit to construct a new dam or
14	enlarge a	n existing dam shall include:
15	(1)	The plans and specifications for the dam, reservoir,
16		and appurtenant works signed by the design engineer
17		including:
18		(A) The type and size of the proposed dam and
19		reservoir;
20		(B) The purpose of the proposed dam and reservoir;

1		(C) The reservoir storage capacity and surface area
2		for normal pool and maximum storage elevation;
3		and
4		(D) The area of the drainage basin, rainfall and
5		streamflow records, flood-flow records, and
6		estimates;
7	(2)	The name and address of the owner;
8	(3)	The location of the proposed dam;
9	(4)	The hazard potential identification;
10	(5)	A maintenance plan;
11	(6)	An emergency action plan; and
12	<u>(7)</u>	Evidence of financial responsibility.
13	(c)	The application for a permit to reconstruct, enlarge,
14	modify or	alter, or repair an existing dam, shall include:
15	(1)	The construction plans and specifications for the dam,
16		reservoir, and appurtenant works signed by the design
17		engineer, including any changes to:
18		(A) The type and size of the proposed dam and
19		reservoir;
20		(B) The purpose of the proposed dam and reservoir;

1		(C) The reservoir storage capacity and surface area
2		for normal pool and maximum storage elevation;
3		and
4		(D) The area of the drainage basin, rainfall and
5		streamflow records, flood-flow records, and
6		estimates;
7	(2)	The name and address of the owner of the dam;
8	(3)	The location of the proposed dam;
9	(4)	The current hazard potential classification of the dam
10		and any change in classification that may change as a
11		result of the proposed construction;
12	(5)	Any changes in the maintenance plan as a result of the
13		proposed construction;
14	(6)	Any changes in the emergency action plan as a result
15		of the proposed construction; and
16	(7)	Evidence of financial responsibility.
17	(d)	The application for a permit to remove or abandon an
18	existing	dam shall include plans and specifications prepared by
19	an engine	er for:
20	(1)	Dewatering;
21	(2)	Mothed of broading.

1	(3)	Means of controlling erosion at the site during and
2		after the breach;
3	(4)	Means to control sediment transport from the
4		reservoir;
5	(5)	Time schedule and sequence of construction; and
6	(6)	Evaluating and remapping of downstream flood areas, if
7		necessary.
8	(e)	Minor repairs or maintenance work included in a
9	maintenan	ce plan approved by the board shall not require a
10	permit.	
11	<u>§179</u>	D-H Permits; approval. (a) Upon receipt of an
12	applicati	on for a permit, the board shall cause a notice thereof
13	to be pub	lished in a newspaper having general circulation within
14	the affec	ted area. The notice shall be published at least once
15	per week	for two consecutive weeks. The notice shall state that
16	written o	bjections to the proposed permit may be filed with the
17	board by	a specified date. The board shall establish by rules
18	the time	limits within which objections must be filed.
19	(b)	The board, after a hearing and the resolution of
20	objection	s, shall issue a permit for the construction of a new
21	dam or th	e reconstruction, enlargement, modification or



1	alteration, repair, removal, or abandonment of an existing dam.
2	If the application for a permit is not consistent with the
3	requirements of section 179D-G, the board shall deny the
4	application and notify the owner of the reasons for the denial.
5	§179D-I Inspection of construction and repair. (a) The
6	department's engineer or a consulting engineer selected by the
7	department shall periodically inspect the construction of a new
8	dam or the reconstruction, enlargement, modification or
9	alteration, or repair of an existing dam and obtain
10	certification in writing by the design engineer that the
11	construction or repair is in conformity with the approved plans
12	and specifications.
13	(b) If the department finds that modifications or changes
14	are necessary to ensure the safety of the dam, the department
15	shall order the owner to revise the plans and specifications.
16	If the department finds that the work is not being done
17	according to the approved plans and specifications, it shall
18	deliver written notice of noncompliance to the owner:
19	(1) Stating the parts of the approved plans and
20	specifications with which the owner has not complied;
21	and



1	(2)	Ordering that no further work be done until compliance
2		with the plans and specifications have been carried
3		out and approved by the department.
4	<u>§179</u>	D-J Inspection of dams. (a) Periodic inspections of
5	dams shal	l be conducted by a consulting engineer approved by the
6	departmen	t, and hired and paid for by the owner, who shall:
7	(1)	Review all documents and records relating to the dam
8		and its appurtenances, including the emergency action
9		plan;
10	(2)	Perform the necessary assessments of the condition of
11		the dam, including the need for hydrologic, hydraulic,
12		stability, and structural calculations to provide an
13		accurate assessment of the condition of the dam;
14	(3)	Determine if additional development has occurred
15		within the downstream reach of the dam that may change
16		the hazard classification of the dam or require
17		amendment of the emergency action plan;
18	(4)	Visually inspect the embankment, spillway, outlet,
19		conduits, appurtenant structures, and reservoir
20		conditions at the time of the inspection; and

1	(5)	Prepare a report of findings, recommendations, and
2		proposed actions to be filed with the department and
3		provided to the dam owners. The report shall be
4		submitted on a standard inspection report provided by
5		the department.
6	(b)	Inspections of dams shall be carried out at the
7	following	intervals:
8	(1)	For dams classified as high hazard potential,
9		annually;
10	(2)	For dams classified as significant hazard potential,
11		every two years; and
12	(3)	For dams classified as low hazard potential, every
13		five years.
14	(c)	The department shall perform inspections during the
15	construct	ion or repair of a dam to verify that the construction
16	or repair	is proceeding according to the approved plans and
17	specifica	tions. The department shall require that the design
18	engineer	certify in writing that the construction or repair of
19	the dam h	ad been performed according to the approved plans and
20	specifica	tions as of the date of inspection.

1	<u>§179</u>	D-J Owner responsibilities. (a) The owner shall be
2	responsib	le for the inspection required by section 179D-J and
3	shall:	
4	(1)	Provide for on-going surveillance of the dam;
5	(2)	Train personnel in the basics of visual dam inspection
6		techniques;
7	(3)	Measure and record data based on requirements
8		established by the board;
9	(4)	Promptly notify the department of any unusual
10		observations;
1	(5)	Inspect the dam after any unusual event, including but
12		not limited to a significant storm or runoff or
13		earthquake, to determine if structural or operational
14		problems exist;
15	(6)	Maintain records for the dam required by the board,
16		including but not limited to construction plans and
17		documents, engineering studies, inspection reports,
18		monitoring records, and the emergency action plan; and
19	(7)	Submit an annual statement indicating that the dam is
20		being maintained againsing to the annual maintainers

1	plan and that the emergency action plan has been
2	updated as necessary.
3	(b) The owner shall report information required by
4	subsection (a) to the department on forms developed by the
5	board."
6	SECTION 4. Section 179D-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"§179D-3 Definitions. The following terms, whenever used
9	and referred to in this chapter, shall have the following
10	meanings, unless a different meaning clearly appears in the
11	context:
12	"Abandonment" means to render a dam non-impounding by
13	dewatering and filling the reservoir created by that dam with
14	solid materials and by diverting the natural drainway around the
15	site.
16	"Adverse consequences" means negative impacts that may
17	occur upstream, downstream, or at locations remote from the dam.
18	The primary concerns are loss of human life, economic loss,
19	including property damage, disruption of public utilities, and
20	environmental impact.



1	"Alterations" or "repairs" means only alterations or
2	repairs to existing dams and appurtenant works that affect the
3	safety of the dam or reservoir, as determined by the board.
4	"Application approval" means authorization in writing
5	issued by the board to an owner who has applied to the board for
6	permission to construct, reconstruct, enlarge, repair, alter,
7	remove, maintain, [ex] operate, or abandon a dam or reservoir
8	and that specifies the [condition] conditions or limitations
9	under which work is to be performed by the owner or under which
10	approval is granted.
11	"Appurtenant works" or "appurtenance" means any structure,
12	[such as] including but not limited to spillways in the dam or
13	separate therefrom, the reservoir and its rim, low level outlet
14	works, and water conduits, [such as] including but not limited
15	to tunnels, pipelines, or penstocks, through the dam or its
16	abutment.
17	"Board" means the board of land and natural resources.
18	"Breach" means partial removal of a dam, creating a channel
19	through the dam to the original stream bottom elevation.
20	"Certificate of approval to impound" means authorization in
21	writing issued by the board to an owner of an existing dam or

1	reservoir.	or	an	owner	who	has	completed	construction,
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- 2 reconstruction, enlargement, repair, or alteration of a dam or
- 3 reservoir, that specifies the conditions or limitations under
- 4 which the dam or reservoir is to be maintained and operated.
- 5 "Dam" means any artificial barrier, including appurtenant
- 6 works that impounds or diverts water and that:
- 7 (1) Is twenty-five feet or more in height from the natural
- 8 bed of the stream or watercourse measured at the
- 9 downstream toe of the barrier, or from the lowest
- elevation of the outside limit of the barrier if it is
- not across a stream channel or watercourse to a
- maximum water storage elevation;
- 13 (2) Has an impounding capacity at maximum water storage
- 14 elevation of fifty acre-feet or more. This chapter
- shall not apply to any artificial barrier that is less
- 16 than six feet in height regardless of storage capacity
- or that has a storage capacity at maximum water
- 18 storage elevation less than fifteen acre-feet
- regardless of height; or
- 20 (3) Meets additional criteria or is specifically exempt as
- determined pursuant to rules adopted by the board.



1	"Dep	artment" means the department of land and natural		
2	resources			
3	"Emergency" includes but is not limited to breaches and all			
4	conditions leading to or causing a breach, overtopping, or any			
5	other condition in a dam or reservoir and its appurtenant works			
6	that may be construed as unsafe or threatening to life and			
7	property.			
8	<u>"Eme</u>	rgency action plan" means a plan that:		
9	(1)	Identifies the area that would likely be inundated by		
10		the failure of a dam;		
11	(2)	Identifies the actions that should be taken in the		
12		event of a failure or threatening condition at the		
13		dam; and		
14	(3)	Is implemented in conjunction with the proper state or		
15		county agencies.		
16	<u>"Eng</u>	ineer" means a licensed professional engineer who:		
17	(1)	Has a background in civil engineering;		
18	(2)	Is competent in areas related to dam investigation,		
19		design, construction, and operation for the type of		
20		dam being investigated, designed, constructed,		

1	reconstructed, enlarged, repaired, altered, breached,			
2	removed, or abandoned; and			
3	(3) Understands adverse dam incidents, failures, and the			
4	potential causes and consequences of failures.			
5	"Enlargement" means any change in or addition to an			
6	existing dam or reservoir that raises or may raise the water			
7	storage elevation of the water impounded by the dam $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}]$			
8	reservoir].			
9	"Hazard potential" means the possible adverse incremental			
10	consequences that result from the release of water or stored			
11	contents due to the failure of the dam or reservoir or the			
12	misoperation of the dam, reservoir, or appurtenances. The			
13	hazard potential classification of a dam or reservoir shall not			
14	reflect in any way on the current condition of the dam or			
15	reservoir and its appurtenant works, including the dam's or			
16	reservoir's safety, structural integrity, or flood routing			
17	capacity.			
18	"High hazard potential" means a dam's or reservoir's			
19	downstream hazard classification assigned to a dam in which the			
20	dam's failure or misoperation will [result in probable] likely			
21	cause loss of human life.			



1 "Low hazard" means a dam's or reservoir's downstream hazard 2 classification assigned to a dam in which the dam's failure or 3 misoperation will result in no probable loss of human life and 4 low economic loss or environmental loss, or both. Economic 5 losses are principally limited to the owner's property. 6 "Operator" means any person who controls, manages, 7 maintains, or supervises the condition and functions of a dam or 8 reservoir. 9 "Owner" means any person who has a right, title, or interest in or to the dam or reservoir or to the property upon 10 11 which the dam, reservoir, or appurtenant works is located or 12 proposed to be located. 13 "Person" means any natural person, partnership, firm, 14 association, organization, corporation, county, county 15 authority, trust, receiver or trustee, limited liability 16 company, limited liability partnership, or company, or any state 17 department, agency, or political subdivision, or any other 18 commercial or legal entity. Whenever used in a section 19 prescribing and imposing a penalty or sanction, the term 20 "person" includes the members of an association or organization,

- 1 and the officers of a corporation, company, county, or county
- 2 authority.
- 3 "Physical clear access" means a roadway or path that allows
- 4 timely access for inspection to a dam, reservoir, and its
- 5 appurtenant works. If by a roadway, the roadway shall be
- 6 maintained in an accessible condition by a four-wheel drive
- 7 vehicle even during inclement weather conditions.
- 8 "Probable" means more likely than not to occur; reasonably
- 9 expected; realistic.
- 10 "Reconstruction" means the removal and replacement of an
- 11 existing dam, or a portion thereof.
- 12 "Removal" means complete or partial elimination of the dam
- 13 or reservoir embankment or structure to restore the approximate
- 14 original topographic contours of the valley.
- 15 "Reservoir" means any basin that contains or will contain
- 16 water impounded by a dam, including appurtenant works.
- "Significant hazard potential" means a dam's or reservoir's
- 18 downstream hazard classification assigned to a dam in which the
- 19 dam's failure or misoperation will result in no probable loss of
- 20 human life but can cause major economic loss, environmental
- 21 damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or impact other

- 1 concerns. Significant hazard potential classification dams or
- 2 reservoirs are often located in predominantly rural or
- 3 agricultural areas but could be located in areas with population
- 4 and significant infrastructure.
- 5 "Water storage elevation" means the maximum elevation of
- 6 water surface that can be obtained by the dam or reservoir."
- 7 SECTION 5. Section 179D-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
- 9 "(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the board may
- 10 set, charge, and collect administrative penalties and recover
- 11 administrative fees and costs, including attorney's fees and
- 12 costs, or bring legal action to recover administrative
- 13 penalties, fees, and costs, including attorney's fees and costs,
- 14 or payment for damages or for the cost to correct damages
- 15 resulting from a violation of this chapter or any rule, order,
- 16 or condition adopted, issued, or required under this chapter.
- 17 The administrative penalty shall not exceed [\$25,000 per day of
- 18 a] \$10,000 per violation, and each day during which the
- 19 violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate,
- 20 and distinct violation. The board shall effectuate rules,

1	procedures, and fee schedules to carry out the purposes of this		
2	section.		
3	(b) Any person who negligently or after written notice to		
4	comply, violates this chapter or any rule, order, or condition		
5	adopted, issued, or required under this chapter, or knowingly		
6	obstructs, hinders, or prevents the department's agents or		
7	employees from performing duties under this chapter, shall be		
8	guilty of a class C felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall		
9	be punished as follows:		
10	(1) For a first conviction, by a mandatory fine of not		
11	less than \$2,500 but not more than [\$25,000 per day of		
12	violation, 310,000 upon conviction, imprisonment, or		
13	both; and		
14	(2) For a second or subsequent conviction, by a mandatory		
15	fine of not less than \$5,000 but not more than		
16	[\$50,000 per day of violation,] \$10,000 upon		
17	conviction, imprisonment, or both."		
18	SECTION 6. Section 179D-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
19	amended to read as follows:		
20	"[+] §179D-21[+] Certificate of approval to impound. (a)		
21	No owner of a dam or reservoir shall impound water without a		



1	valid certificate of approval to impound water at the dam or
2	reservoir.
3	(b) An owner shall submit an application to the board for
4	a certificate of approval to impound water upon completion of
5	the construction of a new dam or reconstruction, enlargement,
6	modification, or alteration of an existing dam. The application
7	shall include:
8	(1) A request for the final construction inspection;
9	(2) The design engineer's certification of compliance with
10	the approved plans and specifications;
11	(3) The as-built plans; and
12	(4) A filling and monitoring schedule prepared by the
13	design engineer.
14	(c) Upon review of the application material and a finding
15	by the board, after final inspection, that the dam and reservoir
16	area is safe to impound water, a certificate of approval to
17	impound and authorization to fill shall be issued by the board.
18	(d) The department may revoke or amend a certificate of
19	approval to impound when it determines that the dam or reservoir
20	constitutes a danger to life and property, and shall recommend

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2 associated with the dam." 3 SECTION 7. Section 179D-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows: 5 If, in the opinion of the department, the owner is 6 not taking the necessary actions and the conditions of any dam 7 or reservoir are so dangerous to the health and safety of life 8 or property as to not permit time for issuance and enforcement 9 of an order relative to construction, modification, maintenance, or repair of the dam or reservoir, or the dam or reservoir is 10 11 threatened by any large flood or other natural disaster, the 12 department may immediately employ remedial measures necessary to 13 protect life and property. 14 The department shall [provide coordination and 15 assistance to] coordinate and assist the proper state or county agency or agencies to maintain control of any dam or reservoir 16 17 that, pursuant to subsection (a), has been determined to be 18 dangerous to life or property until the dam or reservoir is 19 deemed safe, or until any emergency conditions that precipitated 20 taking control of the dam or reservoir, pursuant to subsection 21 (a), have been abated. [The department may determine the proper

actions that must be taken by the owner to alleviate the hazard

1	time at which to relinquish control of the dam or reservoir.]			
2	The depar	tment may use any of the resources at its disposal to:		
3	(1)	Take full charge and control of any dam or reservoir;		
4	(2)	Lower the water level by releasing water from the		
5		reservoir;		
6	(3)	Completely drain the reservoir;		
7	(4)	Perform any necessary remedial or protective work at		
8		the site; or		
9	(5)	Take any other steps as may be necessary to safeguard		
10		life and property.		
11	The depar	tment shall be in charge and full control of the dam		
12	and reser	voir until they are rendered safe or until the		
13	emergency	conditions have ceased and the owner is able to take		
14	control o	of operations. The department's assumption of control		
15	over the	dam shall not constitute a taking and the department		
16	shall not	be liable for any diminution in value that may be		
17	caused by	the department's work."		
18	SECT	ION 8. Pursuant to part III, chapter 39, Hawaii		
19	Revised S	tatutes, the department of budget and finance is		
20	authorize	ed to issue revenue bonds in the total amount not to		
21	exceed \$, in one or more series, which shall be deposited		

- 1 into the dam rehabilitation loan revolving fund for the
- 2 establishment and administration of the dam rehabilitation loan
- 3 program pursuant to section 2 of this Act.
- 4 SECTION 9. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 5 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 6 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 7 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 8 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 9 of this Act are severable.
- 10 SECTION 10. In codifying the new sections added by
- 11 sections 2 and 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
- 12 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
- 13 designating the new sections in this Act.
- 14 SECTION 11. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 12. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

17

INTRODUCED BY: Alfaliation

JAN 2 4 2019

Report Title:

Dams; Reservoirs; Permits; Inspections; Dam Rehabilitation Loan Revolving Fund; Dam Rehabilitation Loan Program; Revenue Bonds

Description:

Establishes standards for the permitting, inspection, and maintenance of dams, reservoirs, and their appurtenant structures. Establishes the dam rehabilitation loan revolving fund and loan program. Authorizes the issuance of revenue bonds to fund the dam rehabilitation loan program.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.