A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that pharmacy benefit 2 managers are third party administrators that contract with 3 health plans, employers, unions, and government entities to 4 manage prescription drug programs on behalf of health plan 5 beneficiaries. Over the past decade, the role of pharmacy 6 benefit managers in the delivery of health care has 7 significantly increased. However, a recent report has found 8 that pharmacy benefit managers have had an adverse impact on the 9 overall costs and prices of prescription drugs. 10 The legislature further finds that a maximum allowable cost
- 11 list is a list of the maximum amounts that a pharmacy benefit
- 12 manager will reimburse a pharmacy for various drugs.
- 13 general, no two maximum allowable cost lists are alike and will
- 14 vary according to drug, pharmacy benefit manager, and plan
- 15 sponsor. However, the lack of transparency surrounding maximum
- 16 allowable cost pricing has enabled pharmacy benefit managers to
- 17 pay aggressively low reimbursements to pharmacies, while

- 1 charging significantly higher amounts for the same drug to plan
- 2 sponsors. This large discrepancy between the list price of
- 3 prescription drugs and the transaction price often results in
- 4 much higher patient copayments.
- 5 The legislature also finds that nearly all health plans
- 6 require some level of cost sharing, either via a fixed copayment
- 7 or some percentage of the cost of care. However, in certain
- 8 situations, a pharmacy benefit manager may set an insurance
- 9 copayment at a higher amount than the actual cost of the
- 10 medication and later take back the excess amount from a
- 11 pharmacy, in a practice known as copay clawbacks.
- 12 The legislature additionally finds that although Hawaii has
- 13 an existing pharmacy benefit manager transparency law, the law
- 14 lacks an appropriate enforcement mechanism or incentive for
- 15 pharmacy benefit managers to comply with disclosure of maximum
- 16 allowable cost lists. Furthermore, while this law is currently
- 17 under the responsibility of the department of health, the
- 18 legislature notes that it would be more appropriate for these
- 19 requirements to be within the purview of the department of
- 20 commerce and consumer affairs, as that is the department with
- 21 existing regulatory control over pharmacy benefit managers.

1	Fina	lly, the legislature notes that strengthening the
2	ability o	f pharmacies to receive timely maximum allowable cost
3	lists, es	tablishing a complaints process for violations, and
4	clarifyin	g penalties will encourage transparency amongst
5	pharmacy	benefit managers, while protecting the State's
6	independe	nt pharmacies and consumers.
7	Acco	rdingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
8	(1)	Establish requirements for pharmacy benefit managers,
9		including for maximum allowable cost reimbursements,
10		provision of maximum allowable cost reports, and
11		complaints process, within the purview of the
12		department of commerce and consumer affairs, rather
13		than the department of health; and
14	(2)	Require pharmacy benefit managers to disclose lower-
15		priced equivalent drugs when a maximum allowable cost
16		is upheld on appeal and allow contracting pharmacies
17		to reverse and rebill claims if a maximum allowable
18		cost is denied on appeal and recoup any overpayment.
19	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 431R, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
21	and to re	ad as follows:

1	" <u>§43</u>	Pharmacy benefit manager; maximum allowable
2	cost. (a)	A pharmacy benefit manager that reimburses a
3	contracti	ng pharmacy for a drug on a maximum allowable cost
4	basis sha	ll comply with the requirements of this section.
5	(b)	The pharmacy benefit manager shall include the
6	following	in the contract information with a contracting
7	pharmacy:	
8	(1)	Information identifying any national drug pricing
9		compendia; or
10	(2)	Other data sources for the maximum allowable cost
11		<u>list.</u>
12	<u>(c)</u>	The pharmacy benefit manager shall make available to a
13	contracti	ng pharmacy upon request, a comprehensive report for
14	all drugs	on the maximum allowable cost list for a plan, which
15	contains	the most up-to-date maximum allowable cost price or
16	prices us	ed by the pharmacy benefit manager for patients served
17	by the ph	armacy, in a readily accessible and secure electronic
18	or usable	web-based format.
19	(d)	A drug shall not be included on a maximum allowable
20	cost list	or reimbursed on a maximum allowable cost basis unless
21	all of th	e following apply:

1	(1)	The drug is listed as "A" or "B" rated in the most
2		recent version of the Orange Book or has a rating of
3		"NR", "NA", or similar rating by a nationally
4		recognized reference;
5	(2)	The drug is generally available for purchase in this
6		State from a national or regional wholesaler; and
7	(3)	The drug is not obsolete.
8	<u>(e)</u>	The pharmacy benefit manager shall review and make
9	necessary	adjustments to the maximum allowable cost of each drug
10	on a maxi	mum allowable cost list at least once every seven days
11	using the	most recent data sources available, and shall apply
12	the updat	ed maximum allowable cost list beginning that same day
13	to reimbu	rse the contracting pharmacy until the pharmacy benefit
14	manager n	ext updates the maximum allowable cost list in
15	accordanc	e with this section.
16	(f)	The pharmacy benefit manager shall have a clearly
17	defined p	rocess for a contracting pharmacy to appeal the maximum
18	allowable	cost for a drug on a maximum allowable cost list that
19	complies	with all of the following:
20	(1)	A contracting pharmacy may base its appeal on one or
21		more of the following:

1		(A) The maximum allowable cost for a drug is below
2		the cost at which the drug is available for
3		purchase by similarly situated pharmacies in this
4		State from a national or regional wholesaler; or
5		(B) The drug does not meet the requirements of
6		subsection (d) for reimbursement on a maximum
7		allowable cost basis;
8	(2)	A contracting pharmacy shall be provided no less than
9		fourteen business days following receipt of payment
10		for a claim to file the appeal with the pharmacy
11		benefit manager;
12	(3)	The pharmacy benefit manager shall make a final
13		determination on the contracting pharmacy's appeal no
14		later than fourteen business days after the pharmacy
15		benefit manager's receipt of the appeal;
16	(4)	If the maximum allowable cost is upheld on appeal, the
17		pharmacy benefit manager shall provide to the
18		contracting pharmacy the reason therefor and the
19		national drug code of an equivalent drug that may be
20		purchased by a similarly situated pharmacy at a price
21		that is equal to or less than the maximum allowable

1		cost of the drug that is the subject of the appeal;
2		and
3	(5)	If the maximum allowable cost is not upheld on appeal,
4		the pharmacy benefit manager shall adjust, for the
5		appealing contracting pharmacy, the maximum allowable
6		cost of the drug that is the subject of the appeal,
7		within one calendar day of the date of the decision on
8		the appeal and allow the contracting pharmacy to
9		reverse and rebill the claim that is the subject of
10		the appeal, and all claims for the same drug at the
11		plan level, until the maximum allowable cost list is
12		updated pursuant to subsection (e), to be reimbursed
13		at the maximum allowable cost established by the
14		appeal.
15	<u>(g)</u>	A contracting pharmacy shall not disclose to any third
16	party the	maximum allowable cost list and any related
17 .	informati	on it receives, either directly from a pharmacy benefit
18	manager o	r through a pharmacy services administrative
19	organizat	ion or similar entity with which the pharmacy has a
20	contract	to provide administrative services for that pharmacy.

1	(h) The insurance commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to
2	chapter 91 to establish a process to subject complaints of
3	violations of this section to an external review process, which
4	may be binding on a complaining contracting pharmacy and a
5	pharmacy benefit manager against whom a complaint is made,
6	except to the extent that the parties have other remedies
7	available under applicable federal or state law, and which may
8	assign the costs associated with the external review process to
9	a complaining contracting pharmacy and a pharmacy benefit
10	manager against whom a complaint is made."
11	SECTION 3. Section 431R-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by adding four new definitions to be appropriately
13	inserted and to read as follows:
14	""Contracting pharmacy" means an independent pharmacy that
15	is not part of a regional or national chain, or part of a
16	pharmacy services administration organization, and there is no
17	other pharmacy within a ten mile radius.
18	"Maximum allowable cost" means the maximum amount that a
19	pharmacy benefit manager shall reimburse a pharmacy for the cost
20	of a drug

- "Maximum allowable cost list" means a list of drugs for

 which a maximum allowable cost has been established by a
- 3 pharmacy benefit manager.
- 4 "Orange Book" means the United States Food and Drug
- 5 Administration's "Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic
- 6 Equivalence Evaluations" publication and its cumulative
- 7 supplements, which include a list of approved prescription drug
- 8 products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations."
- 9 SECTION 4. Section 431R-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 11 "(a) The insurance commissioner may assess a fine of up to
- 12 \$10,000 for each violation by a pharmacy benefit manager or
- 13 prescription drug benefit plan provider who is in violation of
- 14 section 431R-2 [Θr], 431R-3[+], or 431R- . In addition, the
- 15 insurance commissioner may order the pharmacy benefit manager to
- 16 take specific affirmative corrective action or make
- 17 restitution."
- 18 SECTION 5. Section 328-91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by deleting the definitions of "maximum allowable cost"
- 20 and "maximum allowable cost list".

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         [""Maximum allowable cost" means the maximum amount that a
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    pharmacy benefit manager shall reimburse a pharmacy for the cost
    of a drug.
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         "Maximum allowable cost list" means a list of drugs for
4
5
    which a maximum allowable cost has been established by a
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    pharmacy benefit manager."]
         SECTION 6. Section 328-106, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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8
    repealed.
         ["[§328-106] Pharmacy benefit manager; maximum allowable
9
10
    cost. (a) A pharmacy benefit manager that reimburses a
11
    contracting pharmacy for a drug on a maximum allowable cost
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    basis shall comply with the requirements of this section.
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         (b) The pharmacy benefit manager shall include the
    following in the contract information with a contracting
14
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    pharmacy:
         (1) Information identifying any national drug pricing
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              compendia; or
         (2) Other data sources for the maximum allowable cost
18
19
              list.
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         (c) The pharmacy benefit manager shall make available to a
    contracting pharmacy, upon request, the most up-to-date maximum
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1	allowable cost price or prices used by the pharmacy benefit
2	manager for patients served by the pharmacy in a readily
3	accessible, secure, and usable web-based or other comparable
4	format.
5	(d) A drug shall not be included on a maximum allowable
6	cost list or reimbursed on a maximum allowable cost basis unless
7	all of the following apply:
8	(1) The drug is listed as "A" or "B" rated in the most
9	recent version of the Orange Book or has a rating of
10	"NR", "NA", or similar rating by a nationally
11	recognized reference;
12	(2) The drug is generally available for purchase in this
13	State from a national or regional wholesaler; and
14	(3) The drug is not obsolete.
15	(e) The pharmacy benefit manager shall review and make
16	necessary adjustments to the maximum allowable cost of each drug
17	on a maximum allowable cost list at least once every seven days
18	using the most recent data sources available, and shall apply
19	the updated maximum allowable cost list beginning that same day
20	to reimburse the contracted pharmacy until the pharmacy benefit

1	manager n	ext u j	edates the maximum allowable cost list in
2	accordance	e wit	h this section.
3	(£)	The :	pharmacy benefit manager shall have a clearly
4	defined p	roces	s for a contracting pharmacy to appeal the maximum
5	allowable	cost	for a drug on a maximum allowable cost list that
6	complies	with	all of the following:
7	(1)	A co	ntracting pharmacy may base its appeal on one or
8		more	of the following:
9		(A)	The maximum allowable cost for a drug is below
10			the cost at which the drug is available for
11			purchase by similarly situated pharmacies in this
12			State from a national or regional wholesaler; or
13		(B)	The drug does not meet the requirements of
14			subsection (d);
15	(2)	A-co	ntracting pharmacy shall be provided no less than
16		four	teen business days following receipt of payment
17		for	a claim to file the appeal with the pharmacy
18		bene	fit manager;
19	(3)	The	pharmacy benefit manager shall make a final
20		dete	rmination on the contracting pharmacy's appeal no

1		later than fourteen business days after the pharmacy
2		benefit manager's receipt of the appeal;
3	(4)	If the maximum allowable cost is upheld on appeal, the
4		pharmacy benefit manager shall provide to the
5		contracting pharmacy the reason therefor and the
6		national drug code of an equivalent drug that may be
7		purchased by a similarly situated pharmacy at a price
8		that is equal to or less than the maximum allowable
9		cost of the drug that is the subject of the appeal;
10		and
11	(5)	If the maximum allowable cost is not upheld on appeal,
12		the pharmacy benefit manager shall adjust, for the
13		appealing contracting pharmacy, the maximum allowable
14		cost of the drug that is the subject of the appeal,
15		within one calendar day of the date of the decision on
16		the appeal and allow the contracting pharmacy to
17		reverse and rebill the appealed claim.
18	(g)	A contracting pharmacy shall not disclose to any third
19	party the	maximum allowable cost list and any related
20	informati	on it receives, either directly from a pharmacy benefit
21	manaqer c	or through a pharmacy services administrative

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

- 1 organization or similar entity with which the pharmacy has a
- 2 contract to provide administrative services for that pharmacy."]
- 3 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 5 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Pharmacy Benefit Managers; Maximum Allowable Cost; Contracting Pharmacies

Description:

Transfers regulatory jurisdiction for pharmacy benefit managers from the Department of Health to Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, including provisions for reimbursement amounts, disclosure of information, complaints process, and enforcement. (HB1442 HD1)

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