

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PRETRIAL RELEASE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's current
- 2 bail system needs to be reformed to address the disproportionate
- 3 number of pretrial inmates under state custody. In 2016,
- 4 approximately forty-one per cent of the total inmate population
- 5 in the Oahu community correctional system were pretrial inmates.
- 6 The legislature further finds that the majority of
- 7 individuals detained until case disposition are detained due to
- 8 an inability to afford bail. The New York Times found that in
- 9 cases where bail is \$500 or less, only fifteen per cent of
- 10 defendants are able to come up with enough money to avoid jail.
- 11 In addition to the loss of liberty, pretrial detainees who
- 12 cannot afford bail often suffer the loss of employment, custody
- 13 of minors, housing, vehicles, and standing within the community
- 14 regardless of innocence.
- The purpose of this Act is to reform Hawaii's criminal
- 16 justice system by:



1	(1)	Requiring courts to order any person charged with a
2		criminal offense to be released on personal
3		recognizance or on the execution of an unsecured bond,
4		unless the person is unlikely to appear for trial;
5	(2)	Requiring the judiciary to establish a statewide court
6		appearance reminder system for criminal cases; and
7	(3)	Establishing requirements for any pretrial risk
8		assessment tool used by the judiciary.
9	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 601, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y adding two new sections to be appropriately
11	designate	d and to read as follows:
12	" <u>§60</u>	1- Court appearance reminder system. The judiciary
13	shall est	ablish a statewide court appearance reminder system to
14	notify an	y person charged with a criminal offense of the date,
15	time, and	place at which the person to whom the notice was
16	issued sh	all appear in court.
17	<u>§</u> 601	- Risk assessment. (a) Any risk assessment tool
18	used by t	he judiciary in determining whether to release a person
19	pursuant	to chapter 804, shall:

1	(1)	Be locally validated and regularly revalidated to
2		assess the tool's appropriateness for Hawaii and to
3		evaluate its impact on racial and ethnic disparities;
4	(2)	Have minimal or no impact on racial and ethnic
5		disparities;
6	(3)	Be transparent about the data collected and scoring
7		<pre>system;</pre>
8	(4)	Not replace individualized determinations of release;
9	<u>(5)</u>	Clearly and unequivocally define the risk factors and
10		assessment terms used to ensure consistent evaluations
11		and, if possible, distinguish between willful and non-
12		willful failure to appear;
13	<u>(6)</u>	Separate all risk factors and assessments;
14	(7)	Provide statistical analysis for comparisons between
15		similarly situated persons;
16	(8)	If possible, avoid using a person's likelihood of
17		future arrest as a basis for establishing
18		dangerousness; and
19	(9)	Be subject to independent and community review,
20		including review by researchers and stakeholders who

1	do not have proprietary interests in the tool's
2	success.
3	(b) The judiciary shall properly train court personnel
4	with the implementation of any risk assessment tool.
5	(c) The risk assessment of any person charged with a
6	criminal offense shall be provided to all parties as part of the
7	pretrial bail report. The State and person charged with the
8	criminal offense, or the person's counsel, shall be allowed to
9	discuss and challenge the conclusion of a risk assessment tool."
10	SECTION 3. Section 804-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"§804-3 [Bailable] Pretrial release; bailable offenses.
13	[(a) For purposes of this section, "serious crime" means murder
14	or attempted murder in the first degree, murder or attempted
15	murder in the second degree, or a class A or B felony, except
16	forgery in the first degree and failing to render aid under
17	section 291C-12, and "bail" includes release on one's own
18	recognizance, supervised release, and conditional release.
19	(b) Any person charged with a criminal offense shall be
20	bailable by sufficient sureties; provided that bail may be

denied where the charge is for a serious crime, and:

21

1	(1)	There is a serious risk that the person will flee;
2	(2)	There is a serious risk that the person will obstruct
3		or attempt to obstruct justice, or therefore, injure,
4		or intimidate, or attempt to thereafter, injure, or
5		intimidate, a prospective witness or juror;
6	(3)	There is a serious risk that the person poses a danger
7		to any person or the community; or
8	(4)	There is a serious risk that the person will engage in
9		illegal activity.
10	(c)	Under subsection (b) (1) a rebuttable presumption
11	arises th	at there is a serious risk that the person will flee or
12	will not	appear as directed by the court where the person is
13	charged w	rith a criminal offense punishable by imprisonment for
14	life with	out possibility of parole. For purposes of subsection
15	(b) (3) an	dd (4) a rebuttable presumption arises that the person
16	poses a s	serious danger to any person or community or will engage
17	in illega	al activity where the court determines that:
18	(1)	The defendant has been previously convicted of a
19		serious crime involving violence against a person
20		within the ten-year period preceding the date of the
21		charge against the defendant;

1	(2) The defendant is already on bail on a felony charge
2	involving violence against a person; or
3	(3) The defendant is on probation or parole for a serious
4	crime involving violence to a person.]
5	(a) Any person charged with a criminal offense shall be
6	ordered released by a court of competent jurisdiction on the
7	person's personal recognizance or on the execution of an
8	unsecured bond, unless the court determines by clear and
9	convincing evidence that unconditional release will not
10	reasonably assure the appearance of the person when required.
11	There shall be a rebuttable presumption that any person charged
12	with a criminal offense will appear when required. The State
13	shall bear the burden of proof of establishing that release will
14	not reasonably assure the appearance of the person when
15	required. The court shall issue a written order documenting its
16	reasons for denying any person's release under this subsection.
17	(b) If, after a hearing the court finds that the release
18	described in subsection (a) will not reasonably assure the
19	appearance of the person when required, the court may order the
20	release of the person subject to any of the conditions
21	authorized under section 804-7.1.

1	(c) If, after a hearing the court finds that the release
2	described in subsection (a) or (b) will not reasonably assure
3	the appearance of the person when required, the person shall be
4	bailable by sufficient sureties.
5	(d) If, after a hearing the court finds that no condition
6	or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the
7	appearance of the person when required or that release will not
8	reasonably assure the safety of any other person or community,
9	bail may be denied. For the purposes of this subsection, "bail"
10	includes release on one's own recognizance, supervised release,
11	and conditional release."
12	SECTION 4. Section 804-7.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§804-7.1 Conditions of release on bail, recognizance, or
15	supervised release. (a) Upon a showing that there exists a
16	danger that the defendant will commit a serious crime or will
17	seek to intimidate witnesses, or will otherwise unlawfully
18	interfere with the orderly administration of justice, the
19	judicial officer named in section 804-5 may deny the defendant's
20	release on hail researnizance or supervised release. The

1	judicial (officer shall issue a written order documenting the
2	reasons f	or denying the defendant's release.
3	<u>(b)</u>	Upon the defendant's release on bail, recognizance, or
4	supervise	d release, [however,] the court may enter an order:
5	(1)	Prohibiting the defendant from approaching or
6		communicating with particular persons or classes of
7		persons, except that no such order should be deemed to
8		prohibit any lawful and ethical activity of
9		defendant's counsel;
10	(2)	Prohibiting the defendant from going to certain
11		described geographical areas or premises;
12	(3)	Prohibiting the defendant from possessing any
13		dangerous weapon, engaging in certain described
14		activities, or indulging in intoxicating liquors or
15		certain drugs;
16	(4)	Requiring the defendant to report regularly to and
17		remain under the supervision of an officer of the
18		court;
19	(5)	Requiring the defendant to maintain employment, or, if
20		unemployed, to actively seek employment, or attend an
21		educational or vocational institution;

1	(6)	Requiring the defendant to comply with a specified
2		curfew;
3	(7)	Requiring the defendant to seek and maintain mental
4		health treatment or testing, including treatment for
5		drug or alcohol dependency, or to remain in a
6		specified institution for that purpose;
7	(8)	Requiring the defendant to remain in the jurisdiction
8		of the judicial circuit in which the charges are
9		pending unless approval is obtained from a court of
10		competent jurisdiction to leave the jurisdiction of
11		the court;
12	(9)	Requiring the defendant to satisfy any other condition
13		reasonably necessary to assure the appearance of the
14		person as required and to assure the safety of any
15		other person or community; or
16	(10)	Imposing any combination of conditions listed
17		above [+] <u>;</u>
18	provided	that no defendant shall be required to submit to
19	substance	abuse testing as a condition for release unless the
20	defendant	is charged with a crime involving possession or use,
21	not inclu	ding to distribute or manufacture as defined in section

- 1 712-1240, of any dangerous drug, detrimental drug, harmful drug,
- 2 intoxicating compound, marijuana, or marijuana concentrate, as
- 3 defined in section 712-1240, methamphetamine trafficking as
- 4 provided in section 712-1240.7, or involving possession or use
- 5 of drug paraphernalia under section 329-43.5; provided further
- 6 that the court shall order the least restrictive condition or
- 7 combination of conditions that the court determines will
- 8 reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant when required.
- 9 (c) The judicial officer may revoke a defendant's bail
- 10 upon proof that the defendant has breached any of the conditions
- 11 imposed."
- 12 SECTION 5. Section 804-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 "§804-9 Amount. The amount of bail rests in the
- 15 discretion of the justice or judge or the officers named in
- 16 section 804-5; but should be so determined as not to suffer the
- 17 wealthy to escape by the payment of a pecuniary penalty, nor to
- 18 render the privilege useless to the poor. In all cases, the
- 19 officer letting to bail should consider the punishment to be
- 20 inflicted on conviction, and the pecuniary circumstances of the
- 21 party accused. Under no circumstances shall a justice, judge,



9

- 1 or officer utilize a bail schedule as a standard to set bail in
- 2 lieu of the discretion accorded by this section."
- 3 SECTION 6. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 4 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 5 begun before its effective date.
- 6 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 8 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

INTRODUCED BY:

al as

Par Cames

JAN 2 4 2019

Report Title:

Pretrial Release; Court Appearance Reminder System; Risk Assessment

Description:

Requires courts to order any person charged with a criminal offense to be released on personal recognizance or on the execution of an unsecured bond, unless the person is unlikely to appear for trial. Requires the Judiciary to establish statewide court appearance reminder system. Establishes requirements for any pretrial risk assessment tool used by the Judiciary.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.