

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO NURSES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
6	§ -1 Adoption of compact. The "Nurse Licensure Compact"
7	is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all
8	jurisdictions legally joining therein, in the form substantially
9	as follows:
10	NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
11	Article I. Findings and Declaration of Purpose
12	(a) The party states find that:
13	(1) The health and safety of the public are affected by
14	the degree of compliance with and the effectiveness of
15	enforcement activities related to state nurse
16	licensure laws;

1	(2)	Violations of nurse licensure and other laws
2		regulating the practice of nursing may result in
3		injury or harm to the public;
4	(3)	The expanded mobility of nurses and the use of
5		advanced communication technologies as part of our
6		nation's health care delivery system require greater
7		coordination and cooperation among states in the areas
8		of nurse licensure and regulation;
9	(4)	New practice modalities and technology make compliance
10		with individual state nurse licensure laws difficult
11		and complex;
12	(5)	The current system of duplicative licensure for nurses
13		practicing in multiple states is cumbersome and
14		redundant for both nurses and states; and
15	(6)	Uniformity of nurse licensure requirements throughout
16		the states promotes public safety and public health
17		benefits.
18	(b)	The general purposes of this Compact are to:
19	(1)	Facilitate the states' responsibility to protect the
20		<pre>public's health and safety;</pre>

	(2)	Ensure and encourage the cooperation of party states
2		in the areas of nurse licensure and regulation;
3	(3)	Facilitate the exchange of information between party
4		states in the areas of nurse regulation, investigation
5		and adverse actions;
6	(4)	Promote compliance with the laws governing the
7		practice of nursing in each jurisdiction;
8	(5)	Invest all party states with the authority to hold a
9		nurse accountable for meeting all state practice laws
10		in the state in which the patient is located at the
11		time care is rendered through the mutual recognition
12		of party state licenses;
13	(6)	Decrease redundancies in the consideration and
14		issuance of nurse licenses; and
15	(7)	Provide opportunities for interstate practice by
16		nurses who meet uniform licensure requirements.
17		Article II. Definitions
18	As u	sed in this Compact:
19	"Adv	erse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable
20	or crimin	al action permitted by a state's laws which is imposed
21	by a lice	nsing board or other authority against a nurse,

- 1 including actions against an individual's license or multistate
- 2 licensure privilege such as revocation, suspension, probation,
- 3 monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the licensee's
- 4 practice, or any other encumbrance on licensure affecting a
- 5 nurse's authorization to practice, including issuance of a cease
- 6 and desist action.
- 7 "Alternative program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring
- 8 program approved by a licensing board.
- 9 "Coordinated licensure information system" means an
- 10 integrated process for collecting, storing and sharing
- 11 information on nurse licensure and enforcement activities
- 12 related to nurse licensure laws that is administered by a
- 13 nonprofit organization composed of and controlled by licensing
- 14 boards.
- 15 "Current significant investigative information" means:
- 16 (1) Investigative information that a licensing board,
- after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification
- and an opportunity for the nurse to respond, if
- required by state law, has reason to believe is not
- 20 groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more
- than a minor infraction; or

1	(2) Investigative information that indicates that the
2	nurse represents an immediate threat to public healt
3	and safety regardless of whether the nurse has been
4	notified and had an opportunity to respond.
5	"Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or any
6	limitation on, the full and unrestricted practice of nursing
7	imposed by a licensing board.
8	"Home state" means the party state which is the nurse's
9	primary state of residence.
0	"Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body
1	responsible for issuing nurse licenses.
12	"Multistate license" means a license to practice as a
13	registered or a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN)
14	issued by a home state licensing board that authorizes the
15	licensed nurse to practice in all party states under a
16	multistate licensure privilege.
17	"Multistate licensure privilege" means a legal
18	authorization associated with a multistate license permitting

the practice of nursing as either a registered nurse (RN) or

LPN/VN in a remote state.

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- 1 "Nurse" means RN or LPN/VN, as those terms are defined by
- 2 each party state's practice laws.
- 3 "Party state" means any state that has adopted this
- 4 Compact.
- 5 "Remote state" means a party state, other than the home
- 6 state.
- 7 "Single-state license" means a nurse license issued by a
- 8 party state that authorizes practice only within the issuing
- 9 state and does not include a multistate licensure privilege to
- 10 practice in any other party state.
- "State" means a state, territory or possession of the
- 12 United States and the District of Columbia.
- "State practice laws" means a party state's laws, rules and
- 14 regulations that govern the practice of nursing, define the
- 15 scope of nursing practice, and create the methods and grounds
- 16 for imposing discipline.
- 17 "State practice laws" do not include requirements necessary
- 18 to obtain and retain a license, except for qualifications or
- 19 requirements of the home state.

1	Article III. General Provisions and Jurisdiction
2	(a) A multistate license to practice registered or
3	licensed practical/vocational nursing issued by a home state to
4	a resident in that state will be recognized by each party state
5	as authorizing a nurse to practice as a registered nurse (RN) or
6	as a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN), under a
7	multistate licensure privilege, in each party state.
8	(b) A state must implement procedures for considering the
9	criminal history records of applicants for initial multistate
10	license or licensure by endorsement. Such procedures shall
11	include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based
12	information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an
13	applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal
14	Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining
15	that state's criminal records.
16	(c) Each party state shall require the following for an
17	applicant to obtain or retain a multistate license in the home
18	state:
19	(1) Meets the home state's qualifications for licensure or
20	renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable
21	state laws;

1	(2)	(A) Has graduated or is eligible to graduate from a
2		licensing board-approved RN or LPN/VN
3		prelicensure education program; or
4		(B) Has graduated from a foreign RN or LPN/VN
5		prelicensure education program that has been:
6		(i) Approved by the authorized accrediting body
7		in the applicable country; and
8		(ii) Verified by an independent credentials
9		review agency to be comparable to a
10		licensing board-approved prelicensure
11		education program;
12	(3)	Has, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure education
13		program not taught in English or if English is not the
14		individual's native language, successfully passed an
15		English proficiency examination that includes the
16		components of reading, speaking, writing and
17		listening;
18	(4)	Has successfully passed an NCLEX-RN or NCLEX-PN
19		Examination or recognized predecessor, as applicable;
20	(5)	Is eligible for or holds an active, unencumbered
21		license;

1	(6)	Has submitted, in connection with an application for
2		initial licensure or licensure by endorsement,
3		fingerprints or other biometric data for the purpose
4		of obtaining criminal history record information from
5		the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency
6		responsible for retaining that state's criminal
7		records;
8	(7)	Has not been convicted or found guilty, or has entered
9		into an agreed disposition, of a felony offense under
10		applicable state or federal criminal law;
11	(8)	Has not been convicted or found guilty, or has entered
12		into an agreed disposition, of a misdemeanor offense
13		related to the practice of nursing as determined on a
14		case-by-case basis;
15	(9)	Is not currently enrolled in an alternative program;
16	(10)	Is subject to self-disclosure requirements regarding
17		current participation in an alternative program; and
18	(11)	Has a valid United States Social Security number.
19	(d)	All party states shall be authorized, in accordance
20	with exis	ting state due process law, to take adverse action
21	against a	nurse's multistate licensure privilege such as

- 1 revocation, suspension, probation or any other action that
- 2 affects a nurse's authorization to practice under a multistate
- 3 licensure privilege, including cease and desist actions. If a
- 4 party state takes such action, it shall promptly notify the
- 5 administrator of the coordinated licensure information system.
- 6 The administrator of the coordinated licensure information
- 7 system shall promptly notify the home state of any such actions
- 8 by remote states.
- 9 (e) A nurse practicing in a party state must comply with
- 10 the state practice laws of the state in which the client is
- 11 located at the time service is provided. The practice of
- 12 nursing is not limited to patient care, but shall include all
- 13 nursing practice as defined by the state practice laws of the
- 14 party state in which the client is located. The practice of
- 15 nursing in a party state under a multistate licensure privilege
- 16 will subject a nurse to the jurisdiction of the licensing board,
- 17 the courts and the laws of the party state in which the client
- 18 is located at the time service is provided.
- 19 (f) Individuals not residing in a party state shall
- 20 continue to be able to apply for a party state's single-state
- 21 license as provided under the laws of each party state.



1	However.	the	sinal	e-state	license	granted	to	these	individua	1s

- 2 will not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice
- 3 nursing in any other party state. Nothing in this Compact shall
- 4 affect the requirements established by a party state for the
- 5 issuance of a single-state license.
- 6 (g) Any nurse holding a home state multistate license, on
- 7 the effective date of this Compact, may retain and renew the
- 8 multistate license issued by the nurse's then-current home
- 9 state, provided that:
- 10 (1) A nurse who changes primary state of residence after
- this Compact's effective date must meet all applicable
- 12 Article III(c) requirements to obtain a multistate
- license from a new home state; and
- 14 (2) A nurse who fails to satisfy the multistate licensure
- requirements in Article III(c) due to a disqualifying
- event occurring after this Compact's effective date
- shall be ineligible to retain or renew a multistate
- 18 license, and the nurse's multistate license shall be
- 19 revoked or deactivated in accordance with applicable
- 20 rules adopted by the Interstate Commission of Nurse
- Licensure Compact Administrators ("Commission").

- 1 Article IV. Applications for Licensure in a Party State
- 2 (a) Upon application for a multistate license, the
- 3 licensing board in the issuing party state shall ascertain,
- 4 through the coordinated licensure information system, whether
- 5 the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license
- 6 issued by any other state, whether there are any encumbrances on
- 7 any license or multistate licensure privilege held by the
- 8 applicant, whether any adverse action has been taken against any
- 9 license or multistate licensure privilege held by the applicant
- 10 and whether the applicant is currently participating in an
- 11 alternative program.
- 12 (b) A nurse may hold a multistate license, issued by the
- 13 home state, in only one party state at a time.
- 14 (c) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by
- 15 moving between two party states, the nurse must apply for
- 16 licensure in the new home state, and the multistate license
- 17 issued by the prior home state will be deactivated in accordance
- 18 with applicable rules adopted by the Commission:
- 19 (1) The nurse may apply for licensure in advance of a
- change in primary state of residence; and

1	(2) A multistate license shall not be issued by the new
2	home state until the nurse provides satisfactory
3	evidence of a change in primary state of residence to
4	the new home state and satisfies all applicable
5	requirements to obtain a multistate license from the
6	new home state.
7	(d) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by
8	moving from a party state to a non-party state, the multistate
9	license issued by the prior home state will convert to a single
10	state license, valid only in the former home state.
11	Article V. Additional Authorities Invested in Party State
12	Licensing Boards
13	(a) In addition to the other powers conferred by state
14	law, a licensing board shall have the authority to:
15	(1) Take adverse action against a nurse's multistate
16	licensure privilege to practice within that party
17	state:
18	(A) Only the home state shall have the power to take
19	adverse action against a nurse's license issued
20	by the home state; and

1		(B) For purposes of taking adverse action, the home
2		state licensing board shall give the same
3		priority and effect to reported conduct received
4		from a remote state as it would if such conduct
5		had occurred within the home state. In so doing,
6		the home state shall apply its own state laws to
7		determine appropriate action;
8	(2)	Issue cease and desist orders or impose an encumbrance
9		on a nurse's authority to practice within that party
10		state;
11	(3)	Complete any pending investigations of a nurse who
12		changes primary state of residence during the course
13		of such investigations. The licensing board shall
14		also have the authority to take appropriate action(s)
15		and shall promptly report the conclusions of such
16		investigations to the administrator of the coordinated
17		licensure information system. The administrator of
18		the coordinated licensure information system shall
19		promptly notify the new home state of any such

actions;

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1	(4)	Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations
2		that require the attendance and testimony of
3		witnesses, as well as the production of evidence.
4		Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a party state
5		for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the
6		production of evidence from another party state shall
7		be enforced in the latter state by any court of
8		competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and
9		procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued
10		in proceedings pending before it. The issuing
11		authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses,
12		mileage and other fees required by the service
13		statutes of the state in which the witnesses or
14		evidence are located;
15	(5)	Obtain and submit, for each nurse licensure applicant,

(5) Obtain and submit, for each nurse licensure applicant, fingerprint or other biometric-based information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal background checks, receive the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal background checks and use the results in making

21 licensure decisions;



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1	(6)	If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the
2		affected nurse the costs of investigations and
3		disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action
4		taken against that nurse: and

- (7) Take adverse action based on the factual findings of the remote state, provided that the licensing board follows its own procedures for taking such adverse action.
- 9 If adverse action is taken by the home state against a 10 nurse's multistate license, the nurse's multistate licensure 11 privilege to practice in all other party states shall be 12 deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the 13 multistate license. All home state disciplinary orders that 14 impose adverse action against a nurse's multistate license shall 15 include a statement that the nurse's multistate licensure 16 privilege is deactivated in all party states during the pendency 17 of the order.
- 18 (c) Nothing in this Compact shall override a party state's
  19 decision that participation in an alternative program may be
  20 used in lieu of adverse action. The home state licensing board
  21 shall deactivate the multistate licensure privilege under the

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- 1 multistate license of any nurse for the duration of the nurse's
- 2 participation in an alternative program.
- 3 Article VI. Coordinated Licensure Information System and
- 4 Exchange of Information
- 5 (a) All party states shall participate in a coordinated
- 6 licensure information system of all licensed registered nurses
- 7 (RNs) and licensed practical/vocational nurses (LPNs/VNs). This
- 8 system will include information on the licensure and
- 9 disciplinary history of each nurse, as submitted by party
- 10 states, to assist in the coordination of nurse licensure and
- 11 enforcement efforts.
- 12 (b) The Commission, in consultation with the administrator
- 13 of the coordinated licensure information system, shall formulate
- 14 necessary and proper procedures for the identification,
- 15 collection and exchange of information under this Compact.
- 16 (c) All licensing boards shall promptly report to the
- 17 coordinated licensure information system any adverse action, any
- 18 current significant investigative information, denials of
- 19 applications (with the reasons for such denials) and nurse
- 20 participation in alternative programs known to the licensing

- 1 board regardless of whether such participation is deemed
- 2 nonpublic or confidential under state law.
- 3 (d) Current significant investigative information and
- 4 participation in nonpublic or confidential alternative programs
- 5 shall be transmitted through the coordinated licensure
- 6 information system only to party state licensing boards.
- 7 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party
- 8 state licensing boards contributing information to the
- 9 coordinated licensure information system may designate
- 10 information that may not be shared with non-party states or
- 11 disclosed to other entities or individuals without the express
- 12 permission of the contributing state.
- (f) Any personally identifiable information obtained from
- 14 the coordinated licensure information system by a party state
- 15 licensing board shall not be shared with non-party states or
- 16 disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent
- 17 permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the
- 18 information.
- 19 (g) Any information contributed to the coordinated
- 20 licensure information system that is subsequently required to be
- 21 expunded by the laws of the party state contributing that

- 1 information shall also be expunged from the coordinated
- 2 licensure information system.
- 3 (h) The Compact administrator of each party state shall
- 4 furnish a uniform data set to the Compact administrator of each
- 5 other party state, which shall include, at a minimum:
- 6 (1) Identifying information;
- 7 (2) Licensure data;
- 8 (3) Information related to alternative program
- 9 participation; and
- 10 (4) Other information that may facilitate the
- administration of this Compact, as determined by
- 12 Commission rules.
- (i) The Compact administrator of a party state shall
- 14 provide all investigative documents and information requested by
- 15 another party state.
- 16 Article VII. Establishment of the Interstate Commission of
- Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators
- 18 (a) The party states hereby create and establish a joint
- 19 public entity known as the Interstate Commission of Nurse
- 20 Licensure Compact Administrators:



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1	(1)	The	Commission	is	an	instrumentality	of	the	party
2		stat	ces;						

- (2) Venue is proper, and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively, in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings; and
- (3) Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
- (b) Membership, Voting and Meetings.
- (1) Each party state shall have and be limited to one administrator. The head of the state licensing board or designee shall be the administrator of this Compact for each party state. Any administrator may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the Administrator is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the Commission

1		shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the
2		party state in which the vacancy exists;
3	(2)	Each administrator shall be entitled to one vote with
4		regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of
5		bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to
6		participate in the business and affairs of the
7		Commission. An administrator shall vote in person or
8		by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The
9		bylaws may provide for an administrator's
10		participation in meetings by telephone or other means
11		of communication;
12	(3)	The Commission shall meet at least once during each
13		calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as
14		set forth in the bylaws or rules of the commission;
15	(4)	All meetings shall be open to the public, and public
16		notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner
17		as required under the rulemaking provisions in Article

(5) The Commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the Commission must discuss:

VIII;

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1	(A)	Noncompliance of a party state with its
2		obligations under this Compact;
3	(B)	The employment, compensation, discipline or other
4		personnel matters, practices or procedures
5		related to specific employees or other matters
6		related to the Commission's internal personnel
7		practices and procedures;
8	(C)	Current, threatened or reasonably anticipated
9		litigation;
10	(D)	Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale
11		of goods, services or real estate;
12	(E)	Accusing any person of a crime or formally
13		censuring any person;
14	(F)	Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or
15		financial information that is privileged or
16		confidential;
17	(G)	Disclosure of information of a personal nature
18		where disclosure would constitute a clearly
19		unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
20	(H)	Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for
21		law enforcement purposes:

1	(I)	Disclosure of information related to any reports
2		prepared by or on behalf of the Commission for
3		the purpose of investigation of compliance with
4		this Compact; or

- (J) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or state statute; and
- pursuant to this provision, the Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

1	(C)	The commission, by a majority vote of the		
2	administrators, shall prescribe bylaws or rules to govern its			
3	conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the			
4	purposes	and exercise the powers of this Compact, including but		
5	not limit	ed to:		
6	(1)	Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission;		
7	(2)	Providing reasonable standards and procedures:		
8		(A) For the establishment and meetings of other		
9		committees; and		
10		(B) Governing any general or specific delegation of		
11		any authority or function of the Commission; and		
12	(3)	Providing reasonable procedures for calling and		
13		conducting meetings of the Commission, ensuring		
14		reasonable advance notice of all meetings and		
15	providing an opportunity for attendance of such			
16	meetings by interested parties, with enumerated			
17	exceptions designed to protect the public's interest,			
18		the privacy of individuals, and proprietary		
19		information, including trade secrets. The Commission		
20		may meet in closed session only after a majority of		
21		the administrators vote to close a meeting in whole or		

1		in part. As soon as practicable, the Commission must
2		make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting
3		revealing the vote of each administrator, with no
4		proxy votes allowed;
5	(4)	Establishing the titles, duties and authority and
6		reasonable procedures for the election of the officers
7		of the Commission;
8	(5)	Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the
9		establishment of the personnel policies and programs
10		of the Commission. Notwithstanding any civil service
11		or other similar laws of any party state, the bylaws
12		shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and
13		programs of the Commission; and
14,	(6)	Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of
15		the Commission and the equitable disposition of any
16		surplus funds that may exist after the termination of
17		this Compact after the payment or reserving of all of
18		its debts and obligations.
19	(d)	The Commission shall publish its bylaws and rules, and
20	any amend	ments thereto, in a convenient form on the website of

the Commission.

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1	(e)	The Commission shall maintain its financial records in
2	accordanc	e with the bylaws.
3	(f)	The Commission shall meet and take such actions as are
4	consisten	t with the provisions of this Compact and the bylaws.
5	(g)	The Commission shall have the following powers:
6	(1)	To promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and
7		coordinate implementation and administration of this
8		Compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of
9		law and shall be binding in all party states;
10	(2)	To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
11		the name of the Commission, provided that the standing
12		of any licensing board to sue or be sued under
13		applicable law shall not be affected;
14	(3)	To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
15	(4)	To borrow, accept or contract for services of
16		personnel, including but not limited to employees of a
17		party state or nonprofit organizations;
18	(5)	To cooperate with other organizations that administer
19		state compacts related to the regulation of nursing,
20		including but not limited to sharing administrative or
21		staff expenses office space or other resources.

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1	(6)	To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
2		compensation, define duties, grant such individuals
3		appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of
4		this Compact, and to establish the Commission's
5		personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts
6		of interest, qualifications of personnel and other
7		related personnel matters;

- (7) To accept any and all appropriate donations, grants and gifts of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;
  - (8) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property, whether real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
- 19 (9) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
  20 abandon or otherwise dispose of any property, whether
  21 real, personal or mixed;

1	(10)	To establish a budget and make expenditures;
2	(11)	To borrow money;
3	(12)	To appoint committees, including advisory committees
4	•	composed of administrators, state nursing regulators,
5		state legislators or their representatives, and
6		consumer representatives, and other such interested
7		persons;
8	(13)	To provide and receive information from, and to
9		cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
10	(14)	To adopt and use an official seal; and
11	(15)	To perform such other functions as may be necessary or
12		appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
13		consistent with the state regulation of nurse
14		licensure and practice.
15	(h)	Financing of the Commission.
16	(1)	The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment
17		of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
18		organization and ongoing activities;
19	(2)	The Commission may also levy on and collect an annual
20		assessment from each party state to cover the cost of
21		its operations, activities and staff in its annual



1	budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual
2	assessment amount, if any, shall be allocated based
3	upon a formula to be determined by the Commission,
4	which shall promulgate a rule that is binding upon all
5	party states;

- (3) The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the party states, except by, and with the authority of, such party state; and
- receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.
  - (i) Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification.

1	(1)	The administrators, officers, executive director,
2		employees and representatives of the Commission shall
3		be immune from suit and liability, either personally
4		or in their official capacity, for any claim for
5		damage to or loss of property or personal injury or
6		other civil liability caused by or arising out of any
7		actual or alleged act, error or omission that
8		occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is
9		made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred,
10		within the scope of Commission employment, duties or
11		responsibilities; provided that nothing in this
12		paragraph shall be construed to protect any such
13		person from suit or liability for any damage, loss,
14		injury or liability caused by the intentional, willful
15		or wanton misconduct of that person;
16	(2)	The Commission shall defend any administrator,
17		officer, executive director, employee or
18		representative of the Commission in any civil action
19		seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual
20		or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within

the scope of Commission employment, duties or

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responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from that person's intentional, willful or wanton misconduct; and

administrator, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from

1	the intentional, willfu	l or wanton misconduct of that
2	person.	
3	Article VIII.	Rulemaking
4	(a) The Commission shall ex	ercise its rulemaking powers
5	pursuant to the criteria set fort	th in this Article and the rules
6	$\delta$ adopted thereunder. Rules and am	mendments shall become binding
7	as of the date specified in each	rule or amendment and shall
8	$oldsymbol{3}$ have the same force and effect as	provisions of this Compact.
9	(b) Rules or amendments to	the rules shall be adopted at a
10	regular or special meeting of the	e Commission.
11	(c) Prior to promulgation a	and adoption of a final rule or
12	2 rules by the Commission, and at 1	east sixty days in advance of
13	3 the meeting at which the rule wil	ll be considered and voted upon,
14	the Commission shall file a notic	ce of proposed rulemaking:
15	(1) On the website of the (	Commission; and
16	(2) On the website of each	licensing board or the
17	7 publication in which ea	ach state would otherwise
18	gublish proposed rules	
19	9 (d) The notice of proposed	rulemaking shall include:
20	0 (1) The proposed time, date	e and location of the meeting in
21	which the rule will be	considered and voted upon;

1	(2)	The t	text	of	the	proposed	rule	or	amendment,	and	the
2		reasc	on fo	r t	he p	proposed	rule;				

- 3 (3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any4 interested person; and
- (4) The manner in which interested persons may submit
   notice to the Commission of their intention to attend
   the public hearing and any written comments.
- 8 (e) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission
  9 shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and
  10 arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
- (f) The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment.
- 13 (g) The Commission shall publish the place, time and date
  14 of the scheduled public hearing:
- 15 (1) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each
  16 person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable
  17 opportunity to comment orally or in writing. All
  18 hearings will be recorded, and a copy will be made
  19 available upon request; and
- (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as
   requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may

1	be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at
2	hearings required by this section.

- 3 (h) If no one appears at the public hearing, the
- 4 Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule.
- 5 (i) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close
- 6 of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not
- 7 held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral
- 8 comments received.
- 9 (j) The Commission, by majority vote of all
- 10 administrators, shall take final action on the proposed rule and
- 11 shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on
- 12 the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- 13 (k) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
- 14 Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without
- 15 prior notice, opportunity for comment or hearing, provided that
- 16 the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this Compact and in
- 17 this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon
- 18 as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after
- 19 the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this
- 20 provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted
- 21 immediately in order to:



1	(1)	Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or
2		welfare;
3	(2)	Prevent a loss of Commission or party state funds; or
4	(3)	Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an
5		administrative rule that is required by federal law or
6		rule.
7	(1)	The Commission may direct revisions to a previously
8	adopted r	rule or amendment for purposes of correcting
9	typograph	ical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency or
10	grammatic	al errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be
11	posted on	the website of the Commission. The revision shall be
12	subject t	o challenge by any person for a period of thirty days
13	after pos	ting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds
14	that the	revision results in a material change to a rule. A
15	challenge	e shall be made in writing, and delivered to the
16	Commissio	on, prior to the end of the notice period. If no
17	challenge	e is made, the revision will take effect without further
18	action.	If the revision is challenged, the revision may not
19	take effe	ect without the approval of the Commission.
20	Artic	le IX. Oversight, Dispute Resolution and Enforcement
21	(a)	Oversight.

1	(1)	Each party state shall enforce this Compact and take
2		all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate
3		this Compact's purposes and intent; and
4	(2)	The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of
5		process in any proceeding that may affect the powers,
6		responsibilities or actions of the Commission, and
7		shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding
8		for all purposes. Failure to provide service of
9		process in such proceeding to the Commission shall
10		render a judgment or order void as to the Commission,
11		this Compact or promulgated rules.
12	(b)	Default, Technical Assistance and Termination.
13	(1)	If the Commission determines that a party state has
14		defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
15		responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated
16		rules, the Commission shall:
17		(A) Provide written notice to the defaulting state
18		and other party states of the nature of the
19		default, the proposed means of curing the default
20		or any other action to be taken by the
21		Commission; and

1		(B) Provide remedial training and specific technical
2		assistance regarding the default;
3	(2)	If a state in default fails to cure the default, the
4		defaulting state's membership in this Compact may be
5		terminated upon an affirmative vote of a majority of
6		the administrators, and all rights, privileges and
7		benefits conferred by this Compact may be terminated
8		on the effective date of termination. A cure of the
9		default does not relieve the offending state of
10		obligations or liabilities incurred during the period
11		of default;
12	(3)	Termination of membership in this Compact shall be
13		imposed only after all other means of securing
14		compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to
15		suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission
16		to the governor of the defaulting state and to the
17		executive officer of the defaulting state's licensing
18		board and each of the party states;
19	(4)	A state whose membership in this Compact has been
20		terminated is responsible for all assessments,

obligations and liabilities incurred through the

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1		effective date of termination, including obligations
2		that extend beyond the effective date of termination;
3	(5)	The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a
4		state that is found to be in default or whose
5		membership in this Compact has been terminated unless
6		agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the $$
7		defaulting state; and
8	(6)	The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
9		Commission by petitioning the United States District
10		Court for the District of Columbia or the federal
11		district in which the Commission has its principal
12		offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all
13		costs of such litigation, including reasonable
14		attorneys' fees.
15	(c)	Dispute Resolution.
16	(1)	Upon request by a party state, the Commission shall
17		attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact
18		that arise among party states and between party and
19		non-party states:

1	(2)	The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for
2		both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
3		disputes, as appropriate; and
4	(3)	In the event the Commission cannot resolve disputes
5		among party states arising under this Compact:
6		(A) The party states may submit the issues in dispute
7		to an arbitration panel, which will be composed
8		of individuals appointed by the Compact
9		administrator in each of the affected party
10		states and an individual mutually agreed upon by
11		the Compact administrators of all the party
12		states involved in the dispute; and
13		(B) The decision of a majority of the arbitrators
14		shall be final and binding.
15	(d)	Enforcement.
16	(1)	The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
17		discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of
18		this Compact;

By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal

action in the United States District Court for the

District of Columbia or the federal district in which

(2)

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1	the Commission has its principal offices against a
2	party state that is in default to enforce compliance
3	with the provisions of this Compact and its
4	promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may
5	include both injunctive relief and damages. In the
6	event judicial enforcement is necessary, the
7	prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such
8	litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees; and
9	(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive
10	remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue
11	any other remedies available under federal or state
12	law.
13	Article X. Effective Date, Withdrawal and Amendment
14	(a) This Compact shall become effective and binding on the
15	earlier of the date of legislative enactment of this Compact
16	into law by no less than twenty-six states or December 31, 2019.
17	All party states to this Compact that also were parties to the
18	prior Nurse Licensure Compact, superseded by this Compact,
19	("Prior Compact"), shall be deemed to have withdrawn from said
20	Prior Compact within six months after the effective date of this
21	Compact.



- 1 (b) Each party state to this Compact shall continue to
- 2 recognize a nurse's multistate licensure privilege to practice
- 3 in that party state issued under the Prior Compact until such
- 4 party state has withdrawn from the Prior Compact.
- 5 (c) Any party state may withdraw from this Compact by
- 6 enacting a statute repealing the same. A party state's
- 7 withdrawal shall not take effect until six months after
- 8 enactment of the repealing statute.
- 9 (d) A party state's withdrawal or termination shall not
- 10 affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing or
- 11 terminated state's licensing board to report adverse actions and
- 12 significant investigations occurring prior to the effective date
- 13 of such withdrawal or termination.
- 14 (e) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed
- 15 to invalidate or prevent any nurse licensure agreement or other
- 16 cooperative arrangement between a party state and a non-party
- 17 state that is made in accordance with the other provisions of
- 18 this Compact.
- 19 (f) This Compact may be amended by the party states. No
- 20 amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding



- 1 upon the party states unless and until it is enacted into the
- 2 laws of all party states.
- 3 (g) Representatives of non-party states to this Compact
- 4 shall be invited to participate in the activities of the
- 5 Commission, on a nonvoting basis, prior to the adoption of this
- 6 Compact by all states.
- 7 Article XI. Construction and Severability
- 8 This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to
- 9 effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact
- 10 shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or
- 11 provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the
- 12 constitution of any party state or of the United States, or if
- 13 the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or
- 14 circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of
- 15 this Compact and the applicability thereof to any government,
- 16 agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- 17 If this Compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution
- 18 of any party state, this Compact shall remain in full force and
- 19 effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and
- 20 effect as to the party state affected as to all severable
- 21 matters.



- 1 § -2 Representation on interstate commission of nurse
- 2 licensure compact administrators. The chairperson of the state
- 3 board of nursing, or the chairperson's designee, shall represent
- 4 the State on the Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure
- 5 Compact Administrators. The director of commerce and consumer
- 6 affairs, or the director's designee, shall act as an alternate
- 7 for the chairperson of the state board of nursing."
- 8 SECTION 2. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 4 2019

HB LRB 19-0468.doc

#### Report Title:

Nursing; Compact

#### Description:

Requires state participation in the multi-state Nurse Licensure Compact, which will allow a nurse who is licensed by a home state to practice under a multi-state licensure privilege in each party state.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.