A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PRETRIAL REFORM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1		PART I
2	SECT	ION 1. (a) The legislature finds that house
3	concurren	t resolution no. 134, house draft 1 (2017), requested
4	the judic	iary to convene a criminal pretrial task force to:
5	(1)	Examine and, as needed, recommend legislation and
6		revisions to criminal pretrial practices and
7		procedures to increase public safety while maximizing
8		pretrial release of those who do not pose a danger or
9		a flight risk; and
10	(2)	Identify and define best practices metrics to measure
11		the relative effectiveness of the criminal pretrial
12		system, and establish ongoing procedures to take such
13		measurements at appropriate time intervals.
14	Acco	rdingly, the judiciary convened a criminal pretrial
15	task forc	e that consisted of twenty-nine members from various
16	agencies	and organizations with a broad spectrum of knowledge
17	and exper	ience. The task force membership included judges from

1 circuit and district courts; the chair of the senate committee 2 on public safety, intergovernmental, and military affairs; the 3 chair of the house of representatives committee on judiciary; 4 court administrator representatives from each circuit court; a 5 representative from the department of the attorney general; a 6 representative from the department of health; a representative 7 from the department of public safety; a representative of the 8 office of Hawaiian affairs; the police chiefs of the counties of 9 Hawaii, Kauai, Maui, and the city and county of Honolulu; the 10 prosecuting attorneys for the counties of Hawaii, Kauai, and 11 Maui; a representative of the prosecuting attorney for the city 12 and county of Honolulu; a representative of the office of the 13 public defender; representatives of the criminal defense bar 14 from each of the four counties; and a member of the public. 15 subcommittees were formed, and each subcommittee met or 16 otherwise exchanged information numerous times to facilitate the 17 work of the task force. The task force met in plenary session a 18 total of twelve times between August 11, 2017, and July 6, 2018. 19 The task force submitted its report to the Legislature on 20 December 14, 2018. The report contains twenty-five

1	recommend	ations, some of which were accompanied by proposed
2	legislati	on that was authored by the task force.
3	(b)	The purpose of this Act is to implement the
4	recommend	ations of the criminal pretrial task force as follows:
5	(1)	Parts II, III, and IV of this Act implement
6		recommendations of the task force that were
7		accompanied by proposed legislation authored by the
8		task force, with only technical, nonsubstantive
9		changes to the task force's language for the purposes
10		of clarity, consistency, and style; and
11	(2)	Parts V, VI, VII, VIII, and IX of this Act implement
12		recommendations of the task force for which no
13		proposed legislation was provided; however, these
14		parts incorporate, as much as possible, substantive
15		language contained in the task force's
16		recommendations.
17		PART II
18	SECT	ION 2. The purpose of this part is to improve clarity
19	and consi	stency in the criminal pretrial system by requiring
20	that inta	ke service centers:

1	(1)	Conduct pretrial risk assessments and prepare bail
2		reports within two working days of the offender's
3		admission to a community correctional center;
4	(2)	Inquire and report on the offender's financial
5		circumstances;
6	(3)	Evaluate the offender's risk of violence;
7	(4)	Include the fully executed pretrial risk assessment as
8		part of the bail report; and
9	(5)	Periodically review and further validate the pretrial
10		risk assessment tool at least every five years to
11		evaluate the effectiveness of the tool and the
12		procedures associated with its administration, and
13		publicly report the findings of periodic reviews.
14	SECT	ION 3. Section 353-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
16	"(b)	The centers shall:
17	(1)	Provide orientation, guidance, and technical services;
18	(2)	Provide social-medical-psychiatric-psychological
19		diagnostic evaluation;
20	(3)	Conduct internal pretrial risk assessments on adult
21		offenders within [three] two working days of admission

1	to a community correctional center [which shall then
2	be provided to the court for its consideration];
3	provided that this paragraph shall not apply to
4	persons subject to county or state detainers[7] or
5	holds, [er] persons detained without bail, persons
6	detained for probation violation, persons facing
7	revocation of bail or supervised release, and persons
8	who have had a pretrial risk assessment completed
9	prior to admission to a community correctional center
10	For purposes of this [+]paragraph[+], "pretrial risk
11	assessment" means an objective, research-based,
12	validated assessment tool that measures [a
13	defendant's an offender's risk of flight, [and] risk
14	of criminal conduct, and risk of violence or harm to
15	any person or the general public while on pretrial
16	release pending adjudication[+]. The pretrial risk
17	assessment tool and procedures associated with its
18	administration shall be periodically reviewed and
19	subject to further validation at least every five
20	years to evaluate the effectiveness of the tool and
21	the procedures associated with its administration.

1		The findings of periodic reviews shall be publicly	
2		reported;	
3	(4)	Provide correctional prescription program planning and	
4		security classification;	
5	(5)	Provide other personal and correctional services as	
6		needed for both detained and committed persons;	
7	(6)	Monitor and record the progress of persons assigned to	
8	,	correctional facilities who undergo further treatment	
9		or who participate in prescribed correctional	
10		programs;	
11	(7)	Provide continuing supervision and control of persons	
12		ordered to be placed on pretrial supervision by the	
13		court and persons ordered by the director; [and]	
14	(8)	Make inquiry with the offender concerning the	
15		offender's financial circumstances and include this	
16		information in the bail report; provided that the	
17		department of public safety's pretrial services	
18		officers shall be provided limited access for the	
19		purpose of viewing other state agencies' relevant data	
20		related to an offender's employment wages and taxes;	

1	[(8)]	(9) Provide pretrial ball reports to the courts on
2		adult offenders, within two working days of admission
3		of the offender to a community correctional center,
4		that are [consented to by the defendant or that are]
5		ordered by the court [-] or consented to by the
6		offender. A complete copy of the executed pretrial
7		risk assessment delineating the scored items, the
8		total score, any administrative scoring overrides
9		applied, and written explanations for administrative
10		scoring overrides, shall be included in the pretrial
11		bail report. The pretrial bail reports shall be
12		confidential and shall not be deemed to be public
13		records. A copy of a pretrial bail report shall be
14		provided only:
15		(A) To the [defendant] offender or [defendant's] the
16		offender's counsel;
17		(B) To the prosecuting attorney;
18		(C) To the department of public safety;
19		(D) To any psychiatrist, psychologist, or other
20		treatment practitioner who is treating the
21		[defendant] offender pursuant to a court order;

1	(E)	Upon request, to the adult client services
2		branch; and
3	(F)	In accordance with applicable laws, persons, or
4		entities doing research. The research entity must
. 5	•	be approved and contracted by the Department of
6		Public Safety to protect the confidentiality of
7		the information, insofar as the information is
8		not a public record."
9		PART III
10	SECTION 4	. The purpose of this part is to provide viable
11	alternatives t	o arrest for low-risk defendants who have not
12	demonstrated a	risk of non-appearance in court while still
13	protecting the	public from the risk of further crime by:
14	(1) Rein	forcing that police and other law enforcement
15	offi	cers have the discretion to issue citations for
16	traf	fic offenses, violations, petty misdemeanors, and
17	misc	lemeanors; and
18	(2) Prov	riding discretion to law enforcement officers to
19	issı	e citations in lieu of arrest for appropriate non-
20	viol	ent class C felonies.

1	SECTI	ION 5. Section 803-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
3	"(b)	In any case in which it is lawful for a police
4	officer to	arrest a person without a warrant for a non-violent
5	class C fe	elony, any misdemeanor, any petty misdemeanor, or
6	violation,	, the police officer may[, but need not,] <u>exercise</u>
7	discretion	n and issue a citation in lieu of the requirements of
8	[+] subsect	cion[] (a), if the police officer finds and is
9	reasonably	y satisfied that [the person]:
10	(1)	[Will] The person will appear in court at the time
11		designated;
12	(2)	[Has] The person has no outstanding arrest warrants
13		[which] that would justify the person's detention or
14		give indication that the person might fail to appear
15		in court; [and]
16	(3)	[That the] The offense is of such nature that there
17		will be no further police contact on or about the date
18		in question, or in the immediate future [-]; and
19	(4)	The offense does not involve domestic violence, sexual
20	•	assault, robbery, or any other offense enumerated in
21		chapter 707."

1			PARI IV
2		SECT	ION 6. The purpose of this part is to amend chapter
3	804,	Hawa	ii Revised Statutes, to:
4		(1)	Require monetary bail to be set in reasonable amounts
5			based on all available information, including
6			information concerning the defendant's financial
7			circumstances;
8		(2)	Permit monetary bail to be posted with the police,
9			other law enforcement agency, or the county
10			correctional center where the defendant is held, on a
11			twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week basis;
12		(3)	Require prompt bail hearings after a defendant is
13			formally charged;
14		(4)	With certain exceptions, eliminate the use of monetary
15			bail and require defendants to be released on their
16			own recognizance for traffic offenses, violations,
17			non-violent petty misdemeanor offenses, and non-
18			violent misdemeanor offenses;
19		(5)	Create rebuttable presumptions regarding both release
20			and detention and to specify circumstances in which
21			these presumptions apply; and

1	(6) Require the release of a defendant under the least
2	restrictive conditions required to ensure:
3	(A) The defendant's appearance; and
4	(B) The protection of the public.
5	SECTION 7. Chapter 804, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
7	designated and to read as follows:
8	"8804-A Right to a prompt hearing; release or detention.
9	(a) For the purposes of this section, "prompt hearing" means as
10	soon as possible, but within five days of arrest.
11	(b) Upon formal charge and detention, a defendant shall
12	have the right to a prompt hearing concerning:
13	(1) Release or detention; and
14	(2) Whether any condition or combination of conditions
15	will reasonably ensure:
16	(A) The defendant's appearance as required; and
17	(B) The safety of any other person and the community
18	(c) At the hearing, the defendant shall have the right to
19	be represented by counsel and, if financially unable to obtain
20	representation, to have counsel appointed. The defendant shall
21	be afforded an opportunity to testify, to present witnesses, to

1	cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing, and to
2	present information by proffer or otherwise.
3	(d) The rules concerning the admissibility of evidence in
4	criminal trials shall not apply to the presentation and
5	consideration of information at the hearing.
6	(e) The defendant may be detained pending completion of
7	the hearing.
8	§804-B Monetary bail; non-violent offenders. (a) Any
9	defendant arrested and charged with a traffic offense, a
10	violation, a non-violent petty misdemeanor offense, or a non-
11	violent misdemeanor offense shall be released on the defendant's
12	own recognizance conditioned upon:
13	(1) The defendant's appearance in court; and
14	(2) Any other least restrictive, non-financial condition
15	necessary to:
16	(A) Ensure the defendant's appearance in court; and
17	(B) Protect the public.
18	(b) This section shall not apply if:
19	(1) The offense involves:
20	(A) Assault;
21	(B) Terroristic threatening;

1		<u>(C)</u>	Sexual assault;
2		<u>(D)</u>	Abuse of family or household members;
3		<u>(E)</u>	Violation of a temporary restraining order;
4		<u>(F)</u>	Violation of an order for protection;
5		<u>(G)</u>	Operating a vehicle under the influence of an
6			<pre>intoxicant;</pre>
7		<u>(H)</u>	Negligent homicide; or
8		<u>(I)</u>	Any other crime of violence; or
9	(2)	One	or more of the following apply:
10		<u>(A)</u>	The defendant has a history of non-appearance in
11			the last twenty-four months;
12		<u>(B)</u>	The defendant has at least one prior conviction
13			for a misdemeanor crime of violence or felony
14			crime of violence within the last twenty years;
15		(C)	The defendant was pending trial or sentencing at
16	·		the time of arrest;
17		(D)	The defendant was on probation, parole, or
18			conditional release at the time of arrest;
19		(E)	The defendant is also concurrently charged with a
20			violent petty misdemeanor, a violent misdemeanor,



1	or any felony offense arising from the same or
2	separate incident; or
3	(F) The defendant presents a risk of danger to any
4	other person or to the community.
5	(c) If any of the exceptions in subsection (b) apply, bail
6	may be set in a reasonable amount. If the defendant is unable
7	to post the amount of bail, the defendant shall be entitled to a
8	prompt hearing under section 804-A. If the defendant is unable
9	to post bail in the amount of \$99 or less, the director of
10	public safety shall be authorized to release the defendant;
11	provided that electronic defendant monitoring devices are used."
12	SECTION 8. Section 804-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended by amending subsections (a) through (c) to read as
14	follows:
15	"(a) For purposes of this section[, "serious crime"]:
16	"Serious crime" means murder or attempted murder in the
17	first degree, murder or attempted murder in the second degree,
18	[or] a class A [or B] felony, [except forgery in the first
19	degree and failing to render aid under section 291C-12, and
20	"bail" or a class B or C felony involving violence or threat of
21	violence to any person.

1	<u>"Bai</u>	<u>l"</u> includes release on one's own recognizance,
2	supervise	d release, and conditional release.
3	(b)	[Any person charged with a criminal offense shall be
4	bailable	by sufficient sureties; provided that bail may be
5	denied wh	ere the charge is for a serious crime, and: There
6	shall be	a rebuttable presumption that a person charged with a
7	criminal	offense, other than a serious crime, shall be released
8	or admitt	ed to bail under the least restrictive conditions
9	required	to ensure the person's appearance and to protect the
10	public, u	nless the prosecution demonstrates by clear and
11	convincin	g evidence that:
12	(1)	There is a serious risk that the person will flee;
13	(2)	There is a serious risk that the person will obstruct
14		or attempt to obstruct justice, or [therefore,]
15		injure[$_{7}$] or intimidate, or attempt to thereafter[$_{7}$]
16		injure[7] or intimidate, a prospective witness or
17		juror;
18	(3)	There is a serious risk that the person poses a danger
19		to any person or the community; or
20	(4)	There is a serious risk that the person will engage in
21		illegal activity.

1	If the pro	osecution demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence
2	that one o	or more of the foregoing serious risks exists, the
3	person sha	all be detained if the court finds that no condition or
4	combination	on of conditions is sufficient to reasonably eliminate,
5	reduce, o	r mitigate the risks presented.
6	(c)	Under subsection (b)(1) a rebuttable presumption
7	arises tha	at there is a serious risk that the person will flee or
8	will not a	appear as directed by the court where the person is
9	charged w	ith a criminal offense punishable by imprisonment for
10	life with	or without possibility of parole. For purposes of
11	subsection	n (b)(3) and (4) a rebuttable presumption arises that
12	the person	n poses a serious danger to any person or community or
13	will engag	ge in illegal activity where the court determines that:
14	(1)	The [defendant] person has been previously convicted
15		of a serious crime involving violence or threat of
16		<u>violence</u> against a person within the ten-year period
17		preceding the date of the charge against the
18		defendant;
19	(2)	The [defendant] person is [already on bail on] pending
20		trial or sentencing for a felony charge involving
21		violence or threat of violence against a person; or

1 (3) The [defendant] person is on probation or parole for a 2 serious crime involving violence or threat of violence to a person." 3 SECTION 9. Section 804-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "§804-4 When a matter of right. (a) If the charge is for 7 an offense for which bail is allowable under section 804-3, the 8 defendant may be admitted to bail before conviction as a matter 9 of right [-] and under the least restrictive conditions required 10 to ensure the defendant's appearance and to protect the public. Except for section 712-1207(7), bail shall be allowed for any 11 12 person charged under section 712-1207 only subject to the 13 mandatory condition that the person observe geographic 14 restrictions that prohibit the defendant from entering or 15 remaining on public property, in Waikiki and other areas in the 16 State designated by county ordinance during the hours from 6 17 p.m. to 6 a.m.; and provided further that nothing contained in 18 this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the imposition 19 of stricter geographic restrictions under section 804-7.1. 20 right to bail shall continue after conviction of a misdemeanor, 21 petty misdemeanor, or violation, and release on bail may

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•	concinac,	in the discretion of the court, after conviction of a				
2	felony until the final determination of any motion for a new					
3	trial, appeal, habeas corpus, or other proceedings that are					
4	made, tak	en, issued, or allowed for the purpose of securing a				
5	review of	the rulings, verdict, judgment, sentence, or other				
6	proceedin	gs of any court or jury in or by which the defendant				
7	has been	arraigned, tried, convicted, or sentenced; provided				
8	that:	·				
9	(1)	No bail shall be allowed after conviction and prior to				
10		sentencing in cases where bail was not available under				
11		section 804-3, or where bail was denied or revoked				
12		before conviction;				
13	(2)	No bail shall be allowed pending appeal of a felony				
14		conviction where a sentence of imprisonment has been				
15		imposed; and				
16	(3)	No bail shall be allowed pending appeal of a				
17		conviction for a violation of section 712-1207, unless				
18		the court finds, based on the defendant's record, that				
19		the defendant may be admitted to bail subject to the				

mandatory condition that the person observe geographic

restrictions that prohibit the defendant from entering

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1	or walking along the public streets or sidewalks of
2	Waikiki or other areas in the State designated by
3	county ordinance pursuant to section 712-1207 during
4	the hours from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m.
5	Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any
6	person who violates these bail restrictions shall have the
7	person's bail revoked after hearing and shall be imprisoned
8	forthwith.
9	(b) The court shall order that a person who has been found
10	guilty of an offense and sentenced to a term of imprisonment,
11	and who has filed an appeal or a petition for a writ of
12	certiorari, be detained, unless the court finds:
13	(1) By clear and convincing evidence that the person is
14	not likely to flee or pose a danger to the safety of
15	any other person or the community if released; and
16	(2) That the appeal is not for purpose of delay and raises
17	a substantial question of law or fact likely to result
18	in reversal or an order for a new trial.
19	If the court makes these findings, the court shall order the
20	release of the person in accordance with section 804-7.1[-]
21	under the least restrictive conditions required to ensure the

- 1 defendant's appearance and to protect the public. No defendant
- 2 entitled to bail, whether bailed or not, shall be subject,
- 3 without the defendant's written consent, to the operation of any
- 4 sentence passed upon the defendant, while any proceedings to
- 5 procure a review of any action of the trial court or jury in the
- 6 premises are pending and undetermined, except as provided in
- 7 section 641-14(a) or section 712-1207."
- 8 SECTION 10. Section 804-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 "§804-5 By whom allowed. In cases where the punishment
- 11 for the offense charged may be imprisonment for life not subject
- 12 to parole, or imprisonment for a term more than ten years with
- 13 or without fine, a judge or justice of a court of record,
- 14 including a district judge, shall be competent to admit the
- 15 accused to bail, in conformity with sections 804-3 to 804-6. In
- 16 all other cases, the accused may be so admitted to bail by any
- 17 judge or justice of a court of record, including a district
- 18 judge, and in cases, except under section 712-1207, where the
- 19 punishment for the offense charged may not exceed two years'
- 20 imprisonment with or without fine, the sheriff, the sheriff's
- 21 deputy, the chief of police or any person named by the chief of

- 1 police, or the sheriff of Kalawao, regardless of the circuit
- 2 within which the alleged offense was committed, may admit the
- 3 accused person to bail. The court shall impose conditions of
- 4 release or bail that are the least restrictive conditions
- 5 required to ensure the accused's appearance and to protect the
- 6 public."
- 7 SECTION 11. Section 804-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 "§804-7 Release after bail. [When bail is offered and
- 10 taken the prisoner shall be discharged from custody or
- 11 imprisonment.] Any person for whom a monetary amount of bail
- 12 has been set by the police, other law enforcement agency, or the
- 13 court shall be permitted to post the bail amount at the police
- 14 department, law enforcement agency, or community correctional
- 15 center where the person is detained. The monetary bail shall be
- 16 payable on a twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week basis.
- 17 Upon posting or payment of bail, the person, the person's
- 18 representative, or the person's agent shall be provided a bail
- 19 receipt, and the person shall be released from custody
- 20 forthwith."

1	SECTION 12. Section 804-7.1, Ha	waii Revised Statutes, is
2	2 amended to read as follows:	
3	3 "§804-7.1 Conditions of release	on bail, recognizance, or
4	4 supervised release. Upon a showing t	hat there exists a danger
5	5 that the defendant will commit a seri	ous crime or will seek to
6	$oldsymbol{6}$ intimidate witnesses, or will otherwi	se unlawfully interfere
7	7 with the orderly administration of ju	stice, the judicial officer
8	f 8 named in section 804-5 may deny the d	efendant's release on bail,
9	9 recognizance, or supervised release.	
10	0 Upon the defendant's release on	bail, recognizance, or
11	$oldsymbol{1}$ supervised release, however, the cour	t may enter an order:
12	2 (1) Prohibiting the defendant f	rom approaching or
13	3 .communicating with particul	ar persons or classes of
14	4 persons, except that no suc	h order should be deemed to
15	5 prohibit any lawful and eth	ical activity of
16	6 defendant's counsel;	
17	7 (2) Prohibiting the defendant f	rom going to certain
18	8 described geographical area	s or premises;
19	(3) Prohibiting the defendant f	rom possessing any
20	dangerous weapon, engaging	in certain described

1		activities, or indulging in intoxicating liquors or
2		certain drugs;
3	(4)	Requiring the defendant to report regularly to and
4		remain under the supervision of an officer of the
5		court;
6	(5)	Requiring the defendant to maintain employment, or, if
7		unemployed, to actively seek employment, or attend an
8		educational or vocational institution;
9	(6)	Requiring the defendant to comply with a specified
10		curfew;
11	(7)	Requiring the defendant to seek and maintain mental
12		health treatment or testing, including treatment for
13		drug or alcohol dependency, or to remain in a
14		specified institution for that purpose;
15	(8)	Requiring the defendant to remain in the jurisdiction
16		of the judicial circuit in which the charges are
17		pending unless approval is obtained from a court of
18		competent jurisdiction to leave the jurisdiction of
19		the court;
20	(9)	Requiring the defendant to satisfy any other condition
21		reasonably necessary to [assure] ensure the appearance

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              of the [person] defendant as required and to [assure]
              ensure the safety of any other person or community; or
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        (10)
              Imposing any combination of conditions listed
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              above [-];
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    provided that the court shall impose the least restrictive non-
6
    financial conditions required to ensure the defendant's
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    appearance and to protect the public.
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         The judicial officer may revoke a defendant's bail upon
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    proof that the defendant has breached any of the conditions
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    imposed."
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         SECTION 13. Section 804-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
         "§804-9 Amount. The amount of bail rests in the
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    discretion of the justice or judge or the officers named in
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    section 804-5[; but] and shall be set in a reasonable amount
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    based upon all available information, including the offense
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    alleged, the possible punishment upon conviction, and the
    offender's financial ability to afford bail. The bail amount
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    should be so determined as not to suffer the wealthy to escape
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    by the payment of a pecuniary penalty, nor to render the
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    privilege useless to the poor. [In all cases, the officer
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1	letting to bail should consider the punishment to be inflicted
2	on conviction, and the pecuniary circumstances of the party
3	accused.] "
4	PART V
5	SECTION 14. The purpose of this part is to afford pretrial
6	detainees greater and continuing opportunities to be released
7	by:
8	(1) Requiring the relevant community correctional centers
9	to conduct regular reviews and surveys of the jail
10	population to identify pretrial defendants who may be
11	appropriate for pretrial release or supervision; and
12	(2) Providing the results of these reviews to the courts
13	who may then consider modifying the previously issued
14	bail order.
15	SECTION 15. Chapter 353, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
17	designated and to read as follows:
18	"§353- Community correctional centers; periodic reviews
19	of pretrial detainees. (a) The relevant community correctional
20	centers, on a periodic basis but no less frequently than every
21	three months, shall conduct reviews of pretrial detainees to

1	reassess wh	ether a detainee should remain in custody or whether
2	new informa	ation or a change in circumstances warrants
3	reconsidera	ation of a detainee's pretrial release or supervision.
4	(b) I	For each review conducted pursuant to subsection (a),
5	the relevan	nt community correctional center shall transmit its
6	findings ar	nd recommendations to the appropriate court,
7	prosecuting	g attorney, and defense counsel.
8	(c) :	f a motion to modify bail is filed pursuant to a
9	recommendat	tion made pursuant to subsection (b), a hearing shall
10	be schedule	ed at which the court shall consider the motion."
11		PART VI
12	SECTIO	ON 16. The purpose of this part is as follows:
13	(1)	Inder the office of the chief justice, create a
14]	permanently funded criminal justice research institute
15	1	that is dedicated to examining all aspects of the
16	•	criminal justice system;
17	(2)	Appropriate funds for the establishment and staffing
18	·	of the criminal justice research institute, including
19	,	the hiring of necessary staff and for the securing of
20		any necessary facilities or equipment; and

1	(3) Create a centralized statewide criminal pretrial
2	justice data reporting and collection system.
3	SECTION 17. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
4	adding a new chapter to title 32 to be appropriately designated
5	and to read as follows:
6	"CHAPTER
7	CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESEARCH INSTITUTE
8	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
9	context otherwise requires:
10	"Board" means the board of directors of the criminal
11	justice research institute.
12	"Institute" means the criminal justice research institute.
13	§ -2 Establishment of the criminal justice research
14	institute. (a) There is established within the office of the
15	chief justice a criminal justice research institute dedicated to
16	examining all aspects of the criminal justice system, for the
17	purpose of assisting the State in understanding the system in a
18	more comprehensive way and ensuring the protection of individual
19	rights, increasing efficiencies, and controlling costs. The

institute shall have the authority to examine all areas of the

criminal justice system, including police, prosecutors, defense

20

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- 1 counsel, courts, pretrial services, probation and parole, jails,
- 2 and prisons, as well as examine the manner in which related
- 3 areas, including mental health services and drug treatment
- 4 services, intersect with the criminal justice system.
- 5 (b) The institute's duties and functions shall include:
- 6 (1) Collecting data to monitor the overall functioning of
- 7 the criminal justice system;
- 8 (2) Monitoring evidence-based practices;
- 9 (3) Conducting cost-benefit analysis on various areas of operation;
- 11 (4) Monitoring national trends in criminal justice; and
- 12 (5) Issuing public reports to inform all criminal justice 13 stakeholders and the public about the functioning of
- the criminal justice system.
- 15 (c) The institute shall be overseen by a board of
- 16 directors, which shall consist of the chief justice, a
- 17 representative of the office of the governor, a member of the
- 18 legislature, and the director of public safety.
- 19 (d) The chief justice shall appoint as director of the
- 20 institute a researcher with a doctoral degree and experience in
- 21 the criminal justice field. The director shall hire staff

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- 1 necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, including
- 2 a minimum of two assistant researchers and one clerical
- 3 assistant. The institute may seek the assistance of the
- 4 University of Hawaii or another appropriate entity when
- 5 conducting large or complex research projects that require more
- 6 staff.
- 7 (e) Employees of the institute shall be exempt from
- 8 chapter 76 and shall not be considered civil service employees,
- 9 but shall be entitled to any employee benefit plan normally
- 10 inuring to civil service employees.
- 11 § -3 Centralized statewide criminal pretrial justice
- 12 data reporting and collection system. (a) The institute shall
- 13 establish and maintain a centralized statewide criminal pretrial
- 14 justice data reporting and collection system.
- 15 (b) In establishing the system, the institute shall take
- 16 all necessary and appropriate steps, including:
- 17 (1) Identifying all current databases utilized by various
- 18 state agencies to track criminal pretrial information;
- 19 (2) Determining the administrative and technological
- 20 feasibility of aggregating and sharing current data;
- **21** and

1	(3)	Ident	ifying critical gaps in data and information
2		colle	ection that are required for a robust assessment
3		of cr	riminal pretrial justice matters, which may
4		inclu	ade information relating to:
5		(A)	Arrests;
6		(B)	Monetary and non-monetary conditions of release;
7		(C)	Bail amounts;
8		(D)	Risk assessments;
9		(E)	Risk assessment scores;
10		(F)	Bail report recommendations;
11		(G)	Information gathered in risk assessments or bail
12			reports;
13		(H)	Bail hearings;
14		(I)	Judicial decisions to release and conditions
15			imposed on release;
16		(J)	Judicial decisions to detain;
17		(K)	Concordance between the bail report
18			recommendation and decision, length of stay, and
19			pretrial supervision; and
20		(L)	The degree to which a defendant's assessed risk
21			correlates with the defendant's actual risk.

		including an assessment of whether the defendant
2		appears in court, commits other crimes, or
3		engages in violent conduct when released from
4		custody.
5	(c)	The institute shall develop and track performance
6	indicator	s that accurately reflect the effectiveness of the
7	State's c	riminal pretrial system. Performance indicators may
8	include b	ut shall not be limited to:
. 9	(1)	The percentage of supervised defendants who make all
10		scheduled court appearances;
11	(2)	The percentage of supervised defendants who are not
12		charged with a new offense during the pretrial stage;
13	(3)	The ratio of defendants whose supervision level or
14		detention status corresponds with each respective
15		defendant's assessed risk of pretrial misconduct;
16	(4)	The percentage of released defendants who:
17		(A) Do not have their release revoked for technical
18		violations of the conditions of their release;
19		(B) Appear for all scheduled court appearances; and
20		(C) Are not charged with a new offense during
21	•	pretrial supervision;

1	(5)	The average length of stay in jail for pretrial
2		detainees who are eligible by statute for pretrial
3		release;

- 4 (6) The percentage of defendants who remain arrest-free during the pretrial release period; and
- 7 The percentage of defendants who remain on release at the conclusion of their pretrial period without a pending request for removal or revocation due to non-compliance.
- 10 (d) The institute shall compile an annual report that

 11 reviews and analyzes data from the system to evaluate the

 12 effectiveness of the State's criminal pretrial system and

 13 identify possible improvements. The institute shall submit the

 14 report, including any proposed legislation, to the legislature

 15 no later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular

 16 session.
- 17 (e) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
 18 requires, "system" means the centralized statewide criminal
 19 pretrial justice data reporting and collection system
 20 established by this section."

1	SECTION 18. There is appropriated out of the general
2	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
3	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 and the
4	same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
5	2020-2021 for the establishment and staffing of the criminal
6	justice research institute pursuant to this part, including the
7	hiring of one full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) director, two full
8	time equivalent (2.0 FTE) assistant researchers and one full-
9	time equivalent (1.0 FTE) clerical assistant, and for any
10	necessary facilities and equipment.
11	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary
12	for the purposes this part.
13	PART VII
14	SECTION 19. The purpose of this part is to implement and
15	expand alternatives to pretrial detention by:
16	(1) Expressly including electronic monitoring and home
17	detention as alternatives to incarceration in chapter
18	804, Hawaii Revised Statutes;
19	(2) Requiring the judiciary, in consultation with the
20	department of public safety, to develop and adopt a
21	policy for courts to use when assessing whether a

1		defendant's risk of non-appearance or recidivism may
2		be mitigated by home detention or electronic
3		monitoring;
4	(3)	Making appropriations to the department of public
5		safety to support pretrial defendants released from
6		detention on a supervised basis;
7	(4)	Making appropriations to the department of public
8		safety for the electronic monitoring of pretrial
9		defendants, including the acquisition, operation, and
10		upkeep of electronic monitoring devices; and
11	(5)	Requiring the department of public safety to submit a
12		report to the legislature prior to the convening of
13		the regular session of 2020 detailing the department's
14		expenditure plan for the funding appropriated pursuant
15		to this part.
16	SECT	ION 20. Section 804-7.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended t	o read as follows:
18	"§80	4-7.1 Conditions of release on bail, recognizance, or
19	supervise	d release. Upon a showing that there exists a danger
20	that the	defendant will commit a serious crime or will seek to
21	intimidat	e witnesses, or will otherwise unlawfully interfere

1	with the	orderly administration of justice, the judicial officer
2	named in	section 804-5 may deny the defendant's release on bail,
3	recogniza	nce, or supervised release.
4	Upon	the defendant's release on bail, recognizance, or
5	supervise	d release, however, the court may enter an order:
6	(1)	Prohibiting the defendant from approaching or
7		communicating with particular persons or classes of
8		persons, except that no such order should be deemed to
9		prohibit any lawful and ethical activity of
10		defendant's counsel;
11	(2)	Prohibiting the defendant from going to certain
12		described geographical areas or premises;
13	(3)	Prohibiting the defendant from possessing any
14		dangerous weapon, engaging in certain described
15		activities, or indulging in intoxicating liquors or
16		certain drugs;
17	(4)	Requiring the defendant to report regularly to and
18		remain under the supervision of an officer of the
19		court;

1	(5)	Requiring the defendant to maintain employment, or, if
2		unemployed, to actively seek employment, or attend an
3		educational or vocational institution;
4	(6)	Requiring the defendant to comply with a specified
5		curfew;
6	(7)	Requiring the defendant to seek and maintain mental
7		health treatment or testing, including treatment for
8		drug or alcohol dependency, or to remain in a
9		specified institution for that purpose;
10	(8)	Requiring the defendant to remain in the jurisdiction
11		of the judicial circuit in which the charges are
12		pending unless approval is obtained from a court of
13		competent jurisdiction to leave the jurisdiction of
14		the court;
15	(9)	Requiring the defendant to submit to the use of
16		electronic monitoring and surveillance;
17	(10)	Requiring the confinement of the defendant in the
18		defendant's residence;
19	[(9)]	(11) Requiring the defendant to satisfy any other
20		condition reasonably necessary to assure the

1	appearance of the person as required and to assure the
2	safety of any other person or community; or
3	[(10)] <u>(12)</u> Imposing any combination of conditions listed
4	above.
5	The judicial officer may revoke a defendant's bail upon
6	proof that the defendant has breached any of the conditions
7	imposed."
8	SECTION 21. The judiciary, in consultation with the
9	department of public safety, shall develop and adopt a policy
10	for courts to use when assessing whether a defendant's risk of
11	non-appearance or recidivism may be mitigated by home detention
12	or electronic monitoring. The policy shall include:
13	(1) Specific criteria for the court to consider when
14	making this decision; and
15	(2) A requirement for a court to provide specific findings
16	explaining the court's determination that home
17 .	detention or electronic monitoring is not appropriate
18	for a defendant.
19	SECTION 22. There is appropriated out of the general
20	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ - or so much
21	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 and the

1	same sum	or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
2	2020-2021	for the intake service centers to support pretrial
3	defendant	s released from detention on a supervised basis through
4	the estab	lishment or expansion of any of the following support
5	services:	
6	(1)	Residential and outpatient treatment programs for
7		substance abuse and mental health disorders;
8	(2)	Housing with support services for homeless defendants;
9	(3)	Day-reporting centers for defendants who may have
10		difficulty complying with regular supervised release;
11	(4)	Electronic monitoring, including the acquisition,
12		operation, and upkeep of electronic monitoring
13		devices; and
14	(5)	Any other alternative programs implemented by the
15		department of public safety pursuant to section
16		353-10.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes;
17	provided	that the department of public safety may contract with
18	private s	ervice providers for the foregoing services.
19	The	sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
20	of public	safety for the purposes of this part.

1 SECTION 23. The department of public safety shall submit a 2 report to the legislature, no later than twenty days prior to 3 the convening of the regular session of 2020, detailing the 4 department's expenditure plan for the funding appropriated 5 pursuant to this part. 6 PART VIII 7 SECTION 24. The purpose of this part is to integrate 8 victims' rights into the criminal pretrial system by requiring that intake service centers consider victims' concerns when 9 **10** making pretrial release recommendations. 11 SECTION 25. (a) No later than December 31, 2020, the 12 department of public safety shall revise the pretrial risk 13 assessment processes currently used by its intake service 14 centers with respect to offenses committed against persons, 15 including offenses involving domestic violence and violation of 16 restraining orders and protective orders, to ensure integration 17 of victims' rights into the criminal pretrial system by 18 requiring consideration of the following factors in making 19 pretrial release recommendations: 20 (1) Whether the defendant has a history of involvement 21 with the victim of the offense, including any prior

-		police contact that involved both the victim and the
2		defendant, and the status of the relationship between
3		the victim and the defendant, if any;
4	(2)	Whether the defendant has any prior criminal history;
5	(3)	Whether there is a risk that the defendant will re-
6		victimize, stalk, or otherwise harm the victim; and
7	(4)	Any concerns raised by the victim with respect to the
8		defendant's potential release from custody.
9	(b)	The department shall submit a report to the
10	legislature, no later than twenty days prior to the convening o	
11	the regular session of 2021, on the progress made in revising	
12	the pretr	ial risk assessment processes, as required by
13	subsectio	n (a).
14		PART IX
15	SECT	ION 26. The purpose of this part is to appropriate
16	moneys to	the department of public safety to provide intake
17	service c	enters with necessary funding, personnel, training,
18	facilitie	s, access, information, and technical support to meet
19	current a	and projected future responsibilities in conducting
20	timely ri	sk assessments, efficiently disseminating bail reports,
21	and super	vising pretrial defendants.

- 1 SECTION 27. There is appropriated out of the general
- 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
- 3 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2019-2020 and the
- 4 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 5 2020-2021 for necessary personnel, training, facilities, access,
- 6 information, and technical support for intake service centers to
- 7 meet current and projected responsibilities in conducting timely
- 8 risk assessments, efficiently disseminating bail reports, and
- 9 supervising pretrial defendants.
- 10 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
- 11 of public safety for the purposes of this part.
- 12 PART X
- 13 SECTION 28. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 14 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 15 were begun before its effective date.
- 16 SECTION 29. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 17 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 18 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 19 the new sections in this Act.

- 1 SECTION 30. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 31. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019,
- 4 provided that the amendments made by sections 7 and 11 of this
- 5 Act shall take effect on January 1, 2020.

Report Title:

Criminal Pretrial Reform; Criminal Pretrial Practices and Procedures; Criminal Pretrial Task Force

Description:

Implements recommendations of the Criminal Pretrial Task Force convened pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution No. 134, House Draft 1, Regular Session of 2017. (HB1289 HD2)

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