A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EQUAL PAY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature is committed to ensuring that
- 2 women and men are paid equally for work that is substantially
- 3 equal with respect to the skill, effort, and responsibility
- 4 required to perform the work and the conditions under which the
- 5 work is performed. The legislature recognizes that Act 108,
- 6 Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, is a significant step toward
- 7 ensuring that the pay disparity between men and women
- 8 diminishes. However, more needs to be done.
- 9 The American Association of University Women reports that
- 10 in 2017, median annual earnings for women in Hawaii were just
- 11 eighty-one per cent of men's earnings, which represents an
- 12 almost twenty per cent gap. Hawaii ranks twenty-third in income
- 13 equality out of all states and the District of Columbia,
- 14 according to the most recent census data. Furthermore, native
- 15 Hawaiian and other Pacific islander women earn only sixty-two
- 16 per cent of white male earnings nationally, while Hispanic women
- 17 earn fifty-three per cent of white male earnings.

1	Hawaii has led the way in civil rights. This Act proposes
2	to establish Hawaii as a leader in the area of pay equity and
3	clarifies that Hawaii's law is more protective of pay equity
4	rights than the federal Equal Pay Act of 1963 or Title VII of
5	the Civil Rights Act of 1964. It is not the intent of the
6	legislature to affect or diminish the existing, broader
7	protections provided under part I of chapter 378, Hawaii Revised
8	Statutes.
9	The purpose of this Act is to:
10	(1) Amend the list of protected classes under Hawaii's
11	equal pay statute to make the protections afforded by
12	this section consistent with the state statute that
13	prohibits employment discrimination;
14	(2) Clarify the factors that can be used by employers to
15	justify differences in compensation based on
16	seniority, merit, or other non-discriminatory
17	purposes;
18	(3) Provide pay transparency by requiring employers to
19	make salary range information available to employees
20	and job candidates, which will help employers manage

their pay expenses and encourage pay equity; and

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1	(4) Update the term "equal work" as used in state non-
2	discrimination statutes to "substantially similar
3	work," which is the more accurate term used in many
4	other states.
5	SECTION 2. Section 378-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"§378-2.3 Equal pay[; sex discrimination]. (a) No
8	employer shall discriminate [between] among employees [because
9	of sex,] by paying [wages] compensation to employees [in an
10	establishment] at a rate less than the rate at which the
11	employer pays [wages] compensation to employees of [the
12	opposite] another race, sex [in the establishment] including
13	gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, age,
14	religion, color, ancestry, disability, marital status, arrest
15	and court record, or domestic or sexual violence victim status
16	for [equal] substantially similar work [en jobs the performance
17	of which requires equal] when viewed as a composite of skill,
18	effort, and responsibility, [and that are] performed under
19	similar working conditions. [Payment]

1	(b)	Compensation differentials [resulting from:] do not
2	violate t	his section if the employer demonstrates that the
3	different	ial solely results from any of the following factors:
4	(1)	A non-discriminatory seniority system; provided that
5		time spent on leave due to a pregnancy-related
6		condition or parental, family, or medical leave, shall
7		not reduce seniority;
8	(2)	A non-discriminatory merit system;
9	(3)	A system that objectively measures earnings by
10		quantity or quality of production; or
11	[(4)	A bona fide occupational qualification; or
12	-(5)	A differential based on any other permissible factor
13		other than sex[,]
14	do not vi	olate this section.]
15	(4)	A factor that has neither the purpose nor the effect
16		of discriminating on any basis prohibited by this
17		section.
18	(c)	For the purposes of subsection (b)(4), a factor has
19	the purpo	se of discriminating on a basis prohibited by this
20	section i	f its general use or application in a particular case
21	is motiva	ted, in whole or in part, by considerations of race,

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- 1 sex including gender identity or expression, sexual orientation,
- 2 age, religion, color, ancestry, disability, marital status,
- 3 arrest and court record, or domestic or sexual violence victim
- 4 status.
- 5 (d) An employer who pays a wage in violation of this
- 6 section shall not, in order to comply with the provisions of
- 7 this section, reduce the wage rate of any employee.
- 8 (e) The agreement of an employee to work for less than the
- 9 wage to which the employee is entitled under this section is not
- 10 a defense to an action under this section.
- 11 [\(\frac{\((b)\)}{\((b)\)}\)] (f) An employer shall not retaliate or discriminate
- 12 against an employee for, nor prohibit an employee from,
- 13 disclosing the employee's wages, discussing and inquiring about
- 14 the wages of other employees, or aiding or encouraging other
- 15 employees to exercise their rights under this section."
- 16 SECTION 3. Section 378-2.4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- "[+] §378-2.4[+] Employer inquiries into and consideration
- 19 of salary or wage history. (a) No employer, employment agency,
- 20 or employee or agent thereof shall:

1	(1)	Inquire about the salary history of an applicant for
2	•	employment; or
3	(2)	Rely on the salary history of an applicant in
4		determining the salary, benefits, or other
5		compensation for the applicant during the hiring
6		process, including the negotiation of an employment
7		contract.
8	(b)	Notwithstanding subsection (a), an employer,
9	employmen	t agency, or employee or agent thereof, without
10	inquiring	about salary history, may engage in discussions with
11	an applica	ant for employment about the applicant's expectations
12	with resp	ect to salary, benefits, and other compensation;
13	provided	that if an applicant voluntarily and without prompting
14	discloses	salary history to an employer, employment agency, or
15	employee o	or agent thereof, the employer, employment agency, or
16	employee o	or agent thereof, may consider salary history in
17	determini	ng salary, benefits, and other compensation for the
18	applicant	, and may verify the applicant's salary history.
19	(c)	This section shall not apply to:
20	(1)	Applicants for internal transfer or promotion with

their current employer;

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1	(2)	Any attempt by an employer, employment agency, or
2		employee or agent thereof, to verify an applicant's
3		disclosure of non-salary related information or
4		conduct a background check; provided that if a
5		verification or background check discloses the
6		applicant's salary history, that disclosure shall not
7		be relied upon during the hiring process for purposes
8		of determining the salary, benefits, or other
9		compensation of the applicant, including the
10		negotiation of an employment contract; and
11	(3)	Public employee positions for which salary, benefits,
12		or other compensation are determined pursuant to
13		collective bargaining.
14	(d)	An employer shall provide the pay scale for a position
15	to an app	licant applying for employment and disclose the factors
16	the employ	yer considers in setting salary levels.
17	<u>(e)</u>	Upon hire, and thereafter annually and upon request,
18	an employe	er shall provide an employee the wage range for the
19	employee':	s job title and for jobs within the employer's business
20	that are	gubatantially aimilar with respect to the skill

1	errore, and responsibility required to perrorm the Jobs and the
2	conditions under which the jobs are performed.
3	(f) An employer shall disclose an hourly rate or salary
4	range in all job listings.
5	(g) An unlawful employment practice in violation of this
6	section and section 378-2.3 occurs when:
7	(1) An employer adopts a discriminatory compensation
8	decision or discriminatory practice;
9	(2) An individual becomes subject to the discriminatory
10	compensation decision or practice; or
11	(3) An individual is affected by application of the
12	discriminatory compensation decision or practice,
13	including each time wages, benefits, or other
14	compensation are paid.
15	(h) For purposes of this section and section 378-2.3, the
16	meaning of "compensation" is to be construed broadly and shall
17	include but not be limited to use of or access to employee
18	expense accounts, use of a vehicle, housing, travel budgets,
19	cost reimbursements, paid vacation or sick leave, sabbatical
20	benefits, endowed chairs, insurance, stock options, pension
21	contributions, and other employee benefits.

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1	[-(d)] (i) For purposes of this section:
2	"Inq	uire" means to:
3	(1)	Communicate any question or statement to an applicant
4		for employment, an applicant's current or prior
5		employer, or a current or former employee or agent of
6		the applicant's current or prior employer, in writing
7		verbally, or otherwise, for the purpose of obtaining
8		an applicant's salary history; or
9	(2)	Conduct a search of publicly available records or
10		reports for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's
11		salary history;
12	provided	that this shall not include informing an applicant, in
13	writing o	r otherwise, about the proposed or anticipated salary
14	or salary	range for the position.
15	"Sal	ary history" includes an applicant for employment's
16	current o	r prior wage, benefits, or other compensation, but
17	shall not	include any objective measure of the applicant's
18	productiv	ity, such as revenue, sales, or other production
19	reports."	

- 1 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 2 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 3 begun before its effective date.
- 4 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Equal Pay; Salary or Wage History; Employment

Description:

Conforms statutory prohibitions against wage discrimination with other prohibitions on employment discrimination. Clarifies allowable justifications for compensation differentials and remedies for pay disparity. Requires employers to disclose wage ranges to employees and prospective employees. (SD2)

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