A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GUN VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State has some

2 of the strongest gun safety laws in the nation and in 2016

3 received an A-minus rating from the Law Center to Prevent Gun

4 Violence. According to the Centers for Disease Control and

5 Prevention, Hawaii had the second-lowest number of gun deaths

6 per capita among the states in 2015.

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7 However, the legislature also finds that an area in which

8 the State can improve its gun safety laws is gun violence

9 protective orders. Nationwide, active shooters have inflicted

great harm by killing and injuring innocent persons, sometimes

11 in tragic mass shootings such as the 2016 Orlando nightclub

12 shooting and the 2017 Las Vegas and Sutherland Springs church

shootings. In such cases, law enforcement or a member of the

shooter's family or household may have observed warning signs

15 before the shooting, but depending on the jurisdiction, they may

16 not have had the ability to petition a court to confiscate the

17 shooter's firearms and ammunition.

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2 Washington, and numerous other states have already implemented 3 gun violence protection laws, allowing for a family or household 4 member to file a petition for the temporary removal of guns from 5 an individual who shows clear and convincing signs of planning 6 to use these guns to commit violent acts. 7 The legislature further finds that section 134-7(f), Hawaii 8 Revised Statutes, already authorizes police to take custody of a 9 person's firearms and ammunition upon issuance of a restraining 10 order or order of protection by any court if the court finds the

person may use a firearm to threaten, injure, or abuse any

person. However, the statute does not address preventative

actions that may be taken by law enforcement or a family or

household member of an individual who shows articulable signs of

The legislature also finds that California, Oregon,

- planning to use these guns to commit violent acts. Accordingly, the legislature believes that a more comprehensive law is needed.
- The purpose of this Act is to reduce gun deaths and injuries in the State by establishing a detailed process that allows a law enforcement officer or family or household member to obtain a court order to prevent a person from accessing

- 1 firearms and ammunition if the person poses a danger of causing
- 2 bodily injury to the person or another.
- 3 SECTION 2. Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 "PART . GUN VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS
- 7 §134-A Definitions. For the purposes of this part:
- 8 "Bodily injury" has the same meaning as in section 707-700.
- 9 "Business day" has the same meaning as in section 709-906.
- 10 "Ex parte gun violence protective order" means an order
- 11 issued by the family court, pursuant to section 134-D,
- 12 prohibiting the respondent from owning, purchasing, possessing,
- 13 receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or control any
- 14 firearm or ammunition until the court-scheduled hearing for a
- 15 one-year gun violence protective order.
- 16 "Family or household member" means any spouse or reciprocal
- 17 beneficiary, former spouse or former reciprocal beneficiary,
- 18 person with whom the respondent has a child in common, parent,
- 19 child, person related by consanguinity, person related by
- 20 adoption, person jointly residing or who formerly jointly
- 21 resided with a respondent in the same dwelling unit as the

- 1 respondent, person who has or has had a dating relationship, or
- 2 person who is or has acted as the respondent's legal guardian.
- 3 "Family or household member" includes a person who is an adult
- 4 roommate or a co-habitant of a respondent.
- 5 "One-year gun violence protective order" means an order
- 6 issued by the family court, pursuant to section 134-E,
- 7 prohibiting the respondent from owning, purchasing, possessing,
- 8 receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or control any
- 9 firearm or ammunition for a period of one year.
- 10 "Petitioner" means a law enforcement officer or a family or
- 11 household member of the respondent who files a petition pursuant
- 12 to section 134-D or section 134-E.
- "Respondent" means the person identified in the petition
- 14 filed pursuant to section 134-D or section 134-E.
- 15 §134-B Court jurisdiction. A petition for relief under
- 16 this part may be filed in any family court in the circuit in
- 17 which the petitioner resides. A petition under this part shall
- 18 be given docket priority by the court.
- 19 §134-C Commencement of action; forms. (a) In order to
- 20 seek a gun violence protective order or make an ex parte motion
- 21 for a gun violence protective order, the petitioner shall file a

- 1 written petition for relief on forms provided by the court. The
- 2 court shall designate an employee or appropriate non-judicial
- 3 agency to assist the petitioner in completing the petition.
- 4 (b) The petition shall allege, under penalty of perjury,
- 5 the grounds for issuance of the order and shall be accompanied
- 6 by an affidavit made under oath or a statement made under
- 7 penalty of perjury containing detailed allegations based on
- 8 personal knowledge that the respondent poses a danger of causing
- 9 bodily injury to the respondent's self or another person by
- 10 owning, purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
- 11 respondent's custody or control any firearm or ammunition, and
- 12 specific facts and circumstances in support thereof, as well as
- 13 the number, types, and locations of any firearms or ammunition
- 14 presently believed by the petitioner to be possessed or
- 15 controlled by the respondent. The petition shall also state, if
- 16 known to the petitioner, whether there is an existing
- 17 restraining order or protective order in effect governing the
- 18 respondent and whether there is any pending lawsuit, complaint,
- 19 petition, or other action between the parties under the laws of
- 20 this State. The judiciary shall verify the terms of any
- 21 existing order governing the parties. The court shall not delay

- 1 granting relief because of the existence of a pending action
- 2 between the parties or the necessity of verifying the terms of
- 3 an existing order. A petition for a gun violence protective
- 4 order or an ex parte motion for a gun violence protective order
- 5 may be granted regardless of whether there is a pending action
- 6 between the parties.
- 7 (c) All health records and other health information
- 8 provided in a petition or considered as evidence in a proceeding
- 9 under this part shall be sealed by the court, except that the
- 10 identities of the petitioner and respondent may be provided to
- 11 law enforcement agencies as set forth in section 134-I.
- 12 Aggregate statistical data about the numbers of gun violence
- 13 protective orders issued, renewed, denied, dissolved, or
- 14 terminated shall be made available to the public upon request.
- 15 (d) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall set a
- 16 date for hearing on the petition within fourteen days,
- 17 regardless of whether the court issues an ex parte gun violence
- 18 protective order pursuant to section 134-D. If the court issues
- 19 an ex parte gun violence protective order pursuant to section
- 20 134-D, notice of the hearing shall be served on the respondent
- 21 with the ex parte order. Notice of the hearing shall be

- 1 personally served on the respondent by an officer of the
- 2 appropriate county police department.
- 3 §134-D Ex parte gun violence protective order. (a) A
- 4 petitioner may request that an exparte gun violence protective
- 5 order be issued before a hearing for a one-year gun violence
- 6- protective order, without notice to the respondent.
- 7 (b) The court shall issue or deny an ex parte gun violence
- 8 protective order on the same day that the petition is submitted
- 9 to the court, unless the petition is filed too late in the day
- 10 to permit effective adjudication, in which case the order shall
- 11 be issued or denied on the next business day.
- 12 (c) Before issuing an ex parte gun violence protective
- 13 order, the court may examine under oath the petitioner and any
- 14 witnesses the petitioner may produce. The court may also:
- 15 (1) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted of
- 16 all available records to determine whether the
- 17 respondent owns any firearms or ammunition; and
- 18 (2) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for
- 19 criminal history and mental health records related to
- 20 the respondent that are readily available to the
- 21 court.

1	(α)	in decermining whether sufficient grounds for an ex
2	parte gun	violence protective order exist, the court shall
3	consider	all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner, and
4	may also	consider other relevant evidence, including evidence of
5	facts rel	ating to the respondent's:
6	(1)	Unlawful, reckless, or negligent use, display,
7		storage, possession, or brandishing of a firearm;
8	(2)	Act or threat of violence against the respondent's
9		self or another person, regardless of whether the
10		violence involves a firearm;
11	(3)	Violation of a protective order or restraining order
12		issued pursuant to chapter 586 or section 604-10.5, or
13		a similar law in another state;
14	(4)	Abuse of controlled substances or alcohol or
15		commission of any criminal offense that involves
16		controlled substances or alcohol; and
17	(5)	Recent acquisition of firearms, ammunition, or other
18		deadly weapons.
19	(e)	The court shall also consider the time that has
20	olangod g	ingo the events described in subsection (d)

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1	(f)	If the court finds probable cause to believe that the
2	responden	t poses an imminent danger of causing bodily injury to
3	the respon	ndent's self or another person by owning, purchasing,
4	possessin	g, receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or
5	control a	ny firearm or ammunition, the court shall issue an ex
6	parte gun	violence protective order.
7	(g)	An ex parte gun violence protective order issued
8	pursuant	to this section shall include:
9	(1)	A statement that the respondent shall not own,
10		purchase, possess, receive, transfer ownership of, or
11		have in the respondent's custody or control, or
12		attempt to purchase, receive, or transfer ownership or
13		any firearm or ammunition while the order is in
14		effect;
15	(2)	A description of the requirements for relinquishment
16		of firearms and ammunition under section 134-G;
17	(3)	A statement of the grounds asserted for the order;
18	(4)	A notice of the hearing under section 134-C(d) to
19		determine whether to issue a one-year gun violence
20		protective order, including the address of the court

and the date and time when the hearing is scheduled;

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- A statement that at the hearing, the court may extend 1 (5) 2 the order for one year; and
- 3 (6) A statement that the respondent may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with the order, 4 and that the attorney should be consulted promptly so 5 that the attorney may assist the respondent in any 6 matter connected with the order. 7
- 8 (h) An ex parte gun violence protective order issued 9 pursuant to this section shall be personally served on the 10 respondent by an officer of the appropriate county police department. The officer shall file the proof of service with the court within one business day of service. 12
- In accordance with section 134-C(d), the court shall 13 (i) schedule a hearing within fourteen days of the receipt of the 14 15 petition for an an ex parte qun violence protective order to determine if a one-year gun violence protective order shall be 16 17 issued. A respondent may seek an extension of time before the 18 hearing. The court shall dissolve any ex parte gun violence 19 protective order in effect against the respondent if the court subsequently holds the hearing and issues or denies a one-year 20 21 gun violence protective order.

1	§134-E One-year gun violence protective order issued after
2	notice and hearing. (a) A petitioner requesting a one-year gur
3	violence protective order shall include in the petition detailed
4	allegations based on personal knowledge that the respondent
5	poses a significant danger of causing a self-inflicted bodily
6	injury or an injury to another person by owning, purchasing,
7	possessing, receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or
8	control any firearm or ammunition.
9	(b) Before a hearing for a one-year gun violence
10	protective order, the court shall:
11	(1) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted of
12	all available records to determine whether the
13	respondent owns any firearms or ammunition; and
14	(2) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for
15	criminal history and mental health records related to
16	the respondent that are readily available to the
17	court.
18	(c) In determining whether to issue a one-year gun
19	violence protective order under this section, the court shall
20	consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and

the respondent, and may also consider other relevant evidence,

1	including but not	limited	to evidence	e of the	facts	identified	in
2	section 134-D(d).						
2	(d) If the	gourt fin	da hir a na	on on dosco	~ a o o f	+1	

- (d) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence
- 4 at the hearing that the respondent poses a significant danger of
- 5 causing bodily injury to the respondent's self or another person
- 6 by owning, purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
- 7 respondent's custody or control any firearm or ammunition,
- 8 the court shall issue a one-year gun violence protective order.
- 9 (e) A one-year gun violence protective order issued
- 10 pursuant to this section shall include all of the following:
- 11 (1) A statement that the respondent shall not own,
- 12 purchase, possess, receive, transfer ownership of, or
- have in the respondent's custody or control, or
- 14 attempt to purchase, receive, or transfer ownership
- of, any firearm or ammunition while the order is in
- 16 effect;
- 17 (2) A description of the requirements for relinquishment
- of firearms and ammunition under section 134-G;
- 19 (3) A statement of the grounds supporting the issuance of
- the order;
- 21 (4) The date and time the order expires;

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1	(5)	The address of the court that issued the order;
2	(6)	A statement that the respondent may request a hearing
3		to terminate the order at any time during its
4		effective period;
5	(7)	A statement that the respondent may seek the advice of
6		an attorney as to any matter connected to the order;
7 .	(8)	A statement of whether the respondent was present in
8		court to be advised of the contents of the order or
9		whether the respondent failed to appear; and
10	(9)	A statement that if the respondent was present in
11		court, the respondent's presence shall constitute
12		proof of service of notice of the terms of the order.
13	(f)	If the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, a
14	one-year	gun violence protective order issued pursuant to this
15	section s	hall be personally served on the respondent by an
16	officer o	f the appropriate county police department. The
17	officer s	hall file the proof of service with the court within
18	one busin	ess day of service.
19	§13 4	-F Termination and renewal. (a) The respondent named
20	in a one-	year gun violence protective order issued under section
21	134-E may	submit a written request at any time during the

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1	effective	period of the order for a hearing to terminate the
2	order. U	pon receipt of the written request for termination:
3	(1)	The court shall set a date for a hearing. Notice of
4		the request shall be personally served on the
5		petitioner by any person authorized by section 634-21.
6		The hearing shall occur no sooner than fourteen days
7		from the date of service of the request upon the
8		petitioner; and
9	(2)	The respondent seeking termination of the order shall
10		have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the
11		evidence that the respondent does not pose a
12		significant danger of causing bodily injury to the
13		respondent's self or another person by owning,
14		purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
15		respondent's custody or control any firearm or
16		ammunition.
17	If the co	urt finds after the hearing that the respondent has met
18	the respo	ndent's burden, the court shall terminate the order.
19	(b)	A petitioner may submit a written request for a
20	renewal o	f a one-year gun violence protective order within three

1 months prior to the expiration of the order. Upon receipt of 2 the written request for renewal, the court: 3 In determining whether to renew a one-year gun (1)4 violence protective order, after notice to the 5 respondent, shall consider all relevant evidence 6 presented by the petitioner and the respondent and may 7 also consider other relevant evidence, including 8 evidence of the facts identified in section 134-D(d); 9 and 10 (2) May renew a one-year gun violence protective order if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence 11 12 that the respondent continues to pose a significant danger of causing bodily injury to the respondent's 13 14 self or another person by owning, purchasing, 15 possessing, receiving, or having in the respondent's 16 custody or control any firearm or ammunition. 17 A one-year gun violence protective order renewed pursuant to this section shall expire after one year, subject to termination 18 19 by further order of the court at a hearing held pursuant to 20 subsection (a) and further renewal by order of the court



pursuant to this subsection.

- 1 §134-G Relinquishment of firearms and ammunition. (a) 2 Upon issuance of an ex parte or one-year gun violence protective 3 order or a domestic abuse protective order, the court shall 4 order the respondent to voluntarily surrender or dispose of all 5 firearms and ammunition that the respondent owns or possesses, 6 or has in the respondent's custody or control, in accordance 7 with section 134-7.3(b). 8 (b) At the time of serving notice of a petition, an ex 9 parte or gun violence protective order, or a domestic abuse 10 protective order, a police officer shall take custody of any and 11 all firearms and ammunition in accordance with the procedure 12 described in section 134-7(f). Alternatively, if personal 13 service by a police officer is not possible, the respondent 14 shall surrender the firearms and ammunition in a safe manner to the control of the chief of police where the respondent resides 15 16 within forty-eight hours of being served with the order. 17
- (c) At the time of surrender or removal, a police officer taking possession of a firearm or ammunition pursuant to a gun violence or domestic abuse protective order shall issue a receipt identifying all firearms and ammunition that have been surrendered or removed and provide a copy of the receipt to the

- 1 respondent. Within seventy-two hours after being served with
- 2 the order, the officer serving the order shall file the original
- 3 receipt with the court that issued the gun violence protective
- 4 order, and shall ensure that the appropriate county police
- 5 department retains a copy of the receipt.
- 6 (d) A court that has probable cause to believe a
- 7 respondent to a protective order owns, possesses, or has in the
- 8 respondent's custody or control any firearms or ammunition that
- 9 the respondent has failed to surrender pursuant to this section,
- 10 or has received or purchased a firearm or ammunition while
- 11 subject to the order, shall issue a warrant describing the
- 12 firearm or ammunition and authorizing a search of any location
- 13 where the firearm or ammunition is reasonably believed to be and
- 14 the seizure of any firearm or ammunition discovered pursuant to
- 15 the search.
- (e) The appropriate county police department may charge
- 17 the respondent a fee not to exceed the reasonable and actual
- 18 costs incurred by the department for storing a firearm or
- 19 ammunition surrendered or removed pursuant to this section for
- 20 the duration of the gun violence or domestic abuse protective
- 21 order and any additional periods necessary under section 134-H.



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1	§134-H Return and disposal of firearms or ammunition. (a)
2	Thirty days before a one-year gun violence protective order is
3	set to expire, a county police department holding any firearm or
4	ammunition that has been surrendered or removed pursuant to the
5	order shall notify the petitioner that the order is set to
6	expire. The notice shall advise the petitioner of the
7	procedures for seeking a renewal of the order pursuant to
8	section 134-F.
9	(b) If a gun violence protective order is terminated or
10	expires and is not renewed, a county police department holding
11	any firearm or ammunition that has been surrendered or removed
12	pursuant to section 134-G shall notify the respondent that the
13	respondent may request the return of the firearm or ammunition.
14	A county police department shall return any surrendered or
15	removed firearm or ammunition requested by a respondent only
16	after confirming, through a criminal history background check,
17	that the respondent is currently eligible to own or possess
18	firearms and ammunition.
19	(c) A respondent who has surrendered or had removed any
20	firearm or ammunition to or by a county police department
21	pursuant to section 134-G and who does not wish to have the

- 1 firearm or ammunition returned, or who is no longer eligible to
- 2 own or possess firearms or ammunition, may sell or transfer
- 3 title of the firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed
- 4 under section 134-31. The department shall transfer possession
- 5 of the firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed under
- 6 section 134-31 only after the dealer has provided written proof
- 7 of transfer of the firearm or ammunition from the respondent to
- 8 the dealer and the department has verified the transfer with the
- 9 respondent.
- 10 (d) If a person other than the respondent claims title to
- 11 any firearm or ammunition surrendered or removed pursuant to
- 12 section 134-G, and that person is determined by the appropriate
- 13 county police department to be the lawful owner of the firearm
- 14 or ammunition, the firearm or ammunition shall be returned to
- 15 the lawful owner.
- (e) A county police department holding any firearm or
- 17 ammunition that was surrendered by or removed from a respondent
- 18 pursuant to section 134-G may dispose of the firearm or
- 19 ammunition only after six months from the date of proper notice
- 20 to the respondent of the department's intent to dispose of the
- 21 firearm or ammunition, unless the firearm or ammunition has been

- 1 claimed by the lawful owner. If the firearm or ammunition
- 2 remain unclaimed after six months from the date of notice, then
- 3 no party shall thereafter have the right to assert ownership
- 4 thereof and the department may dispose of the firearm or
- 5 ammunition.
- 6 (f) For the purposes of this section, "dispose" means
- 7 selling the firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed
- 8 under section 134-31, or destroying the firearm or ammunition.
- 9 §134-I Reporting of order to Hawaii criminal justice data
- 10 center. (a) The court shall notify the Hawaii criminal justice
- 11 data center no later than one business day after issuing,
- 12 renewing, dissolving, or terminating an exparte or one-year gun
- 13 violence protective order under this part and after receiving
- 14 notice of such an order.
- 15 (b) The information required to be submitted to the Hawaii
- 16 criminal justice data center pursuant to this section shall
- 17 include identifying information about the petitioner and
- 18 respondent and the date the order was issued, renewed,
- 19 dissolved, or terminated. In the case of a one-year order, the
- 20 court shall include the date the order is set to expire.

- 1 (c) The Hawaii criminal justice data center shall maintain
- 2 a searchable database of the information it receives under this
- 3 section and make the information available to law enforcement
- 4 agencies upon request.
- 5 (d) The Hawaii criminal justice data center shall within
- 6 one business day make information about an exparte or one-year
- 7 gun violence protective order issued, served, renewed,
- 8 dissolved, or terminated pursuant to this part available to the
- 9 National Instant Criminal Background Check System for the
- 10 purposes of firearm purchaser background checks.
- 11 §134-J Penalties. A person who files a petition for a gun
- 12 violence protective order under this part, knowing the
- 13 information in the petition to be materially false or with an
- 14 intent to harass the respondent, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 15 §134-K Law enforcement to retain other authority. The
- 16 provisions of this part shall not affect the ability of a law
- 17 enforcement officer to remove firearms or ammunition from any
- 18 person pursuant to other lawful authority.
- 19 §134-L Lack of liability for failure to seek order. This
- 20 part shall not be construed to impose criminal or civil

- 1 liability on any person who chooses not to seek a gun violence
- protective order pursuant to this part."
- 3 SECTION 3. Section 134-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- 5 "(f) No person who has been restrained pursuant to an
- 6 order of any court, including [an ex parte order as provided in
- 7 this subsection, a gun violence protective order issued
- 8 pursuant to part , from contacting, threatening, or
- 9 physically abusing any person, shall possess, control, or
- 10 transfer ownership of any firearm or ammunition therefor, so
- 11 long as the protective order, restraining order, or any
- 12 extension is in effect, unless the order, for good cause shown,
- 13 specifically permits the possession of a firearm and ammunition.
- 14 The protective order or restraining order [or order of
- 15 protection] shall specifically include a statement that
- 16 possession, control, or transfer of ownership of a firearm or
- 17 ammunition by the person named in the order is prohibited.
- 18 [Such] The person shall relinquish possession and control of any
- 19 firearm and ammunition owned by that person to the police
- 20 department of the appropriate county for safekeeping for the
- 21 duration of the order or extension thereof. [In the case of an

1 ex parte order, the affidavit or statement under oath that forms 2 the basis for the order shall contain a statement of the facts 3 that support a finding that the person to be restrained owns, 4 intends to obtain or to transfer ownership of, or possesses a 5 firearm, and that the firearm may be used to threaten, injure, 6 or abuse any person. The ex parte order shall be effective upon 7 service pursuant to section 586 6.] At the time of service of a protective order or restraining order involving firearms and 8 9 ammunition issued by any court, [the] a police officer may take 10 custody of any and all firearms and ammunition in plain sight, 11 those discovered pursuant to a consensual search, and those 12 firearms surrendered by the person restrained. If the person restrained is the registered owner of a firearm and knows the 13 14 location of the firearm, but refuses to surrender the firearm or refuses to disclose the location of the firearm, the person 15 restrained shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. In any case, when 16 17 a police officer is unable to locate the firearms and ammunition 18 either registered under this chapter or known to the person granted protection by the court, the police officer shall apply 19 20 to the court for a search warrant pursuant to chapter 803 for the limited purpose of seizing the firearm and ammunition. 21

1 For the purposes of this subsection, good cause shall not 2 be based solely upon the consideration that the person subject 3 to restraint pursuant to an order of any court[- including an ex parte order as provided for in this subsection,] is required to 4 5 possess or carry firearms or ammunition during the course of the person's employment. Good cause consideration may include but 6 7 not be limited to the protection and safety of the person to 8 whom a restraining order is granted." 9 SECTION 4. Section 134-7.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended as follows: 1. By amending subsection (b) to read: 11 12 "(b) Any person disqualified from ownership, possession, 13 or control of firearms and ammunition under section 134-7[-] or 14 part , within [seven days] forty-eight hours of disqualification, shall voluntarily surrender all firearms and 15 ammunition to the chief of police where the person resides or 16 dispose of all firearms and ammunition. If any person fails to 17 18 voluntarily surrender or dispose of all firearms and ammunition 19 within [seven days] forty-eight hours from the date of disqualification, the chief of police may seize all firearms and 20

ammunition."

- 1 2. By amending subsection (d) to read:
- 2 "(d) For the purposes of this section, "dispose" means
- 3 selling the firearms to a gun dealer licensed under section
- 4 134-31, transferring ownership of the firearms to any person who
- 5 meets the requirements of section 134-2, or surrendering all
- 6 firearms to the chief of police where the person resides for
- 7 storage or disposal; provided[τ] that, for a person subject to
- 8 section 134-7(f)[$_{7}$] or part , "dispose" shall not include
- 9 transferring ownership of the firearms to any person who meets
- 10 the requirements of section 134-2."
- 11 SECTION 5. The judiciary shall adopt any rules of court
- 12 necessary to implement this Act.
- 13 SECTION 6. The department of the attorney general shall
- 14 adopt any rules, pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised
- 15 Statutes, necessary to implement this Act.
- 16 SECTION 7. The chiefs of police of the respective counties
- 17 shall adopt any procedures necessary to implement this Act.
- 18 SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 19 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 20 begun before its effective date.

- 1 SECTION 9. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 3 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 4 the new sections in this Act.
- 5 SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on February 1,
- 8 2020.

Report Title:

Firearms; Gun Violence; Protective Orders

Description:

Establishes a process by which a law enforcement officer or family or household member may obtain a court order to prevent a person from accessing firearms and ammunition when the person poses a danger of causing bodily injury to oneself or another. (SB1466 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.