HB2202 HD2

RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION. Measure Title:

Workers' Compensation; Medical Examination; Duly Qualified Physician; Duly Qualified Report Title:

Surgeon

Provides that a duly qualified physician or duly qualified surgeon selected and paid for by an employer to perform a medical examination on an employee relating to a work injury under workers' compensation shall be duly qualified to treat the injury being examined, possess medical malpractice insurance, and owe the same duty of care to the injured employee as to a traditional patient. (HB2202 HD2)

Companion:

Description:

Package: None Current Referral: LBR, CPH Introducer(s): JOHANSON

<u>Sort by</u> <u>Date</u>		Status Text
1/22/2018	Н	Pending introduction.
1/24/2018	Н	Introduced and Pass First Reading.
1/26/2018	Н	Referred to LAB, CPC, FIN, referral sheet 8
1/29/2018	Н	Bill scheduled to be heard by LAB on Thursday, 02-01-18 9:00AM in House conference room 309.
2/1/2018	Н	The committees on LAB recommend that the measure be PASSED, WITH AMENDMENTS. The votes were as follows: 7 Ayes: Representative(s) Johanson, Holt, Evans, Ichiyama, Keohokalole, Yamashita, Matsumoto; Ayes with reservations: none; Noes: none; and Excused: none.
2/6/2018	Н	Reported from LAB (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 73-18) as amended in HD 1, recommending passage on Second Reading and referral to CPC.
2/6/2018	Н	Passed Second Reading as amended in HD 1 and referred to the committee(s) on CPC with none voting aye with reservations; none voting no (0) and Representative(s) Har, Kong, Souki excused (3).
2/6/2018	Н	Bill scheduled to be heard by CPC on Friday, 02-09-18 2:00PM in House conference room 329.
2/9/2018	Н	The committees on CPC recommend that the measure be PASSED, WITH AMENDMENTS. The votes were as follows: 8 Ayes: Representative(s) Takumi, Ichiyama, Aquino, Ito, Johanson, Mizuno, Say, Tokioka; Ayes with reservations: none; Noes: none; and 3 Excused: Representative(s) LoPresti, Yamane, McDermott.
2/13/2018	Н	Reported from CPC (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 294-18) as amended in HD 2, recommending referral to FIN.
2/13/2018	Н	Report adopted. referred to the committee(s) on FIN as amended in HD 2 with none voting aye with reservations; none voting no (0) and Representative(s) Souki excused (1).
2/16/2018	Н	Bill scheduled to be heard by FIN on Wednesday, 02-21-18 2:00PM in House conference room 308.
2/21/2018	Н	The committees on FIN recommend that the measure be PASSED, UNAMENDED. The votes were as follows: 13 Ayes: Representative(s) Luke, Cullen, Cachola, DeCoite, Fukumoto, Gates, Holt, Kobayashi, Lowen, Nakamura, Todd, Yamashita, Ward; Ayes with reservations: none; Noes: none; and 2 Excused: Representative(s) Keohokalole, Tupola.
3/1/2018	Н	Reported from FIN (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 829-18), recommending passage on Third Reading.
3/1/2018	Н	Passed Third Reading with none voting aye with reservations; none voting no (0) and Representative(s) McKelvey, Yamane excused (2). Transmitted to Senate.
3/2/2018	S	Received from House (Hse. Com. No. 84).
3/2/2018	S	Passed First Reading.
3/6/2018	S	Referred to LBR, CPH.
3/12/2018	S	The committee(s) on LBR has scheduled a public hearing on 03-15-18 2:45PM in conference room 229.

 $\mathbf{S} = \text{Senate} \mid \mathbf{H} = \text{House} \mid \mathbf{D} = \text{Data Systems} \mid \mathbf{S} = \text{Appropriation measure} \mid \mathbf{ConAm} = \text{Constitutional Amendment}$

Some of the above items require Adobe Acrobat Reader. Please visit $\underline{\text{Adobe's download page}}$ for detailed instructions.

HB2202 HD2

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR DOUGLAS S. CHIN IFLITENANT GOVERNOR



STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

830 PUNCHBOWL STREET, ROOM 321 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813

www.labor.hawaii.gov Phone: (808) 586-8844 / Fax: (808) 586-9099 Email: dlir.director@hawaii.gov

March 15, 2018

To: To: The Honorable Jill N. Tokuda, Chair,

The Honorable J. Kalani English, Vice Chair, and Members of the Senate Committee on Labor

Date: Thursday, March 15, 2018

Time: 2:45 p.m.

Place: Conference Room 229, State Capitol

From: Leonard Hoshijo, Director

Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR)

Re: H.B. No. 2202 HD2 RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION

I. OVERVIEW OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

HB 2202HD2 proposes to amend section 386-79, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), to specify that a "duly qualified" physician or "duly qualified" surgeon selected and paid for by the employer are "duly qualified" to treat the injury being examined. "Duly qualified" is defined as used in this section. The bill also proposes "duly qualified" physician or "duly qualified" surgeon be listed in the title of Section 386-79, HRS.

DLIR provides comments with concerns about the possible unintended consequences of the measure.

II. CURRENT LAW

Section 386-27, HRS, provides qualifications and duties of health care providers. The director shall qualify any person initially who has a license to practice under Chapters 453 Medicine or Osteopathy, 448 Dentistry, 442 Chiropractic, 455 Naturopathic medicine, 459 Optometry, 463E Podiatry, 465 Psychology and 457 Advanced Practice Registered Nurses.

Section 386-79, HRS, allows the employee to have a duly qualified physician or surgeon designated and paid by the employee conduct the examination and the employee and the employee's right to have a physician, surgeon or chaperone present at the examination.

III. COMMENTS ON THE HOUSE BILL

DLIR is concerned that the proposal would lead to further delays in the claims process and potential litigious and unintentional consequences.

- Proposed subsection (c) (1) requires that a duly qualified physician or surgeon
 "be duly qualified to treat the injury being examined." This provision could lead
 to further delays in the process as the parties challenge a physician's
 qualifications, especially in cases with multiple body parts or added issues
 (stress or psychological). Would an injury involving multiple body parts require
 "duly qualified" physicians for each body part?
- Proposed subsection (c)(3) requires that a duly qualified physician "owe the same duty of care to the injured employee while performing such a medical examination as would be owed to a traditional patient." The Examiner does not have the usual doctor-patient relationship. The Examiner is a medical professional, who is not involved in the claimant's care. The Examiner does not provide treatment nor diagnose the patient. Rather, the Examiner provides an opinion of the diagnosis and causation of the injury. It is DLIR's understanding that the Hawaii Medical Board definition of a physician requires a physician to treat and therefore certain IME doctors could not possibly be "duly qualified."
- The Department is also concerned that certain IME doctors could not procure medical malpractice insurance, or face an increase in their costs. This may reduce the availability of IME doctors and cause further delays.
- Proposed subsection (d) defines duly qualified as a "doctor whose specialty is appropriate for the injury to be examined." This may also lead to more challenges and delays, especially where multiple body parts or issues are involved.

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

650 SOUTH KING STREET, 10TH FLOOR • HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 TELEPHONE: (808) 768-8500 • FAX: (808) 768-5563 • INTERNET: www.honolulu.gov/hr

KIRK CALDWELL MAYOR



CAROLEE C. KUBO DIRECTOR

NOEL T. ONO ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

March 15, 2018

The Honorable Jill N. Tokuda, Chair
The Honorable J. Kalani English, Vice Chair
and Members of the Committee on Labor
The Senate
State Capitol, Room 229
415 South Beretania Street
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Chair Tokuda, Vice Chair English, and Members of the Committee:

SUBJECT: House Bill No. 2202, H.D. 2

Relating to Workers' Compensation

H.B. 2202, H.D. 2, provides that a duly qualified physician or duly qualified surgeon selected and paid for by an employer to perform a medical examination on an employee relating to a work injury under workers' compensation shall be duly qualified to treat the injury being examined, possess medical malpractice insurance, and owe the same duty of care to the injured employee as to a traditional patient.

The City and County of Honolulu, Department of Human Resources, offers the following comments on the bill.

First, the requirements imposed by this measure on an IME physician are at odds with the purpose and nature of ordered examinations. An examination conducted under Section 386-79, HRS, is intended to assess diagnosis, causation, prognosis, maximum medical improvement, work capacity, and/or appropriateness of care. As a result, no physician-patient relationship is created between the employee and examining physician. This independent nature of the examination and the concomitant non-existence of any physician-patient relationship are the cornerstones of medical examinations provided under this section. Consequently, there is no legal or medical basis to support the requirement that examiners possess medical malpractice insurance in order to conduct such an examination.

The Honorable Jill N. Tokuda, Chair The Honorable J. Kalani English, Vice Chair and Members of the Committee on Labor The Senate March 15, 2018 Page 2

Second, mandating that medical examiners provide the same duty of care to employees examined as a traditional patient is also legally and medically unfounded. Imposing such a requirement would potentially establish a physician-patient relationship between the parties or at the very least create the appearance of one, thereby destroying one of the foundational tenets of independent medical examinations.

Third, while the bill defines "duly qualified" as "a doctor whose specialty is appropriate for the injury to be examined," this definition lends itself to multiple competing interpretations of what is an appropriate specialty, particularly when a claim involves examination of multiple injuries. This bill is certain to have the unintended consequence of potentially lengthening certain claims as both employees and/or their attorneys and employers debate—and litigate at a hearing—the issue of whether the physician or surgeon at issue has the appropriate specialty and is therefore "duly qualified" to perform the examination.

Finally, from the City's perspective as a self-insured employer which pays benefits from public funds, the IME is one of the few tools the City can use to ensure that a questionable claim arose out of the course and scope of employment or that a requested medical treatment is related to the work injury. Without the benefit of an independent medical opinion, the City could be held liable for every claim that is filed and every medical treatment that is sought—even those injuries and treatments that would otherwise be covered by the employee's private medical insurance or a no-fault policy if the injury or treatment is necessitated by a non-work incident or a motor vehicle accident, respectively. This is particularly true in light of the statutory presumption in Section 386-78, HRS, that a claim is for a covered work injury, and recent Hawaii Supreme Court decisions such as <u>Pulawa v. Oahu Construction Co., Ltd., and Seabright Insurance Company, SCWC-11-0001019</u> (Hawai'i November 4, 2015) which liberalized the standard for medical treatment from "reasonable and necessary" to "reasonably needed" and allows claimants to "receive[] the opportunity for the greatest possible medical rehabilitation."

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Sincerely,

Carolee C. Kubo

Cawler C. Anho

Director

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON LABOR

Thursday, March 15, 2018 2:45 P.M.

H.B. 2202, HD2 RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION

By Marleen Silva Director, Workers' Compensation Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc.

Chair Tokuda, Vice Chair English and Members of the Committee:

Hawaiian Electric Co. Inc., its subsidiaries, Maui Electric Company, Ltd., and Hawaii Electric Light Company, Inc. **strongly oppose H.B. 2202, HD2.** Our companies represent over 2,500 employees throughout the State.

This bill proposes changes to the existing statute to mandate that a "duly qualified physician" or "duly qualified surgeon" selected and paid for by an employer, must also be "duly qualified" to perform an independent medical examination (IME) to treat the injury being examined. The examiner must also possess medical malpractice insurance, and owe the same duty of care to the injured employee as to a traditional patient.

We respectfully cannot support this measure because it imposes an unnecessary standard on physicians/examiners that is inconsistent with the purpose and intent of an administrative and "independent" medical evaluation, typically requested by an employer or insurer, or ordered by the Director under Section 386-79, HRS. The role of the examining physician is to provide an "independent" and objective opinion of the diagnosis, causation, treatment of the injury. The examining physician could not have a traditional doctor-patient relationship because they have not been involved in the direct care and treatment of the patient. Therefore, requiring that they "owe the same duty of care to the injured employee while performing such a medical examination as would be owed to a traditional patient" could not be possible, could distort the results, and would be an unreasonable expectation given their role in the process under the statute.

Imposing these standards on the examining physician will discourage the already limited pool of qualified physicians to perform these examinations and may lead to unintended consequences and delays in the process as the parties challenge a physician's qualifications to perform the examination, especially when there are multiple body parts and/or psychological issues.

For these reasons, we strongly oppose H.B. 2202, HD2 and respectfully request this measure be held.

Thank you for this opportunity to submit testimony.



To: Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair

Senator J. Kalani English, Vice Chair Members of the Committee on Labor

Date: Thursday, March 15, 2018

Time: 2:45 p.m.

Place: Conference Room 229

State Capitol

415 South Beretania Street

Support for House Bill 2202 HD2

<u>As President of Work Injury Medical Association of Hawaii representing the providers treating injured workers in our state, we strongly support HB 2202.</u>

The key provisions of this bill provide for the following:

- (a) Requires a workers' compensation impartial exam to be conducted by a "duly qualified physician" or "duly qualified surgeon"
- (b) Defines "duly qualified physician" and "duly qualified surgeon" as follows: (1) Is duly qualified to treat the injury being examined; (2) Possesses medical malpractice insurance; and (3) Owes the same duty of care to the injured employee while performing the medical examination as would be owed to a traditional patient."

Justification:

- Unfortunately, some employer/carriers are abusing the system by choosing their "favored" physicians who produce reports that predictably favor the employer/carrier. Too often, the goal of an employer directed medical examination is not altruistic. The goal is often to enable an employer to escape liability or to delay benefits. An employer can attempt to escape liability if the employer can obtain a physician's opinion in its favor.
- The financial rewards to an employer's physician who consistently provides opinions in favor of an employer can be substantial. Employer's physicians apparently are paid more than \$2,000.00 per examination. Three examinations per week yields \$6,000.00. 50 weeks a year yields an income of \$300.000.00. Employer's physicians can do more than three examinations per week.

- There is at least one employer physician who has earned more than \$1 million from one workers' compensation insurer.
- Employer's physicians do not have any duty of care to the injured worker and often escape responsibility for a misdiagnosis. It is the freedom from liability that allows the employer's physicians to give the employer the opinions they want without responsibility to the injured worker.
- For many workers with severe injuries, however, the workers' compensation system is the only
 thing that stands between them and a downward spiral of unemployment, debt and even
 homelessness. The use of "employer medical examinations" results in delays that often have
 devastating consequences to injured workers.
- There are physicians who conduct employer's examinations who properly consider the facts and provide opinions that are medically sound. Attorneys representing injured workers will readily agree to have their clients examined by such physicians. Responsible insurance carriers will utilize the services of such physicians because those carriers know that proper medical treatment with a correct diagnosis will result in getting the injured worker back to work sooner, which is the correct and fair result.
- The problem with employers' examinations lies with certain physicians and insurance carriers who are willing to use improper opinions to unfairly deny benefits to injured workers. The inherent disparity of the financial resources of insurance carriers versus an injured worker, who is frequently without income, makes the playing field inherently uneven in favor of the carrier.
- This bill attempts to bring greater fairness to the IME process by holding the employer physician accountable for his/her diagnosis. Opponents of this measure argue that an IME exam is intended to assess diagnosis, causation, prognosis, maximum medical improvement, work capacity, and/or appropriateness of care for the insurance company, and therefore an IME physician should not owe a duty of care to the injured worker. As Sen. Karl Rhoads eloquently stated, "How can you be a doctor, and you're looking at a patient, but you're saying your duty is to someone else?" Rhoads asks. "I don't see how that makes any legal, moral or ethical sense at all."
- I would encourage you to read, if you haven't already, the Civil Beat series "Waiting In Pain" at http://www.civilbeat.org/projects/waiting-in-pain/.

Sincerely,

Scott J Miscovich MD

President

Work Injury Medical Association of Hawaii

<u>HB-2202-HD-2</u> Submitted on: 3/14/2018 10:46:05 AM

Testimony for LBR on 3/15/2018 2:45:00 PM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Lowell Chun-Hoon	Testifying for ILWU Local 142	Support	No

<u>HB-2202-HD-2</u> Submitted on: 3/14/2018 12:29:56 PM

Testimony for LBR on 3/15/2018 2:45:00 PM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Delle Tanioka	Individual	Support	No

HB-2202-HD-2

Submitted on: 3/14/2018 12:37:54 PM

Testimony for LBR on 3/15/2018 2:45:00 PM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing	
cathy wilson	Individual	Support	No	l

Comments:

To: Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair

Senator J. Kalani English, Vice Chair

Members of the Committee on Labor

Date: Thursday, March 15, 2018

Time: 2:45 p.m.

Place: Conference Room 229

State Capitol

415 South Beretania Street

Support for House Bill 2202 HD2

As an advocate for injured workers and the providers who treat them, I strongly support HB 2202. I agree with Work Injury Medical Association's testimony and this is why I support HB 2202.

Thank you,

Cathy Wilson



HAWAII MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

1360 S. Beretania Street, Suite 200, Honolulu, Hawaii 96814 Phone (808) 536-7702 Fax (808) 528-2376 www.hawaiimedicalassociation.org



TO:
COMMITTEE ON LABOR
Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair

Senator J. Kalani English, Vice Chair

DATE: Thursday, March 15, 2018

TIME: 2:45 p.m.

PLACE: Conference Room 229

FROM: Hawaii Medical Association

Dr. Christopher Flanders, DO, Executive Director Lauren Zirbel, Government and Community Relations

Re: HB 2202, HD2 RELATING TO WORKERS COMPENSATION

Position: SUPPORT

In order to perform as an Independent Medical Examiner a "duly qualified physician" and "duly qualified surgeon" should: (1) Be appropriately licensed in the state of Hawaii under HRS Section 453; (2) Possesses medical malpractice insurance; and (3) Owe the same duty and standard of care to the injured employee as would be owed a traditional patient.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony.

<u>HB-2202-HD-2</u> Submitted on: 3/15/2018 11:11:39 AM Testimony for LBR on 3/15/2018 2:45:00 PM



Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Douglas Moore	Testifying for Hawaii Injured Workers Assn.	Support	No

<u>HB-2202-HD-2</u> Submitted on: 3/15/2018 10:44:58 AM Testimony for LBR on 3/15/2018 2:45:00 PM



Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Kara k Bernal	Individual	Support	No