THE SENATE TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2017 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 331

JAN 2 0 2017

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO BODY-WORN VIDEO CAMERAS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that an increasing number
 of states are using body-worn video cameras as a means to
 protect civilians and law enforcement officers. A body-worn
 video camera worn by a law enforcement officer acts as a third party, like an independent witness in disputes by clarifying
 testimony obtained in the field.

7 The legislature further finds that people who are aware that they are being videotaped are more inclined to alter their 8 9 behavior, since they know that they will likely be held 10 accountable for their actions. The use of a body-worn video 11 camera can provide law enforcement officers and civilians with 12 the security of knowing that their statements can be 13 corroborated by the video or audio recordings obtained through 14 the body-worn video camera.

15 The use of body-worn video cameras may reduce complaints16 against law enforcement officers and allow complaints to be



resolved more quickly, thus freeing up valuable resources and 1 2 reducing financial losses. 3 The legislature also finds that the use of body-worn video 4 cameras can assist law enforcement agencies with training, 5 assessment, and disciplinary decisions. 6 The purpose of this Act is to promote transparency, 7 accountability, and protection for both civilians and law 8 enforcement officers by establishing requirements for the use of 9 body-worn video cameras. 10 SECTION 2. Chapter 52D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 12 to read as follows: 13 . LAW ENFORCEMENT BODY-WORN VIDEO CAMERAS **PART** 14 §52D-A Definitions. As used in this part: 15 "Body-worn video camera" means a recording device that is: 16 (1) Capable of recording video and audio, or transmitting 17 video and audio to be recorded remotely; and 18 (2) Worn on the person of a law enforcement officer, which 19 shall include being attached to the officer's clothing 20 or worn as glasses.



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1 "Subject of the video footage" means any law enforcement
2 officer or any suspect, victim, detainee, conversant, injured
3 party, or other similarly situated person who appears on a body4 worn video camera recording, and shall not include individuals
5 who only incidentally appear on a recording.

6 §52D-B Use of body-worn video cameras for law enforcement 7 officers. While on duty, law enforcement officers shall wear 8 and use body-worn video cameras only in accordance with 9 departmental directives. Body-worn video cameras shall be worn 10 in a location and manner that maximizes the camera's ability to 11 capture video footage of the officer's activities.

12 §52D-C Body-worn video cameras; police department
13 policies. A law enforcement agency that uses a body-worn video
14 camera program shall establish policies and procedures for the
15 use of the body-worn video cameras that shall specify:

16 (1) When a law enforcement officer may activate the body17 worn video camera;

18 (2) When a recording that is currently in progress should
19 be discontinued;

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(3) The length of time that data should be retained;



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The procedures for supervisory or internal review of 1 (4)2 the body-worn video cameras to include that body-worn 3 video camera footage shall not be viewed by any supervisor of a law enforcement officer for the sole 4 5 purpose of searching for violations of department policy or law not related to a specific complaint or 6 7 investigation; and (5) The handling and documenting of equipment and 8 9 malfunctions of equipment. 10 §52D-D Protecting the privacy of persons. (a) Pursuant 11 to the United States Constitution and the Hawaii state 12 constitution, officers are not required to activate and record 13 investigative or enforcement encounters with the public when: 14 (1)In a private space defined as any location in which a 15 person has a reasonable expectation of privacy, 16 including a person's home; 17 (2) In situations where the recording would risk the safety of confidential information, citizen informant, 18 19 or undercover officer; 20 (3) In situations where it may be inappropriate because of 21 the victim's or witnesses' emotional state, age, or



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1		other sensitive circumstance such as rape, incest, or
2		other form of sexual assault;
3	(4)	In patient care areas of a hospital, rape treatment
4		center, or other health care facility unless an
5		enforcement action is taking place in these areas; or
6	(5)	In situations where tactical planning, peer-to-peer
7		discussions, or non-law enforcement discussions are
8		occurring.
9	(b)	Body-worn video camera videos under subsection (a)
10	shall be	exempt from the public inspection requirements of
11	chapter 92F.	
12	§52D-E Training. (a) No law enforcement officer shall	
13	use a body-worn video camera without being trained by the	
14	applicable law enforcement agency on the proper use of the body-	
15	worn video camera.	
16	(b)	No law enforcement personnel shall come into contact
17	with data obtained from the use of a body-worn video camera	
18	without first being trained by the applicable law enforcement	
19	agency on the proper handling of the data.	
20	§52D-F Handling of recordings as evidence. (a) Except as	
21	provided	by subsection (b), a recording created with a body-worn



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video camera and documenting an incident that involves the use of deadly force by a law enforcement officer or that is otherwise related to an administrative or criminal investigation of an officer may not be deleted, destroyed, or released to the public until all criminal matters have been finally adjudicated and all related administrative investigations have concluded.

7 (b) A law enforcement agency may release to the public a
8 recording described by subsection (a) if the law enforcement
9 agency determines that the release furthers a law enforcement
10 purpose.

(c) This section does not affect the authority of a law enforcement agency to withhold information related to a closed criminal investigation that did not result in a conviction or a grant of deferred adjudication community supervision.

15 §52D-G Release of information recorded by a body-worn
16 video camera. (a) A member of the public shall provide the
17 following information when submitting a written request to a law
18 enforcement agency for information recorded by a body-worn video
19 camera:

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The date and approximate time of the recording;



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1 The specific location where the recording occurred; (2) 2 and The name of one or more persons known to be a subject 3 (3) 4 of the video footage. 5 A failure to provide all of the information required (b) 6 by subsection (a) as part of a request for recorded information 7 does not preclude the requestor from making a future request for 8 the same recorded information. 9 A law enforcement agency may release information (C) 10 requested in accordance with subsection (a) after the agency 11 redacts any information made confidential. 12 The department shall set a proposed fee to be charged (d) to members of the public who seek to obtain a copy of a 13 14 recording under this section. The fee shall be sufficient to 15 cover the cost of reviewing and making the recording. A law 16 enforcement agency may provide a copy without charge or at a reduced charge if the agency determines that a waiver or 17 18 reduction of the charge is in the public interest. 19 (d) A recording is confidential and exempt from the 20 requirements, if the recording:



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Was not required to be made under this chapter, 1 (1)2 another law, or under a policy adopted by the 3 appropriate law enforcement agency; and 4 (2)It does not relate to a law enforcement purpose. 5 §52D-H Production of body-worn video camera recording in 6 response to voluminous public information requests. (a) An 7 officer who is employed by a governmental body and who receives 8 a voluminous request is considered to have promptly produced the 9 information if the officer releases the recording before the 10 twenty-first business day after the date of receipt of the 11 written request. 12 For purposes of this section, "voluminous request" (b) 13 includes: 14 A request for body-worn video camera recordings from (1)15 more than five separate incidents; 16 (2)More than five separate requests for body-worn video 17 camera recordings from the same person in a twentyfour hour period, regardless of the number of 18 19 incidents included in each request; or 20 (3) A request or multiple requests from the same person in 21 a twenty-four hour period for body-worn video camera



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recordings that, taken together, constitute more than
 five total hours of video."
 SECTION 3. In codifying the new sections added by section
 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
 the new sections in this Act.
 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

INTRODUCED BY:

anh.



Report Title:

Law Enforcement; Body-Worn Video Cameras

Description:

Regulates the use of body-worn video cameras by law enforcement officers and body-worn video camera footage.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

