THE SENATE TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2018 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 3068

JAN 2 4 2018

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CLIMATE CHANGE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1

#### PART I

2 SECTION 1. As reflected in the findings of Act 32, Session 3 Laws of Hawaii 2017 (Act 32), the legislature recognizes that 4 climate change is not only real, but it is also the overriding 5 challenge of the twenty-first century and one of the priority 6 issues of the senate. Climate change poses immediate and long-7 term threats to the State's economy, sustainability, security, 8 and way of life.

9 Act 32 established the Hawaii climate change mitigation and
10 adaptation commission and directed the commission, as a first
11 step, to focus on and develop sea level rise vulnerability and
12 adaptation reports that are required to include:

13 (1) Identification of the major areas of sea level rise
14 impacts affecting the State and counties through 2050;
15 (2) Identification of expected impacts of sea level rise
16 based on the latest scientific research for each area
17 through 2050;



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1 (3) Identification of the economic ramifications of sea 2 level rise; Identification of applicable federal laws, policies, 3 (4) or programs that impact affected areas; and 4 5 (5) Recommendations for planning, management, and 6 adaptation for hazards associated with increasing sea 7 level rise. The Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation 8

9 commission submitted a Hawaii sea level rise vulnerability and 10 adaptation report in December 2017. The report identifies, with 11 maps at tax map key detail, areas that are susceptible to sea 12 level rise impacts based on a 3.2-foot increase in sea level 13 projected to occur by mid-century or earlier. These areas are 14 designated as the sea level rise exposure area projection, which 15 the commission recommends be adopted as a sea level rise exposure area overlay to quide state and county adaptation 16 strategies and standards for development. The Hawaii sea level 17 18 rise vulnerability and adaptation report also made a number of 19 recommendations to state and county agencies based on emerging good practices to strengthen Hawaii's overall readiness to face 20 21 sea level rise and climate change.

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1	The purpose of this Act is to implement the recommendations
2	of the Hawaii sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation
3	report.
4	PART II
5	SECTION 2. The purpose of this part is to require all
6	state departments and agencies to implement the recommendations
7	of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation report.
8	SECTION 3. Chapter 27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
9	by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and to read
10	as follows:
11	"PART
11 12	"PART SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION
12	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION
12 13	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency
12 13 14	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency of the State shall:
12 13 14 15	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency of the State shall: (1) Review its existing policies, regulatory processes,
12 13 14 15 16	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency of the State shall: (1) Review its existing policies, regulatory processes, and administrative rules to assess whether the
12 13 14 15 16 17	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency of the State shall: (1) Review its existing policies, regulatory processes, and administrative rules to assess whether the department or agency's regulatory framework supports
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION §27- Responsibilities. (a) Each department and agency of the State shall: (1) Review its existing policies, regulatory processes, and administrative rules to assess whether the department or agency's regulatory framework supports the smart redevelopment of urban areas as part of sea



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1		2019, and subsequent reviews shall be conducted at
2		least once every five years;
3	(2)	Update capital improvement planning to:
4		(A) Incorporate sea level rise projections; and
5		(B) Prioritize infrastructure improvements for urban
6		areas identified as priority redevelopment areas
7		by the committee on sea level rise and managed
8		retreat established pursuant to section
9		225M-A(d);
10	(3)	Adopt a review and approval process to ensure that new
11		developments and capital improvement projects with an
12		expected life span of thirty years or more incorporate
13		sea level rise in the development or project's design
14		and siting. The State shall require:
15		(A) New developments and capital improvement programs
16		to include an in-depth analysis of sea level rise
17		impacts based on elevation, tolerance for risk,
18		and lifetime of the structure; and
19		(B) Redevelopments within existing footprints to be
20		dependent on established, resilient building



	design guidelines, or otherwise be subject to
	relocation to a more suitable area;
(4)	Develop design standards for existing and proposed
	land uses that limit urban growth and increase flood
	resiliency within sea level rise exposure areas;
(5)	Develop guidance for developers to assist with the
	integration of sea level rise in project design and
	encourage the use of best management practices for
	incorporating green and sustainable approaches in all
	stages of project development;
(6)	If applicable, consider adopting rules or policies
	that encourage property owners at risk to coastal
	flooding to purchase flood insurance;
(7)	Incorporate projected sea level rise into hazard
	mitigation plans;
(8)	Adopt a statewide program that supports county
	participation in the building code effectiveness
	grading schedule program, administered by the
	International Organization for Standardization;
	(5) (6) (7)



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1 (9) Develop a pre-disaster recovery framework that 2 incorporates opportunities to adapt to sea level rise 3 through disaster recovery; 4 (10) Prioritize the preservation of coral reefs when taking 5 actions that may affect the health of the coral reefs 6 of the State; and 7 Conduct an in-depth assessment of critical (11)infrastructure that are at risk due to climate change 8 9 and sea level rise, including critical infrastructure 10 within sea level rise exposure areas. The assessment 11 shall examine the vulnerability and evaluation of 12 adaptation strategies for the infrastructure. The 13 assessment shall consider the current condition of the 14 infrastructure and the remaining years of useful life. 15 The State shall use the data to prioritize investment 16 to protect, retrofit, or relocate the infrastructure. 17 The first assessment shall be completed no later than 18 July 1, 2018, and subsequent assessments shall be 19 conducted at least once every five years.



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(b) Except for paragraph (a)(1), the governor may delegate
 the duties required by subsection (a) to one or more specific
 executive departments or agencies.

4 (c) For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure
5 area" means a sea level rise exposure area identified and
6 officially designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation
7 and adaptation commission or its successor.

8 §27- Report. The office of the governor shall report 9 to the legislature on its progress regarding the implementation 10 of this part. The governor shall submit the report of its 11 findings and recommendations, including any proposed 12 legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior 13 to the convening of each regular session."

SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$\$ or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2018-2019 for the purposes of implementing this Act.

18 The sum appropriated shall be allotted by the department of 19 accounting and general services to the respective state agencies 20 for expenditure as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of 21 this Act.



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1	PART III
2	SECTION 5. The purpose of this part is to require the
3	counties to implement recommendations of the Hawaii sea level
4	vulnerability and adaptation report.
5	SECTION 6. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
6	by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and to read
7	as follows:
8	"PART
9	SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION
10	§46-A Responsibilities. (a) Each county shall:
11	(1) Review its existing policies, regulatory processes,
12	and administrative rules to assess whether the
13	county's regulatory framework supports the smart
14	redevelopment of urban areas as part of sea level rise
15	adaptation planning; provided that the first review
16	shall be completed no later than July 1, 2019, and
17	subsequent reviews shall be conducted at least once
18	every five years;
19	(2) In consultation with the State, conduct a
20	comprehensive regional market assessment for each
21	urban area identified as a priority redevelopment area



1		by t	he committee on sea level rise and managed retreat
2		esta	blished pursuant to section 225M-A(d). The
3		asse	ssment shall:
4		(A)	Provide defensible estimates of current market
5			conditions and opportunities for supportable
6			future growth across various economic sectors;
7		(B)	Identify specific opportunities for future growth
8			across various economic sectors;
9		(C)	Consider the depth of the market for potential
10			uses by analyzing workforce, demographic, and
11			economic data sets; and
12		(D)	Include quantitative and qualitative information
13			that present a comprehensive assessment of the
14			market and define supportable residential,
15			commercial, and industrial development potential;
16	(3)	In c	onsultation with the State, and based on the
17		comp	rehensive regional market assessments required by
18		para	graph (2), develop detailed redevelopment
19		stra	tegies for each urban area identified as a
20		prio	rity redevelopment area by the committee on sea



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1		leve	I rise and managed retreat established pursuant to
2		sect	ion 225M-A(d). The strategy shall include:
3		(A)	Site-level assessments recommending the highest
4			and best use for the priority redevelopment site;
5			and
6		(B)	Detailed redevelopment strategies to support
7			successful redevelopment of priorities areas,
8			including specific recommendations that tailor to
9			the unique local conditions of each redevelopment
10			area;
11	(4)	Upda	te capital improvement planning to:
12		(A)	Incorporate sea level rise; and
13		(B)	Prioritize infrastructure improvements for urban
14			areas identified as priority redevelopment areas
15			by the committee on sea level rise and managed
16			retreat established pursuant to section
17			225M-A(d);
18	(5)	Adop	ot a review and approval process to ensure that new
19		deve	lopments and capital improvement projects with an



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1 sea level rise in the development or project's design 2 and siting. The counties shall require: 3 (A) New developments and capital improvement programs 4 to include an in-depth analysis of sea level rise 5 impacts based on elevation, tolerance for risk, 6 and lifetime of the structure; and 7 (B) Redevelopments within existing footprints to be 8 dependent on established, resilient building 9 design quidelines, or otherwise be subject to 10 relocation to a more suitable area; 11 Develop design standards for existing and proposed (6) 12 land uses that limit urban growth and increase flood 13 resiliency within sea level rise exposure areas; 14 (7) Develop quidance for developers to assist with the 15 integration of sea level rise in project design and 16 encourage the use of best management practices for 17 incorporating green and sustainable approaches in all 18 stages of project development; 19 Take into consideration future sea level rise when (8) 20 adopting or revising flood standards and flood maps;



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1	(9)	Consider adopting ordinances that require structures
2		built in coastal A zones be constructed in compliance
3		with V zone construction standards. For purposes of
4		this paragraph, "coastal A zone" and "V zone" shall
5		refer to areas designated as a coastal A zone or zone
6		V, respectively, by the National Flood Insurance
7		Program;
8	(10)	Participate in the National Flood Insurance Program's
9		Community Rating System;
10	(11)	Consider adopting ordinances or policies that
11		encourage property owners at risk due to coastal
12		flooding to purchase flood insurance;
13	(12)	Incorporate projected sea level rise into hazard
14	X	mitigation plans;
15	(13)	Develop a pre-disaster recovery framework that
16		incorporates opportunities to adapt to sea level rise
17		through disaster recovery;
18	(14)	Prioritize the preservation of coral reefs when taking
19		actions that may affect the health of the coral reefs
20		of the respective county;



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Conduct an in-depth assessment of critical 1 (15) infrastructure that are at risk to climate change and 2 sea level rise, including critical infrastructure 3 within sea level rise exposure areas. The assessment 4 shall examine the vulnerability and evaluation of 5 adaptation strategies for the infrastructure. The 6 assessment shall consider the current condition of the 7 infrastructure and the remaining years of useful life. 8 The counties shall use the data to prioritize 9 investment to protect, retrofit, or relocate the 10 infrastructure; and 11 (16) Consider ordinances that create transfer of 12 development rights and purchase of development rights 13 programs; provided that the programs are created to 14 facilitate the managed retreat from sea level rise 15 exposure areas and preserve beaches from the effects 16 of sea level rise. 17 For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure 18 (b) areas" means a sea level rise exposure area identified and 19

20 officially designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation 21 and adaptation commission or its successor.



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1	§46-B Report. Each county shall report to the legislature
2	regarding its progress on the implementation of this part. The
3	county shall submit the report of its findings and
4	recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the
5	legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
6	each regular session."
7	SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general
8	revenues of the State of Hawaii the following sums or so much
9	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2018-2019 to assist
10	the counties in implementing this part:
11	County of Hawaii \$
12	County of Kauai \$
13	County of Maui \$
14	County of Honolulu <u>\$</u>
15	Total \$
16	The sums appropriated shall constitute the State's share of
17	the cost of the mandated program under article VIII, section 5
18	of the Hawaii State Constitution.



1		PART IV
2	SECT	ION 8. The purpose of this part is to implement
3	provision	s of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation
4	report re	lating to the office of planning.
5	SECT	ION 9. Chapter 225M, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by	y adding two new sections to be appropriately
7	designate	d and to read as follows:
8	" <u>§22</u> !	5M-A Sea level rise; exposure areas; mitigation. (a)
9	The office	e of planning shall integrate the recommendations from
10	the Hawai	i climate change mitigation and adaptation commission
11	regarding	sea level rise exposure areas into state planning.
12	Specifica	lly, the office of planning shall consider:
13	(1)	Immediate opportunities to implement sea level rise
14		adaptation actions;
15	(2)	Promotion of managed retreat from the shoreline where
16		feasible, including the planning of new developments
17		outside of sea level rise exposure areas;
18	(3)	Protection of coastal areas and beaches from
19		inappropriate development in light of potential sea
20		level rise; and
21	(4)	The creation of incentives for flood risk avoidance.



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1	(b)	The office of planning shall develop specific guidance
2	to apply:	
3	(1)	The climate adaptation priority guidelines established
4		by section 226-109; and
5	(2)	Actions recommended by the Hawaii sea level rise
6		vulnerability and adaptation report, issued by the
7		Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation
8		commission or its successor, to address sea level rise
9		impacts,
10	in plans	and programs within the state planning system.
11	(c)	The office of planning shall maintain an inventory of
12	lands sui	table for future development outside of sea level rise
13	exposure	areas. The inventory shall:
14	(1)	Identify, assess, and prioritize underutilized land
15		within urban zoned areas that could be redeveloped in
16		a manner that is resilient to sea level rise;
17	(2)	Assess potential developable lands outside of urban
18		growth boundaries that are suitable for future
19		development;



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1	(3)	Revi	ew existing redevelopment plans or studies to
2		asse	ss the consistency of the plans with state goals
3		rela	ting to sea level rise and managed retreat;
4	(4)	Incl	ude the following factors in the inventory:
5		(A)	Existing land use classification and ownership;
6		<u>(B)</u>	Historic land use patterns;
7		<u>(C)</u>	Critical land uses such as agriculture and
8			conservation for water resources;
9		<u>(D)</u>	Whether the area is currently eroding;
10		(E)	Whether shoreline armoring is already in place in
11			the area;
12		<u>(F)</u>	Whether the area has a high potential for
13			landward migration;
14		(G)	Whether the area has particular social, cultural,
15			economic, or environmental value;
16		<u>(H)</u>	Whether the area currently supports critical
17			infrastructure; and
18		<u>(I)</u>	Anticipated vulnerability of the area to sea
19			level rise impacts; and
20	(5)	<u>Be</u> d	eveloped in coordination with the counties.



1	(d)	The o	office of planning shall establish a standing
2	committee	e on s	ea level rise and managed retreat, to be chaired
3	by the di	recto	r of the office of planning and to consist of any
4	relevant	state	or county officials invited by the director of
5	the offic	e of j	planning. The committee shall conduct detailed
6	risk anal	yses (	of urban areas vulnerable to sea level rise. The
7	risk anal	yses	shall:
8	(1)	Use d	data from:
9		(A)	Vulnerability assessment results compiled by the
10			Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation
11			commission and published in the Hawaii sea level
12			rise vulnerability and adaptation report; and
13		(B)	The land inventory compiled pursuant to
14			subsection (c);
15	(2)	Quan	tify potential losses for the identified urban
16		area	s, including:
17		(A)	Structural losses;
18		(B)	Economic losses;
19		(C)	Income level losses;
20		(D)	Job losses;
21		(E)	Wage losses;



1		(F) Tax revenue losses; and
2		(G) Social justice losses;
3	(3)	Identify priority areas for smart redevelopment as
4		part of a managed retreat strategy using the data
5		provided by paragraph (1) and the analysis done in
6		paragraph (2); and
7	(4)	Conduct an analysis comparing the costs and benefits
8		of taking actions to mitigate or reduce the impacts of
9		sea level rise compared to the costs and benefits of
10		not taking any action.
11	The	committee on sea level rise and managed retreat shall
12	submit a	report of its findings and recommendations, including
13	any propo	sed legislation, to the legislature no later than
14	twenty da	ys prior to the convening of each regular session.
15	(e)	For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure
16	area" mea	ns a sea level rise exposure area identified and
17	officiall	y designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation
18	and adapt	ation commission or its successor.
19	<u>§225</u>	M-B Beach preservation; willing seller program. (a)
20	The offic	e of planning shall establish a willing seller program.
21	The progr	am shall identify property owners that are willing to



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1	sell their property or relocate outside of areas vulnerable to			
2	sea level	rise; provided that:		
3	(1) The property being sold or relocated from is adjacent			
4		to a beach that is at risk of disappearing due to sea		
5		level rise; and		
6	(2)	The office of planning determines that acquisition of		
7		the property would be useful to protect the at-risk		
8		beach.		
9	(b)	For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure		
10	areas" means a sea level rise exposure area identified and			
11	officially designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation			
12	and adaptation commission or its successor.			
13	(c) The office of planning may adopt rules pursuant to			
14	chapter 91 to effectuate the purposes of this section."			
15	SECTION 10. (a) The office of planning shall develop a			
16	financing strategy to address the costs of adaptation to sea			
17	level rise. The strategy shall consider potential federal,			
18	state, co	unty, private sector, and philanthropic sources to		
19	secure si	gnificant and sustainable funding for investments that		
20	reduce ri	sks, harm to persons, and disaster spending associated		
21	with sea level rise.			



1	(b)	The financing strategy shall address any costs			
2	anticipat	ated due to sea level rise, including but not limited to:			
3	(1)	Land acquisition, including land acquisition for			
4		wetland and beach migration and public access;			
5	(2)	Relocation or retrofitting of critical infrastructure;			
6	(3)	Relocation or retrofitting of residential areas to			
7		increase flood resiliency; and			
8	(4)	Costs identified by			
9		(A) Comprehensive market assessments developed by a			
10		county pursuant to section 46-A(a)(2);			
11		(B) Redevelopment strategies developed by a county			
12		pursuant to section 46-A(a)(3); and			
13		(C) The climate change resilience study conducted by			
14		the department of land and natural resources			
15		pursuant to section 21 of this Act.			
16	(c)	The office of planning may consider as part of the			
17	strategy	proposed laws or ordinances to:			
18	(1)	Develop tax incentive programs and special tax			
19		districts;			
20	(2)	Create incentives to encourage landward relocation,			
21		infrastructure retrofitting, siting of new			



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1		development, conservation of open space, and
2		preservation or restoration of natural flood buffers;
3	(3)	Utilize private sector funding sources, including
4		voluntary contribution of funding or compensatory
5		payment of assessments such as impact fees,
6		sustainability fees on permit applications for new
7		development, or other assessments on real property;
8	(4)	Identify grant opportunities from philanthropic
9		interests; and
10	(5)	Create a statewide nonprofit organization to raise
11		funds for projects to protect vulnerable populations,
12		including persons who are economically disadvantaged,
13		seniors, disabled persons, and veterans.
14	(d)	The office of planning shall submit a report of its
15	findings	and recommendations, including any proposed
16	legislati	on, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior
17	to the co	nvening of the regular session of 2021.
18		PART V
19	SECT	ION 11. The purpose of this part is to implement
20	provision	s of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation
21	report re	lating to the land use commission.



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1	SECTION 12. Chapter 205, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
3	designated and to read as follows:
4	" <u>§205-</u> Managed retreat; agricultural and conservation
5	lands. (a) The commission may develop a policy to address the
6	managed retreat of urban areas onto lands zoned for agricultural
7	and conservation use; provided that the policy:
8	(1) Supports the State's sustainability goals;
9	(2) Protects agricultural and conservation lands to the
10	greatest extent possible; and
11	(3) Includes guidelines to:
12	(A) Minimize urban sprawl;
13	(B) Promote energy and transportation efficiencies;
14	(C) Reduce hazard exposure; and
15	(D) Protect important agricultural lands, natural
16	resources, and environmentally sensitive or
17	culturally sensitive areas.
18	(b) The commission may amend state land use district
19	boundaries to accommodate urban expansions into areas outside of
20	sea level rise exposure areas; provided that the amendments are



1	consistent with the policy developed by the commission pursuant
2	to subsection (a).
3	(c) For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure
4	areas" means a sea level rise exposure area identified and
5	officially designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation
6	and adaptation commission or its successor."
7	PART VI
8	SECTION 13. The purpose of this part is to make changes to
9	the State's coastal zone management law as recommended by the
10	Hawaii sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation report.
11	SECTION 14. Section 205A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows:
13	"(b) Objectives.
14	(1) Recreational resources;
15	(A) Provide coastal recreational opportunities
16	accessible to the public.
17	(2) Historic resources;
18	(A) Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore
19	those natural and manmade historic and
20	prehistoric resources in the coastal zone



1		management area that are significant in Hawaiian
2		and American history and culture.
3	(3)	Scenic and open space resources;
4		(A) Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore
5		or improve the quality of coastal scenic and open
6		space resources.
7	(4)	Coastal ecosystems;
8		(A) Protect valuable coastal ecosystems, including
9		reefs, from disruption and minimize adverse
10		impacts on all coastal ecosystems.
11	(5)	Economic uses;
12		(A) Provide public or private facilities and
13		improvements important to the State's economy in
14		suitable locations.
15	(6)	Coastal hazards;
16		(A) Reduce hazard to life and property from tsunami,
17		storm waves, stream flooding, erosion,
18		subsidence, and pollution.
19	(7)	Managing development;



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1		(A)	Improve the development review process,
2			communication, and public participation in the
3			management of coastal resources and hazards.
4	(8)	Publ	ic participation;
5		(A)	Stimulate public awareness, education, and
6			participation in coastal management.
7	(9)	Beac	h protection;
8		(A)	Protect beaches for public use and recreation.
9	(10)	Mari	ne resources;
10		(A)	Promote the protection, use, and development of
11			marine and coastal resources to assure their
12			sustainability.
13	(11)	Sea	level rise;
14		<u>(A)</u>	Promote adaptation strategies for accommodation,
15			protection, and retreat in response to sea level
16			rise.
17	(c)	Poli	cies.
18	(1)	Recr	eational resources;
19		(A)	Improve coordination and funding of coastal
20			recreational planning and management; and



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1	(B)	Provi	ide adequate, accessible, and diverse
2		recre	eational opportunities in the coastal zone
3		manag	gement area by:
4		(i)	Protecting coastal resources uniquely suited
5			for recreational activities that cannot be
6			provided in other areas;
7		(ii)	Requiring replacement of coastal resources
8			having significant recreational value
9			including, but not limited to surfing sites,
10			fishponds, and sand beaches, when such
11			resources will be unavoidably damaged by
12			development; or requiring reasonable
13			monetary compensation to the State for
14			recreation when replacement is not feasible
15			or desirable;
16		(iii)	Providing and managing adequate public
17			access, consistent with conservation of
18			natural resources, to and along shorelines
19			with recreational value;



1 (iv)	Providing an adequate supply of shoreline
2	parks and other recreational facilities
3	suitable for public recreation;
4 (v)	Ensuring public recreational uses of county,
5	state, and federally owned or controlled
6	shoreline lands and waters having
7	recreational value consistent with public
8	safety standards and conservation of natural
9	resources;
10 (vi)	Adopting water quality standards and
11	regulating point and nonpoint sources of
12	pollution to protect, and where feasible,
13	restore the recreational value of coastal
14	waters;
15 (vii)	Developing new shoreline recreational
16	opportunities, where appropriate, such as
17	artificial lagoons, artificial beaches, and
18	artificial reefs for surfing and fishing;
19	and
20 (viii)	Encouraging reasonable dedication of
21	shoreline areas with recreational value for



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1			public use as part of discretionary
2			approvals or permits by the land use
3			commission, board of land and natural
4			resources, and county authorities; and
5			crediting such dedication against the
6			requirements of section 46-6[ $+$ ].
7	(2)	Histo	oric resources;
8		(A)	Identify and analyze significant archaeological
9			resources;
10		(B)	Maximize information retention through
11			preservation of remains and artifacts or salvage
12			operations; and
13		(C)	Support state goals for protection, restoration,
14			interpretation, and display of historic
15			resources [+] .
16	(3)	Scen	ic and open space resources;
17		(A)	Identify valued scenic resources in the coastal
18			zone management area;
19		(B)	Ensure that new developments are compatible with
20			their visual environment by designing and
21			locating such developments to minimize the



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1			alteration of natural landforms and existing
2			public views to and along the shoreline;
3		(C)	Preserve, maintain, and, where desirable, improve
4			and restore shoreline open space and scenic
5			resources; and
6		(D)	Encourage those developments that are not coastal
7			dependent to locate in inland areas $[+]$ .
8	(4)	Coas	tal ecosystems;
9		(A)	Exercise an overall conservation ethic, and
10			practice stewardship in the protection, use, and
11			development of marine and coastal resources;
12		(B)	Improve the technical basis for natural resource
13			management;
14		(C)	Preserve valuable coastal ecosystems, including
15			reefs, of significant biological or economic
16			<pre>importance;</pre>
17		(D)	Minimize disruption or degradation of coastal
18			water ecosystems by effective regulation of
19			stream diversions, channelization, and similar
20			land and water uses, recognizing competing water
21			needs; and



1 Promote water quantity and quality planning and (E) 2 management practices that reflect the tolerance 3 of fresh water and marine ecosystems and maintain and enhance water quality through the development 4 5 and implementation of point and nonpoint source 6 water pollution control measures [+]. Economic uses; 7 (5) Concentrate coastal dependent development in 8 (A) 9 appropriate areas; 10 Ensure that coastal dependent development such as (B) harbors and ports, and coastal related 11 12 development such as visitor industry facilities 13 and energy generating facilities, are located, 14 designed, and constructed to minimize adverse social, visual, and environmental impacts in the 15 coastal zone management area; and 16 17 (C) Direct the location and expansion of coastal dependent developments to areas presently 18 designated and used for such developments and 19 20 permit reasonable long-term growth at such areas,



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1			and pe	rmit coastal dependent development outside
2			of pre	sently designated areas when:
3			(i) U	se of presently designated locations is not
4			f	easible;
5		(	ii) A	dverse environmental effects are minimized;
6			a	nd
7		(i	ii) T	he development is important to the State's
8			e	conomy [+] .
9	(6)	Coast	al haz	ards;
10		(A)	Develo	p and communicate adequate information
11			about	storm wave, tsunami, flood, erosion,
12			subsid	ence, and point and nonpoint source
13	,		pollut	ion hazards;
14		(B)	Contro	l development in areas subject to storm
15			wave,	tsunami, flood, erosion, hurricane, wind,
16			subsid	ence, and point and nonpoint source
17			pollut	ion hazards;
18		(C)	Ensure	that developments comply with requirements
19			of the	Federal Flood Insurance Program; and
20		(D)	Preven	t coastal flooding from inland projects $[+]$ .
21	(7)	Manag	ing de	evelopment;



1		(A)	Use, implement, and enforce existing law
2			effectively to the maximum extent possible in
3			managing present and future coastal zone
4			development;
5		(B)	Facilitate timely processing of applications for
6			development permits and resolve overlapping or
7			conflicting permit requirements; and
8		(C)	Communicate the potential short and long-term
9			impacts of proposed significant coastal
10			developments early in their life cycle and in
11			terms understandable to the public to facilitate
12			public participation in the planning and review
13			process [+] _
14	(8)	Publ	ic participation;
15		(A)	Promote public involvement in coastal zone
16			management processes;
17		(B)	Disseminate information on coastal management
18			issues by means of educational materials,
19			published reports, staff contact, and public
20			workshops for persons and organizations concerned



1			with coastal issues, developments, and government
2			activities; and
3		(C)	Organize workshops, policy dialogues, and site-
4			specific mediations to respond to coastal issues
5			and conflicts[+].
6	(9)	Beac	h protection;
7		(A)	Locate new structures inland from the shoreline
8			setback to conserve open space, minimize
9			interference with natural shoreline processes,
10			and minimize loss of improvements due to erosion;
11		(B)	Prohibit construction of private erosion-
12			protection structures seaward of the shoreline,
13			except when they result in improved aesthetic and
14			engineering solutions to erosion at the sites and
15			do not interfere with existing recreational and
16			waterline activities;
17		(C)	Minimize the construction of public erosion-
18			protection structures seaward of the shoreline;
19		(D)	Prohibit private property owners from creating a
20			public nuisance by inducing or cultivating the



1			private property owner's vegetation in a beach
2			transit corridor; and
3		(E)	Prohibit private property owners from creating a
4			public nuisance by allowing the private property
5			owner's unmaintained vegetation to interfere or
6			encroach upon a beach transit corridor $[+]$ .
7	(10)	Mari	ne resources;
8		(A)	Ensure that the use and development of marine and
9			coastal resources are ecologically and
10			environmentally sound and economically
11			beneficial;
12		(B)	Coordinate the management of marine and coastal
13			resources and activities to improve effectiveness
14			and efficiency;
15		(C)	Assert and articulate the interests of the State
16			as a partner with federal agencies in the sound
17			management of ocean resources within the United
18			States exclusive economic zone;
19		(D)	Promote research, study, and understanding of
20			ocean processes, marine life, and other ocean
21			resources to acquire and inventory information



1		necessary to understand how ocean development
2		activities relate to and impact upon ocean and
3		coastal resources; and
4	(E)	Encourage research and development of new,
5		innovative technologies for exploring, using, or
6		protecting marine and coastal resources.
7	<u>(11)</u> Sea	level rise;
8	(A)	Identify coastal areas that are vulnerable to sea
9		level rise;
10	<u>(B)</u>	Control development in areas subject to sea level
11		rise and associated hazards, including coastal
12		flooding, erosion, storm surge from tropical
13		cyclones, beach loss, and pollution; and
14	(C)	Promote development that takes into consideration
15		adaptation strategies for accommodation,
16		protection, and retreat in response to sea level
17		rise."
18		PART VII
19	SECTION 1	5. The purpose of this part is to implement
20	provisions of	the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation
21	report relatin	g to the office of environmental quality control.



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1 SECTION 16. Chapter 341, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 3 and to read as follows: 4 "§341- Sea level rise; environmental review process; guidance. (a) The director shall issue specific quidance on 5 6 integrating: 7 (1) Sea level rise; and 8 (2) Climate change, 9 in the environmental review process. 10 (b) Guidance on sea level rise shall highlight the need for analysis of the proposed action in terms of design and 11 siting to address the impacts of sea level rise, using the sea 12 13 level rise exposure area as a vulnerability zone. (c) Guidance on integrating climate change shall highlight 14 15 the need for analysis of the proposed action in the context of 16 the future state of the environment. 17 The guidance required by this section shall be modeled (d) after the federal guidance issued by the United States Council 18 19 on Environmental Quality for federal departments and agencies on consideration of greenhouse gas emissions and the effects of 20

21 climate change.



1	(e) For purposes of this section, "sea level rise exposure
2	areas" means a sea level rise exposure area identified and
3	officially designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation
4	and adaptation commission or its successor."
5	PART VIII
6	SECTION 17. The purpose of this part is to implement parts
7	of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation report
8	relating to the board of land and natural resources.
9	SECTION 18. Section 6E-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"§6E-3 Historic preservation program. There is
12	established within the department a division to administer a
13	comprehensive historic preservation program, which shall include
14	but not be limited to the following:
15	(1) Development of an ongoing program of historical,
16	architectural, and archaeological research and
17	development, including surveys, excavations,
18	scientific recording, interpretation, signage, and
19	publications on the State's historical and cultural
20	resources;



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1	(2)	Acquisition of historic or cultural properties, real
2		or personal, in fee or in any lesser interest, by
3		gift, purchase, condemnation, devise, bequest, land
4		exchange, or other means; preservation, restoration,
5		administration, or transference of the property; and
6		the charging of reasonable admissions to that
7		property;
8	(3)	Development of a statewide survey and inventory to
9		identify and document historic properties, aviation
10		artifacts, and burial sites, including:
11		(A) [all] All those owned by the State and the
12		counties; and
13		(B) Traditional and customary native Hawaiian
14		cultural resources and practices impacted by sea
15		level rise;
16	(4)	Preparation of information for the Hawaii register of
17		historic places and listing on the national register
18		of historic places;
19	(5)	Preparation, review, and revisions of a state historic
20		preservation plan, including budget requirements and
21		land use recommendations;



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1	(6)	Application for and receipt of gifts, grants,
2		technical assistance, and other funding from public
3		and private sources for the purposes of this chapter;
4	(7)	Provision of technical and financial assistance to the
5		counties and public and private agencies involved in
6		historic preservation activities;
7	(8)	Coordination of activities of the counties in
8		accordance with the state plan for historic
9		preservation;
10	(9)	Stimulation of public interest in historic
11		preservation, including the development and
12		implementation of interpretive programs for historic
13		properties listed on or eligible for the Hawaii
14		register of historic places;
15	(10)	Coordination of the evaluation and management of
16		burial sites as provided in section 6E-43;
17	(11)	Acquisition of burial sites in fee or in any lesser
18		interest, by gift, purchase, condemnation, devise,
19		bequest, land exchange, or other means, to be held in
20		trust;



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1	(12)	The development of a culturally-based adaptation
2		process and protocols to preserve burial sites, burial
3		goods, human skeletal remains, and native Hawaiian
4		cultural resources and practices that may be impacted
5		by sea level rise; provided that the process and
6		protocols shall be developed in consultation with:
7		(A) The office of Hawaiian affairs;
8		(B) Island burial councils established by section 6E-
9		43.5; and
10		(C) Other native Hawaiian organizations across the
11		State;
12	[ <del>(12)</del> ]	(13) Submittal of an annual report to the governor
13		and legislature detailing the accomplishments of the
14		year, recommendations for changes in the state plan or
15		future programs relating to historic preservation, and
16		an accounting of all income, expenditures, and the
17		fund balance of the Hawaii historic preservation
18		special fund;
19	[ <del>(13)</del> ]	(14) Regulation of archaeological activities
20		throughout the State;



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1	[ <del>(14)</del> ]	(15) Employment of sufficient professional and
2		technical staff for the purposes of this chapter which
3		shall be in accordance with chapter 76;
4	[ <del>(15)</del> ]	(16) The charging of fees to be determined by the
5		department that are proportional to the nature and
6		complexity of the projects or services provided, and
7		adjusted from time to time to ensure that the
8		proceeds, together with all other fines, income, and
9		penalties collected under this chapter, do not surpass
10		the annual operating costs of the comprehensive
11		historic preservation program;
12	[ <del>(16)</del> ]	(17) Adoption of rules in accordance with chapter 91,
13		necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter;
14		and
15	[ <del>(17)</del> ]	(18) Development and adoption, in consultation with
16		the office of Hawaiian affairs native historic
17		preservation council, of rules governing permits for
18		access by native Hawaiians and Hawaiians to cultural,
19		historic, and pre-contact sites and monuments."
20	SECT	ION 19. Section 171-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended t	o read as follows:



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1	"§17	1-6 Powers. Except as otherwise provided by law, the
2	board of	land and natural resources shall have the powers and
3	functions	granted to the heads of departments and the board of
4	land and i	natural resources under chapter 26.
5	In a	ddition to the foregoing, the board may:
6	(1)	Adopt a seal;
7	(2)	Administer oaths;
8	(3)	Prescribe forms of instruments and documents;
9	(4)	Adopt rules which, upon compliance with chapter 91,
10		shall have the force and effect of law;
11	(5)	Set, charge, demand, and collect reasonable fees for
12		the preparation of documents to be issued, for the
13		surveying of public lands, and for the issuing of
14		certified copies of its government records, which
15		fees, when collected, shall be deposited into the
16		state general fund, unless otherwise specified in this
17		chapter;
18	(6)	Establish additional restrictions, requirements, or
19		conditions, not inconsistent with those prescribed in
20		this chapter, relating to the use of particular land
21		being disposed of, the terms of sale, lease, license,



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or permit, and the qualifications of any person to 1 draw, bid, or negotiate for public land; 2 3 (7) Reduce or waive the lease rental at the beginning of 4 the lease on any lease of public land to be used for any agricultural or pastoral use, or for resort, 5 commercial, industrial, or other business use where 6 7 the land being leased requires substantial 8 improvements to be placed thereon; provided that such reduction or waiver shall not exceed two years for 9 10 land to be used for any agricultural or pastoral use, 11 or exceed one year for land to be used for resort, 12 commercial, industrial, or other business use; 13 Delegate to the chairperson or employees of the (8) department of land and natural resources, subject to 14 15 the board's control and responsibility, such powers 16 and duties as may be lawful or proper for the performance of the functions vested in the board; 17 Use arbitration under chapter 658A to settle any 18 (9) controversy arising out of any existing or future 19 20 lease;



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1	(10)	Set,	charge, and collect reasonable fees in an amount
2		suff	icient to defray the cost of performing or
3		othe	rwise providing for the inspection of activities
4		perm	itted upon the issuance of a land license
5		invo	lving a commercial purpose;
6	(11)	Арро	int masters or hearing officers to conduct public
7		hear	ings as provided by law and under such conditions
8		as t	he board by rules shall establish;
9	(12)	Brin	g such actions as may be necessary to remove or
10		reme	dy encroachments upon public lands. Any person
11		caus	ing an encroachment upon public land shall:
12		(A)	Be fined not more than \$1,000 a day for the first
13			offense;
14		(B)	Be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
15			\$4,000 per day upon the second offense and
16			thereafter;
17		(C)	If required by the board, restore the land to its
18			original condition if altered and assume the
19			costs thereof;
20		(D)	Assume such costs as may result from adverse
21			effects from such restoration; and



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1		(E) Be liable for administrative costs incurred by
2		the department and for payment of damages;
3	(13)	Set, charge, and collect interest and a service charge
4		on delinquent payments due on leases, sales, or other
5		accounts. The rate of interest shall not exceed one
6		per cent a month and the service charge shall not
7		exceed \$50 a month for each delinquent payment;
8		provided that the contract shall state the interest
9		rate and the service charge and be signed by the party
10		to be charged;
11	(14)	Set, charge, and collect additional rentals for the
12		unauthorized use of public lands by a lessee,
13		licensee, grantee, or permittee who is in violation of
14		any term or condition of a lease, license, easement,
15		or revocable permit, retroactive to the date of the
16		occurrence of the violation. Such amounts shall be
17		considered delinquent payments and shall be subject to
18		interest and service charges as provided in paragraph
19		(13);
20	(15)	Set, charge, and collect reasonable fines for
21		violation of this chapter or any rule adopted

1 thereunder. Any person engaging in any prohibited use 2 of public lands or conducting any prohibited activity 3 on public lands, or violating any of the other 4 provisions of this chapter or any rule adopted 5 thereunder, for which violation a penalty is not 6 otherwise provided, shall be: 7 Fined not more than \$5,000 per violation for a (A) 8 first violation or a violation beyond five years 9 of the last violation; provided that, after 10 written or verbal notification from the 11 department, an additional \$1,000 per day per 12 violation may be assessed for each day in which 13 the violation persists; 14 (B) Fined not more than \$10,000 per violation for a 15 second violation within five years of the last 16 violation; provided that, after written or verbal 17 notification from the department, an additional 18 \$2,000 per day per violation may be assessed for 19 each day in which the violation persists; 20 (C) Fined not more than \$20,000 per violation for a 21 third or subsequent violation within five years



1	of the last violation; provided that, after
2	written or verbal notification from the
3	department, an additional \$4,000 per day per
4	violation may be assessed for each day in which
5	the violation persists; and
6	(D) Liable for administrative costs and expenses
7	incurred by the department and for payment for
8	damages, including but not limited to natural
9	resource damages.
10	In addition to the fines, administrative costs, and
11	damages provided for hereinabove, for damage to or
12	theft of natural resources, the board may also set,
13	charge, and collect a fine that, in its discretion, is
14	appropriate considering the value of the natural
15	resource that is damaged or the subject of the theft.
16	In arriving at an appropriate fine, the board may
17	consider the market value of the natural resource
18	damaged or taken and any other factor it deems
19	appropriate, such as the loss of the natural resource
20	to its natural habitat and environment and the cost of
21	restoration or replacement. The remedies provided for



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in this paragraph are cumulative and in addition to
 any other remedies allowed by law.

3 No person shall be sanctioned pursuant to this section 4 for the exercise of native Hawaiian gathering rights 5 and traditional cultural practices as authorized by 6 law or as permitted by the department pursuant to 7 article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii state

8 constitution;

9 (16) Issue revenue bonds, subject to the approval of the 10 legislature. All revenue bonds shall be issued pursuant to part III of chapter 39, except as provided 11 in this chapter. All revenue bonds shall be issued in 12 the name of the department and not in the name of the 13 14 State. The final maturity date of the revenue bonds 15 may be any date not exceeding thirty years from the 16 date of issuance;

17 (17) Pledge or assign all or any part of the receipts and
18 revenues of the department. The revenue bonds shall
19 be payable from and secured solely by the revenue
20 derived by the department from the industrial park or
21 parks for which the bonds are issued;



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1	(18)	Reimburse the state general fund for debt service on
2		general obligation bonds or reimbursable general
3		obligation bonds issued by the State for purposes of
4		this chapter;
5	(19)	Notwithstanding part II of chapter 205A to the
6		contrary, plan, design, construct, operate, and
7		maintain any lands or facilities under the
8		jurisdiction of the division of boating and ocean
9		recreation of the department without the need to
10		obtain a special management area minor permit or
11		special management area use permit; [and]
12	(20)	Develop and enter into public-private partnerships for
13		the coastal land acquisition, beach management, reef
14		protection, and other activities that preserve coastal
15		resources; and
16	[ <del>(20)</del> ]	(21) Do any and all things necessary to carry out its
17		purposes and exercise the powers granted in this
18		chapter."
19	SECT	ION 20. Section 173A-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended b	y amending subsections (g) and (h) to read as follows:



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1	"(g)	The acquisition of interests or rights in land having
2	value as	a resource to the State for the preservation of the
3	following	shall constitute a public purpose for which public
4	funds may	be expended or advanced:
5	(1)	Watershed protection;
6	(2)	Coastal areas, beaches, and ocean access;
7	(3)	Habitat protection;
8	(4)	Cultural and historical sites;
9	(5)	Recreational and public hunting areas;
10	(6)	Parks;
11	(7)	Natural areas;
12	(8)	Agricultural production; [and]
13	(9)	Open spaces and scenic resources $[+]$ ; and
14	(10)	Lands that buffer or otherwise may preserve adjacent
15		beaches and other coastal areas.
16	(h)	The fund shall be used for:
17	(1)	The acquisition of interests or rights in land having
18		value as a resource to the State, including
19		conservation easements, whether in fee title or
20		through the establishment of permanent conservation
21		easements under chapter 198 or agricultural easements;



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1 (2)The payment of any debt service on state financial 2 instruments relating to the acquisition of interests 3 or rights in land having value as a resource to the 4 State; 5 (3) Annual administration costs for the fund, not to 6 exceed five per cent of annual fund revenues of the 7 previous year[; and] 8 (4)Costs related to the operation, maintenance, and 9 management of lands acquired by way of this fund that 10 are necessary to protect, maintain, or restore 11 resources at risk on these lands, or that provide for 12 greater public access and enjoyment of these lands; 13 provided that the costs related to the operation, 14 maintenance, and management of lands acquired by way 15 of this fund do not exceed five per cent of annual 16 fund revenues of the previous year." 17 SECTION 21. (a) The department of land and natural 18 resources shall conduct a climate change resilience study. The 19 study shall:

20 (1) Determine incentives that the State may implement to21 promote improved flood risk management in the State,



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1		particularly incentives that focus on driving action
2		in the private sector;
3	(2)	Identify existing and potential new areas for coastal
4		wildlife refuges throughout the State to support:
5		(A) New wetlands that may form due to sea level rise;
6		and
7		(B) Wildlife migration from other coastal areas,
8		including the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands;
9		provided that the list shall be developed in
10		consultation with federal agencies, the counties, and
11		nongovernmental organizations;
12	(3)	Identify near-term and long-term shoreline
13		conservation and restoration guidelines to support
14		adaptation to sea level rise, including:
15		(A) Recommendations on the use of seawalls,
16		floodwalls, bulkheads, revetments, and other
17		shoreline armoring;
18		(B) Policies to restrict the use of variances for
19	-	seawalls, floodwalls, bulkheads, revetments, and
20		other shoreline armoring; and



1		(C) Ways to discourage the use of seawalls,
2		floodwalls, bulkheads, revetments, and other
3		shoreline armoring as an option for shoreline
4		protection, including:
5		(i) Adoption of policies that favor non-
6		structural armoring, such as beach
7		nourishment;
8		(ii) The adoption of fees or lease payments for
9		the use of shoreline armoring; and
10		(iii) The use of county ordinances to require
11		property owners to consider relocation of
12		structures before the property owner may
13		consider shoreline armoring; and
14	(4)	Consider the feasibility of establishing a statewide
15		buy-out program for residential property owners
16		vulnerable to the effects of sea level rise.
17		Specifically, the department of land and natural
18		resources shall examine the feasibility of a program
19		modeled after the flood mitigation assistance grant
20		program of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.



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1 In conducting the study, the department of land and natural 2 resources shall solicit comments from the public and hold at 3 least one public hearing. 4 The department of land and natural resources shall (b) 5 submit a report of its findings and recommendations, including 6 any proposed legislation, to the legislature no later than 7 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session of 8 2020. 9 SECTION 22. (a) The office of conservation and coastal 10 lands of the department of land and natural resources shall 11 conduct a statewide assessment to prioritize beaches that are 12 important for: 13 (1) Recreational uses; (2) Cultural practices; and 14 (3) Wildlife habitat. 15 The office of conservation and coastal lands shall 16 (b) consult with the appropriate federal, state, and county-level 17 agencies, nongovernmental organizations, and local stakeholders 18 19 in conducting the assessment required by this section. 20 The office of conservation and coastal lands shall (C)

identify beaches where special adaptation measures, such as



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1 preservation of undeveloped lands, managed retreat, and 2 prohibition of coastal armoring may be implemented to ensure 3 survival of the identified beaches. 4 (d) The office of conservation and coastal lands shall 5 submit a report of its findings and recommendations, including 6 any proposed legislation, to the legislature no later than 7 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session of

8 2020.

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#### PART IX

SECTION 23. The purpose of this part is to implement parts of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation report relating to the office of Hawaiian affairs.

13 SECTION 24. (a) The office of Hawaiian affairs shall 14 establish a coastal lands and water adaptation working group, 15 which shall consult with members of the native Hawaiian 16 community to develop adaptation plans to preserve access to 17 coastal lands and water impacted by sea level rise.

18 (b) The coastal lands and water adaptation working group19 shall include:

20 (1) The chief executive officer of the office of Hawaiian
21 affairs or the chief executive officer's designee;



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1	(2)	The chair of the department of Hawaiian home lands or
2		the chair's designee;
3	(3)	The chair of the aha moku advisory committee or the
4		chair's designee;
5	(4)	Three persons with a background in native Hawaiian
6		cultural practices; provided that the speaker of the
7		house of representatives, the president of the senate,
8		and the governor shall each appoint one person
9		pursuant to this paragraph; and
10	(5)	Three persons with a background in climate change
11		science; provided that the speaker of the house of
12		representatives, the president of the senate, and the
13		governor shall each appoint one person pursuant to
14		this paragraph.
15	(C)	The coastal lands and water adaptation working group
16	members sl	hall select the working group chairperson from among
17	its membe:	rs.
18	(d)	The coastal lands and water adaptation working group

19 shall utilize data from the Hawaii sea level rise vulnerability20 and adaptation report to conduct its duties.



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1	(e) The members of the working group shall serve without
2	compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including
3	travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.
4	(f) The coastal lands and water adaptation working group
5	shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations,
6	including any proposed legislation, to the legislature no later
7	than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session
8	of 2020.
9	PART X
10	SECTION 25. The purpose of this part is to implement
11	portions of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation
12	report that relate to the department of health.
13	SECTION 26. (a) The department of health shall conduct a
14	sea level rise mitigation review. The review shall:
15	(1) Identify sites or geographic areas with the highest
16	probability of large or catastrophic failures or
17	releases associated with increased coastal flooding
18	due to sea level rise. In conducting this part of the
19	review, the department of health shall:
20	(A) Review existing permits, site records, and agency
21	files;



1		(B) Conduct a thorough review of hazardous material
2		and waste storage facilities within sea level
3		rise exposure areas; and
4		(C) Develop hazard mitigation measures that
5		landowners, permittees, and operators of the
6		identified sites or geographic areas can use to
7		address the threats from sea level rise; and
8	(2)	Conduct a comprehensive review and gap analysis of the
9		State's laws, existing environmental regulations,
10		guidance documents, and best management practices
11		relating to the construction, maintenance, and
12		mitigation of underground storage tanks, on-site
13		sewage disposal systems or wastewater treatment, and
14		hazardous materials and waste storage facilities. The
15		review and gap analysis shall focus on:
16		(A) Existing regulations that allow for siting new
17		facilities in flood hazard prone areas;
18		(B) Monitoring or enforcement of existing vulnerable
19		systems and facilities; and



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1	(C) Identify recommendations for changes and
2	improvements to current regulations, guidance,
3	and statutes for future updates.
4	(b) For the purpose of this section, a sea level rise
5	exposure area is an area officially designated as a sea level
6	rise exposure area by the Hawaii climate change mitigation and
7	adaptation commission or its successor.
8	(c) The department of health shall submit a report of its
9	findings and recommendations, including any proposed
10	legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior
11	to the convening of the regular session of 2020.
12	PART XI
13	SECTION 27. The purpose of this part is to require that
14	mandatory seller disclosures in real estate transactions include
15	identification of residential real properties lying within a sea
16	level rise exposure area, as recommended by the Hawaii sea level
17	rise vulnerability and adaptation report.
18	SECTION 28. Section 508D-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
20	"(a) When residential real property lies:



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1 (1) Within the boundaries of a special flood hazard area 2 as officially designated on Flood Insurance 3 Administration maps promulgated by the United States 4 Department of Housing and Urban Development for the 5 purposes of determining eligibility for emergency 6 flood insurance programs; 7 (2) Within the boundaries of the noise exposure area shown 8 on maps prepared by the department of transportation 9 in accordance with Federal Aviation Regulation Part 10 150-Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (14 Code of 11 Federal Regulations Part 150) for any public airport; 12 (3) Within the boundaries of the Air Installation 13 Compatibility Use Zone of any Air Force, Army, Navy, 14 or Marine Corps airport as officially designated by 15 military authorities; [or] 16 (4) Within the anticipated inundation areas designated on 17 the department of defense's emergency management 18 tsunami inundation maps; or 19 Within a sea level rise exposure area as officially (5) 20 designated by the Hawaii climate change mitigation and 21 adaptation commission or its successor;



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1 subject to the availability of maps that designate the four 2 areas by tax map key (zone, section, parcel), the seller shall 3 include such material fact information in the disclosure statement provided to the buyer subject to this chapter. Each 4 5 county shall provide, where available, maps of its jurisdiction 6 detailing the four designated areas specified in this 7 subsection. The maps shall identify the properties situated 8 within the four designated areas by tax map key number (zone, 9 section, parcel) and shall be of a size sufficient to provide 10 information necessary to serve the purposes of this section. 11 Each county shall provide legible copies of the maps and may 12 charge a reasonable copying fee." 13 PART XII 14 The purpose of this part is to implement parts SECTION 29. 15 of the Hawaii sea level vulnerability and adaptation report 16 relating to the Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation 17 commission. 18 SECTION 30. Section 225P-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

20 "§225P-3 Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation
21 commission; general functions, duties, and powers. (a) There



amended to read as follows:

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1 is established the Hawaii climate change mitigation and 2 adaptation commission that shall be placed within the department 3 of land and natural resources for administrative purposes only. 4 (b) Coordination of the commission shall be headed jointly 5 by the chairperson of the board of land and natural resources, 6 or the chairperson's designee, and the director of the office of 7 planning, or the director's designee. 8 (c) The commission shall include the following members: 9 (1) The chairs of the standing committees of the 10 legislature [with] having subject matter jurisdiction 11 encompassing environmental protection and land use; 12 (2) The chairperson of the board of land and natural 13 resources or the chairperson's designee, who shall be 14 [the] a co-chair of the commission; 15 The director of the office of planning or the (3) 16 director's designee, who shall be [the] a co-chair of 17 the commission; The director of business, economic development, and 18 (4) 19 tourism or the director's designee;



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1	(5)	The chairperson of the board of directors of the
2		Hawaii tourism authority or the chairperson's
3		designee;
4	(6)	The chairperson of the board of agriculture or the
5		chairperson's designee;
6	(7)	The chief executive officer of the office of Hawaiian
7		affairs or the officer's designee;
8	(8)	The chairperson of the Hawaiian homes commission or
9		the chairperson's designee;
10	(9)	The director of transportation or the director's
11		designee;
12	(10)	The director of health or the director's designee;
13	(11)	The adjutant general or the adjutant general's
14		designee;
15	(12)	The chairperson of the board of education or the
16		chairperson's designee;
17	(13)	The directors of each of the county planning
18		departments, or the directors' designees; and
19	(14)	The manager of the coastal zone management program.
20	(d)	In addition to the members listed in subsection (c),
21	the chair	s of the commission may request the participation or



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1 input of members of the public; experts in the field; and 2 county, state, or federal officials or others as necessary. 3 (e) The members of the commission shall serve without pay 4 but shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses, 5 including travel expenses, incurred in carrying out their 6 duties. 7 (f) The commission shall provide policy direction, 8 facilitation, coordination, and planning among state and county 9 agencies, federal agencies, and other partners as appropriate. 10 The commission shall establish climate change (q) 11 mitigation and adaptation strategies and goals to help quide 12 planning and implementation statewide using the latest 13 scientific analysis and risk assessment to monitor and forecast 14 climate change-related impacts at the regional, state, and local 15 level, including any additional information deemed necessary.

16 (h) The commission shall identify vulnerable people,
17 communities, industries, ecosystems, and the potential economic
18 ramifications for climate change-related impacts.

19 (i) The commission shall identify existing climate change
20 mitigation and adaptation efforts at the federal, state, and
21 local levels and make recommendations for how to meet or exceed



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Hawaii's state mitigation goals and shall adopt a liberal
 approach in preparation, so as to minimize future risk to the
 people and environment of Hawaii.

4 (j) The commission shall assess the capacity and
5 availability of existing resources and identify new sources of
6 revenue necessary to address climate change mitigation and
7 adaptation and shall advise the governor, legislature, and
8 counties on the economic and budgetary ramifications of climate
9 change impacts, mitigation, and adaptation.

(k) The commission shall identify the information
necessary to track progress in implementing climate change
mitigation and adaptation efforts, including an assessment of
the implementation of the priorities identified by the report
pursuant to subsection (n)(6), and shall submit an annual report
to the governor and legislature no later than twenty days prior
to the convening of each regular session of the legislature.

17 (1) The commission shall maintain a website that includes
18 a mission statement as well as access to climate change related
19 actions, plans, policies, and results.

20 (m) The commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of21 the implementation as required by this section and submit a



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1	report to	the governor, legislature, and the counties no later
2	than twen	ty days prior to the convening of the regular session
3	of 2023 a	nd every five years thereafter.
4	(n)	The commission [ <del>shall</del> ], as a first step, <u>shall</u> focus
5	on and de	velop sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation
6	reports t	hat shall include:
7	(1)	Identification of the major areas of sea level rise
8	I	impacts affecting the State and counties through 2050;
9	(2)	Identification of expected impacts of sea level rise
10		based on the latest scientific research for each area
11		through 2050;
12	(3)	Identification of the economic ramifications of sea
13		level rise;
14	(4)	Identification of applicable federal laws, policies,
15		or programs that impact affected areas; [and]
16	(5)	Recommendations for planning, management, and
17		adaptation for hazards associated with increasing sea
18		<pre>level rise[-]; and</pre>
19	(6)	Priorities derived from the data and recommendations
20		developed pursuant to paragraph (5) that convert the
21		ideas and recommendations into specific actions that



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1	state and county agencies can use to mitigate and
2	adapt to climate change and sea level rise.
3	The reports shall be made publicly available no later than
4	December 31, 2017, and the commission shall establish a
5	maintenance schedule to reevaluate and update the sea level rise
6	vulnerability and adaptation report; provided that the
7	commission shall reevaluate and update the sea level rise
8	vulnerability and adaptation report no less than once every five
9	years. In creating a reevaluation schedule, the commission
10	shall consider the need for updating coastal hazards modeling
11	based on the extent that new modeling would substantially change
12	exposure and vulnerability in sea level rise exposure areas.
13	(o) In developing the report, pursuant to subsection $(n)$ ,
14	including updated versions of the report, the commission shall:
15	(1) Solicit public views and concerns; [ <del>and</del> ]
16	(2) Coordinate with the various county, state, and federal
17	agencies involved in ongoing climate change adaptation
18	planning initiatives[-];
19	(3) Convene multi-sectoral experts to identify, research,
20	assess, and monitor priorities to support the update
21	process; and



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1	(4)	Develop a monitoring and evaluation plan with
2		benchmarks and indicators to support the update
3		process.
4	(p)	The commission shall coordinate community engagement
5	among its	member agencies to keep the State informed regarding
6	the impac	ts of sea level rise. Community engagement strategies
7	may inclu	de:
8	(1)	Community-based planning to educate communities on
9		their risk to sea level rise;
10	(2)	Creation of a software application to visualize sea
11		level rise based on geolocation and projections;
12	(3)	Development of photo simulations to depict potential
13		future flooding due to climate change and sea level
14		rise; and
15	(4)	Work with museums, science centers, schools, and other
16		organizations to educate communities about sea level
17		rise and its impacts."
18		PART XIII
19	SECT	ION 31. In codifying the new sections added by
20	sections	6 and 9 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall



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substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
 designating the new sections in this Act.

3 SECTION 32. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

5 SECTION 33. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

INTRODUCED BY:



#### Report Title:

State; Counties; Climate Change; Sea Level Rise Mitigation; Appropriation

#### Description:

Implements the recommendations of the Hawaii Sea Level Rise Vulnerability and Adaptation Report issued by the Hawaii Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation Commission. Makes appropriations.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

