A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 356D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new subpart to part III to be appropriately 3 designated and to read as follows: 4 . State Low-Income Housing; Evictions "Subpart 5 §356D-A **Definitions.** As used in this subpart: 6 "Party" means each person or agency named or admitted as a 7 party or properly seeking and entitled as of right to be 8 admitted as a party in any court or agency proceeding. "State low-income housing project" means any state low-9 income housing project or program or elder or elderly housing 10 11 owned, managed, administered, or operated by the authority in 12 accordance with sections 356D-44 and 356D-71. 13 "Tenant" means any person occupying a dwelling 14 accommodation or living quarters in any state low-income housing 15 project, under or by virtue of any tenancy, lease, or rental

16 agreement under or from the authority.

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1	§356	D-B Termination and eviction. (a) Except as
2	otherwise	provided by law, the authority may terminate any
3	lease, re	ntal agreement, permit, or license covering the use and
4	occupation of any dwelling unit or other premises located within	
5	a state l	ow-income housing project and evict from any premises
6	any tenan	t, licensee, or other occupant for any of the following
7	reasons:	
8	(1)	Failure to pay rent when due;
9	(2)	Violation of any provision of a lease, rental
10		agreement, permit, or license;
11	(3)	Violation of any rule of the authority;
12	(4)	Failure to maintain the dwelling unit in a clean,
13		sanitary, and habitable condition;
14	(5)	Upon a third violation of section 356D-6.5; provided
15		that a violation of any of these terms by a person not
16		a tenant, a guest who is visiting a tenant, or by any
17		member of the tenant's household shall be deemed a
18		violation by the tenant; or
19	(6)	The existence of any other circumstances giving rise
20		to termination and eviction by the authority.

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(b) When any lease, rental agreement, permit, or license
is subject to termination pursuant to subsection (a), the
authority, either directly or through its managing agent, shall
provide the tenant with a written notice that shall inform the
tenant of any violation or failure and, if a delinquency in
rent, the amount of that delinquency.

7 §356D-C Hearings. (a) When the authority proposes to 8 terminate a lease, rental agreement, permit, or license and 9 evict a tenant under section 356D-B, a hearing shall be held to 10 determine whether cause exists for the action. The authority 11 shall give written notice to the tenant specifying the reason 12 for the eviction and the date and place of the hearing. The 13 written notice shall further inform the tenant of the right to 14 inspect and copy the tenant's file at the tenant's expense 15 before the hearing is held. The written notice shall be given 16 at least five days before the date of the hearing. At the 17 hearing, before final action is taken, the tenant shall be 18 entitled to be heard in person or through counsel, and granted a 19 full and fair hearing in accordance with the requirements of a contested case hearing under sections 91-9 and 91-10 to 91-13. 20

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This full and fair hearing shall be deemed to be a contested
 case hearing before the authority pursuant to chapter 91.

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3 Hearings shall be conducted by an eviction board (b) 4 appointed by the authority. The eviction board shall consist of 5 no fewer than one person and no more than three persons, of 6 which one member shall be a tenant. If feasible, the eviction 7 board may conduct hearings using video conferencing technology; provided that these hearings shall be conducted pursuant to 8 9 chapter 91. The findings, conclusions, decision, and order of 10 the eviction board shall be final unless an appeal is taken 11 pursuant to section 91-14.

The eviction board shall have the same powers with 12 (C) 13 respect to administering oaths, compelling the attendance of 14 witnesses and the production of documentary evidence, and 15 examining witnesses, as those of the circuit courts. In case of 16 a violation by any person of any order of the eviction board, or 17 of any subpoena issued by the eviction board, or the refusal of 18 any witness to testify to any matter regarding which the witness 19 may lawfully be questioned, a circuit court judge, upon 20 application by the eviction board, may compel compliance with 21 the order or subpoena, or compel testimony.

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1 §356D-D Eviction. (a) If the eviction board finds cause 2 to terminate a lease, rental agreement, permit, or license and 3 evict the tenant, the authority shall provide the tenant with a 4 written notice of the authority's decision to terminate the 5 tenancy. The written notice shall inform the tenant that a writ 6 of possession may be issued by the authority within ten business days. The written notice shall also inform the tenant whether 7 8 the grounds for eviction are curable and, if so, specify the 9 methods to remedy the grounds, timeframe for completion, and 10 documentation required to prove to the authority that the 11 grounds have been remedied.

(b) When the grounds for termination of the tenancy may be cured by the tenant, the tenant shall have ten business days from receipt of the written notice under subsection (a) to cure the grounds. If the grounds are cured within the ten-day period, no writ of possession shall be issued. If the grounds are not cured within the ten-day period, the authority may issue a writ of possession.

(c) The authority may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
to define curable and noncurable grounds for eviction. The
authority may consider a tenant's history in determining

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noncurable grounds for eviction. A tenant's history may include
 chronic or consistent delinquency, or repeated violations of the
 terms of the lease, rental agreement, permit, or license.

4 (d) Enforcement of the order by a writ of possession shall 5 be effected either by a process server appointed by the authority, who shall have all of the powers of a police officer 6 7 for all actions in connection with the enforcement of the order, or by a sheriff or any other law enforcement officer of the 8 9 State or any county, whose duty it shall be to carry out the 10 order. The person enforcing the order shall remove all persons 11 from the premises and put the authority in full possession 12 thereof.

Upon eviction, the household goods and personal 13 (e) effects of the tenant against whom the order is entered, and 14 those of any persons using the premises incident to the tenant's 15 holding, may be removed from the premises and stored by the 16 17 authority. If the action is taken, the authority shall have a 18 lien on the property taken for the expenses incurred by the 19 authority in moving and storing the property, and is authorized to sell or otherwise dispose of the property if unclaimed after 20 21 thirty days.

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§356D-E Ex parte motion. If a tenant cannot be served 1 2 with an order of eviction or writ of possession, and the authority receives an affidavit or declaration stating this 3 4 fact, service on the tenant may be made in accordance with a special order by the authority. The order shall require the 5 process server to affix a certified copy of the order of 6 eviction or writ of possession in a conspicuous place upon the 7 8 premises, such as the door or wall of the dwelling unit.

§ §356D-F Judicial review. (a) Any tenant aggrieved by a
final decision and order of the authority or by a preliminary
ruling of the nature that deferral of review pending entry of a
subsequent final decision would deprive the appellant of
adequate relief is entitled to judicial review thereof under
this subpart.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
proceedings for review shall be instituted in the circuit court
within thirty days after the preliminary ruling or within thirty
days after service of the certified copy of the final decision
and order of the authority pursuant to the rules of court,
except where a statute provides for a direct appeal to the
intermediate appellate court. In such cases, the appeal shall

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be treated in the same manner as an appeal from the circuit
 court, including payment of the fee prescribed by section 607-5
 for filing the notice of appeal. The court in its discretion
 may permit other interested persons to intervene.

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5 (c) The proceedings for review shall not stay enforcement 6 of the decision of the authority; provided that the authority or 7 the reviewing court may order a stay upon such terms as it deems 8 proper.

9 (d) Within twenty days after the determination of the 10 contents of the record on appeal in the manner provided by the 11 rules of court, or within such further time as the court may 12 allow, the authority shall transmit to the reviewing court the 13 record of the proceeding under review. The court may require or 14 permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record when 15 deemed desirable.

(e) If, before the date set for hearing, application is made to the court for leave to present additional evidence and the evidence is material and good cause exists for the failure to present the evidence in the proceeding before the authority, the court may order the authority to hear the evidence upon the conditions as the court deems proper. The authority may modify



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1 its findings, decision, and order by reason of the additional 2 evidence and shall file with the reviewing court, to become a 3 part of the record, the additional evidence, together with any 4 modification of its findings or decision.

5 (f) The review shall be conducted by the court without a 6 jury and shall be confined to the record. In cases of alleged 7 irregularities in procedure before the authority and not shown 8 in the record, testimony thereon may be taken in court. The 9 court, upon request by any party, may hear oral argument and 10 receive written briefs.

(g) Upon review of the record, the court may affirm the decision of the authority or remand the case with instructions for further proceedings, or it may reverse or modify the decision and order if the substantial rights of the petitioners may have been prejudiced because the administrative findings, conclusions, decisions, or orders are:

17 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory

18 provisions;

19 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction
20 of the authority;

21 (3) Made upon unlawful procedure;

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1 (4)Affected by other error of law; 2 (5) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative, 3 and substantial evidence on the whole record; or 4 (6) Arbitrary, capricious, or characterized by abuse of 5 discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of 6 discretion. 7 §356D-G Appeals. An aggrieved party may secure a review 8 of any final judgment of the circuit court under this subpart by 9 appeal to the appellate courts, subject to chapter 602. The 10 appeal shall be taken in the manner provided in the rules of 11 court. 12 §356D-H Rules. The authority may adopt rules pursuant to 13 chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this subpart." 14 SECTION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were 15 16 begun before its effective date. 17 SECTION 3. In codifying the new sections added by section 18 1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute 19 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating 20 the new sections in this Act. 21 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2035.

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Report Title:

State Low-income Housing; Housing for Elders; Evictions

Description:

Creates an eviction process for the Hawaii Public Housing Authority's state low-income housing project or program and elder or elderly housing. Effective 7/1/2035. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

