#### JAN 2 4 2018

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 356D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 3 to read as follows: 4 Part . STATE LOW-INCOME HOUSING: EVICTIONS 5 "§356D-Definitions. As used in this part: 6 "Party" means each person or agency named or admitted as a 7 party or properly seeking and entitled as of right to be 8 admitted as a party in any court or agency proceeding. 9 "State low-income housing project" means any state family 10 or state elder or elderly low-income housing project or projects 11 owned, managed, administered, or operated by the authority as 12 codified in sections 356D-44 and 356D-71. 13 "Tenant" means any person occupying a dwelling 14 accommodation or living quarters in any state low-income housing 15 project, under or by virtue of any tenancy, lease, or rental 16 agreement under or from the authority. 17 §356D-Termination and eviction. (a) Except as

otherwise provided, the authority may terminate any lease,

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2 occupation of any dwelling unit or other premises located within 3 a state low-income housing project and evict from any premises 4 any tenant, licensee, or other occupant for any of the following 5 reasons: 6 (1) Failure to pay rent when due; 7 (2) Violation of any of the provisions of a lease, rental 8 agreement, permit, or license; 9 Violation of any of the rules of the authority; (3) Failure to maintain the dwelling unit in a clean, 10 (4) 11 sanitary, and habitable condition; 12 Upon a third violation of section 356D-6.5; provided (5) 13 that a violation of any of these terms by a 14 nonresident, a guest who is visiting a resident, or by any member of the resident's household shall be deemed 15 16 a violation by the resident; or 17 (6) The existence of any other circumstances giving rise 18 to an immediate right to possession by the authority. 19 (b) When any lease, rental agreement, permit, or license 20 is subject to termination pursuant to subsection (a), the 21 authority, either directly or through its managing agent, shall 22 provide the tenant with a written notice that shall inform the

rental agreement, permit, or license covering the use and

- 1 tenant of any violation or failure and, if a delinquency, the
- 2 amount of that delinquency.
- 3 §356D- Hearings. (a) Where the authority proposes to
- 4 terminate a lease or rental agreement and evict a tenant under
- 5 section 356D- , a hearing shall be held to determine whether
- 6 cause exists for the action. The authority shall give written
- 7 notice to the person concerned specifying the reason for which
- 8 the eviction is proposed and fixing the date and place of
- 9 hearing. The written notice shall further inform the tenant of
- 10 the right to inspect and copy the tenant file at the tenant's
- 11 expense before the hearing is held. The notice shall be given
- 12 at least five days before the date set for the hearing. At the
- 13 hearing, before final action is taken, the person concerned
- 14 shall be entitled to be heard in person or through counsel, and
- 15 shall be accorded a full and fair hearing in accordance with the
- 16 requirements of a contested case hearing provided for under
- 17 sections 91-9 and 91-10 to 91-13. This full and fair hearing
- 18 shall be deemed to be a contested case hearing before the
- 19 authority that is required pursuant to chapter 91.
- 20 (b) Hearings shall be conducted by an eviction board
- 21 appointed by the authority. The eviction board shall consist of
- 22 not fewer than one person, and no more than three persons, of

- 1 which one member shall be a tenant. If feasible, the eviction
- 2 board may conduct hearings using video conferencing technology;
- 3 provided that these hearings shall be conducted pursuant to
- 4 chapter 91. The findings, conclusions, decision, and order of
- 5 the eviction board shall be final unless an appeal is taken
- 6 pursuant to section 91-14.
- 7 (c) The eviction board shall have the same powers
- 8 respecting administering oaths, compelling the attendance of
- 9 witnesses and the production of documentary evidence, and
- 10 examining witnesses, as are possessed by circuit courts. In
- 11 case of disobedience by any person of any order of the eviction
- 12 board, or of any subpoena issued by the eviction board, or the
- 13 refusal of any witness to testify to any matter regarding which
- 14 the witness may lawfully be questioned, any circuit judge, on
- 15 application by the eviction board, may compel compliance with
- 16 such order or subpoena, or compel testimony.
- 17 §356D- Eviction. (a) If it is proven to the
- 18 satisfaction of the eviction board that there is cause to
- 19 terminate a lease, rental agreement, permit, or license and
- 20 evict the tenant, the authority shall provide the tenant with a
- 21 written notice of the authority's decision to terminate the
- 22 tenancy. The notice shall inform the tenant that a writ of

- 1 possession may be issued by the authority within ten business
- 2 days. The notice shall also inform the tenant whether the
- 3 grounds for eviction are considered curable and, if so, what the
- 4 tenant must do to remedy the grounds, by when it must be done,
- 5 and what the tenant must do to document for the authority that
- 6 the grounds have been remedied.
- 7 (b) When the grounds for termination of the tenancy may be
- 8 cured by the tenant, the tenant shall have ten business days
- 9 from receipt of the notice provided for in subsection (a) to
- 10 cure the grounds. If the grounds are cured within the ten-day
- 11 period, no writ of possession may be issued. If the grounds are
- 12 not cured within the ten-day period, the authority may issue a
- 13 writ of possession forthwith.
- 14 (c) The authority may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
- 15 to define curable and noncurable grounds for eviction. The
- 16 authority may consider a tenant's history in determining
- 17 noncurable grounds for eviction. A tenant's history may include
- 18 chronic or consistent delinquency, or repeated violations of the
- 19 terms of the lease, rental agreement, permit, or license.
- 20 (d) Enforcement of the order by a writ of possession shall
- 21 be effected either by a process server appointed by the
- 22 authority, who shall have all of the powers of a police officer

- 1 for all action in connection with the enforcement of the order,
- 2 or by a sheriff or any other law enforcement officer of the
- 3 State or any county, whose duty it shall be to carry out the
- 4 order. The person enforcing the order shall remove all persons
- 5 from the premises and put the authority in full possession
- 6 thereof.
- 7 (e) Upon eviction, the household goods and personal
- 8 effects of the person against whom the order is entered, and
- 9 those of any persons using the premises incident to the person's
- 10 holding, may be removed from the premises and stored by the
- 11 authority. If the action is taken, the authority shall have a
- 12 lien on the property so taken for the expenses incurred by it in
- 13 moving and storing the same, and the authority is authorized to
- 14 sell or otherwise dispose of the property if unclaimed after
- 15 thirty days.
- 16 §356D- Ex parte motion. If a tenant cannot be served
- 17 with an order of eviction or writ of possession, and the facts
- 18 shall appear by affidavit or declaration to the authority,
- 19 service on the tenant may be made according to the special order
- 20 of the authority. The order shall require the process server to
- 21 affix a certified copy of the order of eviction or writ of

- 1 possession in a conspicuous place upon the premises such as the
- 2 door or wall of the dwelling unit.
- 3 §356D- Judicial review. (a) Any person aggrieved by a
- 4 final decision and order of the authority or by a preliminary
- 5 ruling of the nature that deferral of review pending entry of a
- 6 subsequent final decision would deprive the appellant of
- 7 adequate relief is entitled to judicial review thereof under
- 8 this part.
- 9 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
- 10 proceedings for review shall be instituted in the circuit court
- 11 within thirty days after the preliminary ruling or within thirty
- 12 days after service of the certified copy of the final decision
- 13 and order of the authority pursuant to the rules of court,
- 14 except where a statute provides for a direct appeal to the
- 15 intermediate appellate court. In such cases, the appeal shall
- 16 be treated in the same manner as an appeal from the circuit
- 17 court, including payment of the fee prescribed by section 607-5
- 18 for filing the notice of appeal. The court in its discretion
- 19 may permit other interested persons to intervene.
- 20 (c) The proceedings for review shall not stay enforcement
- 21 of the decision of the authority; provided that the authority or

- 1 the reviewing court may order a stay upon such terms as it deems
- 2 proper.
- 3 (d) Within twenty days after the determination of the
- 4 contents of the record on appeal in the manner provided by the
- 5 rules of court, or within such further time as the court may
- 6 allow, the authority shall transmit to the reviewing court the
- 7 record of the proceeding under review. The court may require or
- 8 permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record when
- 9 deemed desirable.
- 10 (e) If, before the date set for hearing, application is
- 11 made to the court for leave to present additional evidence and
- 12 the evidence is material and good cause exists for the failure
- 13 to present the evidence in the proceeding before the authority,
- 14 the court may order the authority to hear the evidence upon the
- 15 conditions as the court deems proper. The authority may modify
- 16 its findings, decision, and order by reason of the additional
- 17 evidence and shall file with the reviewing court, to become a
- 18 part of the record, the additional evidence, together with any
- 19 modification of its findings or decision.
- 20 (f) The review shall be conducted by the court without a
- 21 jury and shall be confined to the record. In cases of alleged
- 22 irregularities in procedure before the authority and not shown

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2 court, upon request by any party, may hear oral argument and 3 receive written briefs. 4 Upon review of the record, the court may affirm the 5 decision of the authority or remand the case with instructions for further proceedings, or it may reverse or modify the 6 7 decision and order if the substantial rights of the petitioners 8 may have been prejudiced because the administrative findings, 9 conclusions, decisions, or orders are: 10 In violation of constitutional or statutory (1) 11 provisions; 12 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction 13 of the authority; 14 Made upon unlawful procedure; (3) 15 (4)Affected by other error of law; 16 (5) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative, **17** and substantial evidence on the whole record; or 18 Arbitrary, capricious, or characterized by abuse of (6) 19 discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of 20 discretion. 21 Appeals. An aggrieved party may secure a review §356D-22 of any final judgment of the circuit court under this part by

in the record, testimony thereon may be taken in court. The

1	appeal to the appellate courts, subject to chapter 602. The
2	appeal shall be taken in the manner provided in the rules of
3	court.
4	§356D- Rules. The authority may adopt rules pursuant to
5	chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this part."
6	SECTION 2. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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8	INTRODUCED BY:
9	BY REQUEST

#### Report Title:

State Low-income Housing; Housing for Elders; Evictions

#### Description:

Creates an eviction process for the Hawaii Public Housing Authority's state low-income housing and state housing for elders programs.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

#### JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Hawaii Public Housing Authority

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE HAWAII

PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY.

PURPOSE:

To create an eviction process for the

agency's state low-income housing and state

housing for elders programs.

MEANS:

Add a new part to chapter 356D, Hawaii

Revised Statutes.

JUSTIFICATION:

With the HPHA's state low-income housing and state housing for elders programs now exempt from chapter 521, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the agency is creating an eviction process that is very similar to its federal low-

income public housing program.

This process will streamline the state lowincome housing evictions while lessening the caseloads of the Judiciary and the Department

of the Attorney General.

Impact on the public: There should be no

impact on the public.

Impact on the department and other agencies:

Fewer eviction cases for the Department of

the Attorney General.

GENERAL FUNDS:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

HMS 220; HMS 229.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.