# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds, as declared in the World

2 Conservation Congress Hawai'i Commitments of 2016, that "[w]e

3 must undertake profound transformations in how human societies

4 live on Earth, with particular attention to making our patterns

5 of production and consumption more sustainable. We must

6 recognize that human health and wellbeing depend on healthy

7 ecosystems. We must recognize that every form of life has value

8 - regardless of its worth to humans." Hawai'i has been a leader

9 in conservation efforts for decades, through its commitment to

environmental and sustainability policies. In the 1970s, the

11 State enacted the State Environmental Policy, chapter 344,

12 Hawaii Revised Statutes, as a mechanism to set environmental

13 goals. While comprehensive, it lacked measurable indicators and

14 enforcement means. Our understanding of the challenges facing

15 our natural environment worldwide have changed remarkably since

16 the 1970s and the laws enacted in Hawai'i in recent decades have

17 served as a starlight for other jurisdictions and set a global

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- 1 example on how to adopt policies on sustainability. More
- 2 recently, several approaches to sustainability have emerged in
- 3 Hawai'i, including the Aloha+ Challenge, the governor's
- 4 Sustainable Hawai'i Initiative, and other initiatives inspired by
- 5 the Mālama Honua Worldwide Voyage and Mālama Hawai'i.
- 6 In July of 2014, the State launched The Aloha+ Challenge:
- 7 He Nohona 'Ae'oia, A Culture of Sustainability Challenge, a
- 8 statewide commitment to sustainability, with the leadership of
- 9 the governor, four county mayors, office of Hawaiian affairs,
- 10 legislature, and Hawai'i Green Growth public-private partners
- 11 across the State. The Aloha+ Challenge builds on the State's
- 12 history of systems thinking, Hawaiian culture and values, and
- 13 successful track record on sustainability to outline six
- 14 ambitious goals to be achieved by 2030:
- 15 (1) Clean energy: Achieve seventy per cent clean energy,
- with forty per cent from renewables and thirty per
- 17 cent from efficiency;
- 18 (2) Local food: At least double local food production for
- 19 local consumption;
- 20 (3) Natural resource management: Reverse the trend of
- 21 natural resource loss mauka to makai by increasing

1		freshwater security, watershed protection, community-
2		based marine management, invasive species control, and
3		restoration of native species;
4	(4)	Waste reduction: Reduce the solid waste stream prior
5		to disposal by seventy per cent through source
6		reduction, recycling, bioconversion, and landfill
7		diversion methods;
8	(5)	Smart sustainable communities: Increase livability
9		and resilience in the built environment through
10		planning and implementation at the state and county
11		levels; and
12	(6)	Green workforce and education: Increase local green
13		jobs and education to implement these goals.
14	To i	ncrease the efforts of the Aloha+ Challenge, the
15	governor	launched the Sustainable Hawaiʻi Initiative in 2016,
16	which inc	ludes five goals:
17	(1)	Double local food production by 2020;
18	(2)	Implement the State's interagency biosecurity plan by
19		2027;
20	(3)	Protect thirty per cent of the highest priority
21		watersheds by 2030;

1	(4) Manage thirty per cent of nearshore ocean waters by
2	2030; and
3	(5) Achieve one hundred per cent renewable energy in
4	electricity by 2045.
5	In May of 2014, Hōkūle'a began a three-year voyage across
6	the world's oceans carrying the message of Mālama Honua - to
7	care for the Earth. Building on the legacy of the Polynesian
8	way finders, the Hōkūleʻa Worldwide Voyage inspired actions of
9	conservation across the Hawaiian islands and beyond, resulting
10	in the connection of a lei of aloha around the globe.
11	At the global level, the United Nations Sustainable
12	Development Goals, the World Conservation Congress Hawaiʻi
13	Commitments of 2016, and the Paris Climate Agreement have been
14	adopted to guide global efforts. The Sustainable Development
15	Goals (SDGs), otherwise known as the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable
16	Development, were born at the United Nations Conference on
17	Sustainable Development in Rio de Janeiro in 2012, came into
18	force in 2015, and are a universal call to action to end
19	poverty, protect the planet, and ensure that all people enjoy
20	peace and prosperity. The seventeen SDGs are interconnected and
21	work in the spirit of partnership and pragmatism to make the

- 1 right choices now to improve life, in a sustainable way, for
- 2 future generations. They provide a clear framework for action
- 3 to guide countries in accordance with their own priorities and
- 4 the environmental challenges of the world at large. They tackle
- 5 the root causes of poverty and unite us to make a positive
- 6 change for both people and planet.
- 7 Dealing with the threat of climate change impacts how we
- 8 manage our fragile natural resources, achieving gender equality
- 9 and better health helps eradicate poverty, and fostering peace
- 10 and inclusive societies will reduce inequalities and help
- 11 economies prosper. The SDGs are voluntary commitments to make
- 12 the world a better and more prosperous place.
- During September 2016, over ten thousand leaders from
- 14 government, civil society, indigenous communities, faith and
- 15 spiritual traditions, the private sector, and academia gathered
- 16 in Hawai'i for a meeting of the International Union for
- 17 Conservation of Nature World Conservation Congress. Delegates
- 18 to the Congress adopted the World Conservation Congress Hawai'i
- 19 Commitments to achieve the transformation required to promote a
- 20 "Culture of Conservation". The Hawai'i Commitments consist of
- 21 seven identified challenges and proposed solutions, including:

1 (1) Linking spirituality, religion, culture, and 2 conservation: 3 (2) Engaging and empowering youth; 4 (3) The challenge of sustaining the global food supply and 5 conserving nature; The challenge of preserving the health of the world 6 (4) 7 ocean: The challenge of ending wildlife trafficking; 8 (5) 9 (6) The challenge of engaging with the private sector; and 10 The challenge of climate change. (7) The Hawai'i Commitments build on the Paris Climate Agreement and 11 12 the SDGs to allow different global voices to come together and find common ground in the spirit of partnership, collaboration, 13 14 and sustainability. In order for Hawai'i to continue to serve as a starlight for 15 16 the rest of the world in setting policies on sustainability and 17 to serve as a global leader on issues of conservation and 18 sustainability, it is essential that the State demonstrate its 19 full commitment to its own policies and goals as well as the 20 goals set on the international stage at United Nations

conferences and summits on sustainability.

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1	Ther	efore, the purpose of this Act is to codify the State	
2	of Hawaii 2050 sustainable plan goals and the State's commitmen		
3	to conservation and sustainability by including goal eight,		
4	decent work and economic growth, of the seventeen United Nation		
5	SDGs and indicators, with references to existing state		
6	sustainability programs, if applicable, in the Hawaii Revised		
7	Statutes.		
8	SECTION 2. Chapter 226, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
9	amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately		
10	designated and to read as follows:		
11	" <u>§22</u>	6- State of Hawaii 2050 sustainability goals. The	
12	State of	Hawaii 2050 sustainability goals are:	
13	(1)	A way of life - living sustainably is part of our	
14		daily practice in Hawaii;	
15	(2)	The economy - our diversified and globally competitive	
16		economy enables us to meaningfully live, work, and	
17		play in Hawaii;	
18	(3)	Environment and natural resources - our natural	
19		resources are responsibly and respectfully used,	
20		replenished, and preserved for future generations;	

1	(4)	Community and social well-being - our community is
2		strong, healthy, vibrant, and nurturing, providing
3		safety nets for those in need; and
4	(5)	Kanaka maoli and island values - our kanaka maoli and
5		island cultures and values are thriving and
6		perpetuated.
7	<u>§226</u>	- Sustainable development goals; decent work and
8	economic	growth. In pursuance of the State's sustainability
9	goals, an	d notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all agencies
10	shall, in	sofar as practicable, take action to assist the State
11	in achiev	ing the sustainable development goal of promoting
12	sustained	, inclusive, and sustainable economic growth; full and
13	productiv	e employment; and work for all by 2030 by:
14	(1)	Sustaining per capita economic growth in accordance
15		with national circumstances and at least one per cent
16		gross domestic product growth per annum;
17	(2)	Achieving higher levels of economic productivity
18		through diversification, technological upgrading, and
19		innovation, including through a focus on high-value
20		added and labor-intensive sectors;

1	(3)	Promoting development-oriented policies that support
2		productive activities, job creation in high paying
3		sectors, entrepreneurship, creativity, and innovation,
4		and encouraging the formalization and growth of green
5		jobs and enterprises, including through access to
6		financial services;
7	(4)	Progressively improving state resource efficiency in
8		consumption and production and endeavoring to decouple
9		economic growth from environmental degradation in line
10		with the goals of the World Conservation Congress
11 -		Hawai'i Commitments of 2016;
12	(5)	Achieving full and productive employment for all women
13		and men, including for young people and persons with
14	ı	disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value;
15	(6)	Substantially reducing the proportion of youth not
16		employed, not obtaining an education, or not in a job
17		or skill training program;
18	(7)	Taking immediate and effective measures to eradicate
19		forced labor, end modern slavery and human
20		trafficking, and secure the prohibition and
21		elimination of child labor;

1	(8)	Protecting labor rights and promoting safe and secure
2		working environments for all workers, including
3		migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and
4		those in precarious employment;
5	(9)	Devising and implementing policies to promote
6		sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes
7		local culture and products; and
8	(10)	Strengthening the capacity of domestic financial
9		institutions to encourage and expand access to
10		banking, insurance, and financial services for all."
11	SECT	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECT	TON 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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#### Report Title:

Sustainable Development Goals; Goal Eight; Decent Work and Economic Growth; Hawaii 2050 Sustainability Plan Goals

#### Description:

Codifies the State of Hawaii 2050 sustainable plan goals and the sustainable development goals based on the United Nations' Global Goal eight, decent work and economic growth. (SD1)

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