A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHAPTER 245, HAWAII REVISED STATUTES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that tobacco use is the
3	single most preventable cause of disease, disability, and death
4	in the United States. Tobacco use continues to be a problem in
5	Hawaii, causing approximately one thousand four hundred deaths
6	per year among adults. An estimated twenty-one thousand
7	children in Hawaii currently under the age of eighteen will
8	ultimately die prematurely from smoking. Tobacco use poses a
9	heavy burden on Hawaii's health care system and economy. Each
10	year, smoking costs approximately \$526,000,000 in direct health
11	care expenditures and \$387,300,000 in lost productivity in the
12	State.
13	The legislature further finds that tobacco products are
14	addictive and inherently dangerous, causing many different types
15	of cancer, heart disease, and other serious illnesses. Hawaii
16	has a substantial interest in reducing the number of individuals
17	of all ages who use tobacco products, and a particular interest

- 1 in protecting adolescents from tobacco dependence and the
- 2 illnesses and premature death associated with tobacco use.
- 3 The legislature additionally finds that electronic smoking
- 4 devices, also known as e-cigarettes, are battery-operated
- 5 products designed to turn highly addictive nicotine, flavor, and
- 6 other chemicals into an aerosol that is inhaled by the user.
- 7 Consumers may choose from varying strengths of e-liquid nicotine
- 8 as well as liquids consisting of different flavors. A 2015
- 9 study of more than fifty-eight million e-cigarettes found that
- 10 ninety-nine per cent contained nicotine, whether or not they
- 11 were labeled as "zero nicotine" or "nicotine-free". The
- 12 legislature is concerned that labeling alone is not an effective
- 13 measure of nicotine content.
- 14 The electronic smoking device industry, including the
- 15 production of e-liquids, is growing rapidly. According to a
- 16 2016 report from the United States Surgeon General, e-cigarette
- 17 use amongst the nation's youth and young adults has become a
- 18 major public health concern. The Surgeon General's report noted
- 19 that e-cigarette use has increased considerably in recent years,
- 20 growing an astounding nine hundred per cent among high school
- 21 students from 2011 to 2015. More than three million middle

- 1 school and high school students were users of e-cigarettes in
- 2 2015. Furthermore, e-cigarettes are now the most commonly used
- 3 tobacco product among youth, surpassing conventional cigarettes
- 4 in 2014. E-cigarette use among youth and young adults is also
- 5 strongly associated with the use of other tobacco products,
- 6 including combustible tobacco products. Toxicologists have also
- 7 warned that e-liquids pose significant risks to public health,
- 8 particularly to children. According to the Surgeon General's
- 9 report, if the contents of refill cartridges or bottles are
- 10 consumed, ingestion of e-liquids containing nicotine can cause
- 11 acute toxicity and possibly death. The Surgeon General's report
- 12 also found that there are numerous policies and practices that
- 13 can be implemented at the state and local levels to address
- 14 electronic smoking device use among youth and young adults,
- 15 including preventing access to e-cigarettes by youth,
- 16 significant increases in tax and price of e-cigarettes, retail
- 17 licensure, and regulation of e-cigarette marketing.
- 18 The legislature finds that the rapid growth of the
- 19 electronic smoking device industry, including retail businesses
- 20 selling electronic smoking devices or e-liquids, necessitates

- 1 further regulations to protect consumers, such as requiring
- 2 retailers of e-liquids to obtain a retail tobacco permit.
- 3 The legislature notes that the federal Food and Drug
- 4 Administration recently finalized a rule that expands its
- 5 regulatory authority to all tobacco products, including
- 6 electronic smoking devices, cigars, and hookah and pipe tobacco.
- 7 However, the legislature also notes that there is currently no
- 8 state tobacco tax attached to e-liquid, even though electronic
- 9 smoking devices are now regulated as tobacco products. The
- 10 legislature finds that states such as Indiana, Pennsylvania, and
- 11 West Virginia tax e-liquids that may or may not contain
- 12 nicotine. Furthermore, tobacco products other than cigarettes
- 13 are currently taxed at a lower rate than cigarettes, even though
- 14 their use carries similar health risks. Research has shown that
- 15 increasing cigarette prices, such as through cigarette taxes,
- 16 tends to reduce the rate of smoking by adult and youth smokers.
- 17 However, the legislature is concerned that as the price of
- 18 cigarettes increases, smokers may purchase less expensive
- 19 tobacco products, such as electronic smoking devices or
- 20 e-liquids.

1	Fina	lly, the legislature concludes that there needs to be a
2	tax on e-	liquids and taxing these products as other tobacco
3	products	is the most equitable way to do so. Imposing a tax on
4	e-liquids	will also encourage users of e-liquids to quit,
5	sustain c	essation, prevent youth initiation, and reduce
6	consumpti	on among those who continue to use them.
7	The	purpose of this part is to:
8	(1)	Make unlawful the shipment of tobacco products to
9		anyone other than a licensee;
10	(2)	Make unlawful the transport of tobacco products
11		ordered through remote sale to anyone other than a
12		licensee;
13	(3)	Include e-liquid within the definition of "tobacco
14		products", as used in the cigarette tax and tobacco
15		tax law, thereby:
16		(A) Subjecting e-liquid to the excise tax on tobacco
17		products;
18		(B) Requiring retailers of e-liquid to obtain a
19		retail tobacco permit to sell, possess, keep,
20		acquire, distribute, or transport e-liquid;

1		(C)	From Dustness
2			of wholesaling or dealing e-liquid without first
3			obtaining a license from the department of
4			taxation; and
5		(D)	Applying other requirements of chapter 245,
6			Hawaii Revised Statutes;
7	(4)	Incr	ease the license fee for persons engaged as a
8		whol	esaler or dealer of cigarettes and tobacco
9		prod	ucts; and
10	(5)	Incr	ease the retail tobacco permit fee for retailers
11		enga	ged in the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco
12		prod	ucts.
13	SECT	ION 2	. Chapter 245, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended b	y add	ing two new sections to be appropriately
15	designate	d and	to read as follows:
16	" <u>§24</u>	5	Unlawful shipment of tobacco products; penalty;
17	reports;	liabi	lity for unpaid taxes. (a) A person or entity
18	commits t	he of	fense of unlawful shipment of tobacco products if
19	the perso	n or	entity is engaged in the business of selling
20	tobacco p	roduc	ts and ships or causes to be shipped, any tobacco

1	products	ordered or purchased through a remote sale, to a persor
2	or entity	in the State that is not:
3	(1)	A licensee under this chapter; or
4	(2)	A person or entity transporting tobacco products, as
5		defined in section 245-1, under federal internal
6		revenue bond or customs control that are non-tax-paid
7		under title 26 of the United States Code, or an
8		operator of a customs bonded warehouse pursuant to
9		title 19 United States Code section 1311 or 1555.
10	(b)	This section shall not apply to the shipment of
11	tobacco p	roducts if any of the following conditions are met:
12	(1)	The tobacco products are exempt from taxes as provided
13		by section 245-3(b);
14	(2)	The person or entity engaged in the business of
15		selling, advertising, or offering tobacco products for
16		sale and transfer or shipment includes on the outside
17		of the shipping container an externally visible and
18		easily legible notice located on the same side of the
19		shipping container as the address to which the
20		shipping container is delivered stating as follows:

1		"HAWAII LAW PROHIBITS THE SALE OF CIGARETTES OR
2		TOBACCO PRODUCTS TO INDIVIDUALS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS
3		OF AGE AND REQUIRES THE PAYMENT OF ALL APPLICABLE
4		TAXES. YOU ARE LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL APPLICABLE
5		UNPAID TAXES ON THESE CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO
6		PRODUCTS."; or
7	(3)	All applicable Hawaii taxes on the tobacco products
8		are paid in accordance with the requirements of this
9		section.
10	(c)	Any person or entity who knowingly violates this
11	section s	hall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Each shipment that
12	violates	or fails to comply with this section shall be a
13	separate	and distinct violation.
14	(d)	Notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at
15	law, any	person or entity that purchases, uses, controls, or
16	possesses	any tobacco products for which the applicable taxes
17	imposed u	nder title 14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, have not been
18	paid, sha	ll be liable for the applicable taxes, plus any penalty
19	and inter	est as provided for by law.
20	(e)	In addition to, or in lieu of, any other civil or
21	criminal	remedy provided by law, a person or entity who has

- 1 violated this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to
- 2 \$5,000 for each violation. The attorney general may initiate a
- 3 civil action seeking recovery of the penalties.
- 4 (f) For the purposes of this section:
- 5 "Internet sale" means any internet website or
- 6 electronically networked means that solicits or sells cigarettes
- 7 or tobacco products, including electronic smoking devices,
- 8 regardless of whether cash is actually paid for the product.
- 9 "Licensee" means a person or entity that is on a list of
- 10 authorized licensees published by the department.
- 11 "Mail order" means any means of soliciting cigarettes or
- 12 tobacco products, including electronic smoking devices, that are
- 13 set forth in a catalog or other printed solicitation of a
- 14 business that is generally available to the public.
- 15 "Remote sale" means a sale that is conducted by mail order,
- 16 telephone, computer, internet sale, or any means other than a
- 17 physical storefront.
- 18 <u>§245-</u> <u>Delivery sales.</u> (a) No person may conduct a
- 19 delivery sale or otherwise ship or transport, or cause to be
- 20 shipped or transported, any electronic smoking device in

1	connection	on with a delivery sale to any person under the age of
2	twenty-or	ne.
3	(b)	A person who makes delivery sales must not accept a
4	purchase	or order from any person without first obtaining the
5	full name	e, birth date, and address of that person and verifying
6	the purch	aser's age by:
7	(1)	An independently operated third-party database or
8		aggregate of databases that are regularly used by
9		government and businesses for the purpose of age and
10		identity verification and authentication;
11	(2)	Receiving a copy of a government issued identification
12		card from the purchaser; or
13	(3)	Requiring age and signature verification in the
14		shipment process and upon and before actual delivery.
15	(c)	The purchaser must certify their age before completing
16	the order	<u>. </u>
17	(d)	Any person who violates this section shall be fined
18	\$500 for	the first offense. Any subsequent offenses shall be a
19	fine of n	o less than \$500 but no more than \$2,000. Any person
20	under twe	nty-one years of age who violates this section shall be
21	fined \$10	for the first offense. Any subsequent offense shall

Ţ	be a fine	of \$50, no part of which shall be suspended, or the
2	person sha	ll be required to perform no less than forty-eight
3	hours but	no more than seventy-two hours of community service
4	during hou	rs when the person is not employed and is not
5	attending	school.
6	(e)	The department shall not adopt rules prohibiting
7	delivery s	ales.
8	(f)	For the purposes of this section:
9	<u>"Deli</u>	very sale" means any sale of a an electronic smoking
10	device to	a purchaser in this State where either:
11	(1)	The purchaser submits the order for sale by means of a
12		telephonic or other method of voice transmission,
13		mails or any other delivery service, or the internet
14		or other online service; or
15	(2)	The electronic smoking device is delivered by use of
16		the mail or of a delivery service. The foregoing
17		sales of electronic smoking devices constitute a
18		delivery sale regardless of whether the seller is
19		located within or without this state.
20	"Elec	tronic smoking device" means any electronic product
21	that can b	e used to aerosolize and deliver nicotine or other

- 1 substances to the person inhaling from the device, including but
- 2 not limited to an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar,
- 3 electronic cigarillo, or electronic pipe, and any cartridge or
- 4 other component of the device or related product."
- 5 SECTION 3. Section 245-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended as follows:
- 7 1. By adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 8 and to read:
- 9 ""E-liquid" means any liquid or like substance which may or
- 10 may not contain nicotine that is designed or intended to be used
- 11 in an electronic smoking device, as defined in section 328J-1,
- 12 whether or not packaged in a cartridge or other container. E-
- 13 liquid shall not include prescription drugs; medical cannabis or
- 14 manufactured cannabis products; or medical devices used to
- 15 inhale or ingest prescription drugs, including devices sold at a
- 16 licensed medical cannabis dispensary."
- 17 2. By amending the definition of "tobacco products" to
- **18** read:
- ""Tobacco products" means tobacco in any form, other than
- 20 cigarettes or little cigars, that is prepared or intended for
- 21 consumption or for personal use by humans, including large

- 1 cigars and any substitutes thereof other than cigarettes that
- 2 bear the semblance thereof, snuff, chewing or smokeless tobacco,
- 3 [and] smoking or pipe tobacco[-], and e-liquid."
- 4 SECTION 4. Section 245-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- 6 "(b) The license shall be issued by the department upon
- 7 application therefor, in [such] a form and manner as shall be
- 8 required by rule of the department, and the payment of a fee of
- 9 [\$2.50,] \$250, and shall be renewable annually on July 1 for the
- 10 twelve months ending the succeeding June 30."
- 11 SECTION 5. Section 245-2.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- "(c) The retail tobacco permit shall be issued by the
- 14 department upon application by the retailer in the form and
- 15 manner prescribed by the department, and the payment of a fee of
- 16 [\$20.] \$50. Permits shall be valid for one year, from December
- 17 1 to November 30, and renewable annually. Whenever a retail
- 18 tobacco permit is defaced, destroyed, or lost, or the permittee
- 19 relocates the permittee's business, the department may issue a
- 20 duplicate retail tobacco permit to the permittee for a fee of \$5
- 21 per copy."

Į .	PART	II

- 2 SECTION 6. The purpose of this part is to reduce tobacco
- 3 and cigarette consumption in Hawaii by increasing the costs to
- 4 sell and purchase tobacco and cigarette products.
- 5 SECTION 7. Section 245-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 7 "(a) Every wholesaler or dealer, in addition to any other
- 8 taxes provided by law, shall pay for the privilege of conducting
- 9 business and other activities in the State:
- 10 (1) An excise tax equal to 5.00 cents for each cigarette
- 11 sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
- after June 30, 1998, whether or not sold at wholesale,
- or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
- the wholesaler or dealer;
- 15 (2) An excise tax equal to 6.00 cents for each cigarette
- sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
- after September 30, 2002, whether or not sold at
- 18 wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
- the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
- 20 (3) An excise tax equal to 6.50 cents for each cigarette
- 21 sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer

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	after June 30, 2003, whether or not sold at wholesale
	or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
	the wholesaler or dealer;
(4)	An excise tax equal to 7.00 cents for each cigarette
	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
	after June 30, 2004, whether or not sold at wholesale
	or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
	the wholesaler or dealer;
(5)	An excise tax equal to 8.00 cents for each cigarette
	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
	and after September 30, 2006, whether or not sold at
	wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
	the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
(6)	An excise tax equal to 9.00 cents for each cigarette
	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
	and after September 30, 2007, whether or not sold at
	wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
	the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
(7)	An excise tax equal to 10.00 cents for each cigarette
	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
	and after September 30, 2008, whether or not sold at
	(5)

1		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
2		the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
3	(8)	An excise tax equal to 13.00 cents for each cigarette
4		sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
5		and after July 1, 2009, whether or not sold at
6		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
7		the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
8	(9)	An excise tax equal to 11.00 cents for each little
9		cigar sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or
10		dealer on and after October 1, 2009, whether or not
11		sold at wholesale, or if not sold then at the same
12		rate upon the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
13	(10)	An excise tax equal to 15.00 cents for each cigarette
14		or little cigar sold, used, or possessed by a
15		wholesaler or dealer on and after July 1, 2010,
16		whether or not sold at wholesale, or if not sold then
17		at the same rate upon the use by the wholesaler or
18		dealer;
19	(11)	An excise tax equal to 16.00 cents for each cigarette
20		or little cigar sold, used, or possessed by a
21		wholesaler or dealer on and after July 1, 2011,

1		whether or not sold at wholesale, or if not sold then
2		at the same rate upon the use by the wholesaler or
3		dealer;
4	(12)	An excise tax equal to cents for each cigarette or
5		little cigar sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler
6		or dealer on and after November 1, 2018, whether or
7		not sold at wholesale, or if not sold then at the same
8		rate upon the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
9	(13)	An excise tax equal to seventy per cent of the
10		wholesale price of each article or item of tobacco
11		products, other than large cigars, sold by the
12		wholesaler or dealer on and after September 30, 2009,
13		whether or not sold at wholesale, or if not sold then
14		at the same rate upon the use by the wholesaler or
15		dealer; [and
16	(13)]	(14) An excise tax equal to per cent of the
17		wholesale price of each article or item of tobacco
18		products, other than large cigars, sold by the
19		wholesaler or dealer on and after July 1, 2018,
20		whether or not sold at wholesale, or if not sold then

1		at the same rate upon the use by the wholesaler or
2		dealer; and
3	(15)	An excise tax equal to fifty per cent of the wholesale
4		price of each large cigar of any length, sold, used,
5		or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on and after
6		September 30, 2009, whether or not sold at wholesale,
7		or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
8		the wholesaler or dealer.
9	Where the	tax imposed has been paid on cigarettes, little
10	cigars, o	r tobacco products that thereafter become the subject
11	of a casu	alty loss deduction allowable under chapter 235, the
12	tax paid	shall be refunded or credited to the account of the
13	wholesale:	r or dealer. The tax shall be applied to cigarettes
14	through th	he use of stamps."
15		PART III
16	SECT	ION 8. Chapter 28, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
17	by adding	a new part to be appropriately designated and to read
18	as follows	s:
19	"PART	XII. ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICE RETAILER REGISTRATION
20		UNIT.

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- 1 §28-A Policy. The registration of electronic smoking
- 2 device retailers, as defined in section 28-B, is reasonably
- 3 necessary to protect the health, safety, or welfare of consumers
- 4 of electronic smoking devices and for the enforcement of the
- 5 laws that regulate the sale of electronic smoking devices.
- 6 §28-B Definitions. As used in this part:
- 7 "Business location" or "place of business" means the entire
- 8 premises occupied by a retailer of electronic smoking devices
- 9 and shall include but is not limited to any store, stand,
- 10 outlet, vehicle, cart, location, vending machine, or structure
- 11 from which electronic smoking devices are sold or distributed to
- 12 a consumer.
- "Electronic smoking device" means any electronic product
- 14 that can be used to aerosolize and deliver nicotine or other
- 15 substances to the person inhaling from the device, including but
- 16 not limited to an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar,
- 17 electronic cigarillo, or electronic pipe, and any cartridge or
- 18 other component of the device or related product.
- "Entity" means one or more individuals, a company,
- 20 corporation, a partnership, an association, or any other type of
- 21 legal entity.

- 1 "Retail sale" or "electronic smoking device retailing"
- 2 means the practice of selling electronic smoking devices to
- 3 consumers.
- 4 §28-C Electronic smoking device retailer registration
- 5 unit. There is established in the department of the attorney
- 6 general the electronic smoking device retailer registration
- 7 unit.
- 8 §28-D Registration. (a) Every entity with a place of
- 9 business in the State that engages in the retail sale of
- 10 electronic smoking devices shall register with the unit by
- 11 providing all of the information required by this section.
- 12 Registration shall not be approved unless all of the applicable
- 13 provisions of this section have been met to the satisfaction of
- 14 the unit.
- 15 (b) Registration information required by this section
- 16 shall include:
- 17 (1) The name or names under which the entity conducts or
- will conduct business;
- 19 (2) The address of the principal place of business of the
- 20 entity and the address of each place of business the
- 21 entity maintains in this State;

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1	(3)	The entity's general excise tax number;
2	(4)	A statement of ownership, which shall include the name
3		of each person who, individually or acting in concert
4		with any other person or persons, owns or controls,
5		directly or indirectly, twenty-five per cent or more
6		of the equity interests of the entity;
7	(5)	An attestation that the entity is not in violation of
8		the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended
9		by the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control
10		Act (Tobacco Control Act) and its regulations, or has
11		not received a warning letter from the U.S. Food &
12		Drug Administration based on a compliance check
13		inspection within thirty days of applying for
14		registration.
15	§28-	E Certificate. (a) Upon receipt of the registration
16	informati	on, the unit shall issue a certificate to the entity
17	for each	place of business where the entity will engage in
18	electroni	c smoking device retailing.
19	(b)	The unit may charge a registration fee not to exceed

\$100 for each entity that registers.

20

- 1 (c) Registration under this section shall expire on June
- 2 30 of each even-numbered year. Before June 30 of each even-
- 3 numbered year, the unit shall mail a renewal application for
- 4 registration to the address on record of the registrant. In
- 5 connection with renewal of registration, a holder of a
- 6 certificate shall provide all of the information required by
- 7 section 28-D. Failure to renew a registration shall result in a
- 8 civil penalty under section 28-H.
- 9 (d) The entity shall display the registration certificate
- 10 in a conspicuous location in each place of business.
- 11 (e) The entity shall notify the unit within five days of
- 12 receiving notice from the U.S. Food & Drug Administration that
- 13 it is in violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act,
- 14 as amended by the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control
- 15 Act (Tobacco Control Act) and its regulations, and provide the
- 16 unit with all material details related to the violation.
- 17 (f) The unit shall publish on the department's website a
- 18 list of all entities that hold a certificate.
- 19 §28-F Inspection. (a) The unit may examine all records
- 20 of any entity engaged in the business of electronic smoking
- 21 device retailing to verify the accuracy of the information

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- 1 provided for registration or to verify that an entity is selling
- 2 electronic smoking devices without being registered. Every
- 3 person in possession of any books, papers, and records, and the
- 4 person's agents and employees, are directed and required to give
- 5 the unit opportunities for examination of applicable records.
- 6 (b) The unit may inspect the operations, premises, and
- 7 storage areas of any entity engaged in the retail sale of
- 8 electronic smoking devices as necessary.
- 9 §28-G Personnel. The unit shall employ such attorneys,
- 10 auditors, investigators, and other personnel as necessary to
- 11 promote the effective and efficient conduct of the unit's
- 12 activities.
- 13 §28-H Civil penalty for failure to register. An entity
- 14 that fails to register with the unit within thirty days of
- 15 engaging in the retail sale of electronic smoking devices shall
- 16 be subject to a civil penalty of \$100 each day plus the costs of
- 17 any investigation by the unit."
- 18 SECTION 9. Chapter 328J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 20 and to read as follows:

- 3 concern. It is the intent of the legislature to regulate the
- 4 sale of cigarettes, tobacco products, and electronic smoking
- 5 devices in a uniform and exclusive manner.
- 6 (b) All local ordinances or regulations that regulate the
- 7 sale of cigarettes, tobacco products, and electronic smoking
- 8 devices are preempted, and existing local laws and regulations
- 9 conflicting with this chapter are null and void.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit a
- 11 county's authority under section 328J-15."
- 12 SECTION 10. Section 328J-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- "[+] §328J-18[+] Placement of cigarettes and tobacco
- 15 products. (a) Except as otherwise provided under this section,
- 16 a retailer may sell cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, and all other
- 17 tobacco products only in a direct, face-to-face exchange between
- 18 the retailer and the consumer. Examples of methods of sale that
- 19 are not permitted include vending machines and self-service
- 20 displays.

1	(b)	A retailer may only display or store cigarettes and
2	tobacco p	roducts:
3	(1)	Behind a sales counter or in any other area of the
4		establishment that is inaccessible to the public; or
5	(2)	In a locked container.
6	[-(b) -	<u>(c)</u> This section shall not apply to:
7	(1)	A duty-free sales enterprise selling duty-free
8		merchandise in accordance with the provisions of title
9		19 United States Code section 1555(b), and any
10		implementing regulations; and
11	(2)	Retail tobacco stores, bars, or any other
12		establishment for which the minimum age for admission
13		is eighteen."
14	SECT	ION 11. Section 712-1258, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to	o read as follows:
16	" [-[] :	§712-1258[+] Tobacco products and electronic smoking
17	devices;]	persons under twenty-one years of age. (1) It shall
18	be unlawfu	ul to sell or furnish a tobacco product in any shape or
19	form or an	n electronic smoking device to a person under twenty-
20	one years	of age.

1	(2) All persons engaged in the retail sale of tobacco
2	products or electronic smoking devices shall check the
3	identification of tobacco or electronic smoking device
4	purchasers, to establish the age of the purchaser, if the
5	purchaser reasonably appears to be under twenty-seven years of
6	age.
7	(3) It shall be an affirmative defense that the seller of
8	a tobacco product or an electronic smoking device to a person
9	under the age of twenty-one years of age in violation of this
10	section had requested, examined, and reasonably relied upon a
11	photographic identification from such person establishing that
12	person's age as at least twenty-one years of age prior to
13	selling such person a tobacco product or an electronic smoking
14	device. The failure of a seller to request and examine
15	photographic identification from a person under twenty-one years
16	of age prior to the sale of a tobacco product or an electronic
17	smoking device to such person shall be construed against the
18	seller and form a conclusive basis for the seller's violation of
19	this section.
20	$[\frac{(2)}{(4)}]$ Signs using the statement, "The sale of tobacco
21	products or electronic smoking devices to persons under twenty-

- 1 one is prohibited", shall be posted on or near any vending
- 2 machine in letters at least one-half inch high and at or near
- 3 the point of sale of any other location where tobacco products
- 4 or electronic smoking devices are sold in letters at least one-
- 5 half inch high.
- 6 [$\frac{(3)}{(3)}$] (5) It shall be unlawful for a person under twenty-
- 7 one years of age to purchase any tobacco product or electronic
- 8 smoking device, as those terms are defined in subsection $[\frac{(5)}{\cdot}]$
- 9 (7). This provision does not apply if a person under the age of
- 10 twenty-one, with parental authorization, is participating in a
- 11 controlled purchase as part of a law enforcement activity or a
- 12 study authorized by the department of health under the
- 13 supervision of law enforcement to determine the level of
- 14 incidence of tobacco or electronic smoking devices sales to
- 15 persons under twenty-one years of age.
- 16 $\left[\frac{4}{1}\right]$ (6) Any person who violates subsection (1) or $\left[\frac{2}{1}\right]$
- 17 (4), or both, shall be fined \$500 for the first offense. Any
- 18 subsequent offenses shall subject the person to a fine not less
- 19 than \$500 nor more than \$2,000. Any person under twenty-one
- 20 years of age who violates subsection $[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ (5) shall be fined
- 21 \$10 for the first offense. Any subsequent offense shall subject

- 1 the violator to a fine of \$50, no part of which shall be
- 2 suspended, or the person shall be required to perform not less
- 3 than forty-eight hours nor more than seventy-two hours of
- 4 community service during hours when the person is not employed
- 5 and is not attending school.
- 6 [(5)] (7) For the purposes of this section:
- 7 "Electronic smoking device" means any electronic product
- 8 that can be used to aerosolize and deliver nicotine or other
- 9 substances to the person inhaling from the device, including but
- 10 not limited to an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar,
- 11 electronic cigarillo, or electronic pipe, and any cartridge or
- 12 other component of the device or related product.
- "Tobacco product" means any product made or derived from
- 14 tobacco that contains nicotine or other substances and is
- 15 intended for human consumption or is likely to be consumed,
- 16 whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, or
- 17 ingested by other means. "Tobacco product" includes but is not
- 18 limited to a cigarette, cigar, pipe tobacco, chewing tobacco,
- 19 snuff, snus, or an electronic smoking device. "Tobacco product"
- 20 does not include drugs, devices, or combination products
- 21 approved for sale by the United States Food and Drug

- 1 Administration, as those terms are defined in the Federal Food,
- 2 Drug, and Cosmetic Act."
- 3 PART IV
- 4 SECTION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

Unlawful Shipment and Transport of Tobacco Products; Electronic Smoking Devices; E-liquid; Tax; Permit; License; Excise Tax; Department of the Attorney General; Department of Health; Penal Code

Description:

Prohibits the shipment of tobacco products, and the transport of tobacco products ordered or purchased through a remote sale, to anyone other than a licensee. Makes all provisions of the cigarette tax and tobacco tax law that relate to tobacco products applicable to e-liquid. Increases the license fee for wholesalers or dealers and the retail tobacco permit fee. Amends the taxes on cigarettes and tobacco products. Increases the excise tax for each cigarette or little cigar sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer. Increases the excise tax on the wholesale price of each article or item of tobacco products, other than large cigars, sold by the wholesaler or dealer. Establishing an electronic smoking device retailer registration unit within the Department of the Attorney General. Amends the Penal Code. Regulates the delivery and sale of electronic smoking devices to purchasers within the State. (SB2654 HD2)

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