THE SENATE TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2018 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 2250

JAN 1 9 2018

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that an educated labor 2 force and engaged citizenry are essential in today's global, knowledge-based economy. Across the nation, states have set 3 ambitious goals to boost college completion rates. 4 The 5 University of Hawaii's graduation initiative is a systemwide strategic initiative endorsed by the University of Hawaii board 6 7 of regents with a goal to increase the educational capital of the State by increasing participation in, and completion of, 8 college by students, particularly native Hawaiians, low-income 9 10 students, and those from underserved regions and populations, 11 and preparing them for success in the workforce and their 12 communities.

Furthermore, Hawaii's own 55 by '25 campaign goal focuses on increasing the percentage of working-age adults with two- or four-year degrees to fifty-five per cent by 2025. According to the most recent data available, forty-four per cent of Hawaii's working-age adults have a postsecondary degree. As the State's



### S.B. NO. 2250

sole public higher education system, the University of Hawaii is
 committed to doing its part to close the State's projected
 educational attainment gap.

In April 2016, the Institute for Research on Higher 4 5 Education at the University of Pennsylvania Graduate School of 6 Education issued a study that analyzed college costs in relation to family income level. The study revealed how higher education 7 has gone from expensive to unaffordable for most low- and 8 9 middle-income families. According to this same study, Hawaii ranked third in the nation for overall college affordability and 10 noted that the University of Hawaii community colleges are the 11 most affordable public two-year institutions in the nation. 12

13 The report further acknowledged that despite Hawaii's 14 overall high affordability ranking, attending college was a big 15 expense for families earning less than \$30,000 annually; that 16 Hawaii's financial aid policies did little to alleviate costs 17 for these families; and that the State provided minimal need-18 based aid to students attending public institutions.

Although the State does not budget for scholarships,
University of Hawaii policy requires that a minimum percentage
of tuition revenue be set aside for need-based scholarships,



## S.B. NO. 2250

1 including 8.8 per cent at the community colleges. Even though 2 financial aid through Pell grants, University of Hawaii and 3 private scholarships, the GI Bill for service members and 4 veterans, and employers cover much of the cost for need-based 5 students, cost is still a barrier for certain need-based 6 students.

7 The legislature further finds that in response to the 8 growing need for additional sources of financial aid, Hawaii has 9 recently implemented a financial aid program called the Hawaii promise program. The Hawaii promise program is a need-based 10 award providing free in-state tuitions that are intended to be 11 applied toward the unmet need of qualified students enrolled at 12 any community college campus of the University of Hawaii. 13 14 Recipients are selected based on certain criteria combined with 15 the use of a selecting algorithm. The awards are contingent 16 upon funding and amounts received by qualified recipients are 17 determined by the individual students' Free Application for Federal Student Aid information. 18

19 The legislature notes that H.B. No. 1594, Regular Session 20 of 2017, as amended, proposed to establish the Hawaii Promise 21 program under law, but this measure did not pass the



### S.B. NO. 2250

legislature. Instead, funding totaling \$1,800,000 for each year 1 of the fiscal biennium 2018 and 2019 for the Hawaii promise 2 program was included in the state budget under the Act 49, 3 Session Laws of Hawaii 2017. As a result of this legislative 4 appropriation, almost one thousand students from the University 5 of Hawaii's seven community colleges were awarded Hawaii Promise 6 scholarships for the 2017 fall semester. This represents about 7 four per cent of the twenty-three thousand students currently 8 enrolled at University of Hawaii community colleges. 9 The purpose of this Act is to: 10 Codify the Hawaii promise program into law to provide 11 (1)scholarships for the unmet direct cost needs of 12 13 qualified students; Expand the Hawaii promise program to qualified (2)14 students enrolled at any University of Hawaii campus 15 in addition to qualified students enrolled at any 16 University of Hawaii community college campus; 17 Establish a special fund to maintain the Hawaii (3) 18 promise program; and 19



# S.B. NO. 2250

1	(4) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, directs all
2	revenues collected from resident and nonresident
3	tuition fees to be deposited into the special fund.
4	SECTION 2. Chapter 304A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by adding a new section to part II, subpart B, to be
6	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
7	"§304A-A Hawaii promise program; established. (a)
8	Notwithstanding section 304A-502, there is established the
9	Hawaii promise program to be administered by the board of
10	regents. Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, the program
11	shall provide scholarships for the unmet direct cost needs of
12	all qualified students enrolled at any campus of the University
13	of Hawaii.
14	(b) A student enrolled at a community college campus shall
15	be eligible for scholarship consideration for a maximum of eight
16	semesters if the student:
17	(1) Qualifies for Hawaii resident tuition;
18	(2) Completes and submits the Free Application for Federal
19	Student Aid for each academic year and accepts all
20	federal and state aid, grants, scholarships, and other
21	funding sources that do not require repayment;



1	(3)	Is enrolled in a classified degree or certificate
2		program with six or more credits per semester;
3	(4)	Maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined
4		by federal requirements established pursuant to Title
5		IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended,
6		and determined by the campus where the student is
7		enrolled; and
8	(5)	Has been determined by the campus to have unmet direct
9		<u>cost needs.</u>
10	(c)	A student enrolled at a University of Hawaii campus,
11	other tha	n a community college campus, shall be eligible for
12	scholarsh	ip consideration for a maximum of eight semesters if
13	the stude	nt:
14	(1)	Qualifies for Hawaii resident tuition;
15	(2)	Completes and submits the Free Application for Federal
16		Student Aid for each academic year and accepts all
17		federal and state aid, grants, scholarships, and other
18		funding sources that do not require repayment;
19	(3)	Is enrolled in a classified degree or certificate
20		program with fifteen or more credits per semester;



# S.B. NO. 2250

1	(4)	Maintains satisfactory academic progress, as defined
2		by federal requirements established pursuant to Title
3		IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended,
4		and determined by the campus where the student is
5		enrolled; and
6	(5)	Has been determined by the campus to have unmet direct
7		cost needs.
8	(d)	Scholarships shall be awarded to the extent possible
9	based on	available funds and on a first-come, first-serve basis.
10	An award	granted to a student shall be equal to the student's
11	<u>unmet dir</u>	ect cost need, based on the Free Application for
12	Federal S	tudent Aid calculation of need, less the amounts
13	available	to the student from Pell grants and other
14	scholarsh	ips.
15	(e)	To maintain a scholarship under this section, a
16	student s	hall:
17	(1)	Maintain a grade point average of 2.5 or higher, on a
18		scale of 4.0 or its equivalent;
19	(2)	Earn a minimum of:



1		(A)	Twelve credits in one academic year if the
2			student is enrolled at a community college
3			campus; or
4		<u>(B)</u>	Thirty credits in one academic year if the
5			student is enrolled at a University of Hawaii
6			campus other than a community college campus; and
7	(3)	Comp	ly with any other conditions placed on the
8		scho	larship by the University of Hawaii.
9	<u>(f)</u>	A st	udent who fails to comply with the requirements of
10	subsectio	on (e)	shall be placed on scholarship probation.
11	<u>Social, e</u>	conom	ic, and other factors, or other extenuating
12	circumsta	nces	as determined by the University of Hawaii shall be
13	considere	d in	determining probation. If the student
14	demonstra	tes d	uring the probation period satisfactory progress
15	toward me	eting	degree completion and satisfying the requirements
16	of the sc	holar	ship, the student shall be returned to good
17	standing.	Fai	lure to meet the probationary period requirements
18	of this s	ubsec	tion shall result in revocation of the student's
19	scholarsh	ip, a	nd the student shall be responsible for
20	reimbursi	ng th	e University of Hawaii for up to two semesters of
21	scholarsh	nip am	ounts received under the program. A student may



1	be placed on scholarship probation only once during any eight-
2	semester period at a University of Hawaii campus. If a student
3	is returned to good standing after a period of probation, but
4	subsequently fails to comply with the requirements of subsection
5	(e) at any time within an eight-semester period, after the
6	return to good standing, the student's scholarship shall be
7	revoked.
8	(g) As used in this section, "direct cost" means any cost
9	directly related to a student's education. "Direct costs"
10	include tuition, educational fees, and the costs of books,
11	supplies, and transportation between the student's dwelling and
12	the student's campus."
13	SECTION 3. Chapter 304A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by adding a new section to part V, subpart C, to be
15	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
16	"§304A-B Hawaii promise program special fund. (a) There
17	is established the Hawaii promise program special fund to be
18	administered by the University of Hawaii into which shall be
19	deposited all resident and nonresident tuition fees charged
20	pursuant to section 304A-401(a). The special fund shall be
21	administered pursuant to the authority of the board of regents



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Page 9



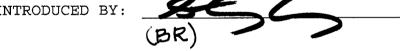
# S.B. NO. 2250

1	collected shall be deposited into the Hawaii promise program
2	special fund pursuant to section 304A-B."
3	SECTION 5. Section 304A-2153, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
5	"(a) There is established the University of Hawaii tuition
6	and fees special fund into which shall be deposited all revenue
7	collected by the university for regular, summer, and continuing
8	education credit tuition, tuition-related course and fee
9	charges, and any other charges to students, except as provided
10	by law[+]; provided that beginning with the 2018-2019 school
11	year, all revenue collected from resident and nonresident
12	tuition fees shall be deposited into the Hawaii promise program
13	special fund pursuant to section 304A-B. Moneys deposited into
14	the fund shall be expended to maintain or improve the
15	university's programs and operations and shall not be:
16	(1) Used as a justification for reducing any budget
17	request or allotment to the university unless the
18	university requests such a reduction;
19	(2) Transferred unless otherwise authorized by the
20	legislature; and



## S.B. NO. 2250

1	(3) Restricted by the governor or the director of finance
2	without the prior approval of the legislature.
3	Any rule, policy, or action of any agency or individual in
4	contravention of this subsection shall be void as against public
5	policy."
6	SECTION 6. In codifying the new sections added by sections
7	2 and 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
8	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
9	the new sections in this Act.
10	SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.
13	
	INTRODUCED BY:





**Report Title:** University of Hawaii; Hawaii Promise Program; Scholarships

#### Description:

Codifies the Hawaii promise program into law to provide scholarships for the unmet direct cost needs of qualified students beginning with the 2019-2020 school year. Expands the Hawaii promise program to qualified students enrolled at any University of Hawaii campus in addition to qualified students enrolled at any University of Hawaii community college campus. Establishes a special fund to maintain the Hawaii promise program. Directs all revenues collected from resident and nonresident tuition fees to be deposited into the special fund beginning with the 2018-2019 school year.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

