# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATED TO SHARK AND RAY PROTECTION.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that sharks and rays are
- 2 extremely important to ocean ecosystems. As ocean predators
- 3 near the top of the food chain, sharks keep the ecosystem
- 4 balanced, regulate populations of other marine life, and ensure
- 5 healthy fish stock and reefs.
- 6 Sharks and rays are more vulnerable than most other fish
- 7 species. They are long-lived and slow-growing, start
- 8 reproducing at an advanced age, and produce relatively few
- 9 offspring per year. If the food chain is disrupted by a decline
- 10 in the shark population, it affects the entire reef system.
- 11 Protection for sharks and rays ultimately means healthier, more
- 12 resilient oceans and reefs that are better able to withstand
- 13 other pressures on the ocean ecosystem from climate change and
- 14 pollution.
- 15 Sharks and rays on the reefs not only play important
- 16 ecological roles, but are also valued figures in Hawaiian
- 17 culture and are important economically to ocean recreation

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- 1 industries and to tourism in Hawaii. The benefits of
- 2 maintaining viable populations greatly outweigh any value that
- 3 would be gained by killing these species.
- 4 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 5 (1) Protect sharks and rays for ecological purposes, for

their value to the ocean recreation industry, and for

- 7 their value to native Hawaiian cultural practices;
- **8** (2) Establish fines and penalties for knowingly capturing,
- 9 killing, taking, possessing, abusing, or entangling a
- shark, whether alive or dead, within state marine
- 11 waters;
- 12 (3) Expand the existing prohibition on knowingly capturing
- or killing a manta ray to all rays; and
- 14 (4) Expand the prohibition on rays to cover knowingly
- capturing, killing, taking, possessing, abusing, or
- entangling a ray, whether alive or dead, within state
- marine waters.
- 18 SECTION 2. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 20 and to read as follows:

1	"§188- Sharks; manō; prohibitions; exceptions; pen	alties
2	and fines. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), or	as
3	otherwise provided by law, no person shall knowingly captu	re,
4	kill, take, possess, abuse, or entangle any shark, whether	alive
5	or dead, within state marine waters.	
6	(b) Any person violating this section or any rule ad	opted
7	pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor;	-
8	provided that the fine for violating this section shall be	::
9	(1) \$500 for a first offense;	
10	(2) \$2,000 for a second offense; and	
11	(3) \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense.	
12	(c) In addition to any other penalty imposed under t	.his
13	section, a person violating this section shall be subject	to:
14	(1) An administrative fine of no more than \$10,000 f	or
15	each shark captured, killed, taken, possessed, a	.bused,
16	or entangled in violation of this section;	
17	(2) Seizure and forfeiture of any captured sharks,	
18	commercial marine license, vessel, and fishing	
19	equipment; and	
20	(3) Assessment of administrative fees and costs, and	Ī
21	attorney's fees and costs.	

1	(d)	The criminal penalties and administrative fines, fees,		
2	and costs	shall be assessed per shark captured, killed, taken,		
3	possessed	, abused, or entangled in violation of this section.		
4	<u>(e)</u>	This section shall not apply to:		
5	(1)	Special activity permits allowed under section 187A-6		
6		or research permits authorized by law; provided that		
7		the permit issued does not allow a take that exceeds		
8		the potential biological removal level; provided		
9		further that the department of land and natural		
10		resources may adopt rules to define "take" for		
11		purposes of this subsection and determine when a take		
12		exceeds the potential biological removal level; and		
13	(2)	The department of land and natural resources or its		
14	N.	designated agent if the capture, killing, taking,		
15		possession, abuse, or entanglement is for the		
16		protection of public safety.		
17	<u>(f)</u>	Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict		
18	the exerc	ise of traditional and customary rights protected		
19	pursuant	to article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii State		
20	Constitut	Constitution.		

(g) For the purposes of this section, "shark" means any 1 2 species of shark within the subclass Elasmobranchii." 3 SECTION 3. Section 188-39.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended to read as follows: 5 "[+] §188-39.5[] Manta rays; Alpinanu; prohibitions, 6 penalties and fines. (a) [No] Except as provided in subsection 7 (e), no person shall knowingly capture [or], kill, take, 8 possess, abuse, or entangle a [manta] ray, whether alive or 9 dead, within state marine waters. 10 Any person violating this section or any rule adopted 11 pursuant to this section shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and 12 shall be fined: 13 \$500 for a first offense; (1) 14 (2) \$2,000 for a second offense; and \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. 15 (3) 16 In addition to any other penalty imposed under this (C) **17** section, a person violating this section shall be subject to: 18 (1) An administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 for 19 each [manta] ray captured [or], killed, taken, 20 possessed, abused, or entangled in violation of this 21 section;

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1	(2)	Seizure and forfeiture of any captured [manta] rays,
2		commercial marine license, vessel, and fishing
3		equipment; and
4	(3)	Assessment of administrative fees and costs, and
5		attorney's fees and costs.
6	(d)	The criminal penalties and administrative fines and
7	costs sha	ll be assessed per [ <del>manta</del> ] ray captured [ <del>or</del> ], killed,
8	taken, po	ssessed, abused, or entangled in violation of this
9	section.	
10	(e)	This section shall not [prohibit] apply to special
11	activity	permits allowed under section 187A-6[+] or research
12	permits a	uthorized by law; provided that the permit issued does
13	not allow	a take that exceeds the potential biological removal
14	level; an	d provided further that the department [shall] may
15	adopt rul	es to define a "take" and determine when a take exceeds
16	the poten	tial biological removal level.
17	(f)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict
18	the exerc	ise of traditional and customary rights protected
19	pursuant	to article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii State

**20** 

Constitution.

1 (g) For the purposes of this section, "ray" means any 2 species of ray within the subclass Elasmobranchii." 3 SECTION 4. Section 188-70, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 4 5 "(a) Any person violating any provision of or any rule 6 adopted pursuant to this chapter, except sections 188-23 [and], 7 188-39.5, and 188- , is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and, in 8 addition to any other penalties, shall be fined not less than: 9 \$100 for a first offense; (1) 10 (2) \$200 for a second offense; and 11 \$500 for a third or subsequent offense." (3) 12 SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that 13 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were begun before its effective date. 14 15 SECTION 6. If any provision of this Act, or the 16 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held 17 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 18 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the 19 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions

of this Act are severable.

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- 1 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

### Report Title:

Sharks; Rays; Prohibitions; Exemptions

#### Description:

Establishes penalties and fines for any person who knowingly captures, kills, takes, possesses, abuses, or entangles any shark, whether alive or dead, within state marine waters and makes it a misdemeanor. Expands the existing prohibition on knowingly capturing or killing a manta ray to all rays. Expands the prohibition on rays to cover knowingly capturing, killing, taking, possessing, abusing, or entangling a ray, whether alive or dead, within state marine waters. Provides certain exemptions. Takes effect on 07/01/2050. (SD1)

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