A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PARENTAL RIGHTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1	. Section 571-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
3	"(b) Inv	oluntary termination.
4	(1) The	family courts may terminate the parental rights in
5	resp	ect to any child as to any legal parent:
6	(A)	Who has deserted the child without affording
7		means of identification for a period of at least
8		ninety days;
9	(B)	Who has voluntarily surrendered the care and
10		custody of the child to another for a period of
11		at least two years;
12	(C)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,
13		has failed to communicate with the child when
14		able to do so for a period of at least one year;
15	(D)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,
16		has failed to provide for care and support of the

			enita when able to do so for a period of at reast
2			one year;
3		(E)	Whose child has been removed from the parent's
4			physical custody pursuant to legally authorized
5			judicial action under section 571-11(9), and who
6			is found to be unable to provide now and in the
7			foreseeable future the care necessary for the
8			well-being of the child;
9		(F)	Who is found by the court to be mentally ill or
10			intellectually disabled and incapacitated from
11			giving consent to the adoption of or from
12			providing now and in the foreseeable future the
13			care necessary for the well-being of the child;
14			or
15		(G)	Who is found not to be the child's natural or
16			adoptive father.
17	(2)	The	family courts may terminate the parental rights in
18		resp	ect to any minor of any natural but not legal
19		fath	er who is an adjudicated, presumed or concerned
20		fath	er under chapter 578, or who is named as the
21		fath	er on the child's birth certificate:

1		(A)	who falls within paragraph (1)(A), (B), (C), (D),
2			(E), or (F);
3		(B)	Whose child is sought to be adopted by the
4			child's stepfather and the stepfather has lived
5			with the child and the child's legal mother for a
6			period of at least one year;
7		(C)	Who is only a concerned father who has failed to
8			file a petition for the adoption of the child or
9			whose petition for the adoption of the child has
10			been denied; or
11		(D)	Who is found to be an unfit or improper parent or
12			to be financially or otherwise unable to give the
13			child a proper home and education.
14	(3)	In r	respect to any proceedings under paragraphs (1) and
15		(2),	the authority to terminate parental rights may be
16		exer	cised by the court only when a verified petition,
17		subs	tantially in the form above prescribed, has been
18		file	d by some responsible adult person on behalf of
19		the	child in the family court of the circuit in which
20		the	parent resides or the child resides or was born
21		and	the court has conducted a hearing of the petition.

A copy of the petition, together with notice of the time and place of the hearing thereof, shall be personally served at least twenty days prior to the hearing upon the parent whose rights are sought to be terminated. If personal service cannot be effected within the State, service of the notice may be made as provided in section 634-23 or 634-24.

- (4) The family courts may terminate the parental rights in respect to any child as to any natural father who is not the child's legal, adjudicated, presumed or concerned father under chapter 578.
- rights in respect to any child of any natural parent upon a finding by clear and convincing evidence that the natural parent committed sexual assault of the other natural parent, or an equivalent offense under the laws of another state, territory, possession, or Native American tribe where the offense occurred[7 and]; the child was conceived as a result of the sexual assault perpetrated by the parent whose rights are sought to be terminated; and termination of

1	pare	ntal rights is in the best interests of the child;
2	prov	ided that:
3	(A)	The court shall accept, as conclusive proof of
4		the sexual assault, a guilty plea or conviction
5		of the child's natural parent for the sexual
6		assault, or an equivalent offense under the laws
7		of another state, territory, possession, or
8		Native American tribe where the offense occurred,
9		of the other natural parent;
10	(B)	Termination shall mean, when used with respect to
11		parental rights in this paragraph, a complete and
12		final termination of the parent's right to
13		custody of, guardianship of, visitation with,
14		access to, and inheritance from a child;
15	(C)	The termination of parental rights shall not
16		affect the obligation of the child's natural
17		parent to support the child;
18	(D)	The court may order the child's natural parent to
19		pay child support;
20	(E)	It is presumed that termination of parental
21		rights is in the best interest of the child if

1		the child was conceived as a result of the sexual	
2		assault;	
3	(F)	This paragraph shall not apply if subsequent to	
4		the date of the sexual assault, the child's	
5		natural parent and custodial natural parent	
6		cohabitate and establish a mutual custodial	
7		environment for the child; and	
8	(G)	The custodial natural parent may petition the	
9		court to reinstate the child's natural parent's	
10	:	parental rights terminated pursuant to this	
11		paragraph.	
12	Such auth	ority may be exercised under this chapter only	
13	when a verifie	d petition, substantially in the form above	
14	prescribed, ha	s been filed by some responsible adult person on	
15	behalf of the	child in the family court of the circuit in which	
16	the parent resides or the child resides or was born, and the		
17	court has cond	ucted a hearing of the petition.	
18	If the mo	ther of the child files with the petition an	
19	affidavit repr	esenting that the identity or whereabouts of the	
20	child's father	is unknown to her or not ascertainable by her or	
21	that other goo	d cause exists why notice cannot or should not be	

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- 1 given to the father, the court shall conduct a hearing to
- 2 determine whether notice is required.
- 3 If the court finds that good cause exists why notice cannot
- 4 or should not be given to the child's father, and that the
- 5 father is neither the legal nor adjudicated nor presumed father
- 6 of the child, nor has he demonstrated a reasonable degree of
- 7 interest, concern, or responsibility as to the existence or
- 8 welfare of the child, the court may enter an order authorizing
- 9 the termination of the father's parental rights and the
- 10 subsequent adoption of the child without notice to the father."
- 11 SECTION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 12 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 13 begun before its effective date.
- 14 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.

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Report Title:

Involuntary Termination of Parental Rights; Sexual Assault

Description:

Requires the family court to terminate parental rights if the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that the natural parent committed sexual assault of the other natural parent, the child was conceived as a result of the sexual assault by the parent, and termination of parental rights is in the best interests of the child, under certain conditions. Takes effect on 1/7/2059. (SD1)

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