
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

URGING THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS TO OPPOSE THE FEDERAL
COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION'S RECENT DECISION TO OVERTURN THE
2015 NET NEUTRALITY RULES AND TO PASS LEGISLATION THAT
WOULD RETAIN NET NEUTRALITY NATIONWIDE.

1 WHEREAS, the people of the State of Hawaii and the United
2 States use and depend on the internet for personal, academic,
3 professional, and social purposes; and
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5 WHEREAS, the lack of net neutrality rules prior to 2015
6 allowed internet service providers to favor certain content or
7 service providers over others without informing their customers
8 of such favoritism; and
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10 WHEREAS, the net neutrality rules adopted by the Federal
11 Communications Commission in February 2015 ("2015 net neutrality
12 rules") required internet service providers to offer equal
13 access to websites to their customers, regardless of the
14 customer's internet service plan and regardless of payment by
15 commercial websites; and
16

17 WHEREAS, the 2015 net neutrality rules have prevented
18 unequal access to websites because of monetary influence and
19 have thus allowed internet users to access the websites of their
20 own choosing without internet service providers' slowing down
21 data from disfavored websites and speeding up data from favored
22 ones; and
23

24 WHEREAS, the proposed new rules of the Federal
25 Communications Commission would harm:
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- 27 (1) Internet entrepreneurs, who could be forced to pay
28 fees for faster delivery of their content; and



1 (2) Internet users, because the new rules would create
2 incentives for internet service providers to block and
3 throttle websites in order to obtain extra fees from
4 consumers or content providers; and
5

6 WHEREAS, the ability of internet service providers to
7 control users' access to online content results in the undue and
8 unjust influence of powerful economic forces and undermines
9 individuals' ability to freely access information or
10 communicate; and
11

12 WHEREAS, the ability of internet service providers to
13 control users' access to online content would effectively
14 transform internet service providers into information
15 gatekeepers who could place profits over consumer interests
16 while also controlling what internet users can view and express
17 online; and
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19 WHEREAS, the internet has become a public utility, similar
20 to power and water, and every user has the right to access
21 online content without interference or manipulation by an
22 internet service provider; and
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24 WHEREAS, various states, including New York, Montana,
25 California, Rhode Island, Nebraska, Washington, and
26 Massachusetts, have enacted or will enact their own net
27 neutrality laws to address the Federal Communications
28 Commission's recent decision to overturn the 2015 net neutrality
29 rules, thereby producing a patchwork of different laws in
30 different states; and
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32 WHEREAS, Hawaii has joined 22 other states in filing a
33 petition to the United States Court of Appeals for the District
34 of Columbia Circuit seeking to prevent the Federal
35 Communications Commission from overturning the 2015 net
36 neutrality rules; now, therefore,
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38 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the
39 Twenty-ninth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session
40 of 2018, the Senate concurring, that Congress is urged to:



H.C.R. NO. 67

- 1 (1) Oppose the Federal Communications Commission's recent
- 2 decision to overturn the 2015 net neutrality rules;
- 3 and
- 4
- 5 (2) Pass legislation that would retain net neutrality
- 6 nationwide, thus allowing individuals equal access to
- 7 the internet, without any other type of interference
- 8 or manipulation by internet service providers; and
- 9

10 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this
 11 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the President and Vice
 12 President of the United States, President Pro Tempore of the
 13 United States Senate, Majority Leader of the United States
 14 Senate, Minority Leader of the United States Senate, Speaker of
 15 the United States House of Representatives, Minority Leader of
 16 the United States House of Representatives, and members of
 17 Hawaii's Congressional delegation.

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OFFERED BY:

Handwritten signatures of representatives offering the resolution, including names like John M. ... and Bill Kojima.

