
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PHARMACISTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 "**§329-38 Prescriptions.** (a) No controlled substance in
4 schedule II may be dispensed without a written prescription of a
5 practitioner, except:

6 (1) In the case of an emergency situation, a pharmacist
7 may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule
8 II upon receiving oral authorization from a
9 prescribing practitioner; provided that:

10 (A) The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited
11 to the amount adequate to treat the patient
12 during the emergency period (dispensing beyond
13 the emergency period must be pursuant to a
14 written prescription signed by the prescribing
15 practitioner);

16 (B) If the prescribing practitioner is not known to
17 the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall make a



H.B. NO. 797

1 reasonable effort to determine that the oral
2 authorization came from a registered
3 practitioner, which may include a callback to the
4 prescribing practitioner using the phone number
5 in the telephone directory or other good faith
6 efforts to identify the prescriber; and
7 (C) Within seven days after authorizing an emergency
8 oral prescription, the prescribing practitioner
9 shall cause a written prescription for the
10 emergency quantity prescribed to be delivered to
11 the dispensing pharmacist. In addition to
12 conforming to the requirements of this
13 subsection, the prescription shall have written
14 on its face "Authorization for Emergency
15 Dispensing". The written prescription may be
16 delivered to the pharmacist in person or by mail,
17 and if by mail, the prescription shall be
18 postmarked within the seven-day period. Upon
19 receipt, the dispensing pharmacist shall attach
20 this prescription to the oral emergency
21 prescription, which had earlier been reduced to



1 writing. The pharmacist shall notify the
2 administrator if the prescribing practitioner
3 fails to deliver a written prescription to the
4 pharmacy within the allotted time. Failure of
5 the pharmacist to do so shall void the authority
6 conferred by this paragraph to dispense without a
7 written prescription of a prescribing individual
8 practitioner. Any practitioner who fails to
9 deliver a written prescription within the seven-
10 day period shall be in violation of section 329-
11 41(a)(1);

12 (2) When dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than
13 a pharmacist, to the ultimate user. The practitioner
14 in dispensing a controlled substance in schedule II
15 shall affix to the package a label showing:

- 16 (A) The date of dispensing;
- 17 (B) The name, strength, and quantity of the drug
18 dispensed;
- 19 (C) The dispensing practitioner's name and address;
- 20 (D) The name of the patient;
- 21 (E) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:



1 (i) The expiration date on the manufacturer's or
2 principal labeler's container; or

3 (ii) One year from the date the drug is
4 dispensed, whichever is earlier; and

5 (F) Directions for use, and cautionary statements, if
6 any, contained in the prescription or as required
7 by law.

8 A complete and accurate record of all schedule II
9 controlled substances ordered, administered,
10 prescribed, and dispensed shall be maintained for five
11 years. Prescriptions and records of dispensing shall
12 otherwise be retained in conformance with the
13 requirements of section 329-36. No prescription for a
14 controlled substance in schedule II may be refilled;
15 or

16 (3) In the case of an electronic prescription, a
17 pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance listed
18 in schedule II upon receiving an electronic
19 prescription.

20 (b) A schedule II controlled substance prescription shall:



1 (1) Be filled within seven days following the date the
2 prescription was issued to the patient; and

3 (2) Be supplied to a patient only if the prescription has
4 been filled and held by the pharmacy for not more than
5 seven days.

6 (c) The transfer of original prescription information for a
7 controlled substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V for the
8 purpose of dispensing is permissible between pharmacies on a one
9 time basis only. However, pharmacies electronically sharing a
10 real-time, online database may transfer up to the maximum
11 refills permitted by law and the prescriber's authorization.
12 Transfers are subject to the following requirements:

13 (1) The transfer shall be communicated directly between
14 two licensed pharmacists, and the transferring
15 pharmacist shall:

16 (A) Write or otherwise place the word "VOID" on the
17 face of the invalidated prescription;

18 (B) Record on the reverse of the invalidated
19 prescription the name, address, and Drug
20 Enforcement Administration registration number of
21 the pharmacy to which it was transferred and the



- 1 name of the pharmacist receiving the prescription
2 information; and
3 (C) Record the date of the transfer and the name of
4 the pharmacist transferring the information;
- 5 (2) The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription
6 information shall reduce to writing the following:
- 7 (A) Write or otherwise place the word "transfer" on
8 the face of the transferred prescription;
- 9 (B) Record all information required to be on a
10 prescription, including:
- 11 (i) The date of issuance of original
12 prescription;
- 13 (ii) The original number of refills authorized on
14 original prescription;
- 15 (iii) The date of original dispensing;
- 16 (iv) The number of valid refills remaining and
17 dates and locations of previous refills;
- 18 (v) The pharmacy's name, address, Drug
19 Enforcement Administration registration
20 number, and original prescription number



1 from which the prescription information was
2 transferred;

3 (vi) The name of the transferor pharmacist; and

4 (vii) The pharmacy's name, address, and Drug
5 Enforcement Administration registration
6 number, along with the prescription number
7 from which the prescription was originally
8 filled;

9 (3) Both the original and transferred prescription shall
10 be maintained for a period of five years from the date
11 of last refill; and

12 (4) Any pharmacy electronically accessing a prescription
13 record shall satisfy all information requirements of a
14 manual mode prescription transferal.

15 Failure to comply with this subsection shall void the
16 authority of the pharmacy to transfer prescriptions or receive a
17 transferred prescription to or from another pharmacy.

18 (d) A pharmacy and an authorized central fill pharmacy may
19 share information for initial and refill prescriptions of
20 schedule III, IV, or V controlled substances. The following
21 requirements shall apply:



- 1 (1) A pharmacy may electronically transmit, including by
2 facsimile, prescriptions for controlled substances
3 listed in schedule III, IV, or V to a central fill
4 pharmacy. The pharmacy transmitting the prescription
5 information shall:
- 6 (A) Ensure that all information required to be on a
7 prescription pursuant to subsection (g) is
8 transmitted to the central fill pharmacy either
9 on the face of the prescription or
10 electronically; and
- 11 (B) Keep a record of receipt of the filled
12 prescription, including the date of receipt, the
13 method of delivery (private, common, or contract
14 carrier) and the identity of the pharmacy
15 employee accepting delivery; and
- 16 (2) The central fill pharmacy receiving the transmitted
17 prescription shall:
- 18 (A) Keep for five years a copy of a prescription
19 received by facsimile or an electronic record of
20 all the information transmitted by the pharmacy,
21 including the name, address, and Drug Enforcement



1 Administration registration number of the
2 pharmacy transmitting the prescription;
3 (B) Keep a record of the date of receipt of the
4 transmitted prescription, the name of the
5 licensed pharmacists filling the prescription,
6 and the dates the prescription was filled or is
7 refilled; and

8 (C) Keep a record of the date the filled prescription
9 was shipped to the pharmacy.

10 (e) ~~[No]~~ Except as provided in subsection (o), no
11 controlled substance in schedule III, IV, or V may be dispensed
12 without a written, facsimile of a written, or oral prescription
13 of a practitioner, or receipt of an electronic prescription,
14 except when a controlled substance is dispensed directly by a
15 practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user. The
16 practitioner, in dispensing a controlled substance in schedule
17 III, IV, or V, shall affix to the package a label showing:

- 18 (1) The date of dispensing;
19 (2) The name, strength, and quantity issued of the drug;
20 (3) The dispensing practitioner's name and business
21 address;



- 1 (4) The name of the patient;
- 2 (5) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
 - 3 (A) The expiration date on the manufacturer's or
 - 4 principal labeler's container; or
 - 5 (B) One year from the date the drug is dispensed,
 - 6 whichever is earlier;
- 7 (6) Directions for use; and
- 8 (7) Cautionary statements, if any, contained in the
- 9 prescription or as required by law.

10 A complete and accurate record of all schedule III, IV, and V
11 controlled substances administered, prescribed, and dispensed
12 shall be maintained for five years. Prescriptions and records
13 of dispensing shall be retained in conformance with the
14 requirements of section 329-36 unless otherwise provided by law.
15 Prescriptions may not be filled or refilled more than three
16 months after the date of the prescription or be refilled more
17 than two times after the date of the prescription, unless the
18 prescription is renewed by the practitioner.

19 (f) The effectiveness of a prescription for the purposes
20 of this section shall be determined as follows:



- 1 (1) A prescription for a controlled substance shall be
2 issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an
3 individual practitioner acting in the usual course of
4 the practitioner's professional practice. The
5 responsibility for the proper prescribing and
6 dispensing of controlled substances shall be upon the
7 prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding
8 responsibility shall rest with the pharmacist who
9 fills the prescription. An order purporting to be a
10 prescription issued not in the usual course of
11 professional treatment or for legitimate and
12 authorized research shall not be deemed a prescription
13 within the meaning and intent of this section, and the
14 person who knowingly fills such a purported
15 prescription, as well as the person who issues the
16 prescription, shall be subject to the penalties
17 provided for violations of this chapter;
- 18 (2) A prescription may not be issued to allow an
19 individual practitioner to obtain controlled
20 substances for supplying the individual practitioner
21 for the purpose of general dispensing to patients;



1 (3) A prescription may not be issued for the dispensing of
2 narcotic drugs listed in any schedule for the purpose
3 of "detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
4 treatment" except as follows:

5 (A) The administering or dispensing directly (but not
6 prescribing) of narcotic drugs listed in any
7 schedule to a narcotic drug-dependent person for
8 "detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
9 treatment" shall be deemed to be "in the course
10 of a practitioner's professional practice or
11 research" so long as the practitioner is
12 registered separately with the department and the
13 federal Drug Enforcement Agency as required by
14 section 329-32(e) and complies with Title 21 Code
15 of Federal Regulations section 823(g) and any
16 other federal or state regulatory standards
17 relating to treatment qualification, security,
18 records, and unsupervised use of drugs; and

19 (B) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
20 physician or authorized hospital staff from
21 administering or dispensing, but not prescribing,



1 narcotic drugs in a hospital to maintain or
2 detoxify a person as an incidental adjunct to
3 medical or surgical treatment of conditions other
4 than addiction;

5 (4) An individual practitioner shall not prescribe or
6 dispense a substance included in schedule II, III, IV,
7 or V for that individual practitioner's personal use,
8 except in a medical emergency; and

9 (5) A pharmacist shall not dispense a substance included
10 in schedule II, III, IV, or V for the pharmacist's
11 personal use.

12 (g) Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
13 issued only as follows:

14 (1) All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
15 originate from within the State and be dated as of,
16 and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
17 issued and shall contain:

18 (A) The first and last name and address of the
19 patient; and

20 (B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
21 prescribed, and directions for use. Where a



1 prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
2 methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
3 shall record as part of the directions for use,
4 the medical need of the patient for the
5 prescription.

6 Except for electronic prescriptions, controlled
7 substance prescriptions shall be no larger than eight
8 and one-half inches by eleven inches and no smaller
9 than three inches by four inches. A practitioner may
10 sign a prescription in the same manner as the
11 practitioner would sign a check or legal document
12 (e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall use both
13 words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and
14 numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
15 (5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
16 to be dispensed. Where an oral order or electronic
17 prescription is not permitted, prescriptions shall be
18 written with ink or indelible pencil or typed, shall
19 be manually signed by the practitioner, and shall
20 include the name, address, telephone number, and
21 registration number of the practitioner. The



1 prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
2 for the signature of the practitioner, but the
3 prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
4 the prescription does not conform in all essential
5 respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
6 pursuant to this chapter. In receiving an oral
7 prescription from a practitioner, a pharmacist shall
8 promptly reduce the oral prescription to writing,
9 which shall include the following information: the
10 drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed
11 in figures only, and directions for use; the date the
12 oral prescription was received; the full name, Drug
13 Enforcement Administration registration number, and
14 oral code number of the practitioner; and the name and
15 address of the person for whom the controlled
16 substance was prescribed or the name of the owner of
17 the animal for which the controlled substance was
18 prescribed.

19 A corresponding liability shall rest upon a
20 pharmacist who fills a prescription not prepared in
21 the form prescribed by this section. A pharmacist may



1 add a patient's missing address or change a patient's
2 address on all controlled substance prescriptions
3 after verifying the patient's identification and
4 noting the identification number on the back of the
5 prescription document on file. The pharmacist shall
6 not make changes to the patient's name, the controlled
7 substance being prescribed, the quantity of the
8 prescription, the practitioner's Drug Enforcement
9 Administration number, the practitioner's name, the
10 practitioner's electronic signature, or the
11 practitioner's signature;

- 12 (2) An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
13 a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
14 Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
15 exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
16 include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
- 17 (A) The registration number of the hospital or other
18 institution; and
- 19 (B) The special internal code number assigned to the
20 physician by the hospital or other institution in



1 lieu of the registration number of the
2 practitioner required by this section.

3 The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
4 of this special internal code number list to the
5 department as often as necessary to update the
6 department with any additions or deletions. Failure
7 to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
8 suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
9 controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies
10 outside of the hospital or other institution. Each
11 written prescription shall have the name of the
12 physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
13 well as the signature of the physician;

14 (3) An official exempted from registration shall include
15 on all prescriptions issued by the official:

16 (A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
17 "U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and

18 (B) The official's service identification number, in
19 lieu of the registration number of the
20 practitioner required by this section. The
21 service identification number for a Public Health



1 Service employee shall be the employee's social
2 security or other government issued
3 identification number.

4 Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
5 stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
6 signature of the officer; and

7 (4) A physician assistant registered to prescribe
8 controlled substances under the authorization of a
9 supervising physician shall include on all controlled
10 substance prescriptions issued:

11 (A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
12 number of the supervising physician; and

13 (B) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
14 number of the physician assistant.

15 Each written controlled substance prescription issued
16 shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
17 printed name, address, and phone number of both the
18 supervising physician and physician assistant, and
19 shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
20 medical record of each written controlled substance
21 prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be



1 reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
2 supervising physician within seven working days.

3 (h) A prescription for controlled substances may only be
4 filled by a pharmacist acting in the usual course of the
5 pharmacist's professional practice and either registered
6 individually or employed in a registered pharmacy, central fill
7 pharmacy, or registered institutional practitioner. A central
8 fill pharmacy authorized to fill prescriptions on behalf of a
9 pharmacy shall have a contractual relationship with the pharmacy
10 that provides for this activity or shall share a common owner
11 with the pharmacy. A central fill pharmacy shall not prepare
12 prescriptions for any controlled substance listed in schedule
13 II.

14 (i) Partial filling of controlled substance prescriptions
15 shall be determined as follows:

16 (1) The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
17 substance listed in schedule II is permissible if the
18 pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity
19 called for in a written, electronic prescription, or
20 emergency oral prescription and the pharmacist makes a
21 notation of the quantity supplied on the face of the



1 written prescription (or written record of the
2 electronic prescription or emergency oral
3 prescription). The remaining portion of the
4 prescription may be filled within seventy-two hours of
5 the first partial filling; provided that if the
6 remaining portion is not or cannot be filled within
7 the seventy-two-hour period, the pharmacist shall
8 notify the prescribing individual practitioner. No
9 further quantity shall be supplied beyond seventy-two
10 hours without a new prescription;

11 (2) The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
12 substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V is
13 permissible; provided that:

14 (A) Each partial filling is recorded in the same
15 manner as a refilling;

16 (B) The total quantity dispensed in all partial
17 fillings does not exceed the total quantity
18 prescribed;

19 (C) No dispensing occurs more than three months after
20 the date on which the prescription was issued;
21 and



1 (D) The prescription is refilled no more than two
2 times after the initial date of the prescription,
3 unless the prescription is renewed by the
4 practitioner; and

5 (3) A prescription for a schedule II controlled substance
6 issued for a patient in a long-term care facility or
7 for a patient with a medical diagnosis documenting a
8 terminal illness may be filled in partial quantities
9 to include individual dosage units. If there is any
10 question whether a patient may be classified as having
11 a terminal illness, the pharmacist shall contact the
12 practitioner prior to partially filling the
13 prescription. Both the pharmacist and the prescribing
14 practitioner have a corresponding responsibility to
15 assure that the controlled substance is for a
16 terminally ill patient. The pharmacist shall record
17 on the prescription document on file whether the
18 patient is "terminally ill" or a "long-term care
19 facility patient". For the purposes of this section,
20 "TI" means terminally ill and "LTCF" means long-term
21 care facility. A prescription that is partially



H.B. NO. 797

1 filled and does not contain the notation "TI" or "LTCTF
2 patient" shall be deemed to have been filled in
3 violation of this section. For each partial filling,
4 the dispensing pharmacist shall record on the back of
5 the prescription (or on another appropriate record,
6 uniformly maintained, and readily retrievable) the
7 date of the partial filling, quantity dispensed,
8 remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed, and the
9 identification of the dispensing pharmacist. The
10 total quantity of schedule II controlled substances
11 dispensed in all partial fillings shall not exceed the
12 total quantity prescribed, nor shall a prescription be
13 partially filled more than three times after the
14 initial date of the prescription. Schedule II
15 controlled substance prescriptions for patients in a
16 long-term care facility or patients with a medical
17 diagnosis documenting a terminal illness shall be
18 valid for a period not to exceed thirty days from the
19 issue date unless sooner terminated by the
20 discontinuance of medication.



1 (j) A prescription for a schedule II controlled substance
2 may be transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's
3 agent to a pharmacy by facsimile equipment; provided that the
4 original written, signed prescription is presented to the
5 pharmacist for review prior to the actual dispensing of the
6 controlled substance, except as noted in subsections (k), (l),
7 and (m). The original prescription shall be maintained in
8 accordance with section 329-36. A prescription for a schedule
9 III, IV, or V controlled substance may be transmitted by the
10 practitioner or the practitioner's agent to a pharmacy by
11 facsimile; provided that:

12 (1) The information shall be communicated only between the
13 prescribing practitioner or the prescriber's
14 authorized agent and the pharmacy of the patient's
15 choice. The original prescription shall be maintained
16 by the practitioner in accordance with section 329-36;

17 (2) The information shall be communicated in a
18 retrievable, recognizable format acceptable to the
19 intended recipient and shall include the physician's
20 oral code designation and the name of the recipient
21 pharmacy;



- 1 (3) No electronic system, software, or other intervening
2 mechanism or party shall alter the practitioner's
3 prescription, order entry, selection, or intended
4 selection without the practitioner's approval on a per
5 prescription per order basis. Facsimile prescription
6 information shall not be altered by any system,
7 software, or other intervening mechanism or party
8 prior to receipt by the intended pharmacy;
- 9 (4) The prescription information processing system shall
10 provide for confidentiality safeguards required by
11 federal or state law; and
- 12 (5) Prescribing practitioners and pharmacists shall
13 exercise prudent and professional judgment regarding
14 the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of any
15 facsimile prescription information. The facsimile
16 shall serve as the original written prescription for
17 purposes of this section and shall be maintained in
18 accordance with section 329-36.
- 19 (k) A prescription prepared in accordance with subsection
20 (g) written for a narcotic listed in schedule II to be
21 compounded for the direct administration to a patient by



1 parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or
2 intraspinal infusion, but does not extend to the dispensing of
3 oral dosage units of controlled substances, may be transmitted
4 by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacy
5 by facsimile. The original prescription shall be maintained by
6 the practitioner in accordance with section 329-36. The
7 pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile prescription
8 in red ink "Home Infusion/IV" and this facsimile shall serve as
9 the original written prescription for purposes of this section
10 and it shall be maintained in accordance with section 329-36.

11 (1) A prescription prepared in accordance with subsection
12 (g) written for a schedule II substance for a patient enrolled
13 in a hospice care program certified or paid for by medicare
14 under Title XVIII or a hospice program that is licensed by the
15 State may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
16 practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.
17 The original prescription shall be maintained by the
18 practitioner in accordance with section 329-36. The
19 practitioner or practitioner's agent shall note on the
20 prescription that the patient is a hospice patient. The
21 pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile prescription



1 in red ink "HOSPICE" and this facsimile shall serve as the
2 original written prescription for purposes of this section and
3 it shall be maintained in accordance with section 329-36.

4 (m) A prescription prepared in accordance with subsection
5 (g) written for a schedule II controlled substance for a
6 resident of a state-licensed long-term care facility may be
7 transmitted by the practitioner or the practitioner's agent to
8 the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile. The original prescription
9 shall be maintained by the practitioner in accordance with
10 section 329-36. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the
11 facsimile prescription in red ink "LTCF" and this facsimile
12 shall serve as the original written prescription for purposes of
13 this section and it shall be maintained in accordance with
14 section 329-36.

15 (n) An electronic prescription for a schedule II, III, IV,
16 or V controlled substance may be electronically transmitted by
17 the practitioner to a pharmacy; provided that:

18 (1) The information shall be communicated only between the
19 prescribing practitioner and the pharmacy of the
20 patient's choice. The electronic prescription shall



1 be maintained by the practitioner in accordance with
2 section 329-36;

3 (2) The information shall be communicated in a
4 retrievable, recognizable format acceptable to the
5 intended recipient;

6 (3) No electronic system, software, or other intervening
7 mechanism or party shall alter the practitioner's
8 prescription, order entry, selection, or intended
9 selection without the practitioner's approval on a
10 per-prescription, per-order basis. Transmitted
11 prescription information shall not be altered by any
12 electronic system, software, or other intervening
13 mechanism or party prior to receipt by the intended
14 pharmacy;

15 (4) The prescription information processing system shall
16 provide for confidentiality safeguards required by any
17 applicable federal or state law; and

18 (5) Prescribing practitioners and pharmacists shall
19 exercise prudent and professional judgment regarding
20 the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of any
21 electronic prescription information.



1 (o) A pharmacy may dispense a controlled substance in
2 schedule III, IV, or V without a written, facsimile of a
3 written, or oral prescription of a practitioner if all of the
4 following conditions are met:

5 (1) The pharmacy has a record of a prescription for the
6 drug in the name of the patient who is requesting it,
7 but the prescription does not provide for a refill or
8 the time permitted under rules adopted by the board of
9 pharmacy for providing refills has elapsed;

10 (2) The pharmacy is unable to obtain authorization to
11 refill the prescription from the practitioner who
12 issued the prescription or another practitioner
13 responsible for the patient's care;

14 (3) In the exercise of the pharmacy's professional
15 judgment:

16 (A) The drug is essential to sustain the life of the
17 patient or continue therapy for a chronic
18 condition of the patient; and

19 (B) Failure to dispense the drug to the patient could
20 result in harm to the health of the patient;



- 1 (4) The amount of the drug that is dispensed under this
2 subsection does not exceed a seventy-two-hour supply
3 as provided in the prescription; provided that a
4 pharmacy shall not dispense a particular drug to the
5 same patient in an amount described in this paragraph
6 more than once in any twelve-month period;
- 7 (5) The pharmacy does all of the following:
- 8 (A) For one year after the date of dispensing,
9 maintain a record in accordance with this
10 subsection of the drug dispensed, including the
11 name and address of the patient and the
12 individual receiving the drug if the individual
13 receiving the drug is not the patient, the amount
14 dispensed or sold, and the original prescription
15 number;
- 16 (B) Notify the practitioner who issued the
17 prescription described in paragraph (1) or
18 another practitioner responsible for the
19 patient's care not later than seventy-two hours
20 after the drug is dispensed; and



H.B. NO. 797

1 (C) If applicable, obtain authorization for
 2 additional dispensing from one of the
 3 practitioners described in subparagraph (B);
 4 and
 5 (6) A pharmacy who dispenses a drug under this subsection
 6 may do so only once for each prescription described in
 7 paragraph (1)."

8 SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

10 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
 11 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
 12 begun before its effective date.

13 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

14

INTRODUCED BY:



JAN 21 2017



H.B. NO. 797

Report Title:

Pharmacies; Controlled Substances; Prescriptions

Description:

Authorizes pharmacies to dispense controlled substances, other than Schedule II substances, without an authorization to refill a prescription under limited conditions.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

