# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HOUSING AFFORDABILITY.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I	
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that affordable housing	
3	is a serious concern for many Hawaii residents. As the	
4	population of the State continues to grow, the State must	
5.	develop innovative means of ensuring that residents are able to	
6	find and pay for housing.	
7	The legislature also finds that amendments to the state tax	
8	code could be used to assist low-income wage earners in	
9	affording housing without significant negative impact on the	
10	State's fiscal status. First, increasing the existing	
11	refundable income tax credit for low-income household renters	
12	and converting the state earned income tax credit into a	
13	refundable tax credit could provide low- to moderate-income	
14	working families with immediate access to additional funds that	
15	may be used to help pay their rent. Also, the distribution of	
16	conveyance tax revenues could be amended to provide a dedicated	

1	source of	funding for the rental assistance revolving fund to	
2	provide assistance to low-income residents.		
3	The	purpose of this Act is to:	
4	(1)	Allocate a portion of the conveyance tax revenues to	
5		the rental assistance revolving fund to be used to	
6		subsidize rents for persons who meet certain income	
7		requirements;	
8	(2)	Increase the income tax credit for low-income	
9		household renters to an unspecified amount; and	
10	(3)	Convert the state earned income tax credit into a	
11		refundable tax credit and change the amount of the	
12		credit to an unspecified percentage of the federal	
13		earned income tax credit.	
14		PART II	
15	SECT	ION 2. Section 201H-123, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
16	amended b	y amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows:	
17	"(b)	The rental assistance revolving fund may include sums	
18	made avai	lable from any government program or grant, from	
19	private g	rants or contributions, from the proceeds of any bond	

issue, conveyance tax revenues pursuant to section 247-7(3), or

from appropriations to the fund. The aggregate principal in the

**20** 

21

1	fund shall be invested by the corporation in a manner that $\lfloor \frac{will}{vill} \rfloor$
2	maximize] maximizes the rate of return on investment of the
3	fund; provided that any investment made shall be consistent with
4	section 201H-77 but need not comply with section 36-21.
5	(c) The corporation may use, as needed, the aggregate
6	principal sum and the accumulated earnings in the rental
7	assistance revolving fund to make payments under rental
8	assistance contracts or to subsidize tenants' rents in eligible
9	projects developed under this part; provided that [the]:
10	(1) The corporation shall use up to \$25,000,000 plus any
11	bond proceeds to provide interim construction
12	financing to:
13	$\left[\frac{(1)}{(1)}\right]$ Qualified sponsors who are private nonprofit
14	or for-profit entities; or
15	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(B)}\right]$ The corporation, for the development of
16	affordable rental housing; [provided further that
17	<del>the</del> ]
18	(2) The corporation, in allotting interim construction
19	financing moneys pursuant to this subpart, shall give
20	preference to rental housing projects developed by

## H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 1

1		qualified sponsors who are private nonprofit or for-	
2		profit entities[-]; and	
3	(3)	Conveyance tax revenues deposited into the rental	
4		assistance revolving fund pursuant to section 247-7(3)	
5		shall only be used to subsidize rents for individuals	
, <b>6</b>		or families whose income does not exceed thirty per	
7		cent of the area median income as determined by the	
8		United States Department of Housing and Urban	
9		<pre>Development.</pre>	
10	SECTION 3. Section 247-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
11	amended to read as follows:		
12	"§247	-7 Disposition of taxes. All taxes collected under	
13	this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury to the credi		
14	of the general fund of the State, to be used and expended for		
15	the purpos	es for which the general fund was created and exists	
16	by law; pr	ovided that of the taxes collected each fiscal year:	
17	(1)	Ten per cent or \$6,800,000, whichever is less, shall	
18		be paid into the land conservation fund established	
19		pursuant to section 173A-5; [and]	

1	(2)	Fifty per cent or \$38,000,000, whichever is less,	
2		shall be paid into the rental housing revolving fund	
3		established by section 201H-202[-]; and	
4	(3)	per cent or \$ , whichever is less,	
5		shall be paid into the rental assistance revolving	
6		fund established by section 201H-123."	
7		PART III	
8	SECTI	ON 4. Section 235-55.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
9	amended by	amending subsection (c) to read as follows:	
10	"(C)	Each taxpayer with an adjusted gross income of less	
11	than \$30,0	00 who has paid more than \$1,000 in rent during the	
12	taxable year for which the credit is claimed may claim a tax		
13	credit of [\$50] \$ multiplied by the number of qualified		
14	exemptions to which the taxpayer is entitled; provided that each		
15	taxpayer sixty-five years of age or over may claim double the		
16	tax credit; [and] provided further that a resident individual		
17	who has no	income or no income taxable under this chapter may	
18	also claim	the tax credit as set forth in this section."	
19		PART IV	
20	SECTI	ON 5. Section 235-55.75, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
21	amended as	follows:	

1 1. By amending subsection (a) to read: 2 Each qualifying individual taxpayer may claim a 3 [nonrefundable] refundable earned income tax credit. The tax 4 credit, for the appropriate taxable year, shall be [twenty] 5 per cent of the federal earned income tax credit allowed 6 and properly claimed under section 32 of the Internal Revenue 7 Code and reported as such on the individual's federal income tax 8 return." 9 2. By amending subsection (d) to read: 10 The credit allowed under this section shall be 11 claimed against the net income tax liability for the taxable 12 year. If the tax credit under this section exceeds the 13 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the tax credit 14 over liability [may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's 15 net income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted.] 16 shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that the tax credit 17 claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax liability shall be 18 paid to the taxpayer; provided further that no refunds or 19 payment on account of the tax credit allowed by this section 20 shall be made for amounts less than \$1. All claims, including amended claims, for a tax credit under this section shall be 21

### H.B. NO. 4703 H.D. 1

- 1 filed on or before the end of the twelfth month following the
- 2 close of the taxable year for which the credit may be claimed.
- 3 Failure to comply with the foregoing provision shall constitute
- 4 a waiver of the right to claim the credit."
- 5 PART V
- 6 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 8 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2050;
- 9 provided that:
- 10 (1) Part II shall take effect on January 1, 2050; and
- 11 (2) Parts III and IV shall apply to taxable years
- beginning after December 31, 2017.

13

#### Report Title:

Conveyance Tax; Rental Assistance Revolving Fund; Earned Income Tax Credit; Income Tax Credit for Low-Income Household Renters

### Description:

Allocates a portion of the conveyance tax revenues to the rental assistance revolving fund to be used to subsidize rents for persons who meet certain income requirements. Increases the income tax credit for low-income household renters to an unspecified amount. Makes the state earned income tax credit refundable and changes the amount of the credit to an unspecified percentage of the federal earned income tax credit. Takes effect on 01/01/2050. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.