A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the efficient
2	deployment of broadband infrastructure and technology is
3	important to the future global connectivity and economic
4	viability of our island state. Among the benefits afforded by
5	an advanced broadband infrastructure system are increased and
6	enhanced educational opportunities, telehealth capacity, safety
7	and civil defense communications, economic competitiveness,
8	consumer privileges, and tourism services.
9	To ensure that consumers throughout the State may benefit
10	from these services as soon as possible, and to provide wireless
11	providers with a fair and predictable process for the deployment
12	of small wireless facilities, the legislature finds that laws
13	are needed to specify the extent and way in which the deployment
14	of small wireless facilities and small wireless facilities .
15	networks is regulated in the State.
16	The purpose of this Act is to facilitate the deployment of
17	high-speed broadband infrastructure in Hawaii, including small
18	wireless facilities in a way that encourages new technology and

1	ensures a level playing field for competitive communications		
2	service providers by establishing an application process for		
3	collocation of small wireless facilities or small wireless		
4	facilities networks.		
5	SECTION 2. Chapter 27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended		
6	by adding to part VII a new section to be appropriately		
7	designated and to read as follows:		
8	"§27- Collocation permits; application, review,		
9	approval. (a) A telecommunications carrier proposing to		
10	install broadband infrastructure shall submit an application for		
11	a permitted use permit to a state or county agency with		
12	appropriate jurisdiction over state and county utility poles,		
13	light standards, buildings, or structures. The application		
14	shall include:		
15	(1) A geographic description of the project area;		
16	(2) A listing and description of the utility poles, light		
17	standards, buildings, and structures included in the		
18	project for the installation, mounting, operation, and		
19	placement of broadband infrastructure, including an		
20	assessment of the identifying information, location,		
21	and ownership of the listed utility poles, light		
22	standards, buildings, and structures; and		

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2323

1	(3)	A description of the equipment associated with the
2		facilities to be installed in the project area,
3		including radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or
4		fiber-optic cables, power supplies, and related
5		equipment, and the size and weight of the equipment to
6		be installed on each pole, building, or structure.
7	An applic	ant shall be permitted to file a consolidated
8	<u>applicati</u>	on involving no more than twenty-five individual small
9	wireless	facilities of a substantially similar design.
10	(b)	The agency shall evaluate the impact of collocating
11	the broad	band infrastructure described in the application to
12	ensure th	at:
13	(1)	The installation of the equipment on the poles,
14		buildings, and structures is done in a manner to
15		protect public health and safety, and safe travel in
16		the public rights-of-way;
17	(2)	The utility poles and light standards are able to bear
18	•	the additional weight of the equipment and that the
19		equipment is not a hazard or obstruction to the
20		public; and

1	(3) The project equipment and broadband infrastructure do
2	not interfere with government systems for public
3	safety communication operations or emergency services.
4	(c) The agency shall notify the applicant that:
5	(1) The permit is approved;
6	(2) The permit is approved with modifications;
7	(3) The application is returned with a list of
8	questions requiring more detailed information;
9	(4) The application is disapproved with a list of
10	reasons documenting the denial, including the
11	specific code provisions or standards on which
12	the denial was based; or
13	(5) In the case of a consolidated application, line
14	item approval or disapproval."
15	SECTION 3. Section 27-41.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by adding the following definitions to be appropriately
17	inserted and to read as follows:
18	""Collocation" means the installation, mounting,
19	maintenance, modification, operation, or replacement of wireless
20	facilities on a tower, utility pole, light standard, or other
21	existing structures for the purpose of transmitting or receiving
22	radio frequency signals for communications purposes.

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2323

1	<u>"Lig</u>	ht st	andard" means a street light, light pole, lamp
2	post, str	eet l	amp, lamp standard, or other raised source of
3	<u>light loc</u>	ated	inside the right-of-way of a public road, highway,
4	or utilit	y eas	ement.
5	<u>"Sma</u>	ll wi	reless facilities" means wireless facilities that
6	meet the	follo	wing qualifications:
7	(1)	<u>Each</u>	individual antenna, excluding the associated
8		<u>equi</u>	pment, is no more than three cubic feet in volume,
9		and	all antennas on the structure total no more than
10		six	cubic feet in volume; and
11	(2)	<u>All</u>	other wireless equipment associated with the
12		stru	cture, excluding cable runs for the connection of
13		powe	r and other services, does not cumulatively
14		exce	ed:
15		(A)	Twenty-eight cubic feet for collocations on all
16			non-pole structures, including but not limited to
17			buildings and water tanks, that can support fewer
18			than three providers;
19		(B)	Twenty-one cubic feet for collocations on all
20			pole structures, including but not limited to
21			light poles, traffic signal poles, and utility

1		poles, that can support fewer than three
2		providers;
3	<u>(C)</u>	Thirty-five cubic feet for non-pole collocations
4		that can support at least three providers; or
5	(D)	Twenty-eight cubic feet for pole collocations
6		that can support at least three providers.
7	"Utility	pole" means a pole or similar structure that is
8	used in whole	or in part for communications service, electric
9	service, ligh	ting, traffic control, signage, or similar
10	functions.	
1	<u>"Wireless</u>	facilities" means the set of equipment and network
12	components, i	ncluding but not limited to antennas, accessory
13	equipment, tr	ansmitters, receivers, power supplies, and other
14	associated eq	uipment necessary to provide wireless
15	communication	s service. "Wireless facilities" shall not
16	include:	
17	<u>(1)</u> The	structure or improvements on, under, or within
18	whi	ch the equipment is collocated;
19	(2) Wir	eline backhaul facilities; or
20	<u>(3)</u> Coa	xial or fiber-optic cable between utility poles or
21	tha	t is otherwise not immediately adjacent to and
22	dir	ectly associated with a particular antenna.

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 2323

1	<u>"Wir</u>	eless provider" means a person or entity that is:	
2	(1)	A provider of wireless communications service;	
3	(2)	A wireless telecommunications service provider, as	
4		defined in section 269-16.93(d); or	
5	(3)	Authorized in accordance with chapter 269 to provide	
6		facilities-based telecommunications services in the	
7		State, and builds, installs, operates, or maintains	
8		facilities and equipment used to provide wireless	
9		service.	
10	<u>"Wir</u>	eline backhaul" means the transport of communications	
11	data or o	ther electronic information by wire from wireless	
12	facilitie	s to a network."	
13	SECT	ION 4. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
14	amended to read as follows:		
15	"§ 4 6	-4 County zoning. (a) This section and any	
16	ordinance	, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this	
17	section s	hall apply to lands not contained within the forest	
18	reserve b	oundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as	
19	subsequen	tly amended.	
20	Zoni	ng in all counties shall be accomplished within the	
21	framework	of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared	
22	or being	prepared to guide the overall future development of th	

1	county.	Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the
2	county to	put the general plan into effect in an orderly
3	manner.	Zoning in the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means
4	the estab	lishment of districts of such number, shape, and area,
5	and the a	doption of regulations for each district to carry out
6	the purpo	ses of this section. In establishing or regulating the
7	districts	, full consideration shall be given to all available
8	data as t	o soil classification and physical use capabilities of
9	the land	to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the
10	land cons	onant with good zoning practices. The zoning power
11	granted h	erein shall be exercised by ordinance which may relate
12	to:	
13	(1)	The areas within which agriculture, forestry,
14		industry, trade, and business may be conducted;
15	(2)	The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
16		or prohibited;
17	(3)	The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
18		and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or
19		dumping, erection of structures, and the location of
20		buildings may be prohibited or restricted;
21	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
22		special restrictions;

1	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
2		specific uses and designation of uses for which
3		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;
4	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
5		size of buildings and other structures;
6	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
7	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
8	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
9	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
10		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
11	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes; and
12	(12)	Other regulations the boards or city council find
13		necessary and proper to permit and encourage the
14		orderly development of land resources within their
15		jurisdictions.
16	The	council of any county shall prescribe rules,
17	regulatio	ns, and administrative procedures and provide personnel
18	it finds	necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance
19	enacted i	n accordance with this section. The ordinances may be
20	enforced	by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal,
21	or by cou	rt order at the suit of the county or the owner or
22	owners of	real estate directly affected by the ordinances.

22

H.B. NO. 2323

1 Any civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this section may be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning 2 3 agency after an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter 4 The proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any 91. 5 injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court. 6 Nothing in this section shall invalidate any zoning 7 ordinance or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of 8 government pursuant to the statutes in effect prior to July 1, 9 1957. **10** The powers granted herein shall be liberally construed in 11 favor of the county exercising them, and in such a manner as to 12 promote the orderly development of each county or city and 13 county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive general 14 plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a 15 whole. This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal any powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning 16 17 and building regulations, except insofar as forest and water 18 reserve zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c) 19 and (d). 20 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to 21 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any

building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential,

- 1 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or
- 2 premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes
- 3 effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for
- 4 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued,
- 5 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or
- 6 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial,
- 7 industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event
- 8 shall such amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses
- 9 apply to any existing building or premises used for residential
- 10 (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses. Nothing in this
- 11 section shall affect or impair the powers and duties of the
- 12 director of transportation as set forth in chapter 262.
- 13 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under
- 14 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit
- 15 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in
- 16 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.
- (c) Each county may adopt reasonable standards to allow
- 18 the construction of two single-family dwelling units on any lot
- 19 where a residential dwelling unit is permitted.
- 20 (d) Neither this section nor any other law, county
- 21 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities
- 22 with eight or fewer residents for purposes or functions that are

- 1 licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the State;
- 2 provided that a resident manager or a resident supervisor and
- 3 the resident manager's or resident supervisor's family shall not
- 4 be included in this resident count. These group living
- 5 facilities shall meet all applicable county requirements not
- 6 inconsistent with the intent of this subsection, including but
- 7 not limited to building height, setback, maximum lot coverage,
- 8 parking, and floor area requirements.
- 9 (e) Neither this section nor any other law, county
- 10 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee
- 11 housing and community buildings in plantation community
- 12 subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition,
- 13 no zoning ordinance shall provide for the elimination,
- 14 amortization, or phasing out of plantation community
- 15 subdivisions as a nonconforming use.
- 16 (f) Neither this section nor any other law, county
- 17 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for medical
- 18 marijuana production centers or medical marijuana dispensaries
- 19 established and licensed pursuant to chapter 329D; provided that
- 20 the land is otherwise zoned for agriculture, manufacturing, or
- 21 retail purposes.

1	<u>(g)</u>	A telecommunications carrier proposing to install
2	small wire	eless facilities or small wireless facilities networks
3	shall sub	mit an application for a permitted use permit to a
4	state or	county agency with appropriate jurisdiction over state
5	or county	utility poles, light standards, buildings, or
6	structure	s. The application shall include:
7	(1)	A geographic description of the project area;
8	(2)	A listing and description of the utility poles, light
9		standards, buildings, and structures included in the
10		project for the installation, mounting, operation, and
11		placement of broadband infrastructure, including an
12		assessment of the identifying information, location,
13		and ownership of the listed utility poles, light
14		standards, buildings, and structures; and
15	(3)	A description of the equipment associated with the
16		facilities to be installed in the project area,
17		including radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or
18		fiber-optic cables, power supplies, and related
19		equipment, and the size and weight of the equipment to
20		be installed on each pole, building, or structure.
21	An applic	ant shall be permitted to file a consolidated
22	applicati	on involving no more than twenty-five individual small

1	wireless	or wireline facilities of a substantially similar
2	design.	
3	(h)	The agency shall evaluate the impact of collocating
4	the broad	band infrastructure described in the application to
5	ensure th	at:
6	(1)	The installation of the equipment on the poles,
7		buildings, and structures is done in a manner to
8		protect public health and safety, and safe travel in
9		the public rights-of-way;
10	(2)	The utility poles and light standards are able to bear
11		the additional weight of the equipment and that the
12		equipment is not a hazard or obstruction to the
13		public; and
14	(3)	The project equipment and broadband infrastructure do
15		not interfere with government systems for public
16		safety communication operations, or emergency
17		services.
18	<u>(i)</u>	The agency shall notify the applicant that:
19	(1)	The permit is approved;
20	(2)	The permit is approved with modifications;
21	(3)	The application is returned with a list of questions
22		requiring more detailed information;

1	(4)	The application is disapproved with a list of reasons
2		documenting the denial, including the specific code
3		provisions or standards on which the denial was based;
4		<u>or</u>
5	(5)	In the case of a consolidated application, line item
6		approval or disapproval."
7	SECT	ION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
8	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
9	SECT	ION 6. This Act, upon its approval, shall take effect
10	on July 1	, 2018.
11		
12		INTRODUCED BY:
13		BY REQUEST
		JAN 2 2 2018

Report Title:

Technology; Broadband; Wireless Facilities Networks; Zoning; Counties; State Functions and Responsibilities

Description:

Describes the application process for a permitted use permit to a state or county agency for the collocation of small wireless facilities on state or county utility poles, light standards, buildings, or structures.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Business, Economic Development, and Tourism

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO

TELECOMMUNICATIONS.

PURPOSE:

Sets up an application process to allow small wireless facilities to be placed on state and county utility poles, structures, and on light standards in order to facilitate the deployment of high-speed

facilitate the deployment of high-speed broadband infrastructure in Hawaii, subject to state and county agencies' approval or

disapproval of the application.

MEANS:

Add a new section to chapter 27, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), and amend sections 27-41.1, and 46-4, HRS.

JUSTIFICATION:

It is important to have efficient broadband infrastructure for the future global connectivity and economic viability of our island State. Among the benefits of an advanced broadband infrastructure system are increased and enhanced educational opportunities, telehealth capacity, safety and civil defense communications, economic competitiveness, consumer privileges, and tourism services.

Setting up an application process to allow small wireless facilities and networks on state and county utility poles, structures, and light standards would provide these services to the State of Hawaii as soon as possible for the community's benefit.

Impact on the public: The public would benefit from an advanced broadband infrastructure system with increased and enhanced educational opportunities, telehealth capacity, safety and civil defense communications, economic

H.B. No. 2323 Page 2

> competitiveness, consumer privileges, and tourism services.

Impact on the department and other agencies: The appropriate State departments and County agencies will receive applications and issue permits and approvals for the collocation of small wireless facilities and small wireless facilities networks.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION:

BED-142.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, Department of Land and Natural Resources, Office of Enterprise Technology Services, Department of Transportation, University of

Hawaii, and Counties.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

July 1, 2018.