A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

The legislature finds that, according to the 1 SECTION 1. 2 Hawaii Sea Level Rise Vulnerability and Adaptation Report 3 released in December 2017, Hawaii could suffer \$19,000,000,000 4 in damage due to projected sea level rise. Worldwide, natural 5 disasters are becoming more severe and frequent. In the United 6 States alone, natural disasters inflicted a record 7 \$306,000,000,000 worth of damage, breaking the previous record by almost \$100,000,000. Rising global temperatures threaten 8 9 biodiversity in every ecosystem, and habitat loss grows as 10 higher temperatures permanently change the life cycles of plants 11 and animals.

12 The legislature further finds that Hawaii is committed to 13 mitigating climate change, including its commitment to have a 14 one hundred per cent renewable energy portfolio by 2045. Mayors 15 from each county of the State have pledged to end the State's 16 dependence on fossil fuels by eliminating fossil fuels from 17 ground transportation by 2045. By legally binding itself to

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1 these benchmarks, Hawaii became the first state in the nation to
2 send a clear message to the world that our citizens are
3 determined to secure their energy future and climate health.
4 The legislature notes that Hawaii, as part of the United States
5 Climate Alliance, joined leaders from every other country on
6 earth and committed to upholding the objectives of the 2015
7 Paris Agreement.

8 In Act 32, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, the legislature 9 recognized that climate change is real and poses a serious 10 threat to the State's economy, sustainability, and natural 11 resources. In Act 32, the State committed to expanding 12 strategies and mechanisms to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 13 statewide, striving to formulate and communicate long-term low 14 greenhouse gas emission development strategies, and taking 15 actions to conserve and enhance long-term sinks and reservoirs 16 of greenhouse gases, by prioritizing the development of parks, 17 greenways, and restoration of native upland and coastal forests 18 and wetlands.

19 Greenhouse gas sequestration presents ample opportunities 20 for foreign investment in the State's economy. Airlines have 21 demonstrated a desire to invest globally-required carbon offset

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1 dollars in Hawaii's environmental projects, as well in as other 2 carbon markets such as California. Companies, governments, and 3 other individuals would also like to offset their carbon 4 footprint by investing in environmental projects such as 5 renewable energies. This interest presents tremendous 6 opportunities for local businesses, agriculture, and communities 7 in general. In Act 33, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, the State 8 established the carbon farming task force to gain a more 9 thorough understanding of how agricultural land management 10 practices can sequester carbon, provide greenhouse gas benefits, 11 and decrease marine sedimentation. The legislature finds that a 12 parallel effort is needed to examine ways to add green canopy to 13 urban areas to curb rising temperatures that have hospitalized 14 and killed residents of this State. 15 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to: 16 (1)Make permanent the carbon farming task force 17 established by Act 33, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, 18 and rename the task force the greenhouse gas 19 sequestration task force; 20 (2) Align the State's clean energy and carbon

sequestration efforts with climate initiative goals,

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1		and require that a member of the greenhouse gas
2		sequestration task force also be a member of the
3		climate change mitigation and adaptation commission;
4		and
5	(3)	Expand the mission of the greenhouse gas sequestration
6		task force by requiring that the task force examine
7		opportunities to exploit carbon sequestering trees and
8		vegetation to reduce urban temperatures and thereby
9		protect public health.
10	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 225P, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
12	and to re	ad as follows:
13	" <u>§22</u>	5P- Greenhouse gas sequestration task force. (a)
14	The green	house gas sequestration task force is established
15	within th	e office of planning for administrative purposes only.
16	The task	force shall have the following objectives:
17	(1)	Work with public and private stakeholders to establish
18		a baseline for greenhouse gas emissions within Hawaii
19		and short- and long-term benchmarks for increasing
20		greenhouse gas sequestration in the State's
21		agricultural and natural environment;



1	(2)	Identify appropriate criteria to measure baseline
2		levels and increases in greenhouse gas sequestration,
3		improvements in soil health, and other key indicators
4		of greenhouse gas benefits from beneficial
5		agricultural and aquacultural practices that may be
6		used to create a certification program for promoting
7		agricultural and aquacultural practices that generate
8		greenhouse gas benefits;
9	(3)	Identify land and marine use policies, agricultural
10		policies, agroforestry policies, and mitigation
11		options that would encourage agricultural and
12		aquacultural practices and land use practices that
13		would promote increased greenhouse gas sequestration,
14		build healthy soils, and provide greenhouse gas
15		benefits;
16	(4)	Identify ways to increase the generation and use of
17		compost in Hawaii to build healthy soils;
18	(5)	Identify practices and policies that add trees or
19		vegetation to expand the urban tree canopy in urban
20		areas to reduce ambient temperatures, increase climate

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1		resiliency, and improve greenhouse gas sequestration
2		in Hawaii; and
3	(6)	Make recommendations to the legislature and governor
4		regarding measures that would increase climate
5		resiliency, build healthy soils, provide greenhouse
6		gas benefits, or cool urban areas.
7	(b)	In addition to the objectives listed in subsection
8	(a), the	task force may consider:
9	(1)	Developing incentives and funding mechanisms for these
10		incentives, including but not limited to:
11		(A) Loans, tax credits, or grants;
12		(B) Research;
13		(C) Technical assistance; or
14		(D) Educational materials and outreach,
15		to participating agricultural activities,
16		aquacultural activities, or on-farm demonstration
17		projects that are identified and approved by the
18		task force as those that would promote greenhouse
19		gas benefits, build healthy soils, sequester
20		carbon, increase water-holding capacity, and
21		increase crop yields; and

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1	(2)	Providing for research, education, and technical				
2		support for agricultural activities and aquacultural				
3		activities identified by the task force.				
4	(c)	The membership of the greenhouse gas sequestration				
5	task force shall be as follows:					
6	(1)	The director of the office of planning or the				
7		director's designee, who shall serve as chairperson;				
8	(2)	The chairperson of the board of agriculture or the				
9		chairperson's designee;				
10	(3)	The chairperson of the board of land and natural				
11		resources or the chairperson's designee;				
12	(4)	The director of transportation or the director's				
13		designee;				
14	(5)	The deputy director of the department of health's				
15		environmental health administration or the deputy				
16		director's designee;				
17	(6)	The director of the office of environmental quality				
18		control or the director's designee;				
19	(7)	The director of the environmental law program at the				
20		<u>University of Hawaii at Manoa William S. Richardson</u>				
21		School of Law;				

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1	(8)	The administrator of the division of forestry and
2		wildlife within the department of land and natural
3		resources or the administrator's designee;
4	(9)	One member who is also a member of the climate change
5		mitigation and adaptation commission;
6	(10)	One researcher from the college of tropical
7		agriculture and human resources at the University of
8		Hawaii at Manoa;
9	(11)	One extension agent from the college of tropical
10		agriculture and human resources at the University of
11		Hawaii at Manoa;
12	(12)	Four members, one each to be appointed by the
13		respective mayors of the counties of Hawaii, Honolulu,
14		Kauai, and Maui; and
15	(13)	Four members to be jointly selected and invited to
16		participate by the president of the senate and the
17		speaker of the house of representatives, of which two
18		members shall be selected from an environmental
19		nonprofit organization, and two members shall be
20		selected from an agricultural or ranching association.

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1	Task force members may recommend to the task force			
2	additional members with appropriate specialized expertise,			
3	subject to approval by the chairperson.			
4	(d) Members of the task force shall be exempt from section			
5	26-34 and shall serve without compensation, but shall be			
6	reimbursed for reasonable expenses necessary for the performance			
7	of their duties, including travel expenses.			
8	(e) The greenhouse gas sequestration task force shall:			
9	(1) Submit a preliminary report of its findings and			
10	recommendations, including any proposed legislation,			
11	to the legislature and the climate change mitigation			
12	and adaptation commission no later than twenty days			
13	prior to the convening of the regular session of 2023;			
14	provided that the preliminary report shall discuss the			
15	objectives and issues listed in subsections (a) and			
16	(b), including the following:			
17	(A) Types of agricultural and aquacultural practices,			
18	public land and marine use policies, and on-farm			
19	managing practices that would provide greenhouse			
20	gas benefits;			



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1	<u>(B)</u>	Short	-term and long-term benchmarks that would
2		indi	cate how effectively agricultural and
3		aqua	cultural activities have been helping the
4		State	e to reach greenhouse gas neutrality;
5	(C)	Appro	opriate criteria that may be used in a
6		cert	ification program to measure baseline levels
7		and	increases in carbon sequestration,
8		impro	ovements in soil health, and other key
9		indi	cators of greenhouse gas benefits from
10		bene	ficial agricultural and aquacultural
11		prac	tices;
12	(D)	Туре	s of incentives, grants, research, and
13		<u>assi</u>	stance that would promote:
14		<u>(i)</u>	Agricultural and aquacultural practices to
15			produce greenhouse gas benefits; and
16		<u>(ii)</u>	Land and marine use policies and
17			agricultural policies that would encourage
18			agricultural, aquacultural, and land use
19			practices to provide greenhouse gas
20			benefits; and



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1		(E)	Practices and policies that add trees or
2			vegetation to expand the urban tree canopy in
3			urban areas to reduce ambient temperatures and
4			increase climate resiliency and improve
5			greenhouse gas sequestration in Hawaii; and
6	(2)	Begi	nning with the regular session of 2024, submit an
7		annu	al report of its findings and recommendations,
8	·	incl	uding any proposed legislation, to the legislature
9		and	the climate change mitigation and adaptation
10		comm	ission no later than twenty days prior to the
11		conv	ening of each regular session.
12	(f)	The	office of planning shall provide administrative
13	and cleri	cal s	support required by the task force."
14	SECT	ION 3	. Chapter 342B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by	y add	ling a new section to part VI to be appropriately
16	designate	d and	l to read as follows:
17	" <u>§</u> 34:	2B-	Zero greenhouse gas emissions target. (a)
18	Consideri	ng bo	oth atmospheric carbon and greenhouse gas emissions
19	<u>as well a</u>	s off	sets from the local sequestration of atmospheric
20	carbon and	d gre	eenhouse gases through long-term sinks and
21	reservoir	s, a	statewide target is hereby established to

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1	sequester more atmospheric carbon and greenhouse gases than			
2	emitted within the State as quickly as practicable, but no later			
3	than 2045	•		
4	(b)	After January 1, 2020, all agency plans, decisions,		
5	and strate	egies shall give consideration to the impact of those		
6	plans, decisions, and strategies on the State's ability to			
7	achieve the goals in this section."			
8	SECTION 4. Section 225P-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
9	amended to read as follows:			
10	"[+]§225P-1[+] Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to			
11	address the effects of climate change to protect the State's			
12	economy, environment, health, and way of life. <u>This chapter</u>			
13	establishes the framework for the State to:			
14	(1)	Adapt to the inevitable impacts of global warming and		
15		climate change, including rising sea levels,		
16		temperatures, and other risk factors; and		
17	(2)	Mitigate its greenhouse gas emissions by sequestering		
18		more atmospheric carbon and greenhouse gases than the		
19		State produces as quickly as practicable, but no later		
20		than by 2045, pursuant to targets in section 342B-		
21		and working to achieve that goal."		



1 SECTION 5. Act 32, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is amended 2 as follows:

3 1. By amending section 2 to read:

4 "SECTION 2. (a) The State shall expand strategies and 5 mechanisms to reduce [the] greenhouse gas emissions [statewide] through the reduction of energy use, adoption of renewable 6 7 energy, and control of air pollution among all agencies, 8 departments, industries, and sectors, including transportation. 9 Such strategies and mechanisms shall utilize the best available 10 science, technologies, and policies to reduce greenhouse gas 11 emissions and shall be closely aligned with the climate change 12 principles and goals adopted in the Paris Agreement and Hawaii's 13 share of obligations within the expectations apportioned to the 14 United States in the Paris Agreement, regardless of federal 15 action.

(b) The State shall strive to formulate and communicate long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies and shall take actions to conserve and enhance long-term sinks and reservoirs of greenhouse gases, by prioritizing the development of parks, greenways, and restoration of native upland and coastal forests and wetlands."



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2. By amending section 10 to read:

2 "SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017;
3 provided that section 6 shall take effect on [July 1, 2022.]
4 January 1, 2045."

5 SECTION 6. Act 33, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is6 repealed.

7 SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general 8 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$150,000 or so much 9 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2018-2019 for the 10 purpose of funding the greenhouse gas sequestration task force 11 and its related efforts.

12 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of13 planning for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketedand stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

16 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.



Report Title:

Environmental Protection; Carbon; Sequestration; Emissions; Farming; Office of Planning; Task Force; Appropriation

Description:

Makes permanent the Carbon Farming Task Force established by Act 33, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, and renames it the Greenhouse Gas Sequestration Task Force. Aligns the State's clean energy and carbon sequestration efforts with climate initiative goals. Amends membership and duties of the Task Force. Establishes a zero-greenhouse gas emissions target for the State. Makes an appropriation. (HB2182 HD1)

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