# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that it is important to
3	have clear and effective rules related to association
4	foreclosures on condominiums, including which actions
5	successfully cure a default. The legislature further finds that
6	a condominium owner and an association agreeing to a payment
7	plan is not sufficient to cure a default. Rather, agreeing to a
8	payment plan and paying the delinquency in full is required for
9	a unit owner to cure a nonjudicial foreclosure on a condominium.
10	The legislature further finds that existing law requires
11	condominium owners to pay all assessments claimed by an
12	association first, prior to initiating a dispute over
13	assessments. The legislature additionally finds that preserving
14	this pay first, dispute later provision as it applies to common
15	expense assessments is important. However, encouraging the use
16	of mediation for all other penalties or fines, late fees, lien
17	filing fees, or other charges in an assessment will be
18	beneficial to condominium owners and associations.



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- (1) Clarify that an association does not have to rescind the notice of default and intention to foreclose or restart the foreclosure by filing a new notice of default and intent to foreclose if a unit owner defaults on a payment plan to cure a nonjudicial foreclosure agreed to by the parties;
  - (2) Specify that if a unit owner and an association have agreed on a payment plan to prevent a nonjudicial foreclosure from proceeding, any association fines imposed while the payment plan is in effect shall not be deemed a default under the payment plan;
  - (3) Clarify the obligations of a unit owner and an association while a unit owner is not otherwise in default under a payment plan;
  - (4) Clarify that the pay first, dispute later provisions in Hawaii's condominium law apply only to common expense assessments claimed by an association;
- 19 (5) Specify that a unit owner who disputes the amount of
  20 an assessment may request a written statement about
  21 the assessment from the association, including that a

1	unit owner may demand mediation prior to paying
2	contested charges, other than common expense
3	assessments; and
4	(6) Specify requirements for mediation on contested
5	charges, except for common expense assessments.
6	PART II
7	SECTION 2. Section 667-94, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended to read as follows:
9	"[+]§667-94[+] Cure of default. (a) If the default is
10	cured as required by the notice of default and intention to
11	foreclose[, or if the parties have agreed on a payment plan],
12	the association shall rescind the notice of default and
13	intention to foreclose. If, pursuant to section 667-92(c), the
14	parties agree on a payment plan to cure the default, the notice
15	of default and intention to foreclose shall be put on hold until
16	the payment plan is completed. Within fourteen days of the date
17	of the cure or an agreement on a payment plan, the association
18	shall so notify any person who was served with the notice of
19	default and intention to foreclose. If the default is cured, or
20	the payment plan is completed according to its terms, and the
21	notice of default and intention to foreclose was recorded, a

- 1 release of the notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 2 shall be recorded.
- 3 (b) If the default is not cured as required by the notice
- 4 of default and intention to foreclose, [or] the parties have not
- 5 agreed on a payment plan, or the parties have agreed on a
- 6 payment plan but a default occurs under the payment plan, the
- 7 association, without filing a court action and without going to
- 8 court, may foreclose the association's lien under power of sale
- 9 to sell the unit at a public sale.
- 10 (c) If the parties have agreed on a payment plan to
- 11 prevent a foreclosure from proceeding, any unpaid fines the
- 12 association imposes on the unit owner while the payment plan is
- 13 in effect shall not be deemed a default under the payment plan.
- 14 As long as the unit owner is not otherwise in default under the
- 15 payment plan, the:
- 16 (1) Association shall notify the unit owner in writing of
- the right to mediation;
- 18 (2) Fines and any attorneys' fees incurred with respect to
- such fines shall not be deducted from the unit owner's
- 20 payments pursuant to the payment plan; and

1	(3) Parties shall attempt to resolve a dispute over fines
2	and attorneys' fees, if any, through mediation, within
3	thirty days of the association's written notice.
4	If the unit owner refuses to participate in mediation or
5	defaults under the payment plan, or the parties are unable to
6	resolve the dispute through mediation, the association may then
7	commence foreclosure proceedings."
8	PART III
9	SECTION 3. Section 514B-105, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
11	"(c) No association shall deduct and apply portions of
12	common expense payments received from a unit owner to unpaid
13	late fees, legal fees, fines, and interest (other than amounts
14	remitted by a unit in payment of late fees, legal fees, fines,
15	and interest) [unless the board adopts and distributes to all
16	owners a policy stating that:
17	(1) Failure to pay late fees, legal fees, fines, and
18	interest may result in the deduction of such late
19	fees, legal fees, fines, and interest from future
20	common expense payments, so long as a delinquency
21	continues to exist; and

1	<del>(2)</del>	Late fees may be imposed against any future common
2		expense payment that is less than the full amount owed
3		due to the deduction of unpaid late fees, legal fees,
4		fines, and interest from the payment]."
5	SECTI	ON 4. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
<b>6</b> .	amended to	read as follows:
7	"§514	B-146 Association fiscal matters; lien for
8	assessment	cs. (a) All sums assessed by the association but
9	unpaid for	the share of the common expenses chargeable to any
10	unit shall	constitute a lien on the unit with priority over all
11	other lier	ns, except:
12	(1)	Liens for real property taxes and assessments lawfully
13		imposed by governmental authority against the unit;
14	·	and
15	(2)	Except as provided in subsection $[\frac{g}{g}]$ all sums
16		unpaid on any mortgage of record that was recorded
17		prior to the recordation of a notice of a lien by the
18		association, and costs and expenses including
19		attorneys' fees provided in such mortgages;
20	provided t	that a lien recorded by an association for unpaid
21	assessment	ts shall expire six years from the date of recordation

- 1 unless proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted prior to
- 2 the expiration of the lien; provided further that the expiration
- 3 of a recorded lien shall in no way affect the association's
- 4 automatic lien that arises pursuant to this subsection or the
- 5 declaration or bylaws. Any proceedings to enforce an
- 6 association's lien for any assessment shall be instituted within
- 7 six years after the assessment became due; provided that if the
- 8 owner of a unit subject to a lien of the association files a
- 9 petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code (11
- 10 U.S.C. §101 et seq.), the period of time for instituting
- 11 proceedings to enforce the association's lien shall be tolled
- 12 until thirty days after the automatic stay of proceedings under
- 13 section 362 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C.
- 14 §362) is lifted.
- 15 The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or
- 16 by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth
- 17 in chapter 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf
- 18 of the association and in the name of the association; provided
- 19 that no association may exercise the nonjudicial or power of
- 20 sale remedies provided in chapter 667 to foreclose a lien
- 21 against any unit that arises solely from fines, penalties, legal

- 1 fees, or late fees, and the foreclosure of any such lien shall
- 2 be filed in court pursuant to part IA of chapter 667.
- 3 In any such foreclosure, the unit owner shall be required
- 4 to pay a reasonable rental for the unit, if so provided in the
- 5 bylaws or the law, and the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall be
- 6 entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the rental
- 7 owed by the unit owner or any tenant of the unit. If the
- 8 association is the plaintiff, it may request that its managing
- 9 agent be appointed as receiver to collect the rent from the
- 10 tenant. The managing agent or board, acting on behalf of the
- 11 association and in the name of the association, unless
- 12 prohibited by the declaration, may bid on the unit at
- 13 foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold, lease, mortgage, and
- 14 convey the unit. Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid
- 15 common expenses shall be maintainable without foreclosing or
- 16 waiving the lien securing the unpaid common expenses owed.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection  $\left[\frac{g}{f}\right]$  (j), when the
- 18 mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit
- 19 obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the
- 20 mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors
- 21 and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common

- 1 expenses or assessments by the association chargeable to the
- 2 unit that became due prior to the acquisition of title to the
- 3 unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of common expenses or
- 4 assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible
- 5 from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer and the
- 6 acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of record or
- 7 other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire title and
- 8 shall be required to pay the unit's share of common expenses and
- 9 assessments beginning:
- 10 (1) Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to

  11 the purchaser has been filed with the court;
- 12 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants13 the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
- 14 (3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial 15 power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to 16 chapter 667; or
- (4) Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;

  18 whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or

  19 other purchaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title

  20 under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
- 21 delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the

- 1 sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
- 2 specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
- 3 hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
- 4 requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
- 5 objects to the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
- 6 appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
- 7 sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
- 8 involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
- 9 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be
- 10 deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
- 11 conveyance.
- 12 (c) [No unit owner shall withhold any assessment claimed
- 13 by the association.] A unit owner who receives a demand for
- 14 payment from an association and disputes the amount of an
- 15 assessment may request a written statement clearly indicating:
- 16 (1) The amount of common expenses included in the
- 17 assessment, including the due date of each amount
- 18 claimed;
- 19 (2) The amount of any penalty [-7] or fine, late fee, lien
- filing fee, and any other charge included in the

1		assessment[+] that is not imposed on all unit owners
2		as a common expense; and
3	(3)	The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
4		included in the assessment[+].
5	(d)	A unit owner who disputes the information in the
6	written s	tatement received from the association pursuant to
7	subsectio	n (c) may request a subsequent written statement that
8	additiona	lly informs the unit owner that:
9	[ <del>(4)</del>	That under der Hawaii law, a unit owner has no
10		right to withhold common expense assessments for any
11		reason;
12	[ <del>(5)</del>	That a] (2) A unit owner has a right to demand
13		mediation or arbitration to resolve disputes about the
14		amount or validity of an association's common expense
15		assessment[7]; provided that the unit owner
16		immediately pays the common expense assessment in full
17		and keeps common expense assessments current; [and
18	<del>(6)</del>	That payment [3] Payment in full of the common
19		expense assessment [does] shall not prevent the owner
20		from contesting the common expense assessment or
21		receiving a refund of amounts not owed [-]; and

### H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 1 C.D. 1

1	(4)	If the unit owner contests any penalty or fine, late
2		fee, lien filing fee, or other charges included in the
3		assessment, except common expense assessments, the
4		unit owner may demand mediation as provided in
5		subsection (g) prior to paying those charges.
6	(e)	No unit owner shall withhold any common expense
7	assessmen	t claimed by the association. Nothing in this section
8	shall lim	it the rights of an owner to the protection of all fair
9	debt coll	ection procedures mandated under federal and state law.
10	[ <del>(d)</del>	] (f) A unit owner who pays an association the full
11	amount <u>of</u>	the common expenses claimed by the association may
12	file in s	mall claims court or require the association to mediate
13	to resolv	e any disputes concerning the amount or validity of the
14	associati	on's common expense claim. If the unit owner and the
15	associati	on are unable to resolve the dispute through mediation,
16	either pa	rty may file for arbitration under section 514B-162;
17	provided	that a unit owner may only file for arbitration if all
18	amounts c	claimed by the association as common expenses are paid
19	in full c	on or before the date of filing. If the unit owner
20	fails to	keep all association common expense assessments current
21	during th	ne arbitration, the association may ask the arbitrator

- 1 to temporarily suspend the arbitration proceedings. If the unit
- 2 owner pays all association common expense assessments within
- 3 thirty days of the date of suspension, the unit owner may ask
- 4 the arbitrator to recommence the arbitration proceedings. If
- 5 the unit owner fails to pay all association common expense
- 6 assessments by the end of the thirty-day period, the association
- 7 may ask the arbitrator to dismiss the arbitration proceedings.
- 8 The unit owner shall be entitled to a refund of any amounts paid
- 9 as common expenses to the association [which] that are not owed.
- 10 (g) A unit owner who contests the amount of any attorneys'
- 11 fees and costs, penalties or fines, late fees, lien filing fees,
- 12 or any other charges, except common expense assessments, may
- 13 make a demand in writing for mediation on the validity of those
- 14 charges. The unit owner has thirty days from the date of the
- 15 written statement requested pursuant to subsection (d) to file
- 16 demand for mediation on the disputed charges, other than common
- 17 expense assessments. If the unit owner fails to file for
- 18 mediation within thirty days of the date of the written
- 19 statement requested pursuant to subsection (d), the association
- 20 may proceed with collection of the charges. If the unit owner
- 21 makes a request for mediation within thirty days, the

1 association shall be prohibited from attempting to collect any 2 of the disputed charges until the association has participated 3 in the mediation. The mediation shall be completed within sixty 4 days of the unit owner's request for mediation; provided that if 5 the mediation is not completed within sixty days or the parties 6 are unable to resolve the dispute by mediation, the association 7 may proceed with collection of all amounts due from the unit 8 owner for attorneys' fees and costs, penalties or fines, late fees, lien filing fees, or any other charge that is not imposed 9 **10** on all unit owners as a common expense. 11 [<del>(e)</del>] (h) In conjunction with or as an alternative to 12 foreclosure proceedings under subsection (a), where a unit is 13 owner-occupied, the association may authorize its managing agent 14 or board to, after sixty days' written notice to the unit owner and to the unit's first mortgagee of the nonpayment of the 15 16 unit's share of the common expenses, terminate the delinquent 17 unit's access to the common elements and cease supplying a 18 delinquent unit with any and all services normally supplied or 19 paid for by the association. Any terminated services and 20 privileges shall be restored upon payment of all delinquent

- 1 assessments but need not be restored until payment in full is
  2 received.
- $3 \qquad [\frac{f}{f}]$  (i) Before the board or managing agent may take the
- 4 actions permitted under subsection  $[\frac{(e)}{I}]$  (h), the board shall
- 5 adopt a written policy providing for such actions and have the
- 6 policy approved by a majority vote of the unit owners at an
- 7 annual or special meeting of the association or by the written
- 8 consent of a majority of the unit owners.
- 9 [<del>(g)</del>] (j) Subject to this subsection, and subsections
- 10  $\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$  (k) and  $\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$  (l), the board may specially assess the
- 11 amount of the unpaid regular monthly common assessments for
- 12 common expenses against a mortgagee or other purchaser who, in a
- 13 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, purchases a
- 14 delinquent unit; provided that the mortgagee or other purchaser
- 15 may require the association to provide at no charge a notice of
- 16 the association's intent to claim lien against the delinquent
- 17 unit for the amount of the special assessment, prior to the
- 18 subsequent purchaser's acquisition of title to the delinquent
- 19 unit. The notice shall state the amount of the special
- 20 assessment, how that amount was calculated, and the legal
- 21 description of the unit.

1	$[\frac{(h)}{(h)}]$ The amount of the special assessment assessed
2	under subsection $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ $\left(\frac{g}{g}\right)$ shall not exceed the total amount of
3	unpaid regular monthly common assessments that were assessed
4	during the six months immediately preceding the completion of
5	the judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure.
6	$[\frac{(i)}{(j)}]$ (1) For purposes of subsections $[\frac{(g)}{(j)}]$ and $[\frac{(h)}{(j)}]$
7	(k), the following definitions shall apply, unless the context
8	requires otherwise:
9	"Completion" means:
10	(1) In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the
11	affidavit after public sale is recorded pursuant to
12	section 667-33; and
13	(2) In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed
14	to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).
15	"Regular monthly common assessments" does not include:
16	(1) Any other special assessment, except for a special
17	assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
18	adopted pursuant to section 514B-148;

(2) Late charges, fines, or penalties;

Interest assessed by the association;

Any lien arising out of the assessment; or



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- 1 (5) Any fees or costs related to the collection or
  2 enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
  3 fees and court costs.
  - 4 [\(\frac{(j)}{(m)}\)] The cost of a release of any lien filed pursuant to this section shall be paid by the party requesting the release.
- [(k)] (n) After any judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure

  proceeding in which the association acquires title to the unit,

  any excess rental income received by the association from the

  unit shall be paid to existing lien holders based on the

  priority of lien, and not on a pro rata basis, and shall be

  applied to the benefit of the unit owner. For purposes of this
- subsection, excess rental income shall be any net income
  received by the association after a court has issued a final
  judgment determining the priority of a senior mortgagee and
  after paying, crediting, or reimbursing the association or a
  third party for:
- 18 (1) The lien for delinquent assessments pursuant to 19 subsections (a) and (b);
- 20 (2) Any maintenance fee delinquency against the unit;

### H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 1 C.D. 1

1	(3)	Attorney's tees and other collection costs related to
2		the association's foreclosure of the unit; or
3	(4)	Any costs incurred by the association for the rental,
4		repair, maintenance, or rehabilitation of the unit
5	•	while the association is in possession of the unit
6		including monthly association maintenance fees,
7	•	management fees, real estate commissions, cleaning and
8		repair expenses for the unit, and general excise taxes
9		paid on rental income;
10	provided	that the lien for delinquent assessments under
11	paragraph	(1) shall be paid, credited, or reimbursed first."
12		PART IV
13	SECT	ION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECT	TON 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018, and
16	shall be	repealed on June 30, 2020; provided that sections 514B-
17	105, 514B	-146, and 667-94, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
18	reenacted	in the form in which they read on the day before the
19	effective	date of this Act.

H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 1 C.D. 1

#### Report Title:

Condominiums; Associations; Unit Owners; Cure of Default; Disputed Charges; Common Expense Assessments

#### Description:

Clarifies the process, including payment obligations, mediation requirements, and triggers for further default, where a condominium unit owner and association reach a payment plan to resolve a nonjudicial foreclosure. Establishes procedures that provide condominium owners with the right to submit disputed legal fees, penalties or fines, late fees, lien filing fees, or other charges, except for common expense assessments, to the mediation process prior to payment. Sunsets on 6/30/2020. (HB1873 CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.